The Governor's

Budget Report

Volume 2

Agency Detail

Fiscal Year 2004

Division of the Budget

The following budget staff prepared the information in the budget documents. Please feel free to contact the budget analysts regarding further details about their designated agencies.

Duane Goossen, Director

Jeff Arpin, Principal Analyst

Department of Corrections

El Dorado Correctional Facility

Ellsworth Correctional Facility

Hutchinson Correctional Facility

Lansing Correctional Facility

Larned Correctional Mental Health Facility

Norton Correctional Facility

Topeka Correctional Facility

Winfield Correctional Facility

Kansas Parole Board

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System

Kansas Sentencing Commission

Ombudsman for Corrections

Board of Mortuary Arts

Keith Bradshaw, Budget Analyst

Juvenile Justice Authority

Atchison Juvenile Correctional Facility

Beloit Juvenile Correctional Facility

Larned Juvenile Correctional Facility

Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility

Kansas Water Office

Insurance Department

Kansas Human Rights Commission

Board of Technical Professions

Kansas Dental Board

Scott Brunner, Senior Analyst

Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services

Real Estate Appraisal Board

Stephanie Buchanan, Senior Analyst

Department of Commerce & Housing

Health Care Stabilization Fund Board of Governors

Kansas, Inc.

Kansas Racing & Gaming Commission

Kansas State Lottery

Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation

Board of Healing Arts

Louis Chabira, Deputy Director

Department of Administration

Office of the Governor

Office of the Lieutenant Governor

Cindy Denton, Principal Analyst

Board of Regents

Emporia State University

Fort Hays State University

University of Kansas

University of Kansas Medical Center

Kansas State University

Kansas State University—Extension Systems & Agriculture Research Programs

Kansas State University—Veterinary Medical Center

Pittsburg State University Wichita State University

Twila Drybread, Budget Analyst

Department of Agriculture

Animal Health Department

Kansas Arts Commission

State Fire Marshal

School for the Blind

School for the Deaf

Board of Veterinary Examiners

Aaron Dunkel, Senior Analyst

Department of Transportation

Highway Patrol

Board of Barbering

Board of Cosmetology

Ann Durkes, Principal Analyst

Department of Wildlife & Parks

Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board

Kansas Corporation Commission

Kansas State Fair

Governmental Ethics Commission

Hearing Aid Board of Examiners

Elaine Frisbie, Principal Analyst

Department of Education

Department of Human Resources

Legislature

Legislative Coordinating Council

Legislative Division of Post Audit

Legislative Research Department

Revisor of Statutes

State Library

Board of Accountancy

Vicki Helsel, Principal Analyst

Department of Health & Environment

State Conservation Commission

Kansas Guardianship Program

Historical Society

Board of Nursing

Behavioral Sciences Regulatory Board

Real Estate Commission

Kyle Kessler, Budget Analyst

Department of Revenue

Attorney General

Judiciary

Judicial Council

Abstracters' Board of Examiners

Board of Indigents' Defense

Board of Tax Appeals

Jin Liu, Budget Analyst

Adjutant General

Kansas Bureau of Investigation

Emergency Medical Services Board

Kansas Neurological Institute

Larned State Hospital

Osawatomie State Hospital

Parsons State Hospital & Training Center

Rainbow Mental Health Facility

Banking Department

Department of Credit Unions

Securities Commissioner

Julie Thomas, Principal Analyst

Department on Aging

Secretary of State

State Treasurer

Commission on Veterans' Affairs

Board of Examiners in Optometry

Board of Pharmacy

Sandy Russell, Administrative Officer

Shelly Dechand, Administrative Support

Colleen Taylor, Administrative Support

How to Use this Report

Agency name or program title.

University of Kansas _

The mission statement is developed by the agency in accordance with strategic planning principles and gives the reason for the agency's existence.

Details activities of the agency or program. It includes divisions or units within the agency or program and other organizations that work with the agency or program.

Mission. The University of Kansas' mission is to continue to be a major comprehensive research and teaching university that serves as a center for learning, scholarship, and creative endeavor. The University also intends to continue to provide programs that represent excellence in graduate and professional education and the highest achievements in research internationally.

Operations. The University of Kansas is a major educational and research institution with more than 27,000 students and 1,900 faculty members. Academic programs, arts facilities, and public programs provide cultural enrichment opportunities for the larger community. Educational, research, and service programs are offered throughout the state, including the main campus in Lawrence, the KU health-related degree programs and services in Kansas City and Wichita, as well as the Regents Center and other sites in the Kansas City metropolitan area, Topeka, and Parsons.

Research is an integral part of the University's educational process. KU has more than 40 special research facilities, in addition to individual academic departments and schools. The National Science Foundation classifies KU as a major university receiving substantial research support. The University's private support comes primarily through the KU Endowment Association. Among public university endowment associations, KUEA ranks 13th in size of endowment and life-income assets.

The University belongs to the American Association of Universities, a select group of 58 higher education institutions in the United States and Canada. Members are chosen on a basis of national significance in graduate studies and research. The University's library system, contains more than 3.4 million volumes, 32,000 current subscriptions, more than 1.0

million government publications, more than 250,000 maps, and extensive manuscript and photographic holdings.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established by the University:

Protect and enhance the overall quality of the institution at every level.

Strengthen further the instructional mission.

Strengthen further the research mission.

Strengthen further the services provided to external constituencies in Kansas and elsewhere.

Strengthen further faculty resources.

The University of Kansas also strives, as do other Regents institutions, to increase the involvement of full-time faculty in undergraduate instruction, improve the retention rate of undergraduate students, increase the undergraduate student graduation rate, increase external grant funding for research, minimize administrative expenses, maximize the use of instructional space, and improve educational services to the Kansas City area through the Regents Center.

Statutory History. The establishment of the University of Kansas was authorized by Article 6 of the Kansas Constitution, which states that "...provision shall be made by law for the establishment...of a state university, for the promotion of literature and the arts and sciences..." Acting under this authority, the Legislature of 1864 established and organized the University of Kansas. Under current law, the institution operates as one of the universities under the control of the Kansas Board of Regents (KSA 76-711, et seq).

These are issue-oriented statements that declare what an agency intends to accomplish to fulfill its mission.

Objectives are detailed, quantifiable, time-specific statements of activities related to the goal. They are targets for specific agency or program actions.

Indicates the legal authority for the agency or program and its activities.

How to Use this Report

				Univ	ersity of	f Kansas
		FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
		Actual	Gov. Estimate		Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
	Expenditures by Program				C	
	Institutional Support	29,914,960	27,736,318	28,049,666		28,049,666
σ	✓ Instruction	159,535,825	149,934,936	152,510,944		147,348,703
flects	Academic Support	41,432,461	42,515,422	42,886,999		42,886,999
penditures by	Student Services	20,972,316	20,961,314	21,146,661		21,146,661
ogram.	Research	43,415,442	19,174,909	19,312,684		19,307,684
_	Public Service	6,802,719	3,859,666	3,909,502		3,909,502
ogram pages do	Student Aid	91,259,584	98,837,548	98,837,582		98,837,582
t contain this	Auxiliary Enterprises	35,019,982	34,273,692	34,731,638		34,731,638
formation.	Physical Plant	31,029,651	29,827,039	30,139,545	6,928,000	30,139,545 10,945,066
	Debt Service & Capital Improvements Total Expenditures	93,989,665	18,942,637	8,145,066		
	Total Expellutures	\$553,372,605	\$446,063,481	\$439,670,287	\$6,928,000	\$437,303,046
	Expenditures by Object					
	Salaries and Wages	269,696,404	225,634,063	228,903,248		228,903,248
	Contractual Services	57,355,523	78,147,135	74,838,638		74,838,638
	Commodities	18,568,042	21,996,359	21,099,393		21,094,393
	Capital Outlay	8,362,551	11,154,276	11,154,276		11,154,276
	Debt Service	1,706,394	2,818,874	2,609,652		2,609,652
	Operating Adjustments		(5,340,655)			(5,162,241)
	Subtotal: State Operations	\$355,688,914	\$334,410,052	\$338,605,207	\$	\$333,437,966
	Aid to Local Governments					
	Other Assistance	95,929,658	94,000,000	94,000,000		94,000,000
	Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$451,618,572	\$428,410,052	\$432,605,207	\$	\$427,437,966
	Capital Improvements	52,445,255	16,123,763	5,535,414	6,928,000	8,335,414
	Total Reportable Expenditures	\$504,063,827	\$444,533,815	\$438,140,621	\$6,928,000	\$435,773,380
	Non-expense Items	49,308,778	1,529,666	1,529,666		1,529,666
	Total Expenditures by Object	\$553,372,605	\$446,063,481	\$439,670,287	\$6,928,000	\$437,303,046
	Expenditures by Fund					
	State General Fund	138,257,795	131,222,584	136,384,825	4,128,000	131,222,584
	Water Plan Fund	50,001	45,000	45,000		40,000
	EDIF					
	Children's Initiatives Fund					
	Building Funds	3,012,282	5,618,043			
	Other Funds	412,052,527	309,177,854	303,240,462	2,800,000	306,040,462
	Total Expenditures by Fund	\$553,372,605	\$446,063,481	\$439,670,287	\$6,928,000	\$437,303,046
	EXEC D. 32	4 100 2	4 100 2	4 100 2		4.100.2
	FTE Positions	4,180.3	4,180.3	4,180.3		4,180.3
	Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	392.2	392.2	392.2		392.2
	Total Positions	4,572.6	4,572.6	4,572.6		4,572.6
	Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
	Five-year graduation rate			52.0 %	52.0 %	52.0 %
1 1		culty		75.8 %	75.0 %	75.0 %

Details expenditure information about the agency by program. Includes the actual year, current year, the base budget, enhancements, and the Governor's recommendation. Expenditures are divided by both objects of expenditure and by funding.

Non-expense items are shown for illustration but are not reported in state budget totals.

-Total number of positions in the agency or program, representing the sum of FTE and Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent positions.

Performance measures are outcome and output statements that measure agency or program objectives. They are used to aid in determining whether the agency or program is achieving its objectives, reaching its goals, and ultimately accomplishing its mission. They are based on the Governor's recommendations.

Adjutant General_

Mission. The mission of the Adjutant General is to (1) have a motivated and caring organization built on the values and traditions of the people of Kansas; (2) mobilize, deploy, and fight as part of America's Army and Air Force; (3) protect life and property; (4) preserve peace, order, health, and public safety; and (5) be recognized as the leader in continuously improving service and readiness while improving the Kansas quality of life.

Operations. The Adjutant General's Department has general responsibility for operation of the Kansas Army and Air National Guard and the emergency management and planning activities of the state. The Adjutant General is appointed by the Governor and serves as Chief of Staff of the Military Division (Kansas National Guard) and as Chief Administrative Officer of the Division of Emergency Management.

The Adjutant General administers the joint federal-state program that is the Kansas Army and Air National Guard. Military equipment for the troops and units of the Kansas Guard is furnished by the U.S. Department of Defense through the National Guard Bureau. Federal control is exercised over military strength and mobilization mission of the Kansas Guard. Federal personnel are employed in both administrative and maintenance jobs in armories and maintenance shops.

The Kansas Air National Guard is organized into two groups: the 184th Air Refueling Wing based at McConnell Air Force Base in Wichita and the 190th Air Refueling Wing at Forbes Field in Topeka.

The Division of Emergency Management is charged with preparing for the execution of all designated emergency functions that help to prevent or minimize human injury and repair property damage resulting from natural or man-made disasters. The Division develops and maintains a state emergency operating plan and coordinated local emergency planning and statewide disaster relief. Emergency planning and relief coordination includes an emphasis on rapid response capabilities and training for accidents involving hazardous materials. The Division also provides radiological defense system maintenance and nuclear weapons defense planning.

Statutory History. Article 8 of the *Kansas Constitution* establishes a state militia and designates the Governor as Commander-in-Chief. Chapter 48 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated* contains all of the statutes concerning the state militia and the Department, including the Kansas Code of Military Justice, the Emergency Preparedness Act, and the Interstate Civil Defense and Disaster Compact. The Adjutant General's Department was established upon statehood in 1861.

Adjutant General

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Operational Management	1,839,243	1,254,211	1,258,475	108,634	1,258,475
State Military Service Operations	553,632	152,550	115,352		115,352
Division of Emergency Management	44,937,576	22,785,313	17,869,955	444,886	17,583,079
Physical Plant	19,897,003	17,978,143	18,169,803	115,000	18,119,803
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	2,600,103	7,736,550	6,293,044	495,062	6,293,044
Total Expenditures	\$69,827,557	\$49,906,767	\$43,706,629	\$1,163,582	\$43,369,753
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	11,703,413	11,747,682	11,909,487	423,520	11,909,487
Contractual Services	9,496,356	8,425,146	8,422,552	207,000	8,372,552
Commodities	1,153,081	1,104,348	1,103,552	15,000	1,103,552
Capital Outlay	521,146			23,000	
Debt Service	96,635	207,829	167,829	135,062	167,829
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$22,970,631	\$21,485,005	\$21,603,420	\$803,582	\$21,553,420
Aid to Local Governments	41,047,115	20,574,600	15,704,312		15,417,436
Other Assistance	1,144,857	71,185	4,519		4,519
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$65,162,603	\$42,130,790	\$37,312,251	\$803,582	\$36,975,375
Capital Improvements	1,912,400	175,000	215,000	360,000	215,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$67,075,003	\$42,305,790	\$37,527,251	\$1,163,582	\$37,190,375
Non-expense Items	2,752,554	7,600,977	6,179,378		6,179,378
Total Expenditures by Object	\$69,827,557	\$49,906,767	\$43,706,629	\$1,163,582	\$43,369,753
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	5,236,934	9,409,731	5,508,898	718,696	5,172,022
Water Plan Fund	3,230,734	J, 4 0J,731	5,500,070	710,070	3,172,022
EDIF	250,000				
Children's Initiatives Fund	230,000				
Building Funds					
Other Funds	64,340,623	40,497,036	38,197,731	444,886	38,197,731
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$ 69,827,557	\$49,906,767	\$43,706,629	\$1,163,582	\$43,369,753
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$09,021,331	\$ 4 2,200,707	\$43,700,029	\$1,103,362	\$ 4 3,303,733
FTE Positions	215.0	215.0	215.0	7.0	215.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	115.8	102.0	102.0		102.0
Total Positions	330.8	317.0	317.0	7.0	317.0

Operational Management_

Operations. The Operational Management Program provides command and administrative activities for the Kansas Army and Air National Guard. activities ensure that members of the 107 Kansas National Guard units located in 57 communities can respond when called to state active duty by the Governor and can be prepared for federal mobilization in the event of war or when ordered by the President. The Adjutant General's Department was charged with administering the Kansas National Guard Educational Assistance Program prior to the passage of 2002 HB 2642. With the passage of this bill, the responsibility of administering the Kansas National Guard Educational Program was transferred to the Kansas Board of Regents in FY 2003. However, the Adjutant General's Department will still be required to coordinate with the Board of Regents in verifying participant eligibility.

The Operational Management Program consists of the state and federal staff command activities necessary to carry out the programs of the Military Division of the Adjutant General's Department. Because of the special relationship that exists between the state and federal government, the accounting, budgeting, and personnel matters of the National Guard are complex. Some personnel assigned to work with the Kansas National Guard are full-time federal employees and are not accounted for in the state budget. These persons, however, are members of the various National Guard units where they work. Personnel and payroll matters associated with federally-funded National

Guard positions, including the pay of all members when on duty other than state active duty, are handled by federal positions under supervision of this program. Federal appropriations and federally-owned military equipment for the Kansas National Guard are provided through the National Guard Bureau of the U.S. Department of Defense.

Goals and Objectives. The goals for this program include:

Ensuring that armory and station funds are of the highest standards and that audit reviews of these funds will find a low number of audit exceptions.

Ensuring a well-organized and efficient approach to the management of facilities and grounds in accordance with state and federal guidelines.

Statutory History. Chapter 48 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated* contains all of the statutes pertaining to the organization and management of the Adjutant General's Department. KSA 48-201 through 48-204 provide for the powers and duties of the Adjutant General and the staff officers of the National Guard. KSA 48-205 and 48-206 provide for the appointment of subordinate officers and financial personnel and for management of the state arsenal and all federal military equipment assigned to it. KSA 48-209 through 48-213 provide for the terms of office for officers and the enlistment procedures for troops in the Kansas National Guard units.

Operational Management

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,137,961	1,126,735	1,130,722	91,634	1,130,722
Contractual Services	635,600	109,871	110,148	17,000	110,148
Commodities	20,995	17,605	17,605		17,605
Capital Outlay	42,049				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,836,605	\$1,254,211	\$1,258,475	\$108,634	\$1,258,475
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	2,638				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,839,243	\$1,254,211	\$1,258,475	\$108,634	\$1,258,475
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,839,243	\$1,254,211	\$1,258,475	\$108,634	\$1,258,475
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,839,243	\$1,254,211	\$1,258,475	\$108,634	\$1,258,475
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,307,357	983,451	983,767	108,634	983,767
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	250,000				
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	281,886	270,760	274,708		274,708
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,839,243	\$1,254,211	\$1,258,475	\$108,634	\$1,258,475
FTE Positions	24.0	24.0	24.0	1.0	24.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0
Total Positions	26.0	26.0	26.0	1.0	26.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of administrative costs	1.89 %	2.47 %	2.79 %
Percent of finance officers with better understanding of regulations	85.0 %	80.0 %	80.0 %

State Military Service Operations -

Operations. The State Military Service Operations Program finances the state's training of officers of the Kansas National Guard units and the state's responsibilities when National Guard units are called to state active duty. Units of the Kansas Army and Air National Guard are available to the Governor for mobilization during periods of natural disaster, civil disturbance, or other events that threaten public safety. Such mobilizations are known as state active duty and, during these periods, the Governor serves as the Commander of the National Guard. State active duty has generally been restricted to periods of natural disaster, such as blizzards and floods, but guard members have been called during civil disturbances, public employee strikes. and gubernatorial inauguration ceremonies. During state active duty, this program provides pay for the troops and expenses for operating federal military equipment.

The State Military Service Operations Program also involves the state's role in training officers for its National Guard units. The state, in cooperation with the federal government, operates the Kansas Military Academy at the Kansas Regional Training Institute in Salina. The state's share of operational costs for Kansas Army Guard members attending Officer Candidate School involves only state active duty pay for student travel cost reimbursement. Other costs, such as student pay, curriculum materials, and the

operation and maintenance of the facility, are provided by the federal government. Officer Candidate School lasts 15 months during which the students report to class one weekend per month for instruction and testing.

The military status of the National Guard is reviewed regularly through eight types of external review conducted by the U.S. Fifth Army, the Inspector General and Army audit agency, and the Adjutant General.

Goals and Objectives. As its goals, the agency will pursue:

Financing timely and effective responses of State National Guard units when called to state active duty.

Processing payments promptly for state active duty and accounting for all expenditures in the most efficient and effective manner.

Statutory History. The Governor may order the National Guard units to state active duty according to the provisions of KSA 48-241. KSA 48-209 authorizes the Governor to call retired members of the National Guard to state active duty. KSA 48-213 prescribes training requirements equal to those of the active armed forces.

State Military Service Operations

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	411,622	74,617	44,851		44,851
Contractual Services	130,098	58,654	51,222		51,222
Commodities	6,243	14,760	14,760		14,760
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$547,963	\$148,031	\$110,833	\$	\$110,833
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	5,519	4,519	4,519		4,519
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$553,482	\$152,550	\$115,352	\$	\$115,352
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$553,482	\$152,550	\$115,352	\$	\$115,352
Non-expense Items	150				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$553,632	\$152,550	\$115,352	\$	\$115,352
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	74,591	86,845	77,545		77,545
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	479,041	65,705	37,807		37,807
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$553,632	\$152,550	\$115,352	\$	\$115,352

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of missions within the timeframes specified by the requestor	14	7	7
Percent of payments for state active duty made on time	99.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

Division of Emergency Management-

Operations. The Kansas Division of Emergency Management (KDEM) provides administrative and technical assistance to state and local governments as well as other department programs in planning for and dealing with disaster and emergency situations.

The Division provides training to the state in all aspects of emergency management in the areas of mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery. KDEM assists local governments in exercising their Emergency Operation Plan to validate their emergency preparedness procedures.

Kansas statutes require counties to develop and maintain local emergency operations plans. KDEM directs the annual update of Kansas Planning Standards, which are used in the preparation, review, and approval of these plans. KDEM maintains the State of Kansas Emergency Operations Plan, which documents the responsibilities among state agencies and provides a process for response to disasters.

KDEM is responsible for all technological hazards management, including vulnerability planning, emergency notification, incident management, and statewide emergency coordination. KDEM maintains a Wolf Creek Nuclear Power Plant Emergency Response Plan, accident management offsite, and statewide emergency notification.

The Division operates the State Emergency Operations Center (EOC), which is connected to every county sheriff, each armory, the Highway Patrol Communications Network, and national command authority. KDEM provides 24-hour response. The EOC uses trained staff members to assist local and state personnel in coordinating state emergency response measures for counties and incident commanders at the scene of a spill or disaster.

KDEM is responsible for administering federal assistance through the Public Assistance, Individual Family, Hazard Mitigation, and Crisis Counseling grants from the Federal Emergency Management Agency following disasters that are declared by the President.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of the Division of Emergency Management are stated in terms of the four stages of the state's emergency management system: Mitigation, Preparedness, Response, and Recovery. The goals are as follows:

Reduce vulnerability of people, environment, and structures to natural and technological incidents and disasters by the elimination or reduction of the effects of all hazards.

Enhance state and local emergency management organizational readiness.

Respond to all incidents and disasters effectively.

Provide timely and effective assistance to expedite recovery from incidents and disasters.

Statutory History. Article 9 of Chapter 48 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated* contains the Emergency Preparedness Act. These statutes authorize all of the functions of the Division of Emergency Management. The Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief Act (PL 100-707) and the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (Title III, PL 99-499) provide for the federal financial and planning role in emergency preparedness activities. KSA 48-907 specifies the duties of the Adjutant General as Chief Administrative Officer of the KDEM. Powers and duties of the Governor in the event of a disaster or emergency are explained in KSA 48-924 and 48-925.

Division of Emergency Management

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			· ·		
Salaries and Wages	1,086,426	988,044	1,003,925	331,886	1,003,925
Contractual Services	619,241	841,047	824,855	75,000	824,855
Commodities	72,404	67,700	67,700	15,000	67,700
Capital Outlay	114,892			23,000	
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,892,963	\$1,896,791	\$1,896,480	\$444,886	\$1,896,480
Aid to Local Governments	41,047,115	20,574,600	15,704,312		15,417,436
Other Assistance	1,119,066	66,666			
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$44,059,144	\$22,538,057	\$17,600,792	\$444,886	\$17,313,916
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$44,059,144	\$22,538,057	\$17,600,792	\$444,886	\$17,313,916
Non-expense Items	878,432	247,256	269,163		269,163
Total Expenditures by Object	\$44,937,576	\$22,785,313	\$17,869,955	\$444,886	\$17,583,079
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,017,114	5,454,456	1,539,098		1,252,222
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	43,920,462	17,330,857	16,330,857	444,886	16,330,857
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$44,937,576	\$22,785,313	\$17,869,955	\$444,886	\$17,583,079
FTE Positions	21.5	21.5	21.5	6.0	21.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	21.5	21.5	21.5	6.0	21.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of personnel trained in individual assistance	100	100	100
Number of emergency planning workshops conducted	8	4	4
Number of students trained in technological hazards	3,000	3,000	3,000

Physical Plant Operations_

Operations. The Physical Plant Operations Program provides units of the Kansas Army and Air National Guard with physical facilities and equipment that are serviceable and appropriate to this federal military mission. Army National Guard equipment and buildings are also used for state purposes, and armories are available for community use. Most of the buildings and equipment are operated and maintained on a cost-sharing basis with the federal government.

The program maintains the State Defense Building, the Headquarters Complex, and 62 Army National Guard armories. Of the armories, 58 are state-owned, two are leased, and two are federal property. Most of the state-owned armories were built by the Kansas Armory Board during the 1950s and 1960s. Six new armories were constructed from FY 1987 to FY 1997.

Most Army National Guard facilities have at least one full-time federal employee, who serves as the unit administrator and who is in charge of administrative, training, and logistical matters. Eight armories share space with the Department of Revenue for use as a driver's license examining office; four house Head Start pre-school programs; and one houses a Highway Patrol office. These, as well as other types of armory rental agreements, help to generate local funds that are used, in part, to maintain armories.

Armory National Guard maintenance and logistical facilities are financed primarily by federal funds. They include nine organizational maintenance shops,

the U.S. Property and Fiscal Office, the warehouse, combined support maintenance, the Kansas Regional Training Institute in Salina, the Army aviation support facilities at Forbes Field and Salina, the Leadership Development Center at Ft. Leavenworth, and the maneuver area Training Equipment Site at Fort Riley.

This program also maintains facilities at Forbes Field in Topeka and at McConnell AFB in Wichita for units of the Kansas Air National Guard. The 184th Air Refueling Wing at McConnell AFB flies B1-Bombers and uses the Smoky Hill Weapons Range near Salina for training. The 190th Air Refueling Wing at Forbes Field flies KC-135 tankers and uses buildings at Forbes Field for aircraft maintenance.

Goals and Objectives. For this program, the goal is to provide the maintenance resources to keep the physical facilities of the Army and Air National Guard operable and to secure the property of the units using those physical facilities.

Statutory History. The establishment and use of Kansas National Guard armories are provided for in KSA 48-301 et seq. Donations of land for armory construction are provided by 48-303, and disposition of the proceeds of any armory sold is specified in KSA 48-303. KSA 48-315 through 48-323 create the Kansas Armory Board and provide for its powers and duties. Federal statutes governing state use of military property for National Guard purposes include 32 USC 702, 708, and 314.

Physical Plant Operations

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			Č	C	
Salaries and Wages	9,067,404	9,558,286	9,729,989		9,729,989
Contractual Services	8,111,417	7,415,574	7,436,327	115,000	7,386,327
Commodities	1,053,439	1,004,283	1,003,487		1,003,487
Capital Outlay	364,205				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$18,596,465	\$17,978,143	\$18,169,803	\$115,000	\$18,119,803
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	17,634				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$18,614,099	\$17,978,143	\$18,169,803	\$115,000	\$18,119,803
Capital Improvements	923,125				
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$19,537,224	\$17,978,143	\$18,169,803	\$115,000	\$18,119,803
Non-expense Items	359,779				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$19,897,003	\$17,978,143	\$18,169,803	\$115,000	\$18,119,803
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,837,872	2,502,150	2,525,659	115,000	2,475,659
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	17,059,131	15,475,993	15,644,144		15,644,144
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$19,897,003	\$17,978,143	\$18,169,803	\$115,000	\$18,119,803
FTE Positions	169.5	169.5	169.5		169.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	113.8	100.0	100.0		100.0
Total Positions	283.3	269.5	269.5		269.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of work/job orders completed at Smoky Hill weapons range	70	75	80
Utility dollars saved on electricity	\$69,002	\$35,152	\$35,152
Utility dollars saved on gas	\$185,537	\$17,905	\$17,905

Debt Service & Capital Improvements-

Operations. The Capital Improvements Program includes funds to complete capital rehabilitation and repair projects at various National Guard facilities. In addition, any state funding of major rehabilitation and repair projects at state-licensed facilities, such as the Army aviation support facilities at Forbes Field, the Air National Guard units at Forbes Field and McConnell AFB, and the Kansas Regional Training Institute in Salina, is budgeted in this program.

The 2000 Legislature authorized an Armory Renovation Project to refurbish armories throughout the state. The agency is authorized to issue \$22.0

million in bonds, beginning in FY 2001, over four years. Debt service to repay the bonds is scheduled to begin in FY 2003. The Adjutant General will also use federal and local monies to finance this project.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to provide efficient facilities for agency personnel.

Statutory History. KSA 48-301 et seq. permit the acquisition and construction of National Guard armories and allow the state to return armories to communities when they are no longer needed by the Guard.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service	96,635	207,829	167,829	135,062	167,829
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$96,635	\$207,829	\$167,829	\$135,062	\$167,829
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$96,635	\$207,829	\$167,829	\$135,062	\$167,829
Capital Improvements	989,275	175,000	215,000	360,000	215,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,085,910	\$382,829	\$382,829	\$495,062	\$382,829
Non-expense Items	1,514,193	7,353,721	5,910,215		5,910,215
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,600,103	\$7,736,550	\$6,293,044	\$495,062	\$6,293,044
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund		382,829	382,829	495,062	382,829
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	2,600,103	7,353,721	5,910,215		5,910,215
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,600,103	\$7,736,550	\$6,293,044	\$495,062	\$6,293,044
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Department of Administration_

Mission. The mission of the Department is to be a central service resource for Kansas government functions. The agency must provide quality professional and technical services for governmental functions and the citizens of Kansas.

Operations. The Department of Administration is the primary provider of central administrative support services to state agencies. The Department is managed by the Secretary of Administration, who is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Governor. The major boards and commissions of which the Secretary of Administration is a member include the State Building Advisorv Commission. Information Technology Executive Council. Kansas State Employees' Health Care Commission, the Capitol Area Plaza Authority, and the Topeka Public Building Commission. In addition, the Secretary serves as Secretary of the State Finance Council and is a member of the Governor's cabinet.

Through its several divisions, the Department develops financial policies and plans, including preparation and administration of the state budget; operates and supervises uniform centralized accounting, purchasing, and personnel systems; oversees the design and construction of all state buildings; operates the state

motor pool; administers the workers compensation program for state employees; manages the state's central data processing and telecommunications systems; operates the state printing plant; develops and administers the state Affirmative Action Program; maintains and operates state office buildings in Topeka; and oversees rented and leased space by state agencies.

Many of the programs of the Department are financed wholly or in part by fees collected from user agencies for the services provided. Agency payments are credited to intragovernmental service funds established to pay operating expenditures of the programs. Fees paid to the Department of Administration for the administrative services it provides are included in user agency budgets and not in the Department's budget to avoid double reporting. A summary of these expenditures, referred to as the Off Budget, is provided following the Department's budgeted programs for information and review.

Statutory History. The 1953 Legislature created the Department of Administration. Major revisions to its organizational structure occurred in 1965, 1972, 1974, and 1978. Current statutory provisions are found in KSA 75-3701 et seq.

Department of Administration

FY 2002 FY 2003 FY 2004 FY 2004 FY 2004 Actual Gov. Estimate Base Budget Enhanc. Pkg. Gov. R Expenditures by Program	Rec.
Expenditures by Program	
Administration 2,339,026 2,667,312 2,769,460 2,212,8	
Public Broadcasting Council 2,551,495 2,522,068 2,437,251 352,436 2,339,3	
Information Systems & Commun. 5,422,727 4,857,589 4,949,635 2,924,4	
Accounting & Reporting Services 2,425,070 2,099,479 2,184,221 1,002,8	
Budget Analysis 1,502,221 1,966,223 1,436,680 1,362,4	
Personnel Services 3,031,304 2,809,684 2,860,584 1,946,7	
Central Purchasing 847,741 759,880 823,385 529,1	
Facilities Management 4,989,524 4,199,782 4,237,990 2,952,1	
Debt Service & Capital Improvements 3,072,657 7,025,797 7,540,646 13,660,278 6,800,1	
Total Expenditures \$26,181,765 \$28,907,814 \$29,239,852 \$14,012,714 \$22,070,1	172
Expenditures by Object	
Salaries and Wages 11,885,273 11,114,404 11,348,604 10,609,9	927
Contractual Services 6,626,357 6,524,132 6,306,735 5,703,3	
Commodities 520,921 422,968 343,405 343,4	
Capital Outlay 708,985 210,835 75,601 75,6	
Debt Service 708,755 2,759,640 3,558,894 2,818,4	
Operating Adjustments (4,989,19	
Subtotal: State Operations \$20,450,291 \$21,031,979 \$21,633,239 \$ \$14,561,4	
Other Assistance 2,782,732 2,985,005 2,995,607 296,046 2,904,0	
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures \$23,817,863 \$24,641,657 \$25,258,100 \$352,436 \$18,088,4	
Capital Improvements 2,363,902 4,266,157 3,981,752 13,660,278 3,981,7	
Total Reportable Expenditures \$26,181,765 \$28,907,814 \$29,239,852 \$14,012,714 \$22,070,1	172
Non-expense Items	
Total Expenditures by Object \$26,181,765 \$28,907,814 \$29,239,852 \$14,012,714 \$22,070,1	172
Expenditures by Fund	
State General Fund 24,227,429 25,463,037 26,519,237 14,012,714 19,312,7	708
Water Plan Fund	
EDIF 114,099	
Children's Initiatives Fund	
Building Funds	161
Other Funds 1,954,336 3,330,678 2,720,615 2,757,4	
Total Expenditures by Fund \$26,181,765 \$28,907,814 \$29,239,852 \$14,012,714 \$22,070,1	172
FTE Positions 275.0 256.0 257.0 245	45.0
	12.5
	57.4

General Administration_

Operations. The General Administration Program includes seven subprograms. The Office of the Secretary is responsible for the general supervision of divisions of the Department, establishment of departmental priorities, and allocation of resources accordingly. The Secretary serves as a member of the Information Technology Executive Council, the Kansas State Employees' Health Care Commission, the Capitol Area Plaza Authority, and the Topeka Public Building Commission. In addition, the Secretary of Administration serves as secretary to the State Finance Council, which was merged into the Department of Administration in FY 1992.

The Legal Section provides legal representation and services for Department of Administration legal matters and provides certain legal services to other state agencies on both advisory and contract bases. The DOA Personnel Office supports personnel functions within the Department.

The Office of the Long-Term Care Ombudsman serves as advocate on issues affecting older persons, including the investigation of complaints about long-term care facilities. The Office of Administrative Hearings conducts all adjudicative proceedings for SRS programs and other contracting state agencies. The Information Technology Executive Council acts as an advisory body for the establishment of information technology policies.

The Ancillary Services Subprogram undertakes three administrative activities. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers leases federal lands next to reservoirs for flood control purposes. The Department distributes 75.0 percent of the lease income to school districts, counties, townships, and other local governments. The Department also re-issues warrants that were not cashed by the payee within a year after issuance, keeping the greater of 10.0 percent or \$15 to cover administrative costs. In accordance with the Federal Cash Management Act, the agency transfers monies between federal agencies and the state so neither benefits from the use of the others' funds.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of the Office of the Secretary are to provide guidance and coordination for the divisions of the Department, establish priorities and allocate resources to further the agency's mission, and communicate with the Governor and the Legislature on issues affecting state policy.

Legal Services maximizes fiscal resources available to the state in the context of continuing legal education for state agency attorneys and editing services for proposed administrative regulations.

The Department's personnel office strives to provide a full range of personnel management service on an efficient, centralized basis. These services include classification, staffing, employee relations, personnel and payroll processing, training, and research.

The Office of the Long-Term Care Ombudsman advocates for the health, safety, and rights of the residents of Kansas long-term care facilities by removing barriers that prevent the residents from attaining the highest possible quality of life.

The Office of Administrative Hearings provides the hearing process for applicants or clients for SRS programs and other contracting state agencies.

The Department completes all duties related to ancillary services in accordance with state and federal laws and disburses funds timely and accurately.

Statutory History. The Department was created by the 1953 Legislature. Major revisions to its organizational structure occurred in 1965, 1972, 1974, and 1978. Statutory provisions are found in KSA 75-3701 et seq. KSA 27-117 provides for the distribution of flood control lease monies paid to the State Treasurer for schools, roads, and county expenses. KSA 10-811 and KSA 46-921 provide for cancellation and redemption of state warrants. KSA 75-3083 requires the Director of Accounts and Reports to transfer interest earned on federal monies in amounts necessary to meet interest payment obligations.

General Administration

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			_	_	
Salaries and Wages	1,257,912	1,217,718	1,252,867		1,252,867
Contractual Services	230,528	271,340	305,076		305,076
Commodities	18,622	25,401	23,907		23,907
Capital Outlay	17,613	65,243			
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					(556,622)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,524,675	\$1,579,702	\$1,581,850	\$	\$1,025,228
Aid to Local Governments	245,195	248,000	248,000		248,000
Other Assistance	569,156	839,610	939,610		939,610
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,339,026	\$2,667,312	\$2,769,460	\$	\$2,212,838
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,339,026	\$2,667,312	\$2,769,460	\$	\$2,212,838
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,339,026	\$2,667,312	\$2,769,460	\$	\$2,212,838
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,502,323	1,556,053	1,557,850		1,001,228
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	836,703	1,111,259	1,211,610		1,211,610
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,339,026	\$2,667,312	\$2,769,460	\$	\$2,212,838
FTE Positions	20.8	19.2	20.2		20.2
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.4	0.7	0.7		0.7
Total Positions	22.2	19.9	20.9		20.9

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of complaint cases not resolved by the Office of the Long- Term Care Ombudsman to the complainants' satisfaction	1.0 %	1.0 %	1.0 %
Number and percent of administrative hearings disqualification cases set for hearing within 30 days	282/98.9 %	290/100.0 %	300/100.0 %

Public Broadcasting Council.

Operations. The Kansas Public Broadcasting Council was created by the 1993 Legislature, which concurrently abolished the Public Broadcasting Commission, formerly a separate state agency. The members of the Council of Directors include one representative from each eligible public television and radio station. The purpose of the Council is to facilitate the individual and cooperative efforts of its members to provide high quality, Kansas-based public broadcasting service to all citizens of the state.

Appropriations to the Council are distributed as operating grants to the stations. The distribution formula is based on the number and type of facilities managed by each station and provides a base grant to rural stations. Funds for grants were appropriated to the Department of Administration for the first year in FY 1995 for distribution to the stations. Effective for FY 1998, the distribution formula is in large part based on the number and type of facilities that are managed by each station and provides a base grant to rural stations.

The 2000 Legislature authorized \$6.0 million in funds to be issued for the public television stations in Kansas to convert to digital technology. The bonds were issued in July 2001, and debt service payments were budgeted for the first time in FY 2002.

Goals and Objectives. The Council has identified several goals, one of which is to ensure that high quality public broadcast signals are available to all Kansans. In order to attain this goal, the Council intends to take advantage of available state, federal, and private funding for purchase of broadcast equipment, such as signal translators, and to begin extension of radio service to unserved areas. The

Council also plans to expand educational, cultural, and information services to Kansans by developing partnerships with such other telecommunication organizations as cable companies and educational institutions to extend the interactive fiber network throughout the state. The goals identified by the Council include the following:

Achieve stability in federal and state funding for public broadcasting.

Prepare for FCC-mandated changes required for digital broadcasting while at the same time maintaining current service.

Foster cooperative relationships among Council members through joint projects.

Develop partnerships with other telecommunication organizations.

Statutory History. The 1993 Legislature established the Kansas Public Broadcasting Council Act (KSA 75-4912 et seq.) to replace the previous Commission with the Kansas Public Broadcasting Council. statutes prescribe certain duties relative to the support of existing public television and radio stations and the development of new stations. The statutes also define which stations are eligible for grants through the Council and limit the purposes for which each may use state funds. KSA 75-4912 authorizes the Council to make grants from the proceeds of revenue bonds issued by the Kansas Development Finance Authority approved by the Legislature. The grants are made to public television stations for federal funds for capital equipment purchases for the conversion to digital television broadcasting.

Public Broadcasting Council

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	1100001	3011 25000000	Dage Dauget	Zimane, 1 ng.	33,1100
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments	339,645	376,673	381,254	56,390	374,949
Other Assistance	2,211,850	2,145,395	2,055,997	296,046	1,964,404
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,551,495	\$2,522,068	\$2,437,251	\$352,436	\$2,339,353
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,551,495	\$2,522,068	\$2,437,251	\$352,436	\$2,339,353
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,551,495	\$2,522,068	\$2,437,251	\$352,436	\$2,339,353
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,551,495	2,407,969	2,437,251	352,436	2,339,353
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF		114,099			
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,551,495	\$2,522,068	\$2,437,251	\$352,436	\$2,339,353
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Percent increase in private contributions	4.0 %	5.0 %	5.0 %

Division of Information Systems & Communications

Operations. The purpose of the Division of Information Systems and Communications is to provide efficient and effective electronic information processing and technical management services to all state agencies. The Division provides central computing, networking, and communication services for state agencies. It is organized into five subprograms, four of which are funded exclusively through Off Budget sources derived from charges for services to other state agencies. One subprogram, the Bureau of Department of Administration Systems, has both On and Off Budget components. The On Budget portion of this bureau is reflected on the opposite page, while the Off Budget portion is included in the summary for all Off Budget expenditures.

The Administration Subprogram provides human resource management, administration, financial services, and central mail services. The Customer Services Subprogram arranges for services and provides support for local area networks and desktop systems. The Information Services Subprogram provides mainframe computing services and support for the state. It operates the computer center located in the Landon State Office Building and in off-site, backup facilities.

The Telecommunications Subprogram manages ongoing telecommunications operations, such as the statewide KANS-A-N telephone system and switching services for agencies in Topeka and Wichita. This subprogram also operates data networks used by state agencies and the Criminal Justice Information System.

The Bureau of Department of Administration Systems implements and maintains the agency's own

information systems. These systems include the State Human Resources and Payroll System (SHARP), Statewide Accounting and Reporting System (STARS), the state's central budgeting system, and others. The Off Budget portion of the Bureau of Department of Administration Systems Subprogram provides billable services for data entry, laser printing, systems development services, and SHARP document processing.

Goals and Objectives. The Division's goals include the following:

Provide a high level of customer service.

Offer highly reliable, secure, and cost-effective information services.

Supply high availability, cost-effective, and technically efficient telecommunication services.

Provide cost-effective information systems and support for the Department of Administration.

Statutory History. The Division of Information Systems and Communications was created by the 1984 Legislature by merging the Division of Information Systems and Computing with the Telecommunications Office. Statutory authority for responsibilities relating to the provision of computer and data processing services is contained in KSA 75-4701 et seq. Statutory authority for responsibilities relating to the provision of telecommunications services is contained in KSA 75-4709 through 75-4712. Statutory authority for central mail services is in KSA 75-4511 through KSA 75-4512.

Division of Information Systems & Communications

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,803,424	1,799,116	1,881,968		1,781,968
Contractual Services	3,061,972	2,786,832	2,890,907		2,535,907
Commodities	250,062	181,159	141,159		141,159
Capital Outlay	307,269	90,482	35,601		35,601
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					(1,570,211)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,422,727	\$4,857,589	\$4,949,635	\$	\$2,924,424
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$5,422,727	\$4,857,589	\$4,949,635	\$	\$2,924,424
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$5,422,727	\$4,857,589	\$4,949,635	\$	\$2,924,424
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$5,422,727	\$4,857,589	\$4,949,635	\$	\$2,924,424
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	5,422,727	4,857,589	4,949,635		2,924,424
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$5,422,727	\$4,857,589	\$4,949,635	\$	\$2,924,424
FTE Positions	38.2	36.8	36.8		36.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	11.8	11.8	11.8		11.8
Total Positions	50.0	48.5	48.5		48.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of STARS error free production cycles	98.7 %	98.0 %	98.0 %
Percent of SHARP error free production cycles	98.0 %	98.0 %	98.0 %
Percent of production code error free	98.0 %	98.0 %	98.0 %

Accounting & Reporting Services

Operations. The Division of Accounts and Reports serves as the controller for the State of Kansas and provides accounting and technical assistance to state agencies. The Division administers the statewide accounting and payroll systems; initiates accounting policies and procedures, as well as system modifications and enhancements based on federal and state law and customer needs assessments; provides ongoing training and customer assistance; and provides state agencies, municipalities, and other users with accounting data and reports.

Goals and Objectives. It is the goal of the Division to provide accounting and reporting services to the state and its governmental agencies that are accurate, timely, and, most importantly, of value to those the Division serves. Through continual and proactive customer and internal assessment, the Division strives to initiate and implement flexible, efficient processes in its operations and meet the increasing demand for government accountability.

In pursuit of this goal, the Division has developed the following objectives:

Obtain a minimum performance rating of above-average for addressing customer needs from 80.0 percent of state agencies responding to the Customer Service Survey.

Improve communication and staff accessibility with all customers through training, on-line information, and use of joint teams that include customers and division staff to study statewide accounting issues and improve processes and reporting.

Upgrade the central payroll system with a minimum of modifications to increase efficiency and reduce costs.

Statutory History. The Division was established in the Department of Administration in 1953 by KSA 75-3727. KSA 75-3728 requires the Director to formulate a system of central accounting. Other important statutes include KSA 75-1120 et seq. related to municipal accounting standards and procedures; KSA 75-5501 related to payroll accounting; and KSA 75-3735 related to financial reports.

Accounting & Reporting Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Dase Duuget	Ellianc, Fkg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	2,175,012	1,880,430	1,933,590		1,294,913
Contractual Services	235,789	186,055	225,209		100,999
Commodities	14,269	30,184	25,422		25,422
Capital Outlay	14,209	2,810	25,422		25,422
Debt Service		2,010			
					(419.455)
Operating Adjustments	 \$2.425.050	 ¢2 000 470	 ¢2 104 221	 e	(418,455)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,425,070	\$2,099,479	\$2,184,221	\$	\$1,002,879
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,425,070	\$2,099,479	\$2,184,221	\$	\$1,002,879
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,425,070	\$2,099,479	\$2,184,221	\$	\$1,002,879
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,425,070	\$2,099,479	\$2,184,221	\$	\$1,002,879
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,212,571	1,889,648	1,970,890		752,699
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	212,499	209,831	213,331		250,180
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,425,070	\$2,099,479	\$2,184,221	\$	\$1,002,879
FTE Positions	45.4	39.9	38.9		26.9
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	45.4	39.9	38.9		26.9

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of customer ratings of "above average" or better for addressing customer needs	85.0 %	80.0 %	80.0 %
Percent of payroll cycles completed on schedule and payments issued on scheduled pay date	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Percent reduction in processing paper interfund voucher, journal voucher, and receipt voucher documents in lieu of electronic	100.0	100.0	400.0
document processing	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

Budget Analysis.

Mission. The purpose of the Budget Analysis Program is to provide for the effective and efficient management of state government. The Division of the Budget is committed to excellence, professional conduct, and service. These values are reflected in the management and analysis of the state budget and other resources provided to the Governor, the Legislature, state agencies, and the citizens of Kansas.

Operations. The Division has central management responsibility for the state budget process. It issues instructions and directives that determine how agencies propose and justify requests for expenditure authority. The requests are analyzed by Division staff, and its conclusions become the basis for the Governor's recommendations to the Legislature. The Division provides extensive staff support to the Governor on matters of budget strategy and related policy. The Division also explains the Governor's proposals to the Legislature and its staff.

The Division is a key participant in the twice-yearly consensus revenue estimating process. The Consensus Revenue Estimating Group estimates revenues to the State General Fund for the current and forthcoming fiscal years. The estimates are used by both the Governor and the Legislature for all budgeting purposes. During the legislative session, the Division is responsible for tracking legislative changes to the Governor's budget recommendations. In addition, the Division prepares fiscal notes on all bills.

The Division staffs and provides administrative support for various task forces appointed by the Governor to study policy initiatives. The Division also performs duties related to budget execution and financial management. Division staff monitors cashflow and takes appropriate steps to ensure State General Fund solvency throughout the year. The

Division also verifies and distributes the census data used to apportion state aid to local governments.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of the Division is to perform comprehensive policy, management, and fiscal analysis.

The second goal is to produce an accurate budget reflecting the Governor's priorities. Consistent with this goal, the Division will:

Assure an understanding of the overall structure of intergovernmental relationships, state government, and the political landscape.

The third goal is to balance state receipts and expenditures. The main objective under this goal is to:

Maintain the solvency of the State General Fund.

The fourth goal is to provide accurate budget and policy information in a timely manner.

The fifth goal is to provide assistance to state agencies in budget development and execution, including strategic planning and performance measurement.

Statutory History. The Kansas budget system was created by the 1917 Legislature. Major revisions of the original statutes occurred in 1925, 1953, 1972, 1978, and 1980. Current provisions for Division activities are found in KSA 75-3714a et seq. KSA 11-201 requires the Division of the Budget to certify population estimates for the state. KSA 75-6701 governs the ending balance requirements for the State General Fund, revenue estimates for budget reconciliation, and the conditions for imposing percentage reductions on State General Fund accounts.

Budget Analysis

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	7 Ctuur	Gov. Estimate	Buse Budget	Elmane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	1,045,427	1,106,096	1,065,303		1,065,303
Contractual Services	429,474	828,858	353,740		279,517
Commodities	20,739	26,269	17,637		17,637
Capital Outlay	6,581	5,000			
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,502,221	\$1,966,223	\$1,436,680	\$	\$1,362,457
Aid to Local Governments				·	
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,502,221	\$1,966,223	\$1,436,680	\$	\$1,362,457
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,502,221	\$1,966,223	\$1,436,680	\$	\$1,362,457
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,502,221	\$1,966,223	\$1,436,680	\$	\$1,362,457
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,501,111	1,816,223	1,436,680		1,362,457
Water Plan Fund	· · · · · ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			· · · · · ·
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,110	150,000			
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,502,221	\$1,966,223	\$1,436,680	\$	\$1,362,457
FTE Positions	22.0	22.0	22.0		22.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	22.0	22.0	22.0		22.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of dollar errors compared to the Governor's recommendation for the current and forthcoming fiscal years combined (expressed as one hundred thousand of 1.0 percent)	31.1 %	10.0 %	10.0 %
Percent deviation of actual fiscal year expenditures versus final approved State General Fund budgets	.04 %	.04 %	.04 %
Percent of fiscal notes completed by the bills' hearing date	97.0 %	98.0 %	98.0 %
Percent of exit interview comments for budget training sessions that give a "good," "very good," or "excellent" rating on the usefulness of materials in preparing the budget requests	91.4 %	95.0 %	95.0 %

Personnel Services

Operations. The Division of Personnel Services provides the framework for a contemporary human resources management program for applicants and employees. The framework is based on utilizing technology to provide services, administer programs, and develop initiatives to assist agencies in meeting their missions. The Office of the Director assures a comprehensive and coordinated statewide application of the Kansas Civil Service Act. Five sections support the Office of the Director in fulfilling the goals of the Division.

Workforce Strategy supports statewide human resources through policy analysis and development; develops and modifies administrative regulations and bulletins; develops legislative proposals and amendments; monitors legislative bills affecting human resources; determines statewide workforce trends; and supports Division operations through fiscal services and strategic planning.

Learning Services and Organizational Wellness serves state agencies by developing the state workforce through a variety of management, employee professional development, and consultation activities. LSOW promotes the state's core organizational culture, is a learning resource center for state agencies, co-sponsors the Certified Public Manager Program, and serves as the statewide Kansas Quality Management Administrative and Training Office.

Workforce Information maintains, enhances, upgrades, and trains agency personnel on the Statewide Human Resource and Payroll (SHARP) system; improves the accuracy of SHARP data entry; and provides information and services via the Internet to applicants, agencies, and employees.

Workforce Management conducts statewide workforce planning, oversees EEO administration, manages applicant and employee selection services and compensation, administers the Fair Labor Standards Act, administers the state's temporary services contract, develops and maintains the state classification plan, and provides personnel administration consultative services to state agencies.

Benefits Administration develops and administers employee benefit programs, including management and administration of the Kansas Group Health Insurance Plan, the State Self-Insurance Fund (State of Kansas Workers Compensation), the federal Family Medical Leave Act, promotion of health wellness and educational programs, a long-term care program, and a hearing discount program; administration of two flexible spending account programs that allow participants to reimburse themselves for eligible, unreimbursed healthcare and/or dependent care expenses on a tax-free basis; administration of the Deferred Compensation Plan to help eligible state employees reach their retirement savings goals; and administration of the Statewide Drug Screening Program and the Statewide Student Insurance Plan.

Goals and Objectives. The Division of Personnel Services has identified the following goals:

Promote the state as a desirable place to work.

Keep a workforce of motivated, competent, and diverse people who are proud to be state employees.

Support agencies in their mission to serve the public.

Statutory History. KSA 75-3701 et seq. establish the Division to administer the Kansas Civil Service Act (KSA 75-2925 et seq.); KSA 75-6501 et seq. authorize a cafeteria benefits plan; KSA 44-575 et seq. establish the State Self-Insurance Fund; KSA 75-37,115 establishes the Kansas Quality Program; the *2002 Session Laws*, Chapter 136, establish the Employee Award and Recognition Program and the Employee Suggestion Program. KSA 75-4362 and KSA 75-4363 authorize the Drug Screening Program.

Personnel Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			Ü	C	
Salaries and Wages	2,604,979	2,359,476	2,362,549		2,362,549
Contractual Services	380,168	440,422	487,225		487,225
Commodities	16,630	9,786	10,810		10,810
Capital Outlay	29,527				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					(913,854)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,031,304	\$2,809,684	\$2,860,584	\$	\$1,946,730
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$3,031,304	\$2,809,684	\$2,860,584	\$	\$1,946,730
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$3,031,304	\$2,809,684	\$2,860,584	\$	\$1,946,730
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$3,031,304	\$2,809,684	\$2,860,584	\$	\$1,946,730
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,931,871	2,540,370	2,557,655		1,643,801
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	99,433	269,314	302,929		302,929
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$3,031,304	\$2,809,684	\$2,860,584	\$	\$1,946,730
FTE Positions	63.1	53.1	53.1		53.1
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	63.1	53.1	53.1		53.1

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of Human Resource Managers who agree that DPS provides quality services and programs to state agencies and employees	94.0 %	96.0 %	97.0 %
Increase in percent of on-line applicant registrations compared to scanned registrations	64.0 %	72.0 %	74.0 %
Participant satisfaction with DPS training programs based on a five- point scale	4.48	4.40	4.40

Central Purchasing

Operations. The Division of Purchases provides a centralized procurement service for all state agencies. The effective operation of this division requires establishment of standards of quality, development of standard specifications, and prompt solicitation of bids and placement of orders for goods and services. This program also initiates major contracts for goods and services that enable state agencies and school districts to purchase items based on large quantity discounts. Other activities of this division include bidding and contracting for construction and major repairs, based on plans approved by the Secretary of Administration and administrative heads of agencies.

Goals and Objectives. The Division's goal is to make continual improvements in the quality, speed, and professional delivery of procurement services that are responsive to the needs of state government. In pursuit of this goal, the Division has developed the following objectives:

Seek competition whenever possible, thereby affording all responsible suppliers an opportunity to bid on state contracts.

Maximize the state's purchasing strength in the marketplace, obtaining the most favorable terms and conditions and providing the lowest possible costs to state agencies.

Continue to develop and maintain a competent and professional procurement staff to manage and implement statewide procurement activities efficiently.

Implement contractual safeguards with clearly established vendor responsibilities for materials, goods, and services.

Assure adequate and dependable sources for materials, goods, and services to maintain an optimum balance of quality and quantity at the lowest possible cost to the state.

Increase utilization of life cycle cost formulas and energy-efficient standards in bid specifications.

Statutory History. The Division of Purchases was established as part of the Department of Administration by the 1953 Legislature (KSA 75-3737a through 75-3744). The purchasing statutes were amended in 1980 to include energy efficiency standards or life cycle cost formulas in specifications and to mandate open specifications on state purchases to ensure competition.

KSA 75-3740b concerns state procurement practices with regard to recycling and recycled materials. During the 1998 Legislative Session, KSA 75-3739 was amended (1) to increase the amount of purchases that has to be bid and (2) to allow the Director of Purchases to delegate more purchasing authority to state agencies.

Central Purchasing

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	736,766	759,880	823,385		823,385
Contractual Services	105,542				
Commodities					
Capital Outlay	5,433				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					(294,197)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$847,741	\$759,880	\$823,385	\$	\$529,188
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$847,741	\$759,880	\$823,385	\$	\$529,188
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$847,741	\$759,880	\$823,385	\$	\$529,188
Non-expense Items		, 			·
Total Expenditures by Object	\$847,741	\$759,880	\$823,385	\$	\$529,188
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	847,741	759,880	823,385		529,188
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$847,741	\$759,880	\$823,385	\$	\$529,188
FTE Positions	20.5	19.0	20.0		20.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	20.5	19.0	20.0		20.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of customers rating purchasing services "satisfactory" or better	86.7 %	86.7 %	86.7 %
Percent of those surveyed who are "satisfied" or "very satisfied" with the goods and services procured for their agency	93.3 %	93.3 %	93.3 %
Percent of those surveyed who are "satisfied" or very satisfied" with the price of goods and services procured	93.4 %	93.4 %	93.4 %

Facilities Management_

Operations. The Division of Facilities Management conducts facility operations for assigned office and parking facilities, including the Statehouse, Judicial Center, Docking State Office Building, Landon State Office Building and garage, Memorial Building, Curtis State Office Building and garage, 700 Harrison/SBG Building, Forbes, State Complex West, Dillon House, Insurance Building, Cedar Crest, 3440 E. 10th, and six parking lots. Facility operations include daily, monthly, and annual maintenance; operation, repair, and renovation; housekeeping services; landscaping and grounds maintenance services; Capitol Complex heating plant operations; building security through an integrated access control and surveillance system for the Capitol Complex; and parking regulation enforcement.

The Division provides centralized leasing and real estate services, including assisting agencies in planning lease and space needs, managing statewide leases, negotiating leases, conducting analyses to determine whether to lease or purchase, identifying and recommending consolidation opportunities, marketing surplus state real estate, developing space standards, exercising commercial leasing authority, and overseeing the Wichita Office Building lease.

In addition, the Division provides professional planning, design, and construction administration for all state agency capital improvement projects by assisting agencies in the selection of architectural and engineering firms, arranging for and administering consultant contracts, monitoring the design process, and reviewing plans for compliance with program requirements, life safety codes, state standards, and provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act. The Division of Facilities Management also administers the State Facility Conservation Improvement Program, which finances energy conservation and resource reduction projects.

The Division provides architectural and engineering design and construction administration services for capital improvement projects that are less than \$500,000 for general construction or less than \$250,000 for mechanical/electrical construction.

In addition, this division administers the State Central Motor Pool, which is responsible for providing transportation services to state agencies through the acquisition, assignment, regulation, maintenance, and disposition of vehicles in the state's motor pool fleet.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of the Division of Facilities Management are to:

Provide a clean, comfortable, efficient, and safe working environment and safe, accessible, and convenient parking facilities for state officials, employees, and visitors who occupy state properties.

Provide safe, ADA compliant, customer-based, and cost effective office/storage space for state agencies in accordance with centralized leasing policies.

Optimize state revenues through the sale of state surplus real estate.

Protect the state's interests in all planning, design, and construction activity concerning state buildings and related facilities as well as reduce energy and resource usage for maximum cost effectiveness.

Provide safe, reliable, and customer responsive transportation services to state agencies that are also cost effective.

The Division of Facilities Statutory History. Management was created in 1989 by executive action of the Secretary of Administration to consolidate functions relating to state facilities and space requirements for state agencies. In 2002, a Secretary of Administration Reorganization Order transferred the Division of Architectural Services to the Division of Facilities Management. KSA 75-3702j authorizes the Secretary of Administration to transfer any organizational unit or employee in the Department of Administration to any other any organizational unit or employee with the approval of the Governor. The Secretary of Administration was authorized to assign space and facilities in all state-owned or operated properties or buildings throughout the state with certain exceptions (KSA 75-3651 and KSA 75-3765).

Facilities Management

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object				<i>G</i>	
Salaries and Wages	2,261,753	1,991,688	2,028,942		2,028,942
Contractual Services	2,182,884	2,010,625	2,044,578		1,994,578
Commodities	200,599	150,169	124,470		124,470
Capital Outlay	342,562	47,300	40,000		40,000
Debt Service		· 			
Operating Adjustments					(1,235,851)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$4,987,798	\$4,199,782	\$4,237,990	\$	\$2,952,139
Aid to Local Governments					· · ·
Other Assistance	1,726				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$4,989,524	\$4,199,782	\$4,237,990	\$	\$2,952,139
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$4,989,524	\$4,199,782	\$4,237,990	\$	\$2,952,139
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$4,989,524	\$4,199,782	\$4,237,990	\$	\$2,952,139
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	4,315,996	3,537,802	3,558,843		2,272,992
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	673,528	661,980	679,147		679,147
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$4,989,524	\$4,199,782	\$4,237,990	\$	\$2,952,139
FTE Positions	65.0	66.0	66.0		66.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	65.0	66.0	66.0		66.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of leasing client surveys rated "good" or "excellent"	96.0 %	98.0 %	98.0 %
Percent of customer satisfaction surveys rated "good" or "excellent" regarding safety in state buildings	83.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %
Percent of housekeeping surveys rated "good" or "excellent"	87.0 %	90.0 %	90.0 %
Percent of motor pool uninterrupted dispatch trips	100.0 %	99.0 %	99.0 %
Percent of facilities planning, design, and construction surveys rated "good" or "excellent"	93.0 %	94.0 %	94.0 %
Increase in productivity of in-house design group as measured by construction designed per FTE position	10.6 %	5.0 %	5.0 %

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

Operations. This program includes the debt service payments made on the following state properties: acquisition and renovation of the Landon State Office Building, renovation of the Docking State Office Building, construction of the state printing plant, renovation of Memorial Hall, lease/purchase of the grounds shop, lease/purchase of the motor pool facility, restoration and renovation of the Statehouse, improvements to the Kansas Judicial Center, renovation of the Forbes Complex, backfill of the Landon State Office Building, improvements to the State Complex West, and steam distribution system enhancements to the Capitol Complex.

In addition, payment is included for debt service on the bonds issued to finance the Energy Conservation Improvements Program authorized by KSA 75-37,111 et seq. Prior to FY 1990, there had been no systematic effort in state government to undertake energy audits or make other energy improvements. The Kansas Development Finance Authority was authorized by the 1989 Legislature to issue up to \$5.0 million in tax exempt energy conservation revenue bonds to finance energy conservation projects.

The bonds are repaid from utility savings realized from the energy improvements. When the debt is retired, the result is a savings to the state through reduced utility bills. The first series of bonds for this program was issued in November 1990, a second series was issued in June 1992, and a third in October 1993. The fourth and fifth bonds were issued in 1996. Starting in FY 1999, the state established a line of credit approach, rather than issuing bonds, for the financing of energy projects.

This program also finances construction, remodeling, and rehabilitation and repair for properties under the

care and control of the Secretary of Administration. Typical projects include maintenance repairs; upgrade of fire, safety, and security systems; modifications for accessibility for people with disabilities; and remodeling or renovation of landmark facilities. Such properties include the Landon and Docking State Office Buildings, Statehouse, Governor's Residence at Cedar Crest, Judicial Center, Forbes Complex, Memorial Hall, State Complex West, Dillon House, and the 7th and Harrison (former Security Benefit Group) Building.

The 2000 Legislature authorized the \$40.0 million in bonds to renovate the Capitol to be repaid from the State General Fund. Of the total \$16.0 million were issued in December 2000 and the remaining \$24.0 million in October 2001. The 2001 Legislature authorized \$15.0 million in bonds for the Statehouse parking facility. These bonds were issued in March 2002.

Statutory History. Statutory authority for acquisition of the Landon Building is found in KSA 75-3468 et seq. and for the printing plant in KSA 75-3675 et seq. Renovation of the Docking, Forbes, and Memorial Hall Buildings was authorized by appropriation bill, and the Energy Conservation Improvement bonds are authorized by KSA 75-37,111 et seq. Capital improvement programs are authorized by individual appropriations. The Statehouse improvements are financed under KSA 75-2262 and 75-2263.

Authority for acquisition of the 7th and Harrison Building is from the State Finance Council Resolution No. 99-435, effective December 10, 1999. Custody of the State Complex West (former Topeka State Hospital) was transferred to the Secretary of Administration by KSA 75-37,123.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service	708,755	2,759,640	3,558,894		2,818,412
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$708,755	\$2,759,640	\$3,558,894	\$	\$2,818,412
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$708,755	\$2,759,640	\$3,558,894	\$	\$2,818,412
Capital Improvements	2,363,902	4,266,157	3,981,752	13,660,278	3,981,752
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$3,072,657	\$7,025,797	\$7,540,646	\$13,660,278	\$6,800,164
Non-expense Items		· · ·		· · ·	· · · · ·
Total Expenditures by Object	\$3,072,657	\$7,025,797	\$7,540,646	\$13,660,278	\$6,800,164
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,941,594	6,097,503	7,227,048	13,660,278	6,486,566
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	131,063	928,294	313,598		313,598
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$3,072,657	\$7,025,797	\$7,540,646	\$13,660,278	\$6,800,164
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Off Budget Expenditures.

Operations. The Department of Administration is the primary provider of central administrative services to state agencies. Services include the central motor pool, central mail and telephone services, accounts receivable setoff and other central accounting services, information systems, building operations and maintenance, provision of a health insurance program and a workers compensation program for state employees, maintenance of the properties of the State Complex West, and administration of the hearing office for SRS and the Long-Term Care Ombudsman for the Department on Aging.

Services are financed by fees collected from user agencies. Agency payments are credited to intragovernmental service funds established to pay operating expenditures of the service provider. Estimated fees to be paid to the Department of Administration by other agencies are included in individual agency budgets in order to allocate operating costs appropriately. To avoid double reporting, the operating expenditures of the provider programs paid from these receipts are considered Off Budget and are not included in total expenditures for the state budget.

DISC provides centralized computing and related services and provides coordination and control of telecommunications services for state agencies. These functions are discussed in DISC's program summary.

The Off Budget contains revenues earned by the Division of Purchases' management of statewide contracts for agencies. These are fees collected by vendors and rebated to the Division as commissions.

Also included in the Off Budget are expenditures attributable to providing printing, duplicating, and binding services to state agencies. In addition to printing forms and documents required by agencies each day, the Division of Printing prints bills,

resolutions, journals, and other legislative material. A summary of Off Budget expenditures by program is included for information and review.

The Division of Facilities Management provides quality facility, parking, and transportation services to state agencies. The functions of this division are discussed in its program summary.

Goals and Objectives. The Department of Administration offers various services to state agencies and employees. Several goals of Off Budget programs include the following:

Provide timely, responsive, and cost effective central computer-related services for user agencies.

Provide high quality telecommunications services in a cost effective manner.

Provide access to affordable comprehensive health insurance programs for State of Kansas employees and their eligible dependents.

Provide a high quality cost effective working environment, parking facilities, and transportation services.

Statutory History. The Division of Information Systems and Communications was created by the 1984 Legislature by merging the Division of Information Systems and Computing with the Telecommunications Office. Statutory authority for responsibilities relating to the provision of computer and data processing services is contained in KSA 75-4701 et seq. Statutory authority for responsibilities relating to the provision of telecommunications services is contained in KSA 75-4709 through 75-4712. Statutory authority for the provision of Central Printing Services is found in KSA 75-1005 et seq. KSA 75-6201 et seq. established the Accounts Receivable Setoff Program.

Department of Administration _Off Budget Expenditures

	2004 . Rec.
Actual Gov. Estimate Base Budget Enhanc. Pkg. Gov	. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	
	5,001
	5,602
	1,503
	6,941
	66,813
	0,204
	7,959
	0,288
•	3,324
Total Expenditures \$110,554,102 \$115,175,587 \$113,702,630 \$5,635,560 \$115,45	7,635
Expenditures by Object	
	9,784
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	34,112
	0,237
	9,890
	6,602
Operating Adjustments	
Subtotal: State Operations \$84,943,347 \$86,568,030 \$86,727,620 \$4,753,560 \$87,60	0.625
Aid to Local Governments	
	0,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures \$98,737,787 \$101,229,777 \$101,877,620 \$4,753,560 \$102,75	
	3,686
Total Reportable Expenditures \$100,258,572 \$104,624,554 \$103,479,306 \$5,635,560 \$105,23	
	3,324
Total Expenditures \$110,554,102 \$115,175,587 \$113,702,630 \$5,635,560 \$115,45	
Expenditures by Fund	
State General Fund	
Water Plan Fund	
EDIF	
Children's Initiatives Fund	
Building Funds	
	7 625
Total Expenditures \$110,554,102 \$115,175,587 \$113,702,630 \$5,635,560 \$115,45	1,035
FTE Positions 604.0 626.2 625.2 10.0	642.2
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent 3.5 10.6	10.6
Total Positions 607.5 636.8 635.8 10.0	652.8
FY 2002 FY 2003 FY	2004
Performance Measures Actual Estimate Est	imate
Average response time on-line to the mainframe (in seconds) 2.0 2.0	2.0
Number of days variation between average requested date and delivery date on regular printing jobs .97 .99	1.0
Percent of customers satisfied with the Division of Printing's overall services 93.9 % 95.0 %	95.0 %
173 Off Budget Expenditures.doc	

Department on Aging

Mission. The mission of the Department on Aging is to promote the security, dignity, and independence of Kansas' seniors.

Operations. The Department was created by the 1977 Legislature. It is a cabinet-level agency headed by a secretary appointed by the Governor. Attached to the Department is the Advisory Council on Aging. The Council has 15 members, 11 appointed by the Governor and four appointed by the legislative leadership, all of whom serve three-year terms.

The Kansas Department on Aging administers federal and state programs to assist elderly citizens of Kansas. The Department also acts as an advocate and coordinator to ensure that state services meet the needs of the elderly in the most effective manner. The Department on Aging has four programs: Agency Operations, Medicaid Long-Term Care, Community Grants, and Nutrition Grants.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of the Department are to:

Collaborate with public and private stakeholders to conduct activities which promote healthy aging.

Expand awareness of aging programs and services and facilitate access to the aging network.

Provide Kansas' seniors opportunities of choice through a continuum of care that reflects their preferred lifestyle within the service network.

Demonstrate that provided services are necessary, appropriate, and cost effective.

Statutory History. Statutory authority for the Department on Aging is the Kansas Act on Aging (KSA 75-5901 et seq.). The federal Older Americans Act of 1965 authorizes the major federal programs administered by the Department. KSA 75-5945 makes the Department on Aging responsible for administration of long-term care programs for the elderly. The statute transferred that responsibility from the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services to the Department on Aging.

Department on Aging

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Operations	10,560,414	9,635,552	9,789,652		14,860,112
Medicaid Long-Term Care	364,935,357	365,775,859	390,439,521	26,735,948	382,710,770
Community Grants	12,468,925	12,586,184	13,185,068	694,800	11,717,712
Nutrition Grants	8,840,080	9,257,121	9,345,671		9,345,671
Total Expenditures	\$396,804,776	\$397,254,716	\$422,759,912	\$27,430,748	\$418,634,265
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	6,058,202	5,873,622	5,988,545		9,578,047
Contractual Services	4,736,342	3,176,686	3,301,512		4,629,865
Commodities	121,630	72,605	72,806		118,064
Capital Outlay	345,158	203,850	122,000		66,558
Debt Service	313,130	203,030	122,000		
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$11,261,332	\$9,326,763	\$9,484,863	\$	\$14,392,534
Aid to Local Governments	8,891,951	9,519,121	9,561,518	φ	9,524,518
Other Assistance	373,929,548	374,336,037	399,010,177	27,430,748	393,931,093
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$394,082,831	\$393,181,921	\$418,056,558	\$27,430,748 \$27,430,748	\$417,848,145
Capital Improvements	φ374,002,031	φ3/3,101,/21	φ+10,050,550	φ21,430,140	φτ17,0τ0,1τ3
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$394,082,831	\$393,181,921	\$418,056,558	\$27,430,748	\$417,848,14 5
Non-expense Items	2,721,945	4,072,795	4,703,354	\$27,430,740	786,120
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Total Expenditures by Object	\$396,804,776	\$397,254,716	\$422,759,912	\$27,430,748	\$418,634,265
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	140,824,186	139,738,400	168,655,248	11,389,179	163,476,317
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	255,980,590	257,516,316	254,104,664	16,041,569	255,157,948
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$396,804,776	\$397,254,716	\$422,759,912	\$27,430,748	\$418,634,265
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FTE Positions	157.0	157.0	157.0		233.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0
Total Positions	161.0	161.0	161.0		237.0

Operations_

Operations. The Operations Program provides management and operational support to agency programs and functions. Operations consists of the Office of the Secretary, Administrative Services, Program and Policy, and Quality Assurance.

The Secretary, as chief executive officer, manages the agency. The Office of the Secretary houses the budget, legal, and outreach and marketing functions of the agency. The budget function provides fiscal oversight of agency programs and monitors the budget process and the preparation of fiscal information. Legal Services handles all litigation that affects the agency. The outreach and marketing function is the customer relations and public information arm of the Department. Customers are contacted by phone, publication, conferences, media releases, website, Alzheimer's Help Line, and proactive advocacy.

Administrative Services is responsible for planning and developing the automated information system of the agency, as well as supporting those systems after they become operational. It also is responsible for maintenance of the accounting system and the financial records of the agency.

Program and Policy is responsible for administration of the grants and contracts with area agencies on aging (AAA) and other service providers, rate setting and fiscal analysis of nursing facility reimbursement, policy and planning functions which give direction to the agency, and operation of the Client Assessment, Referral, and Evaluation (CARE) Program. This program is designed to screen all nursing home applications and inquiries to determine whether institutionalization may be delayed or prevented through less expensive community services.

The Quality Assurance Commission is charged with improving the level of performance of aging network programs and assuring that all KDOA legislative, fiscal, and program requirements are accomplished. With approval of the Governor's recommendations, this Commission of the Department on Aging will be responsible for nursing facility regulation starting in FY 2004. Currently, the Department of Health and Environment performs nursing facility regulation.

Goals and Objectives. The goals for this program are as follows:

Ensure accurate and timely data collection and reporting through the use of automated systems.

Take responsibility for planning, policy development, administration, coordination, prioritization, and evaluation of all state activities related to older Kansans.

Provide guidance, assistance, and information to consumers and the Aging Network.

Provide CARE assessments to prevent unnecessary institutionalization of elders and to collect information.

Statutory History. Federal legislation pertaining to the Department is contained in the Older Americans Act of 1965 (PL 89-73). The 1987 amendments to the act were enacted in PL 100-175. KSA 75-5914 designates the State Advisory Council on Aging to provide advocacy for the elderly in the affairs of the Department, the Governor's Office, and other public and private agencies. KSA 39-968 establishes the Client Assessment, Referral, and Evaluation (CARE) Program.

Operations

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	6,058,202	5,873,622	5,988,545		9,578,047
Contractual Services	3,624,904	3,176,686	3,301,512		4,629,865
Commodities	121,584	72,605	72,806		118,064
Capital Outlay	345,158	203,850	122,000		66,558
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$10,149,848	\$9,326,763	\$9,484,863	\$	\$14,392,534
Aid to Local Governments	51,871	37,000	37,000		
Other Assistance	29,750	4,000			
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$10,231,469	\$9,367,763	\$9,521,863	\$	\$14,392,534
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$10,231,469	\$9,367,763	\$9,521,863	\$	\$14,392,534
Non-expense Items	328,945	267,789	267,789		467,578
Total Expenditures by Object	\$10,560,414	\$9,635,552	\$9,789,652	\$	\$14,860,112
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	4,416,515	4,510,987	4,434,024		4,646,960
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6,143,899	5,124,565	5,355,628		10,213,152
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$10,560,414	\$9,635,552	\$9,789,652	\$	\$14,860,112
FTE Positions	157.0	157.0	157.0		233.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0
Total Positions	161.0	161.0	161.0	 	237.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of employees satisfied with internal training	98.0 %	98.0 %	98.0 %
Percent of customers registering satisfaction with the information system performance	NA	75.0 %	90.0 %
Percent of customer service requests satisfied within two business days	85.0 %	89.0 %	93.0 %

Medicaid Long-Term Care-

Operations. This program provides avenues through which elders who meet certain financial criteria can maximize their independence in the least restrictive environment that meets basic, safety, health, and social needs. Expenditures in this program reflect the service costs related to implementation of the Federal Home and Community-Based Services Waiver for the Frail (HCBS/FE) and the Nursing Home Reimbursement Program. Expenditures also finance services for those elderly over 65 who are financially eligible for the programs. The services financed include targeted case management, adult day care, sleep cycle support, personal emergency response, health care attendant, wellness monitoring, respite care, and nursing facility care.

Goals and Objectives. This program's goals include the following:

Ensure appropriate placement of the elderly in need of care, while minimizing costs.

Maintain a system of long-term care services that promotes individual choice and ensures proper placement.

Provide services in the community that will allow the individuals who benefit from those services to remain in community settings rather than in long-term care facilities.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5945 provides that the Department on Aging be responsible for administration of long-term care programs for the elderly. The statute transferred this responsibility from the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services to the Department on Aging.

Medicaid Long-Term Care

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services	1,111,438				
Commodities	46				
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,111,484	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	361,758,220	362,289,395	386,322,498	26,735,948	382,710,770
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$362,869,704	\$362,289,395	\$386,322,498	\$26,735,948	\$382,710,770
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$362,869,704	\$362,289,395	\$386,322,498	\$26,735,948	\$382,710,770
Non-expense Items	2,065,653	3,486,464	4,117,023		
Total Expenditures by Object	\$364,935,357	\$365,775,859	\$390,439,521	\$26,735,948	\$382,710,770
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	126,225,422	125,788,775	154,048,999	10,694,379	150,124,488
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	238,709,935	239,987,084	236,390,522	16,041,569	232,586,282
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$364,935,357	\$365,775,859	\$390,439,521	\$26,735,948	\$382,710,770
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent change in nursing facility caseload	(1.6) %	(0.3) %	%
Percent of consumers diverted from nursing facility care 30 days after the CARE assessment is completed	15.6 %	15.6 %	15.6 %
Percent of Medicaid customers receiving timely services	74.0 %	97.0 %	97.0 %

Community Grants_

Operations. The Community Grants Program provides financial support to the 11 area agencies on aging. Support is provided through both federal and state funds. The federal funds consist of monies awarded under the federal Older Americans Act. These funds finance in-home services for frail individuals, supportive services delivered at the senior centers, case management services, elderly abuse and disease prevention, and health promotion services.

State support is provided through the Senior Care Act, which finances in-home services for the elderly so that they can remain in their homes. Services are provided by the area agencies using Senior Care Act grants awarded by the Department on Aging. The local agencies must match the state award with local funds. State funds are provided so local agencies can supply case management services, provide custom care

services, make environmental modifications to homes, and operate several smaller programs designed to meet the needs of Kansas seniors who are not eligible for Medicaid services but do require assistance to remain in their homes.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Community Grants Program is to assist older Kansans at risk of institutionalization with services to help them remain in their homes.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5903 establishes the Department on Aging as the single state agency responsible for administration of federal funds under the Older Americans Act (PL 89-73). KSA 75-5926 establishes the Senior Care Act, which requires assistance to low-income elderly so they can remain in their homes.

Community Grants

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments		225,000	178,847		178,847
Other Assistance	12,141,578	12,042,642	12,687,679	694,800	11,220,323
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$12,141,578	\$12,267,642	\$12,866,526	\$694,800	\$11,399,170
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$12,141,578	\$12,267,642	\$12,866,526	\$694,800	\$11,399,170
Non-expense Items	327,347	318,542	318,542		318,542
Total Expenditures by Object	\$12,468,925	\$12,586,184	\$13,185,068	\$694,800	\$11,717,712
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	7,865,402	7,256,678	7,901,715	694,800	6,434,359
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	4,603,523	5,329,506	5,283,353		5,283,353
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$12,468,925	\$12,586,184	\$13,185,068	\$694,800	\$11,717,712
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of customers reporting satisfaction with services	97.0 %	98.0 %	98.0 %
Percent of customers reporting they were provided choices	93.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Number of area agencies found to be in compliance with federal and state requirements for providing services to seniors	11	11	11

Nutrition Grants

Operations. This program provides funding to community providers and/or the state's 11 area agencies on aging, so that they can provide congregate and home-delivered meals to the elderly. Congregate Meals Program provides meals for the elderly at centralized meal sites. At these sites, the elderly can gather, socialize, and receive other services. The program is financed by federal funds that are matched with a combination of monies from the State General Fund, funds from county mill levies, and local contributions. Home-delivered meals are provided through the federal Older Americans Act and the state's In-Home Nutrition Program. These programs target individuals unable to reach the congregate meal sites. Both programs are eligible for

grant support by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, which partially reimburses the programs on a per-meal basis.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to:

Provide quality meal services to older Kansans in order to improve or maintain their health and nutritional status.

Statutory History. The Older Americans Act nutrition programs were established in 1972 (PL 89-73). KSA 75-5903 establishes the Department on Aging as the single state agency responsible for administrating federal funds under PL 89-73.

Nutrition Grants

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments	8,840,080	9,257,121	9,345,671		9,345,671
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$8,840,080	\$9,257,121	\$9,345,671	\$	\$9,345,671
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$8,840,080	\$9,257,121	\$9,345,671	\$	\$9,345,671
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$8,840,080	\$9,257,121	\$9,345,671	\$	\$9,345,671
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,316,847	2,181,960	2,270,510		2,270,510
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6,523,233	7,075,161	7,075,161		7,075,161
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$8,840,080	\$9,257,121	\$9,345,671	\$	\$9,345,671
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of meals served	3,627,306	3,514,658	3,514,658
Cost per meal	\$4.30	\$4.33	\$4.33

Department of Agriculture_

Mission. The mission of the Department of Agriculture is to administer the laws and programs assigned to it for the benefit of the people of Kansas.

Operations. The Department of Agriculture regulates various agricultural industries, promotes agricultural development. regulates water resources. disseminates information on Kansas agriculture. The Department is organized into five major programs: Administrative, Food Safety and Consumer Protection, Regulation of Water Resources, Agricultural Laboratories, and Division of Plant Health. These five programs assist in protecting the health and safety of the public through consumer protection and preventive Many of these programs are partially activities. During FY 2003, the financed through fees. Department increased fee funds to offset the decline in state revenue to the various programs.

Appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate, the Secretary of Agriculture is responsible for directing the Department and serves as a member of the Governor's cabinet. The Secretary also receives policy recommendations from the State Board of Agriculture. The Board is composed of nine-members whom the Governor appoints.

Statutory History. The State Board of Agriculture was established in 1872 to perform the functions of the Kansas State Agricultural Society, which had been in existence since 1857. The 1872 statutes (KSA 74-502 et seq.) divided the state into districts, with board members elected by delegates from farm organizations from each district. Two board members were elected from each of the six districts.

In 1993, the United States District Court determined that the election method of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture and the election method of the secretary were unconstitutional. The Governor was later appointed receiver of the State Board of Agriculture. KSA 74-560 et seq. created the Department of Agriculture and a nine-member advisory board to replace the State Board of Agriculture.

Department of Agriculture

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Admin. & Stat. Svcs. & Records Ctr.	4,422,176	5,063,367	4,589,855		4,352,965
Food Safety & Consumer Protection	5,758,278	6,169,605	5,911,598		5,906,598
Regulation of Water Resources	5,659,008	7,046,256	5,899,824	221,853	5,791,081
Agricultural Laboratories	1,182,711	1,056,372	990,578		980,578
Environmental Protection Programs	2,454,703	2,838,465	2,791,470		2,751,514
Total Expenditures	\$19,476,876	\$22,174,065	\$20,183,325	\$221,853	\$19,782,736
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	13,532,193	14,094,967	14,337,916	98,378	14,246,129
Contractual Services	5,073,541	7,016,816	5,401,251	122,200	5,101,449
Commodities	262,052	325,887	290,309	1,275	290,309
Capital Outlay	408,731	164,556	153,849		144,849
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$19,276,517	\$21,602,226	\$20,183,325	\$221,853	\$19,782,736
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	4,833				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$19,281,350	\$21,602,226	\$20,183,325	\$221,853	\$19,782,736
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$19,281,350	\$21,602,226	\$20,183,325	\$221,853	\$19,782,736
Non-expense Items	195,526	571,839			
Total Expenditures by Object	\$19,476,876	\$22,174,065	\$20,183,325	\$221,853	\$19,782,736
Ermanditumas hv. Ermad					
Expenditures by Fund State General Fund	0.060.197	0.295.204	0.012.212		0.406.294
Water Plan Fund	9,969,187	9,385,304	9,912,212 925,826	170,023	9,406,284
	951,583	942,988	925,820	170,023	923,870
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds				 51 020	
Other Funds	8,556,106	11,845,773	9,345,287	51,830	9,452,582
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$19,476,876	\$22,174,065	\$20,183,325	\$221,853	\$19,782,736
FTE Positions	300.7	297.5	300.5	1.0	300.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	17.0	17.0	16.0	1.0	16.0
Total Positions	317.7	314.5	316.5	2.0	316.5

Administrative & Statistical Services & Records Center _____

Operations. The Administrative and Statistical Services and Records Center Program includes the Administrative Office and the Statistics Division of the Department of Agriculture. The program provides coordination, supervision, and direction for all agency programs and duties; identifies and analyzes agricultural issues; provides coordination among federal, state, and local agencies; and distributes information about Kansas agricultural production.

The Kansas Agricultural Statistics Service works in cooperation with the National Agricultural Statistics Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture to disseminate Kansas agricultural statistics. Data produced by Statistical Services are used by producers, processors, agribusinesses, government, and those who advise farmers and ranchers on management decisions. Ongoing releases and bulletins published during the fiscal year will include Farm Facts, Wheat Quality Bulletin, Wheat Varieties, Agricultural Land Values, and Custom Rates Bulletin.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the program is to provide the necessary centralized administrative

services to the entire Agriculture Department effectively and efficiently. The agency will pursue this goal through the following objectives:

Provide the management and support services necessary to allow the remainder of the agency to accomplish its objectives.

Provide centralized financial, personnel, legal, data processing, licensing, and records services.

Statutory History. KSA 74-504 prescribes the present duties and functions of the Statistical Division of the State Department of Agriculture. In 1920, a cooperative agreement was made with the U.S. Department of Agriculture to ensure continuation of statistical reporting in Kansas. KSA 74-504(d), which became effective in 1979, ensured continuation of the agricultural statistical compilation by the Department of Agriculture. The Annual Meeting Law, KSA 74-501 et seq.; the county fair laws, KSA 2-125 et seq.; and the Soil Drifting Law, KSA 2-2001 et seq. are also administered by this program.

Administrative & Statistical Services & Records Center

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	2,447,926	2,316,522	2,360,842		2,360,842
Contractual Services	1,730,136	2,121,182	2,161,353		1,933,463
Commodities	44,708	40,224	42,244		42,244
Capital Outlay	5,537	13,600	25,416		16,416
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$4,228,307	\$4,491,528	\$4,589,855	\$	\$4,352,965
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$4,228,307	\$4,491,528	\$4,589,855	\$	\$4,352,965
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$4,228,307	\$4,491,528	\$4,589,855	\$	\$4,352,965
Non-expense Items	193,869	571,839			
Total Expenditures by Object	\$4,422,176	\$5,063,367	\$4,589,855	\$	\$4,352,965
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,653,132	1,837,744	2,432,064		2,125,799
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,769,044	3,225,623	2,157,791		2,227,166
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$4,422,176	\$5,063,367	\$4,589,855	\$	\$4,352,965
FTE Positions	56.2	50.0	51.0		51.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.3	2.3	2.3		2.3
Total Positions	58.5	52.3	53.3		53.3

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of completed legal cases	251	295	295
Financial transaction error rate	.52 %	.57 %	.57 %
Number of agriculture statistical publications released	120	100	100

Food Safety & Consumer Protection_

Operations. This program assures public safety and consumer protection through the enforcement of laws and regulations affecting food safety, quality of agricultural supplies, facility and product safety, and quantity of products sold in Kansas. Subprograms include Meat and Poultry, Dairy, Agricultural Commodities Assurance, Weights and Measures, and Grain Warehouse.

Meat and poultry personnel are assigned to Kansas slaughter and processing facilities not under federal inspection to perform sanitation as well as ante and post mortem inspections; inspect condemned and inedible materials; and provide standards of identity, residue prevention, and related inspections to assure wholesome and accurately labeled products. Dairy inspections are conducted on Grade A farms, manufacturing farms, processing plants, receiving stations, and trucks for transporting milk. Inspections adhere to the FDA Pasteurized Milk Ordinance and Kansas dairy laws.

The Agricultural Commodities Assurance Subprogram conducts egg inspections at retail outlets to ensure eggs are fit for human consumption and properly graded. Additionally, this subprogram enforces good manufacturing practices through feed mill inspections and product sampling of feed, seed, fertilizer, soil amendments, agricultural lime, and livestock remedies to verify quality and proper labeling. Fertilizer containment plans are reviewed for compliance, and facilities are inspected to ensure the protection of water from fertilizer contamination.

The Weights and Measures Subprogram assures public safety and consumer protection by certifying standards and test equipment and verifying the accuracy of commercial weighing and measuring devices used to determine mass, volume, and length. The Grain Warehouse Subprogram regulates all public grain warehouses operating under the Public Warehouse

Act. The law protects producers of grain stored in public warehouses by requiring the warehouses to be licensed annually. Licensing ensures a safe environment for the grain, the care of grain during storage, the measurement of all grains to ascertain whether comparable grade and quality are available, and that proper records are maintained.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the program is to provide enforcement of laws and regulations affecting food safety, quality of agricultural supplies, and safety of products sold in Kansas. The program will pursue this goal through the following objectives:

Maintain wholesome meat, poultry, dairy, and egg products through inspections and sample analysis.

Conduct inspections of weighing and measuring devices and require corrective action for those devices failing to conform with accuracy and specification requirements.

Statutory History. The Division of Inspections administers the Kansas Dairy Law (KSA 65-701 et seq.), the Frozen Dessert Act (KSA 65-720 et seq.), the Grade A Milk Law (KSA 65-737 et seq.), the Kansas Egg Law (KSA 2-2501), the Meat and Poultry Inspection Act (KSA 65-6a18 et seq.), the Anhydrous Ammonia Safety Law (KSA 2-1212 et seg.), the Livestock Remedies Law (KSA 47-501 et seq.), the Fertilizer Law (KSA 2-1201 et seq.), the Agricultural Seed Law (KSA 2-1415 et seq.), the Commercial Feeding Stuffs Law (KSA 2-1001 et seq.), the Agricultural Liming Materials Act (KSA 2-2901), the Soil Amendment Act (KSA 2-2801), the Handling, Storage, and Disposal of Commercial and Bulk Fertilizer Law (KSA 2-1226), the Weights and Measures Law (KSA 83-101 et seq.), and laws pertaining to the qualifications of licensed grain warehouse operators (KSA 34-228 et seg.).

Food Safety & Consumer Protection

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	4,190,604	4,337,849	4,397,740		4,397,740
Contractual Services	1,423,495	1,784,148	1,436,553		1,431,553
Commodities	43,849	40,370	41,783		41,783
Capital Outlay	93,915	7,238	35,522		35,522
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,751,863	\$6,169,605	\$5,911,598	\$	\$5,906,598
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	4,758				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$5,756,621	\$6,169,605	\$5,911,598	\$	\$5,906,598
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$5,756,621	\$6,169,605	\$5,911,598	\$	\$5,906,598
Non-expense Items	1,657				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$5,758,278	\$6,169,605	\$5,911,598	\$	\$5,906,598
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,370,899	2,390,629	2,440,097		2,402,337
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	3,387,379	3,778,976	3,471,501		3,504,261
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$5,758,278	\$6,169,605	\$5,911,598	\$	\$5,906,598
FTE Positions	107.0	106.0	107.0		107.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.0	2.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	109.0	108.0	108.0		108.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of Grade A dairy farm inspections	2,959	2,630	2,550
Number of pet and animal feed samples collected	921	1,000	1,000
Percent of licensed meat and poultry plants with acceptable reviews	82.0 %	92.0 %	92.0 %
Number of grain warehouses examined	215	215	215
Percent of small scales found accurate	91.0 %	92.0 %	93.0 %

Regulation of Water Resources_

Operations. This program, administered by the Division of Water Resources, seeks to provide sound management of the state's water resources. The program is designed to protect, conserve, regulate, allot, and aid in the distribution of water resources.

The Division processes applications for permits to appropriate water as well as applications to change the place of water use, the point of diversion, or the use of water. Field inspections are conducted to determine the extent to which a water right is perfected and to verify actual water use. Investigations and tests are conducted and hearings are held when conflicts in water use arise.

The Division reviews and approves management plans submitted by the five existing groundwater management districts. Further, it is empowered to designate intensive groundwater use control areas, allocate water in times of shortage, enforce conservation of water, assist in administration of the Water Assurance Program, protect those holding water rights, and review water conservation plans of municipal, industrial, and irrigation users.

Program activities include review of channel changes, review of dam and levee construction plans, issuance of permits, inspection of dams and levees, and development of flood plain regulations and the subbasin program.

The Chief Engineer represents the state on the state's four interstate river compacts and administers their provisions. The Chief Engineer also represents the Governor on the Board of Directors of the Missouri River Basin Association.

Goals and Objectives. A goal of this program is to provide sound management of the state's water supplies. The program will pursue this goal through the following objectives:

Process applications to appropriate new water or change existing water rights.

Administer minimum streamflow standards as set by the Legislature.

Administer and protect the Kansas entitlement to interstate waters.

Regulate water use and conduct compliance investigations to protect state water resources.

Statutory History. The Division of Water Resources administers the Protection from Flood Waters Act (KSA 12-635 et seq.), Obstructing Flow of Surface Water Act (KSA 24-105), Watershed District Act (KSA 24-1201 et seq.), Irrigation Districts (KSA 42-701 et seq.), Kansas Water Authority (KSA 74-2622), Obstructions in Streams Act (KSA 82a-301 et seq.), Dams Built under Federal Agriculture Program (KSA 82a-312 et seq.), Water Projects Environmental Coordination Act (KSA 82a-325), Republican River Compact (KSA 82a-518), Arkansas River Compact (KSA 82a-520), Arkansas River Basin Compact (KSA 82a-528), Kansas-Nebraska Big Blue River Compact (KSA 82a-529), Rural Water Districts (KSA 82a-612 et seq.), Kansas Water Appropriation Act (KSA 82a-701 et seq.), Groundwater Management Districts (KSA 82a-1020 et seq.), State Water Plan Storage Act (KSA 82a-1301 et seq.), and Water Assurance Program Act (KSA 82a-1330 et seq.).

Regulation of Water Resources

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	4,234,608	4,687,605	4,782,918	98,378	4,691,131
Contractual Services	1,291,804	2,186,103	998,646	122,200	981,690
Commodities	63,536	120,180	89,735	1,275	89,735
Capital Outlay	69,060	52,368	28,525		28,525
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,659,008	\$7,046,256	\$5,899,824	\$221,853	\$5,791,081
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$5,659,008	\$7,046,256	\$5,899,824	\$221,853	\$5,791,081
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$5,659,008	\$7,046,256	\$5,899,824	\$221,853	\$5,791,081
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$5,659,008	\$7,046,256	\$5,899,824	\$221,853	\$5,791,081
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	3,947,260	3,991,563	3,992,511		3,880,564
Water Plan Fund	951,583	942,988	925,826	170,023	923,870
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	760,165	2,111,705	981,487	51,830	986,647
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$5,659,008	\$7,046,256	\$5,899,824	\$221,853	\$5,791,081
FTE Positions	80.5	83.5	84.5	1.0	84.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	12.7	12.7	12.7	1.0	12.7
Total Positions	93.2	96.2	97.2	2.0	97.2

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of water use permits reviewed by technical staff:			
New applications	629	950	650
Change applications	905	850	850
Number of high hazard dams rated as unsafe	21	6	8

Agricultural Laboratories _

Operations. The Division of Laboratories provides the necessary laboratory and analytical services to support the regulatory functions of the Department of Agriculture. Analysis of inspection samples is performed on the following: meat and poultry products, dairy products, fertilizers, feeding stuffs, agricultural liming materials, agricultural chemicals, livestock remedies, seeds, pet foods, and pesticide residues. The analyses performed by this program serve as a basis for the agency's regulatory actions, because laboratory tests are an important means of verifying whether a product is correctly labeled or is contaminated.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of this program is to ensure that all samples processed are subject to the

highest standards. The Division will pursue this goal through the following objectives:

Provide prompt and accurate laboratory analysis for all regulatory samples taken.

Perform all analysis with laboratory methods and equipment that conform to the highest standards of accuracy.

Statutory History. Statutory justification for this program is found in the individual regulatory statutes, which are the basis for the agency's regulatory responsibilities. These statutes include all of the laws administered through the inspection programs and the Kansas Pesticide Law (KSA 2-2438 et seq.).

Agricultural Laboratories

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object				<i>8</i> .	
Salaries and Wages	678,018	668,574	681,032		681,032
Contractual Services	187,129	301,229	203,925		193,925
Commodities	84,134	80,069	79,188		79,188
Capital Outlay	233,430	6,500	26,433		26,433
Debt Service					·
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,182,711	\$1,056,372	\$990,578	\$	\$980,578
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,182,711	\$1,056,372	\$990,578	\$	\$980,578
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,182,711	\$1,056,372	\$990,578	\$	\$980,578
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,182,711	\$1,056,372	\$990,578	\$	\$980,578
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	267,014	262,802	239,578		229,578
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	915,697	793,570	751,000		751,000
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,182,711	\$1,056,372	\$990,578	\$	\$980,578
FTE Positions	18.0	17.0	17.0		17.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	18.0	17.0	17.0		17.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of feed and fertilizer samples tested	1,439	1,500	1,600
Number of dairy samples tested	8,860	8,000	8,100
Percent of employees cross-trained for additional laboratory duties	47.0 %	50.0 %	90.0 %

Environmental Protection Programs -

Operations. The purpose of the Environmental Protection Program is to ensure the health and protection of the state's natural and cultivated plant resources and environment while minimizing the harmful effects of pesticide application, invasive insects, and plant diseases. The program also the export Kansas-produced facilitates of commodities, works with counties to control noxious weeds, and provides education and training to the pest control industry and commodity producers. program achieves its purpose through the operation of two subprograms.

The Pesticide and Fertilizer Subprogram protects the health of the public in addition to the environment by providing for the proper distribution, use, and management of pesticides. The regulation of pesticides and their use is accomplished through the testing, certification, and licensing of pesticide users. Also required is the licensing of pesticide businesses, registration of pesticide products and dealers, and persons wishing registration of to practice chemigation, the application of pesticides and fertilizers through irrigation. Education enforcement is designed to provide endangered species protection and worker safety as well as reduce pesticide misuse, pesticide drift in aerial application, and water contamination.

The Plant Protection and Weed Control Subprogram collects and analyses data and records to provide information on the occurrence and distribution of insects, plant diseases, and weeds. The regulation of plant pests is accomplished through three objectives: safeguarding, export commodity assurance, and plant pest management. Safeguarding activities are designed to exclude dangerous invasive plant pests from entering Kansas on commodities brought into the state. The export and marketability of Kansasproduced commodities is enhanced through activities conducted to ensure trading partners that Kansas commodities meet their plant pest quarantine Plant pest management activities requirements. directed toward pests of regulatory significance are conducted to limit their spread. All appropriate methods, including quarantine, biological, cultural,

and chemical, are utilized to achieve maximum control while minimizing environmental degradation. This subprogram is also responsible for working with counties in their efforts to control noxious weeds.

Goals and Objectives. The Environmental Protection Program will ensure the health and protection of the state's natural and cultivated plant resources from pests, diseases, and weeds. Objectives to achieve this goal include the following:

Protect Kansas' plant resources through the management, control, or eradication of invasive plant pests.

Facilitate the export of Kansas-produced commodities by ensuring they meet the importing organization's plant pest quarantine requirements.

The Environmental Protection Program also protects the health of the public and the Kansas environment by providing for the proper distribution, use, and management of pesticides. The program intends to:

Promote and enforce compliance with state and federal laws relating to pesticides.

Ensure adequate knowledge on the use of pesticides by certifying those that apply them.

Statutory History. The Kansas Pesticide Law (KSA 2-2438 et seq.) was enacted in 1976. The Kansas Plant Pest Act (KSA 2-2112 et seq.) provides the authority to regulate and control plant pests. The Noxious Weed Law (KSA 2-1301 et seq.) assigns primary control of noxious weeds to counties using methods approved by the Department of Agriculture. The Kansas Black Stem Rust Law (KSA 2-712 et seq.) provides for the official control of black stem rust, a serious disease of small grains, including wheat. The Kansas Apiary Inspection Act (KSA 2-411 et seq.) provides the authority to regulate the honeybee industry. Statutory provisions for regulating chemigation and for registering pesticide dealers and products are found in KSA 2-3301 et seq.

Environmental Protection Programs

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,981,037	2,084,417	2,115,384		2,115,384
Contractual Services	440,977	624,154	600,774		560,818
Commodities	25,825	45,044	37,359		37,359
Capital Outlay	6,789	84,850	37,953		37,953
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,454,628	\$2,838,465	\$2,791,470	\$	\$2,751,514
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	75				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,454,703	\$2,838,465	\$2,791,470	\$	\$2,751,514
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,454,703	\$2,838,465	\$2,791,470	\$	\$2,751,514
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,454,703	\$2,838,465	\$2,791,470	\$	\$2,751,514
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	730,882	902,566	807,962		768,006
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,723,821	1,935,899	1,983,508		1,983,508
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,454,703	\$2,838,465	\$2,791,470	\$	\$2,751,514
FTE Positions	39.0	41.0	41.0		41.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	39.0	41.0	41.0		41.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of sites surveyed for pests	1,263	1,250	1,250
Percent of sites where exotic pests were found	1.0 %	1.0 %	1.0 %
Number of county noxious weed programs reviewed	713	1,800	2,000

Animal Health Department_

Mission. The mission of the Animal Health Department is to ensure the public health, safety, and welfare of Kansas' citizens through prevention, control, and eradication of infectious and contagious diseases and conditions affecting the health of livestock and domestic animals. The agency directs an effective brand registration and inspection program to identify ownership of lost or stolen livestock. The agency regulates and enforces laws governing facilities that produce, sell, or harbor companion animals.

Operations. The Animal Health Department is directed by the Livestock Commissioner, who serves at the pleasure of the Animal Health Board. The seven members of the Board serve as an advisory and policymaking body and are appointed by the Governor from candidates submitted by the Kansas Livestock Association. The agency has four programs: the Administration Program, which provides guidance and support to agency operations, and three other programs, which enforce the law through control and regulation of livestock and domestic animals.

The Animal Disease Control Program seeks to control and eradicate livestock diseases. Animal diseases are controlled by requiring health certificates for interstate movement of livestock and by regulation of public livestock markets and other animal facilities.

The Brands Program composes the Brand Regulation and County Option Subprograms. Brand Regulation records ownership of all livestock brands in the state and enforces brand laws. The Department publishes an updated brand book annually. It also investigates livestock thefts and assists law enforcement.

The Animal Facilities Program regulates the companion animal industry. The agency is authorized

to license and inspect all types of facilities where companion animals are kept.

Goals and Objectives. The goals and related objectives of the Animal Health Department are as follows. The agency will enforce Kansas statutes regarding animal health and administrative rules and regulations and provide effective management of agency resources in order to:

Provide effective services to the public in a timely and efficient manner.

The agency will also eradicate infectious animal disease in the state through continued surveillance and be ready if an outbreak of infectious disease occurs.

The agency will bring all breeders, distributors, pounds, animal shelters, pet shops, research and boarding, and training facilities into compliance with Kansas statutes and rules and regulations pertaining to companion animals through this objective:

Provide regulation and enforcement to ensure the companion animal industry handles disease free animals which are humanely treated.

Statutory History. KSA 75-1901 created the Animal Health Department, effective July 1, 1969. This department consolidated all the activities of the former Livestock Sanitary Commission and the State Brand Commission. The Department's advisory and policymaking body is the Animal Health Board whose duties are defined in KSA 74-4003. The 1988 Legislature passed legislation authorizing new procedures for regulating pet animal dealers, breeders, pounds and shelters, and research for the boarding and training of animals, which are found in KSA 47-1723.

Animal Health Department

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	7 letuai	Gov. Estimate	Dase Budget	Emiane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Administration	255,586	270,172	263,251		263,251
Control of Animal Diseases	966,187	1,572,343	1,366,576		1,341,600
Animal Dealers' Inspection	481,307	440,633	481,171	71,124	461,519
Brand Regulation	277,827	292,231	295,795		295,795
Total Expenditures	\$1,980,907	\$2,575,379	\$2,406,793	\$71,124	\$2,362,165
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,171,116	1,338,546	1,387,043	66,124	1,352,367
Contractual Services	756,492	985,967	979,655	5,000	969,703
Commodities	23,943	77,846	39,095	, 	39,095
Capital Outlay	5,506	173,020	1,000		1,000
Debt Service	, 	´	, 		
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,957,057	\$2,575,379	\$2,406,793	\$71,124	\$2,362,165
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	23,850				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,980,907	\$2,575,379	\$2,406,793	\$71,124	\$2,362,165
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,980,907	\$2,575,379	\$2,406,793	\$71,124	\$2,362,165
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,980,907	\$2,575,379	\$2,406,793	\$71,124	\$2,362,165
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	627,047	572,318	618,715	330,871	574,087
Water Plan Fund	,	, 	,	, 	,
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,353,860	2,003,061	1,788,078	(259,747)	1,788,078
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,980,907	\$2,575,379	\$2,406,793	\$71,124	\$2,362,165
FTE Positions	31.0	31.0	31.0	2.0	31.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	31.0	31.0	31.0	2.0	31.0
2 0000 2 0000000	220	220	220		0.110
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of cattle tested for brucellosis	44,633	45,000	45,000
Percent of infected herds destroyed	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Percent of failed routine animal facility inspections	19.0 %	20.0 %	24.0 %
Number of brands recorded	19,255	18,036	17,136

Kansas Arts Commission

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Arts Commission is to provide funds and services to communities to encourage the people of Kansas to value and celebrate the arts throughout their lives. The agency also provides services and information to artists and arts organizations within the state.

Operations. The Kansas Arts Commission is composed of 12 members appointed by the Governor. Membership of the Commission broadly represents the people of Kansas with appointed business leaders, community leaders, and artists of various artistic disciplines. The Commission designates an executive director to administer the agency's activities.

The Arts Commission is financed by the state, the National Endowment for the Arts, and, to a limited extent, private contributions. Statutes allow considerable discretion in determining the arts projects that can be awarded funds; however, state funds must be matched by federal or local funds.

Goals and Objectives. The Arts Commission seeks to support the creative activities of all Kansas citizens, including artists, arts organizations, and communities, whose work enriches the cultural treasury of the State of Kansas.

Objectives include responding to the need for the arts in urban and rural communities by developing the arts infrastructure or funding arts program opportunities in the state. Another goal is to enhance the effectiveness, increase the effect, and broaden the reach of information about the arts in Kansas and the role of the arts in society.

Objectives include the development of more effective communication mechanisms, such as community forums and messages to the public, elected officials, and the media.

An additional goal is to strengthen the arts field as a whole and the capability of artists, administrators, board members, community leaders, and volunteers through technical assistance.

Objectives include fostering expertise-sharing, technical assistance, networking, educational opportunities, training, and leadership forums.

The agency also fosters partnerships within the arts and other sectors that multiply the benefits of the arts; build new constituencies; expand opportunities for artists, arts organizations, and communities; and increase the number of audiences and practitioners.

Statutory History. The Kansas Cultural Arts Commission was established by the Legislature in 1966 and replaced by the Kansas Arts Commission in 1974 under KSA 74-5201 et seq. The development of this agency closely paralleled the evolution of the National Endowment for the Arts established by PL 89-209. KSA 74-5204 charges the agency to support, coordinate, and foster the arts in Kansas.

Kansas Arts Commission

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			· ·	C	
Salaries and Wages	379,656	408,528	414,004		414,004
Contractual Services	104,650	118,407	118,407	56,493	118,407
Commodities	9,069	4,748	4,748	202	4,748
Capital Outlay	5,391			462	
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$498,766	\$531,683	\$537,159	\$57,157	\$537,159
Aid to Local Governments	1,542,821	1,521,200	1,508,105	63,165	1,427,141
Other Assistance	31,000	31,000	31,000		31,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,072,587	\$2,083,883	\$2,076,264	\$120,322	\$1,995,300
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,072,587	\$2,083,883	\$2,076,264	\$120,322	\$1,995,300
Non-expense Items	36,550	36,550	36,550		36,550
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,109,137	\$2,120,433	\$2,112,814	\$120,322	\$2,031,850
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,650,105	1,522,850	1,584,914	120,322	1,503,950
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	459,032	597,583	527,900		527,900
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,109,137	\$2,120,433	\$2,112,814	\$120,322	\$2,031,850
FTE Positions	8.0	8.0	8.0		8.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	8.0	8.0	8.0		8.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of communities receiving KAC sponsored programs	90	90	90
Maintain number of arts organizations throughout the state which apply to the KAC	340	3408	388

Atchison Juvenile Correctional Facility

Mission. The mission of the Atchison Juvenile Correctional Facility is to promote public safety, hold offenders accountable for their behavior, and improve the offender's ability to live more productively and responsibly in the community. The facility maintains conditions of confinement that are secure, humane, and habilitative, and it operates within the expectations of community norms and offender needs.

Operations. The Atchison Juvenile Correctional Facility is a state institution for the incarceration and habilitation of youth, generally between the ages of 10 and 16, whom the courts have found to be juvenile offenders or felons. With implementation of the sentencing matrix on July 1, 1999, convicted juveniles are placed in the Facility by court order. Sentences are determined by the court, and the Facility's Superintendent no longer has the authority to release juveniles to regulate population levels. Juvenile offenders are placed in the juvenile correctional facility for serious offenses with longer stays.

The Facility provides personal counseling and life skills training, as well as an on-site educational program under contract with Atchison USD 409 for the juveniles in the institution. Juveniles who are incarcerated at the facility participate in the Juvenile Correctional Services Program's activities. Education and Ancillary Services, such as activity therapies and

addiction recovery, are provided by teachers, social workers, and psychologists. The General Administration Program as well as the Physical Plant and Central Services Program provide the support needed to run the institution efficiently.

Goals and Objectives. Goals of the Atchison Juvenile Correctional Facility include the following:

Maintain a high standard of professionalism in providing juvenile correctional services so as to ensure a controlled, healthy, safe, and secure environment for the habilitation of committed offenders.

Improve the juveniles' life skills and competency to function in a complex and technical society.

Statutory History. The Atchison Juvenile Correctional Facility's function shifted gradually from an orphans' home to an evaluation unit to a rehabilitation facility between 1887 and 1997. It was named the Youth Center at Atchison in 1974. The current name, Atchison Juvenile Correctional Facility, was established during the 1997 Legislative Session, (KSA 76-2101b). On July 1, 1997, responsibility for the juvenile correctional facilities in Kansas was transferred from the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services to the Juvenile Justice Authority (KSA 75-7001 et seq.).

_Atchison Juvenile Correctional Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program			· ·	C	
General Administration	707,143	754,734	747,563	13,055	675,345
Education Services	1,221,884	1,239,730	1,239,730		1,213,230
Juvenile Correctional Services	2,395,127	2,397,591	2,426,065	308,246	2,257,871
Ancillary Services	1,082,044	1,007,538	1,032,695	14,158	988,645
Physical Plant & Central Services	1,032,850	960,334	996,950	5,671	981,150
Capital Improvements	197,588				
Total Expenditures	\$6,636,636	\$6,359,927	\$6,443,003	\$341,130	\$6,116,241
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	4,009,842	3,947,286	3,996,684	341,130	3,715,722
Contractual Services	2,118,382	2,092,527	2,140,670		2,099,370
Commodities	295,396	250,614	252,649		248,149
Capital Outlay	11,533	69,500	53,000		53,000
Debt Service	, 		, 		·
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$6,435,153	\$6,359,927	\$6,443,003	\$341,130	\$6,116,241
Aid to Local Governments				· /	
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,435,153	\$6,359,927	\$6,443,003	\$341,130	\$6,116,241
Capital Improvements	201,483				
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,636,636	\$6,359,927	\$6,443,003	\$341,130	\$6,116,241
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,636,636	\$6,359,927	\$6,443,003	\$341,130	\$6,116,241
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	6,206,406	6,113,425	6,194,905	341,130	5,868,143
Water Plan Fund				3.11,130	
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	201,483				
Other Funds	228,747	246,502	248,098		248,098
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,636,636	\$6,359,927	\$6,443,003	\$341,130	\$6,116,241
Total Expenditures by Fund	φυ,υσυ,υσυ	φυ,337,721	φ υ,ττ 3,003	φ5-1,150	φυ,110,241
FTE Positions	119.0	119.0	119.0	10.0	119.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	119.0	119.0	119.0	10.0	119.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of offenders who showed improvement on standardized academic instruments	94.0 %	88.0 %	88.0 %
Percent of juveniles who successfully complete conditional release	41.0 %	40.0 %	40.0 %
Number of juvenile offender escapes	2		

Attorney General_

Mission. The mission of the Office of the Attorney General is to protect and defend the lives, property, laws, and government of the citizens of Kansas. While operating under this mission, the Attorney General provides representation for the state in all actions and proceedings, civil or criminal. The Attorney General also defends the interests of the state in matters both criminal and civil pertaining to the constitutionality of state law.

Operations. The Attorney General, the chief law enforcement officer of the state, is a statewide elected official with a term of four years. The office, which has existed since statehood, was established by the *Kansas Constitution*. The powers and duties of the Attorney General are found in the state's constitution, the common law, and throughout the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. Those duties include the investigation and prosecution of criminal acts, specifically including

capital murder, the abuse of children in state institutions, patient abuse, and Medicaid fraud; the administration of the Crime Victims Assistance Program, the Crime Victims Compensation Board, the Child Death Review Board, and the Drug Abuse Resistance Education (DARE) Program; the civil commitment of sexually violent predators; the enforcement of the Kansas Consumer Protection Act, the Kansas Open Records Act, and the Kansas Open Meetings Act; the representation of the state and its employees in civil lawsuits; and the provision of legal advice, both formal and informal, to state officers and employees.

Statutory History. The statutory authority for the Office of the Kansas Attorney General can be found in Article 1, Section 1 of the *Kansas Constitution*. The Attorney General's duties are found in the constitution, court precedent, and more than 600 state statutes.

_Attorney General

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program			_	_	
Administrative Services	834,038	694,148	839,683		808,443
Criminal Litigation	904,950	969,430	981,352		936,359
Legal Opinions & Government Counsel	683,902	658,634	653,400		623,536
Consumer Protection	1,297,190	1,526,632	1,580,720		1,547,123
Civil Litigation	4,854,037	4,241,814	3,997,356		3,132,144
Crime Victims Compensation Board	3,248,086	3,049,158	3,056,425		3,056,425
Victims Services & Grants	9,507,186	5,822,703	9,879,899		2,269,042
Medicaid Fraud & Abuse	623,618	780,661	791,878		791,878
Total Expenditures	\$21,953,007	\$17,743,180	\$21,780,713	\$	\$13,164,950
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	5,261,786	5,322,029	5,632,077		5,129,598
Contractual Services	3,904,631	3,359,547	3,250,464		2,398,192
Commodities	102,597	93,925	97,050		93,925
Capital Outlay	55,017	18,500	6,500		5,500
Debt Service	, 	, 	, 		,
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$9,324,031	\$8,794,001	\$8,986,091	\$	\$7,627,215
Aid to Local Governments	8,615,693	5,199,179	9,044,622	·	1,787,735
Other Assistance	3,935,918	3,750,000	3,750,000		3,750,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$21,875,642	\$17,743,180	\$21,780,713	\$	\$13,164,950
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$21,875,642	\$17,743,180	\$21,780,713	\$	\$13,164,950
Non-expense Items	77,365	Ψ17,742,100	Ψ21,700,715	Ψ	φ15,101,550
Total Expenditures by Object	\$21,953,007	\$17,743,180	\$21,780,713	\$	\$13,164,950
Total Dependicules by Object	Ψ21,723,007	Ψ17,7-15,100	Ψ21,700,715	Ψ	φ10,101,20
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	6,012,698	5,262,951	5,213,157		4,200,785
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	15,940,309	12,480,229	16,567,556		8,964,165
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$21,953,007	\$17,743,180	\$21,780,713	\$	\$13,164,950
FTE Positions	85.0	95.0	95.0		95.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	14.0	18.0	18.0		18.0
Total Positions	99.0	113.0	113.0		113.0

Administrative Services_

Operations. Administrative Services prepares the budget, provides personnel and fiscal services, acquires goods and services, and administers electronic telecommunications and public information systems. Personnel in this program also assist the Attorney General with various other criminal justice organizations and advisory groups.

Goals and Objectives. A goal of the agency is to provide comprehensive administrative support to the Office, which has developed the following objective in support of this goal:

Provide comprehensive administrative support to the Office of Attorney General, timely and accurate information to the Legislature and the public on legal matters, and efficient and effective servicing of citizen advisory groups in Kansas.

Statutory History. The statutory authority for this program is found in Article 1 of the *Kansas Constitution*. Additional authority regarding the Office of the Attorney General can be found in KSA 75-709 et seq. and KSA 75-3717 et seq.

Administrative Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			Z .	, and the second	
Salaries and Wages	655,699	530,747	658,118		626,878
Contractual Services	157,900	147,651	165,815		165,815
Commodities	17,573	15,750	15,750		15,750
Capital Outlay	2,866				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$834,038	\$694,148	\$839,683	\$	\$808,443
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$834,038	\$694,148	\$839,683	\$	\$808,443
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$834,038	\$694,148	\$839,683	\$	\$808,443
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$834,038	\$694,148	\$839,683	\$	\$808,443
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	716,729	561,200	704,714		673,474
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	117,309	132,948	134,969		134,969
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$834,038	\$694,148	\$839,683	\$	\$808,443
FTE Positions	13.0	13.0	13.0		13.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	13.0	13.0	13.0		13.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of releases of formal opinions, news, and information	270	250	200
Amount of court debt and restitution collected	\$625,300	\$1,260,000	\$1,500,000

Criminal Litigation.

Operations. The Criminal Litigation Program provides for the prosecution of those who have violated the Kansas Criminal Code, including those charged with capital murder, by providing legal advice, support, and aid to Kansas county and district attorneys. The program investigates complaints of abuse of children in Social and Rehabilitation Services' institutions, and it trains county and district attorneys in child abuse prosecution. Other duties performed by the program include providing for the state's defense in federal habeas corpus cases, assisting the Governor in processing extraditions, and providing information and education to the public as well as to the legal and law enforcement professions.

Goals and Objectives. A primary goal of the Criminal Litigation Program is to provide for efficient, effective, and ethical legal representation on behalf of the state and its employees in order to accomplish these objectives:

Prosecute persons charged with violations of the criminal laws of the State of Kansas, including capital murder.

Assist in the child abuse education of legal and law enforcement professionals.

Conduct quasi-criminal and extradition proceedings.

Provide legal advice and assistance to Kansas county and district attorneys as well as educate the public.

Statutory History. The Criminal Litigation Program administers numerous statutes contained in the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. Apart from the duties assigned to the Attorney General by the *Kansas Constitution, State v. Finch* determined that the Attorney General is the chief law enforcement officer of the state.

Criminal Litigation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	EV 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	FY 2002 Actual	Gov. Estimate	FY 2004 Base Budget	FY 2004 Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estillate	Dase Budget	Ellianc. Fkg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	739,623	808,916	794,048		749,055
Contractual Services			183,304		
	153,424	156,514	,		183,304
Commodities	4,844	4,000	4,000		4,000
Capital Outlay	7,767				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$905,658	\$969,430	\$981,352	\$	\$936,359
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$905,658	\$969,430	\$981,352	\$	\$936,359
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$905,658	\$969,430	\$981,352	\$	\$936,359
Non-expense Items	708				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$904,950	\$969,430	\$981,352	\$	\$936,359
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	802,037	879,177	945,925		900,932
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	102,913	90,253	35,427		35,427
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$904,950	\$969,430	\$981,352	\$	\$936,359
FTE Positions	12.0	12.0	12.0		12.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent		3.0	3.0		3.0
Total Positions	12.0	15.0	15.0		15.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of criminal case files opened	203	240	216
Number of requests for general assistance received from local prosecutors	782	800	800
Number of new potential and actual capital murder cases involving the office	10	14	14

Legal Opinions & Government Counsel-

Operations. The Legal Opinions and Government Counsel Division researches legal questions and provides technical assistance to legislators and public agencies. In addition, the Division reviews proposed rules and regulations, bond issues, state contracts, and inter-local cooperation agreements. The Division serves as general counsel for more than 20 boards and commissions, attends administrative board meetings and hearings, and drafts administrative orders. The Division also investigates complaints concerning Open Meetings Act, Open Records Act, and Architectural Accessibility Act violations.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to provide efficient, effective, and ethical legal advice and services to state agencies, boards, and commissions; members of the Legislature; and local governments through legal opinions. The Office of the Attorney General has developed the following objectives in support of its Legal Opinions and Government Council Program:

Review any proposed adoption amendment or revocation of agency rules and regulations in order to determine whether the proposed action is within the scope of the agency's authority.

Investigate allegations made in accordance with the Kansas Open Meetings Act, the Kansas Open Records Act, and the Kansas Architectural Accessibility Act.

Respond to public inquiries by providing useful information and directing individuals to appropriate public agencies or private organizations for assistance.

Statutory History. The statutory authority for the duties of this program can be found in many places. Specifically in regard to open public meetings and executive sessions, the Attorney General's position is referenced in KSA 75-4317 et seq.

Legal Opinions & Government Counsel

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	613,996	585,472	577,546		547,682
Contractual Services	65,902	70,312	73,004		73,004
Commodities	3,160	2,850	2,850		2,850
Capital Outlay	844				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$683,902	\$658,634	\$653,400	\$	\$623,536
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$683,902	\$658,634	\$653,400	\$	\$623,536
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$683,902	\$658,634	\$653,400	\$	\$623,536
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$683,902	\$658,634	\$653,400	\$	\$623,536
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	616,524	591,824	585,814		555,950
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	67,378	66,810	67,586		67,586
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$683,902	\$658,634	\$653,400	\$	\$623,536
FTE Positions		10.0	10.0		10.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions		10.0	10.0		10.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of regulations reviewed and approved	1,067	1,500	1,500
Number of written legal opinions issued	97	100	100

Consumer Protection_

Operations. The primary duty of the Consumer Protection Division is to enforce the Kansas Consumer Protection Act. The Division provides information to protect consumers from becoming victims of fraud. The Division also prosecutes violations of the Kansas Funeral and Cemetery Merchandise Agreements, Contracts, and Plans Act; the Kansas Cemetery Corporations Act; the Kansas Charitable Organizations and Solicitations Act; and the Kansas No-Call Act. The Division prosecutes complaints of the unauthorized practice of law, and it enforces state and federal antitrust laws.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to provide efficient, effective, and ethical enforcement of the Kansas Consumer Protection Act, as well as other consumer protection and antitrust acts, through prosecution, mediation, and education.

Other goals of the program are to provide legal advocacy on behalf of the citizens of Kansas in enforcement of laws prohibiting the unauthorized practice of law, those regulating cemetery corporations, charitable organizations, no-call legislation, and the law prohibiting the profiteering from a disaster.

Statutory History. Statutory authority for this program can be found within the state's Consumer Protection Act in Chapter 50 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. The most recent amendment to Chapter 50 was enacted by the 2002 Legislature, which passed the Kansas No-Call Act. The law prohibits telemarketers from contacting by phone any persons who have had their names placed on the authorized list by the Attorney General's Office. The law also prohibits profiteering from a disaster.

Consumer Protection

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			· ·	C	
Salaries and Wages	1,006,906	1,120,315	1,155,405		1,121,808
Contractual Services	254,469	372,417	404,415		404,415
Commodities	17,240	18,900	18,900		18,900
Capital Outlay	18,575	15,000	2,000		2,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,297,190	\$1,526,632	\$1,580,720	\$	\$1,547,123
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,297,190	\$1,526,632	\$1,580,720	\$	\$1,547,123
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,297,190	\$1,526,632	\$1,580,720	\$	\$1,547,123
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,297,190	\$1,526,632	\$1,580,720	\$	\$1,547,123
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	606,718	578,874	571,829		538,232
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	690,472	947,758	1,008,891		1,008,891
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,297,190	\$1,526,632	\$1,580,720	\$	\$1,547,123
FTE Positions	20.0	20.0	20.0		20.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	7.0	7.0	7.0		7.0
Total Positions	27.0	27.0	27.0		27.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of complaint files investigated	7,996	7,500	6,000
Number of complaints resolved	8,276	7,500	6,000
Amount of penalties recovered and deposited in the State General Fund	\$144,392	\$350,000	\$200,000

Civil Litigation_

Operations. The Civil Litigation Division is made up of trial lawyers in the office who initiate or defend civil and administrative actions in both the state and federal systems. In addition, interstate water litigation is handled by the Division, including the *Kansas v. Colorado* and *Kansas v. Nebraska* water rights suits. The Division assists other state agencies, officials, and employees by distributing pleadings to attorneys and assisting with civil litigation issues as well as educating the public on matters related to state liability and interstate water disputes.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of this program is to provide efficient, effective, and ethical legal advocacy on behalf of the State of Kansas, its agencies, and employees in civil matters contested before a Kansas or federal court or administrative agency. Another goal of the Division is to provide representation for the state in sexually violent predator commitment proceedings. The program also offers technical assistance to other state legal counsel in the performance of their duties, as well as education to legal professionals and the public.

Statutory History. In addition to constitutional references to the role of the Attorney General, hundreds of statutes have further defined and expanded the role of the Attorney General as to litigation involving the state. Chapter 75, Article 61 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated* contains the Tort Claims Act. The Sexually Violent Predator Act is found in Chapter 59, Article 292.

Civil Litigation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			C	C	
Salaries and Wages	991,075	994,388	983,541		934,226
Contractual Services	2,867,698	2,241,776	2,008,165		1,192,268
Commodities	6,464	5,650	5,650		5,650
Capital Outlay	13,915				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,879,152	\$3,241,814	\$2,997,356	\$	\$2,132,144
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	974,177	1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$4,853,329	\$4,241,814	\$3,997,356	\$	\$3,132,144
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$4,853,329	\$4,241,814	\$3,997,356	\$	\$3,132,144
Non-expense Items	708				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$4,854,037	\$4,241,814	\$3,997,356	\$	\$3,132,144
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	3,050,833	2,474,612	2,228,261		1,363,049
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,803,204	1,767,202	1,769,095		1,769,095
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$4,854,037	\$4,241,814	\$3,997,356	\$	\$3,132,144
FTE Positions	18.0	18.0	18.0		18.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	18.0	18.0	18.0		18.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of civil case files opened	1,977	2,000	1,950
Number of cases filed in court against potential sexually violent predators	27	30	30

Crime Victims Compensation Board

Operations. The Crime Victims Compensation Board provides monetary compensation to the victims of crime. The Board also protects the Crime Victims Compensation Fund through the collection of court-ordered restitution and fees paid by law offenders. The Executive Director and staff inform public officers and employees, health care providers, judges, attorneys, law enforcement officers, and the public about the Crime Victims Compensation Program.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to award fair compensation to the victims of crime for economic loss arising from criminally injurious

conduct. This effort is supported by the following objective:

Collect the appropriate fees and restitution amounts from offenders effectively in order to compensate victims for economic losses.

The program assists in the education of the public to improve methods of providing compensation to victims of crime.

Statutory History. The statutory authority and duties of this program can be found in KSA 74-7301.

Crime Victims Compensation Board

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			C	Č	
Salaries and Wages	230,216	237,849	242,717		242,717
Contractual Services	53,102	57,309	59,708		59,708
Commodities	2,937	3,500	3,500		3,500
Capital Outlay	90	500	500		500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$286,345	\$299,158	\$306,425	\$	\$306,425
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	2,961,741	2,750,000	2,750,000		2,750,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$3,248,086	\$3,049,158	\$3,056,425	\$	\$3,056,425
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$3,248,086	\$3,049,158	\$3,056,425	\$	\$3,056,425
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$3,248,086	\$3,049,158	\$3,056,425	\$	\$3,056,425
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	3,248,086	3,049,158	3,056,425		3,056,425
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$3,248,086	\$3,049,158	\$3,056,425	\$	\$3,056,425
FTE Positions	5.0	5.0	5.0		5.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent		1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	5.0	6.0	6.0		6.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Compensation awarded to victims of crime (in millions)	\$2.96	\$2.75	\$2.00

Victim Services & Grants

Operations. The Victim Services and Grants Program provides efficient and effective statewide coordination of local crime victims and witness assistance programs. The Victims' Rights Division is also responsible for the administration of grants, which fund programs for victim services and crime prevention. Administration of the State Child Death Review Board and statewide training and coordination of Drug Abuse Resistance Education (DARE) also are responsibilities of the program.

Many of the federal grants which have been administered by this Division are now administered by the Governor's Office beginning in January 2003. Some of the grants moved include the Protection from Abuse Program, the Drug Free Schools Program, the Child Exchange and Visitation Centers Programs, and the Victims of Crime Act Program. The Attorney General will administer the remaining grants as well as the State Child Death Review Board.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Victim Services and Grants Program is to provide coordination of crime victim and witness assistance programs through the Victims' Rights Division of the Attorney General's Office.

A goal of the Child Death Review Board is to provide a complete and accurate annual report regarding child deaths in Kansas, which will be used to develop and improve strategies for preventing child deaths. An objective in support of this goal is:

Develop methods to ensure coordination among all agencies concerned with child deaths.

Statutory History. The statutory authority for the Victim Rights Unit can be found in KSA 74-7337 and KSA 74-7334. The statutory authority for the Child Death Review Board can be found in KSA 22a-243.

_Victim Services & Grants

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	1 10 10 10	Govi Zamilare	Dage Dauget	Zimmer 1 ng.	3311110
Salaries and Wages	519,156	399,217	567,365		253,895
Contractual Services	241,968	186,182	225,662		189,287
Commodities	44,395	37,125	40,250		37,125
Capital Outlay	8,609	1,000	2,000		1,000
Debt Service	, 		, 		
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$814,128	\$623,524	\$835,277	\$	\$481,307
Aid to Local Governments	8,615,693	5,199,179	9,044,622		1,787,735
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$9,429,821	\$5,822,703	\$9,879,899	\$	\$2,269,042
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$9,429,821	\$5,822,703	\$9,879,899	\$	\$2,269,042
Non-expense Items	77,365				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$9,507,186	\$5,822,703	\$9,879,899	\$	\$2,269,042
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	164,826	177,264	176,614		169,148
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	9,342,360	5,645,439	9,703,285		2,099,894
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$9,507,186	\$5,822,703	\$9,879,899	\$	\$2,269,042
FTE Positions	5.0	5.0	5.0		5.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	7.0	7.0	7.0		7.0
Total Positions	12.0	12.0	12.0		12.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of inquiries concerning crime victims received and responded to	3,820	NA	NA
Number of grant applications reviewed and an award determined	253	NA	NA
Number of cases reviewed by the Child Death Review Board	522	510	450

Medicaid Fraud & Abuse_

Operations. The Medicaid Fraud and Abuse Division investigates and prosecutes Medicaid provider fraud and patient abuse under federal law. The Division was made operational in October 1995. It uses civil, administrative, and criminal law enforcement means to ensure that providers who abuse the Medicaid system are punished. In addition, the Division recovers funds obtained fraudulently by providers.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to investigate and prosecute fraud efficiently, effectively, and ethically in the Kansas Medicaid Program, recover state and federal monies fraudulently received by Medicaid providers, and reimburse the appropriate state and federal agencies. Associated with this goal are the following objectives:

Review and investigate allegations of patient abuse, neglect, or misappropriation of private funds from patients committed in state institutions and other health care facilities which are involved with the Medicaid Program and initiate criminal proceedings against those involved in such activities.

Educate the public and health care providers in order to aid in the fight against Medicaid fraud and abuse through cooperation and coordination of private and public resources.

Statutory History. The statutory authority for this federally-mandated program is found in KSA 21-3852, et seq.

Medicaid Fraud & Abuse

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	505,115	645,125	653,337		653,337
Contractual Services	110,168	127,386	130,391		130,391
Commodities	5,984	6,150	6,150		6,150
Capital Outlay	2,351	2,000	2,000		2,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$623,618	\$780,661	\$791,878	\$	\$791,878
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$623,618	\$780,661	\$791,878	\$	\$791,878
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$623,618	\$780,661	\$791,878	\$	\$791,878
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$623,618	\$780,661	\$791,878	\$	\$791,878
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	55,031				
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	568,587	780,661	791,878		791,878
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$623,618	\$780,661	\$791,878	\$	\$791,878
FTE Positions	12.0	12.0	12.0		12.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	12.0	12.0	12.0		12.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of complaints regarding provider fraud received and reviewed	50	45	45
Number of complaints of patient abuse and neglect investigated	12	15	10

Beloit Juvenile Correctional Facility

Mission. The mission of the Beloit Juvenile Correctional Facility is to promote public safety, hold offenders accountable for their behavior, and improve the offender's ability to live more productively and responsibly in the community. The Facility maintains conditions of confinement that are secure, humane, and habilitative, and it operates within the expectations of the community norms and offender needs.

Operations. The Beloit Juvenile Correctional Facility is a state institution for the incarceration and rehabilitation of girls, generally between the ages of 10 and 23, whom the courts have found to be juvenile offenders or felons. This is the only state facility for females. With implementation of the sentencing matrix on July 1, 1999, convicted juveniles are placed in the Facility by court order. Sentences are determined by the court, and the Facility's Superintendent no longer has the authority to release juveniles to regulate population levels. Juvenile offenders are placed in the juvenile correctional facility for serious offenses with longer stays.

The Facility provides ancillary services, such as social and vocational counseling and training, as well as an on-site education program under contract with Beloit USD 273. The Facility is secured entirely by the staff, without a security fence, to protect the public, juvenile offenders, and staff from harm. Within the Juvenile Correctional Services Program, treatment is administered by teams of juvenile correctional officers, social workers, and psychologists, with

assistance from teachers, a chaplain, and medical personnel. The General Administration Program as well as the Physical Plant and Central Services Program provide the support needed to run the institution efficiently.

Goals and Objectives. Goals of the Beloit Juvenile Correctional Facility include:

Increase life skills and competency of juvenile offenders to function in a complex society.

Manage juvenile offenders to ensure a secured environment that maintains control of the offenders.

Statutory History. The Beloit Juvenile Correctional Facility was established in 1888 by the Women's Christian Temperance Union. The state assumed control of the institution the following year, naming it the Industrial School for Girls. In 1957, the Juvenile Code of Kansas discontinued the practice of committing dependent and neglected youth to industrial schools. The Facility was named the Youth Center at Beloit in 1974 and in 1978 began taking only miscreant or delinquent youth. Status offenders are no longer admitted. The current name, Beloit Juvenile Correctional Facility, was established during the 1997 Legislative Session (KSA 76-2201). On July 1, 1997, responsibility for the juvenile correctional facilities in Kansas was transferred from the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services to the Juvenile Justice Authority (KSA 75-7001 et seq.).

Beloit Juvenile Correctional Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	7.15 .0.5 7	# 0.4.0.4.6			~ 40 ~ 00
General Administration	547,865	534,246	543,502		543,502
Education Services	964,290	983,514	929,386		794,202
Juvenile Correctional Services Ancillary Services	1,847,363 825,528	1,953,148 857,681	1,913,020 896,577		1,852,878 837,389
Physical Plant & Central Services	1,005,360	1,070,160	1,094,446		1,086,804
Capital Improvements	215,815	1,070,100	1,094,440		1,000,004
Total Expenditures	\$5,406,221	\$5,398,749	\$5,376,931	\$	\$5,114,775
Total Expenditures	φ5,400,221	φυ,υν, 1 τν	φ5,570,751	Ψ	φ3,114,773
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	3,302,604	3,435,508	3,439,715		3,320,385
Contractual Services	1,599,936	1,660,443	1,632,786		1,489,960
Commodities	245,468	264,623	262,930		262,930
Capital Outlay	42,398	38,175	41,500		41,500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,190,406	\$5,398,749	\$5,376,931	\$	\$5,114,775
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$5,190,406	\$5,398,749	\$5,376,931	\$	\$5,114,775
Capital Improvements	215,815				
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$5,406,221	\$5,398,749	\$5,376,931	\$	\$5,114,775
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$5,406,221	\$5,398,749	\$5,376,931	\$	\$5,114,775
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	4,969,571	5,161,963	5,136,101		4,873,945
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	215,815				
Other Funds	220,835	236,786	240,830		240,830
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$5,406,221	\$5,398,749	\$5,376,931	\$	\$5,114,775
FTE Positions	104.0	103.0	103.0		103.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	104.0	103.0	103.0		103.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Average academic grade level gain	1.9	1.8	1.8
Percent of juveniles who successfully complete conditional release	50.0 %	65.0 %	65.0 %
Number of juvenile offender escapes	1		

School for the Blind_

Mission. The mission of the School is to empower students with the knowledge, attitudes, and skills needed to lead fulfilling lives in the community. The School ensures equal access to a quality education for all blind or visually impaired students in Kansas through partnerships with parents, local schools, and community resources.

Operations. The Kansas State School for the Blind (KSSB), in continuous operation on its Kansas City campus since 1867, provides pre-school, elementary, and secondary education programs for Kansas students who are visually impaired, including those with multiple disabilities. Average yearly enrollment is approximately 70 students with a 25.0 percent annual turnover in the student body and a residential enrollment of approximately 30 students residing too far from KSSB to make daily commutes appropriate. Attendance in the four-week summer program averages 90-110 students. Many children who do not attend KSSB during the regular school year attend during the summer program for educational enrichment.

Additionally, KSSB provides statewide outreach services to children being educated in their school districts. These services include the provision of Braille books and other specialized instructional materials; direct teaching of students in the areas of the state where there are shortages of qualified teachers; comprehensive technical assistance on blindness concerns to schools and families; and the loan and support of specialized computer technology.

KSSB is under the jurisdiction of the Kansas State Board of Education and exists to ensure the full continuum of services and supports required of all states under federal law in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). Because of the low incidence of visual impairment and the highly specialized nature of the instructional methodology required for an appropriate education, KSSB's is an option for students with visual impairments who are failing to make appropriate progress in their school district because of their learning needs or because of the district's inability to provide an adequate educational program.

KSSB delivers a standard, accredited curriculum leading to a high school diploma as well as alternative curricula for students with additional learning or cognitive disabilities. KSSB operates a seven-hour instructional day, which is followed by the residential Extended Day Program providing up to seven additional hours of instruction on skills that increase independence in the home, school, and community.

Goals and Objectives. KSSB's primary goal is to provide a comprehensive, state-of-the-art education to students with visual impairment within the shortest appropriate timeframe so they can return to their schools equipped with new skills and attributes that allow them to be successful learners in a regular classroom. For those students enrolling at KSSB late in their school careers, the School's goal is to prepare them for independent community living, employment, or post-secondary education. KSSB's secondary goal is to be the center of expertise, services, and supports to all Kansas schools and organizations serving children with visual impairments.

These goals are achieved by uniquely qualified blindness specialists delivering up to 14 hours per day (day and residential programs) of instruction on the KSSB campus and a team of expert consulting teachers who travel the state working with students at the district level. An objective associated with these goals is the following:

KSSB will offer a variety of the highest quality programs on its campus and in schools across the state and continually improve those services based on principles of the Quality Performance Accreditation Process.

Statutory History. The School for the Blind operates under the authority granted by KSA 76-1101 et seq. KSA 76-1101a provides for supervision of the School by the State Board of Education. KSA 76-1101b defines student admission and eligibility requirements. KSA 76-1102 specifies the tuition, fees, and charges to the student. KSA 76-1102a provides for the summer program offered by the School. KSA 76-1116 gives the State Board of Education authority for approval of salaries for unclassified employees.

School for the Blind

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administrative Services	377,485	388,787	393,590		393,590
Instructional Services	3,597,812	3,430,579	3,414,805	493,536	3,210,561
Support Services	912,901	1,002,416	1,024,016	84,797	1,024,016
Capital Improvements	253,707	146,558	123,241		123,241
Total Expenditures	\$5,141,905	\$4,968,340	\$4,955,652	\$578,333	\$4,751,408
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	3,834,722	3,776,055	3,745,919	578,333	3,541,675
Contractual Services	703,696	738,838	805,321	376,333	805,321
Commodities	229,191	194,109	177,976		177,976
Capital Outlay	120,589	112,780	103,195		103,195
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$4,888,198	\$4,821,782	\$4,832,411	\$578,333	\$4,628,167
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$4,888,198	\$4,821,782	\$4,832,411	\$578,333	\$4,628,167
Capital Improvements	253,707	146,558	123,241		123,241
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$5,141,905	\$4,968,340	\$4,955,652	\$578,333	\$4,751,408
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$5,141,905	\$4,968,340	\$4,955,652	\$578,333	\$4,751,408
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	4,513,542	4,377,205	4,447,982	578,333	4,223,738
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	253,707	146,558	123,241		123,241
Other Funds	374,656	444,577	384,429		404,429
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$5,141,905	\$4,968,340	\$4,955,652	\$578,333	\$4,751,408
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FTE Positions	93.5	93.5	93.5		89.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	93.5	93.5	93.5		89.5
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
1 error mance weasures			Actual	Estillate	Estimate
Percent of parents expressing satisfaction instruction	with curriculum	and	98.0 %	98.0 %	96.0 %
Percent of graduates living independently	(national rate is	50.0%)	60.0 %	60.0 %	60.0 %
					22.2 /0
Percent of graduates employed (30.0% na	monai empioyme	in rate for	90 O 0/	90 0 n/	760.00
blind adults)			80.0 %	80.0 %	76.0 %
Percent of each graduating class enrolled					
or vocational-technical training the ye	ar after they grad	uate	70.0 %	70.0 %	75.0 %

Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board.

Mission. The mission of the Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board (CURB) is to protect the interests of residential and small commercial utility ratepayers. CURB strives to ensure that any rates, orders, or rules issued by the Kansas Corporation Commission (KCC) are reasonable and fair to residential and small commercial ratepayers.

Operations. CURB Board members guide the activities of the Consumer Counsel in representing the interests of residential and small commercial ratepayers in utility matters before the KCC and in appeals from KCC rulings. The Board consists of five members representing Kansas' four congressional districts and one at-large member. Board members are appointed for staggered four-year terms by the Governor, and the Consumer Counsel is a full-time attorney hired by the Board.

The Office of the Consumer Counsel is involved in electric, gas, telephone, and water-related matters acting either as an official intervenor in cases filed with the KCC, including rate requests, or as an initiator of action before the KCC. The Office of the Consumer Counsel also may appeal any action made by the KCC if it is believed the action is not in the best

interest of residential and small commercial ratepayers. In addition to its legal activities, CURB strives to educate the public about utility issues and seeks to maximize the public's input and participation in the rate-making process. CURB is financed through assessments to regulated utility companies.

Goals and Objectives. The agency pursues the following goals:

Provide effective and aggressive legal representation on behalf of residential and small commercial ratepayers before the KCC and Kansas courts.

Intervene in utility cases that will have a direct effect on the utility bills of residential and small commercial ratepayers.

Establish and promote the participation of residential and small commercial ratepayers of Kansas in the rate setting process, especially during public hearings in their areas.

Statutory History. The 1989 Legislature established CURB. Its duties and responsibilities are defined in KSA 66-1222 et seq.

_Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	256,795	298,261	306,355		306,355
Contractual Services	290,739	347,116	303,047		303,047
Commodities	6,067	4,735	4,250		4,250
Capital Outlay	6,548	4,571	3,300		3,300
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					(36,400)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$560,149	\$654,683	\$616,952	\$	\$580,552
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$560,149	\$654,683	\$616,952	\$	\$580,552
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$560,149	\$654,683	\$616,952	\$	\$580,552
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$560,149	\$654,683	\$616,952	\$	\$580,552
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	560,149	654,683	616,952		580,552
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$560,149	\$654,683	\$616,952	\$	\$580,552
FTE Positions	4.0	5.0	5.0		5.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	4.0	5.0	5.0		5.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of rate cases in which CURB intervened	42	44	45
Percent of cases affected by CURB	95.0 %	95.0 %	98.0 %

Department of Commerce & Housing

Mission. The mission of the Department of Commerce and Housing is to provide leadership to ensure economic opportunity for Kansas. The Department fosters the economic development of the state through the promotion of business, commerce, and industry. The Department's overall effort is to assist in the efficient use of the state's labor, capital, and land resources and to foster the availability of affordable housing in the state.

Operations. The Department is a cabinet-level agency with a Secretary appointed by the Governor and an Undersecretary of Housing appointed by the Secretary. The responsibilities of the agency are met through seven divisions: Administration, Agriculture Products Development, Business Development, Community Development, Trade Development, Travel and Tourism, and Housing.

The Administration Division is responsible for the centralized administrative operations, marketing, and research functions of the Department. The Agriculture Products Development Division assists in the marketing of agriculture products and development of value-added businesses. The Business Development Division provides services to strengthen small and minority business growth, promotes job training programs, and assists in the location and expansion of manufacturing facilities in Kansas. The Community Development Division provides technical assistance to communities to stimulate economic development, and the Trade Development Division creates opportunities for Kansas businesses to market their products internationally and domestically. The Travel and Tourism Development Division promotes attractions of Kansas and provides information to The Division of Housing designs and administers programs which foster the availability of affordable housing and assist homeless citizens.

Statutory History. The Industrial Development Commission was created by the 1936 Legislature through the passage of KSA 74-3601 to promote industrial development and the economic welfare of the state. Following recommendations of the Governor's Economic Development Committee and the Governor's reorganization order, the 1936 Legislature reorganized the Commission with the new title of Department of Economic Development. The new department was provided with increased responsibility for community development. The Department became a cabinet-level agency in 1975 through a Governor's reorganization order.

The 1985 Legislature appropriated funds for the development of a Kansas Economic Development Plan. As a result of the Kansas Economic Development Plan, also known as the *Redwood-Krider Report*, the 1986 Legislature created the Legislative Commission on Kansas Economic Development. The Economic Development Commission was charged with reviewing and implementing recommendations of the *Redwood-Krider Report*. This plan resulted in the enactment of 12 bills.

One of the initiatives proposed was the restructuring of the Kansas Department of Economic Development. A new Kansas Department of Commerce was established January 12, 1987. Effective July 1, 1992, through executive reorganization, the Governor created the Division of Housing in the renamed Department of Commerce and Housing. The new division consolidated the housing programs of the Department of Commerce and the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services. In FY 1997, agricultural marketing activities and the Kansas Value-Added Center were transferred from the Department of Agriculture and placed in the Department of Commerce and Housing.

Department of Commerce & Housing

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program			, and the second	C	
General Administration	1,904,508	2,022,892	1,778,767		1,863,475
Agriculture Product Development	1,371,740	1,346,958	1,331,089		1,275,340
Business Development	73,040,194	35,801,611	32,961,046		32,464,180
Trade Development	1,806,772	1,485,414	1,407,603		1,336,455
Travel & Tourism Development	4,285,374	5,225,333	3,970,195		3,816,152
Community Development	29,330,978	26,926,698	26,488,778		26,441,911
Division of Housing	34,313,625	53,702,436	56,125,087		56,099,792
Capital Improvements	41,672				
Total Expenditures	\$146,094,863	\$126,511,342	\$124,062,565	\$	\$123,297,305
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	6,810,170	6,779,490	6,960,547		7,052,598
Contractual Services	6,911,463	8,157,685	6,318,797		6,218,658
Commodities	217,078	240,603	179,466		177,262
Capital Outlay	403,377	404,556	213,832		213,832
Debt Service	2,873,294	3,033,216	2,684,484		2,684,484
Operating Adjustments	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · ·	· · ·		
Subtotal: State Operations	\$17,215,382	\$18,615,550	\$16,357,126	\$	\$16,346,834
Aid to Local Governments	56,322,006	47,642,107	46,220,034		46,045,948
Other Assistance	27,119,658	48,868,685	50,325,405		49,744,523
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$100,657,046	\$115,126,342	\$112,902,565	\$	\$112,137,305
Capital Improvements	41,672			· 	
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$100,698,718	\$115,126,342	\$112,902,565	\$	\$112,137,305
Non-expense Items	45,396,145	11,385,000	11,160,000	· 	11,160,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$146,094,863	\$126,511,342	\$124,062,565	\$	\$123,297,305
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	100 200	188,325			
Water Plan Fund	199,380	100,323			
EDIF	15 674 405	16 142 107	14.792.465		14.026.090
	15,674,405	16,142,107	14,782,465		14,026,980
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	120 221 070	110 100 010	100 200 100		100.070.205
Other Funds	130,221,078	110,180,910	109,280,100		109,270,325
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$146,094,863	\$126,511,342	\$124,062,565	\$	\$123,297,305
FTE Positions	149.0	148.0	148.0		147.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	4.0	3.0	3.0		4.0
Total Positions	153.0	151.0	151.0		151.5

General Administration

Operations. The Administration Program provides centralized administrative services to support the divisions Department. programmatic of the Administrative staff works with the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, and Division Directors to provide policy and program management, including program design, priority setting, and resource allocation. Functional areas include fiscal, human resources, management information systems, research analysis, public information, quality assurance, and marketing.

Goals and Objectives. The goals for this program are to:

Provide quality support services for internal and external customers.

Maintain and promote a positive image which ensures awareness of opportunities to target audiences, and supports and enhances achievement of goals that are established by the agency. Provide financial, human resource, information systems management, and other support services.

Statutory History. Authority for the Department of Commerce is provided in KSA 74-5002a. Industrial Development Commission (KSA 74-3601) was created by the 1939 Legislature to promote the industrial development and economic welfare of the state. Following recommendations of the Governor's Economic Development Committee Governor's reorganization order, the 1963 Legislature reorganized the Commission (KSA 74-5002 et seq.), with the new title of Department of Economic which gained responsibility for Development, community development. The Department became a cabinet-level agency in 1975 through a Governor's The 1986 Legislature reorganization order. reorganized the Department and changed its name to the Department of Commerce. In 1992 the Governor reorganized the Department and named it the Department of Commerce and Housing.

General Administration

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
T 1 011	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,299,861	1,236,495	1,304,111		1,396,162
Contractual Services	526,994	545,409	444,978		439,839
Commodities	48,088	71,705	29,678		27,474
Capital Outlay	29,565	169,283			
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,904,508	\$2,022,892	\$1,778,767	\$	\$1,863,475
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,904,508	\$2,022,892	\$1,778,767	\$	\$1,863,475
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,904,508	\$2,022,892	\$1,778,767	\$	\$1,863,475
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,904,508	\$2,022,892	\$1,778,767	\$	\$1,863,475
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	1,837,750	2,022,892	1,760,767		1,731,453
Children's Initiatives Fund	· · · · ·				
Building Funds					
Other Funds	66,758		18,000		132,022
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,904,508	\$2,022,892	\$1,778,767	\$	\$1,863,475
FTE Positions	26.5	26.5	29.0		28.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		2.0
Total Positions	27.5	27.5	30.0		30.5

Performance Measures

Agencywide performance measures for the Department of Commerce and Housing are presented in Volume 1 of *The Governor's Budget Report*.

Agricultural Product Development_

Operations. The Agricultural Products Development Division implements projects that lead to the most advantageous marketing, promotion, and distribution of Kansas agriculture products into domestic and international marketplaces. The Division also enhances the sale of Kansas agricultural products by developing creative marketing strategies which result in sales and employment growth for the state's agriculture industry.

Further, the Division provides information to the agriculture industry, consumers, and the public regarding the marketing of agricultural commodities. Technical assistance is provided to the industry to aid the development of new value-added uses for Kansas agricultural products. To that end, the Division assesses new technologies to aid in the development of

alternative uses for agricultural products, especially in rural communities.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of this program is to improve wealth for agriculture producers, create jobs in rural Kansas, and increase producer equity in processing.

Statutory History. The 1996 Legislature amended KSA 74,50,156 et seq. to create the Agricultural Products Development Division in the Department of Commerce and Housing. Agricultural marketing responsibilities and the Kansas Value-Added Center were transferred to the Department of Commerce and Housing from the Department of Agriculture and from the Agricultural Value-Added Center funded through the Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation.

Agricultural Product Development

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	1100001	Go (Lighthau	Dase Dauget	2	337711001
Salaries and Wages	453,404	437,663	444,089		444,089
Contractual Services	221,878	185,616	120,250		120,250
Commodities	8,118	8,550	7,750		7,750
Capital Outlay	10,963	10,000	5,000		5,000
Debt Service	, 	, 	, 		,
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$694,363	\$641,829	\$577,089	\$	\$577,089
Aid to Local Governments	68,503	80,000	80,000		24,251
Other Assistance	100,374	525,129	599,000		599,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$863,240	\$1,246,958	\$1,256,089	\$	\$1,200,340
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$863,240	\$1,246,958	\$1,256,089	\$	\$1,200,340
Non-expense Items	508,500	100,000	75,000		75,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,371,740	\$1,346,958	\$1,331,089	\$	\$1,275,340
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	1,176,510	1,137,058	1,076,089		1,020,340
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	195,230	209,900	255,000		255,000
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,371,740	\$1,346,958	\$1,331,089	\$	\$1,275,340
FTE Positions	9.5	9.0	9.0		9.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	9.5	9.0	9.0		9.0

Performance Measures

Agencywide performance measures for the Department of Commerce and Housing are presented in Volume 1 of *The Governor's Budget Report*.

Business Development_

Operations. The Division of Business Development has four program areas: business assistance, national marketing, business finance, and workforce training. The Division promotes the development of Kansas businesses through assistance to existing businesses and by attracting new businesses and industry from outside the state. The Business Assistance Section includes the operation of six field offices, provision of technical assistance to minority and women-owned businesses, linking businesses with Kansas suppliers, and operation of the First-Step Clearinghouse. The National Marketing Section is responsible for prospective marketing activities aimed at U.S. firms that may be locating new plants and apprising them of the advantages of doing business in Kansas.

The Business Finance Section provides both technical and financial assistance to Kansas businesses. Its responsibilities include administering grants to certified development companies and small business development centers and helping companies gain access to tax incentives and financial assistance for job creation. Programs assisted or operated by this section include the Kansas Economic Opportunity Initiatives Fund, Enterprise Zones, Kansas Partnership Loans, Kansas Existing Industry Expansion, and Investment Tax Credits.

In support of efforts to aid existing businesses and attract new ones, the Workforce Training Section provides grants to upgrade the skills of the workforce. This includes direct grants to companies under the Kansas Industrial Training and Kansas Industrial Retraining Programs. as well as IMPACT (Investments in Major Projects and Comprehensive Aid to community colleges and area vocational-technical schools is also provided through Training Equipment Grants. In FY 2000, the Governor transferred the federally funded School-to-Career Program from the Department of Education to the Workforce Training Section.

Goals and Objectives. This program's goals include the following:

Stimulate the Kansas economy through retention and creation of jobs and increased capital investment.

Encourage business investment in Kansas.

Encourage job creation and retention through upgrading the skills of the Kansas workforce.

Provide financial and technical assistance to Kansas businesses and communities.

Provide business to minority-owned and womenowned business enterprises.

Statutory History. The 1984 Kansas Legislature created a "first-stop" clearinghouse in the Department of Economic Development (KSA 74-5037) by requiring all state agencies which license, regulate, or tax businesses to keep on file in the Department copies of all state applications and other forms necessary for establishing and operating a business in the state.

With the reorganization of the Department by the 1986 Legislature, the Division of Existing Industry Development was created to provide programs to meet the needs of businesses existing in Kansas. The Division was formed by combining the functions of the Small Business Development Division and the Office of Minority Business and by adding responsibilities directed toward existing industries and attracting out-of-state industry.

The 1994 Legislature combined the Divisions of Existing Industry and Industrial Development to create a new Division of Business Development. The respective functions of the earlier divisions remained intact but were merged to form the basis of a new division.

Business Development

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	7 lettuur	Gov. Estimate	Buse Budget	Emane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	1,386,407	1,406,525	1,427,814		1,427,814
Contractual Services	1,637,424	1,514,993	1,267,188		1,172,188
Commodities	24,093	54,370	50,206		50,206
Capital Outlay	48,971	13,100	6,876		6,876
Debt Service	2,873,294	3,033,216	2,684,484		2,684,484
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,970,189	\$6,022,204	\$5,436,568	\$	\$5,341,568
Aid to Local Governments	5,771,764	3,295,279	1,214,675	· 	1,168,500
Other Assistance	17,222,717	15,984,128	15,809,803		15,454,112
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$28,964,670	\$25,301,611	\$22,461,046	\$	\$21,964,180
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$28,964,670	\$25,301,611	\$22,461,046	\$	\$21,964,180
Non-expense Items	44,075,524	10,500,000	10,500,000		10,500,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$73,040,194	\$35,801,611	\$32,961,046	\$	\$32,464,180
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan					
EDIF	6,810,255	7,003,598	6,525,135		6,152,066
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	66,229,939	28,798,013	26,435,911		26,312,114
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$73,040,194	\$35,801,611	\$32,961,046	\$	\$32,464,180
FTE Positions	25.0	28.0	28.0		28.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	3.0	2.0	2.0		2.0
Total Positions	28.0	30.0	30.0		30.0

Performance Measures

Agencywide performance measures for the Department of Commerce and Housing are presented in Volume 1 of *The Governor's Budget Report*.

Trade Development_

Operations. The Trade Development Division was created by the 1986 Legislature to help Kansas businesses increase the sale of goods and services in domestic and international markets. This effort is especially directed at innovative products and services that will create diversification of the Kansas economy.

The Division is divided into two sections: International Marketing and International Investment. The International Marketing Section promotes Kansas exports to international markets. This is accomplished by providing counseling sessions and mentoring for individual manufacturers and service providers regarding marketing plans and strategies to open new markets and expand existing markets. In addition, the trade staff and foreign office representatives conduct market research on local business practices, regulations, certification requirements, competition, and pricing.

Division services also include identifying potential buyers and distributors, hosting foreign delegations, referring trade leads, attending key industry trade shows abroad, and recruiting Kansas companies to those same shows. The Division also manages the Kansas Trade Show Assistance Program (KTSAP), which is a grant program to promote Kansas company participation at international trade shows, and the Export Finance Program.

The International Investment Section recruits international business investment to Kansas. An active marketing program in Europe, Asia, and Canada identifies and targets potential investors who bring high quality jobs to the state. Networking is key to recruiting investment. The investment managers develop and maintain contact with corporations abroad, the U.S. headquarters of foreign-affiliated corporations, site location consultants, commercial real estate brokers, and many regional and local economic development offices. Overseas trade shows are also an important venue to target key industry corporate executives in one location.

The Marketing and Investment Sections are enhanced by the foreign offices which provide "on the ground" contacts and expertise regarding international markets and investment. Kansas foreign offices are in Australia, Hong Kong, Japan, and the United Kingdom.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of the Division are to increase international sales of Kansas goods and services and to increase the number of international corporations located in Kansas. The objective of both goals is to increase jobs in the State of Kansas.

Statutory History. KSA 74-5047 describes the mission of the Trade Development Division.

Trade Development

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			_	_	
Salaries and Wages	510,794	491,840	529,358		529,358
Contractual Services	993,431	854,466	765,350		765,350
Commodities	13,830	7,108	2,895		2,895
Capital Outlay	10,068				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,528,123	\$1,353,414	\$1,297,603	\$	\$1,297,603
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	278,649	132,000	110,000		38,852
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,806,772	\$1,485,414	\$1,407,603	\$	\$1,336,455
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,806,772	\$1,485,414	\$1,407,603	\$	\$1,336,455
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,806,772	\$1,485,414	\$1,407,603	\$	\$1,336,455
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	1,402,640	1,455,414	1,377,603		1,306,455
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	404,132	30,000	30,000		30,000
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,806,772	\$1,485,414	\$1,407,603	\$	\$1,336,455
FTE Positions	10.5	10.0	10.0		10.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	10.5	10.0	10.0		10.0

Performance Measures

Agencywide performance measures for the Department of Commerce and Housing are presented in Volume 1 of *The Governor's Budget Report*.

Travel & Tourism Development_

Operations. The Travel and Tourism Development Division promotes a positive image of Kansas as a good place to live and visit. This is accomplished in three ways: general promotion in and out-of-state, travel information centers, and a film services activity, promoting Kansas as an on-location filming site.

The Division publishes a variety of brochures for distribution nationally and at the travel information centers. Efforts to improve Kansas' image and encourage visitors to travel to Kansas are done through a regional advertising campaign. The Division also works with the Kansas media in providing travel information, and personnel attend national trade association meetings to disseminate information about Kansas to the trades. The Division is responsible for answering requests for tourist information and maintaining the travel information centers (TICs). Currently, there are three state-operated centers: Goodland, Kansas City, and Belle Plaine.

The quarterly publication, *Kansas! Magazine*, is produced by the Travel and Tourism Division, along with an annual calendar. The Division produces

several publications, including the Travel and Event Guide, which includes the Kansas Calendar of Events, the Group Tour Guide, and the Kansas Film Directory.

Film Services promotes Kansas as an on-location filming site. The staff assists filmmakers in location searches and acts as a liaison between filmmakers and communities selected as film sites.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established for this program:

Increase the number of visitors to Kansas.

Increase the number of film productions in Kansas.

Provide a magazine and other publications portraying a positive image of the state.

Promote the development of quality tourist attractions.

Statutory History. The Travel and Tourism Development Division is created by KSA 74-5032. Its purpose and powers are defined in KSA 74-5032a.

Travel & Tourism Development

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	1 100001	Govi Estimate	Duse Duuger	2	33111661
Salaries and Wages	690,944	549,740	524,275		524,275
Contractual Services	2,117,695	3,394,990	2,482,728		2,482,728
Commodities	32,369	30,175	24,164		24,164
Capital Outlay	33,602	120,000	120,000		120,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,874,610	\$4,094,905	\$3,151,167	\$	\$3,151,167
Aid to Local Governments				· 	
Other Assistance	1,344,780	1,045,428	734,028		579,985
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$4,219,390	\$5,140,333	\$3,885,195	\$	\$3,731,152
Capital Improvements	· · ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$4,219,390	\$5,140,333	\$3,885,195	\$	\$3,731,152
Non-expense Items	65,984	85,000	85,000		85,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$4,285,374	\$5,225,333	\$3,970,195	\$	\$3,816,152
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	199,380	188,325			
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	2,919,658	3,154,223	2,629,918		2,475,875
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,166,336	1,882,785	1,340,277		1,340,277
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$4,285,374	\$5,225,333	\$3,970,195	\$	\$3,816,152
FTE Positions	19.5	16.5	14.0		14.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	19.5	16.5	14.0		14.0

Performance Measures

Agencywide performance measures for the Department of Commerce and Housing are presented in Volume 1 of *The Governor's Budget Report*.

Community Development_

Operations. This division's purpose is to preserve and enhance the livability of Kansas communities by increasing their capability to meet their needs. It supports Kansas communities in meeting their economic and community development goals by providing technical assistance, grants, and loans.

The primary programs of the Division include the U.S. Small Cities Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program, Flood Mitigation Assistance Program, Kansas PRIDE, Kansas Main Street, Capacity Building, and the Community Services Tax Credit Program.

The CDBG Program awards millions of dollars annually in federal grants to eligible cities and counties across the state for infrastructure improvement, removal of architectural barriers, housing rehabilitation and demolition, job creation, and economic development projects. In addition, this program responds to critical needs of communities that arise from disasters, such as tornadoes and floods.

PRIDE, Main Street, and Capacity Building offer varying degrees of hands-on assistance in locally-initiated community improvement efforts. The Community Service Tax Credit Program provides financial support to the private sector by making tax credits available to corporate, financial, and insurance institutions that make cash contributions to approved projects.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to strengthen the viability of communities by providing technical and financial assistance for projects which provide a suitable living environment and expand economic opportunities. The agency's objectives include:

Assisting communities in developing adaptive re-use projects to preserve downtown historic buildings, business districts, and housing stock for use in today's environment.

Creating active communities through involvement, communication, improved organization, and leadership development.

Developing a strategic planning process for Kansas to ensure a blueprint exists for each community to build and enhance the capability to sustain a long-term commitment to local economic development.

Providing technical and financial assistance for projects which primarily benefit persons of low and moderate incomes.

Strengthening the economic assets of the community while expanding and diversifying the economic base by sharpening the competitiveness of existing businesses, recruiting new business, and providing employment opportunities for persons of low and moderate incomes.

Statutory History. The Division of Planning and Community Development was created by Executive Reorganization Order and approved by the Legislature in 1975 (KSA 74-5008c). The 1986 Legislature renamed the division the Community Development The Office of Housing was statutorily Division. established in the Division of Community Development by the 1990 Legislature (KSA 74-5082 through 74-5086). The 1994 Legislature charged the division with administration of the new Community Service Tax Credit Program.

Community Development

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
E 1'4 1 01' 4	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,033,630	999,997	1,014,456		1,014,456
Contractual Services	674,771	774,811	350,903		350,903
Commodities	27,038	17,545	13,623		13,623
Capital Outlay	61,335	29,873	29,656		29,656
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,796,774	\$1,822,226	\$1,408,638	\$	\$1,408,638
Aid to Local Governments	27,239,814	24,888,472	24,873,566		24,826,699
Other Assistance	294,390	216,000	206,574		206,574
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$29,330,978	\$26,926,698	\$26,488,778	\$	\$26,441,911
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$29,330,978	\$26,926,698	\$26,488,778	\$	\$26,441,911
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$29,330,978	\$26,926,698	\$26,488,778	\$	\$26,441,911
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	955,920	1,368,922	917,666		870,799
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	28,375,058	25,557,776	25,571,112		25,571,112
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$29,330,978	\$26,926,698	\$26,488,778	\$	\$26,441,911
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$47,550,776	\$20,720,070	φ20,400,770	φ	φ20,771,711
FTE Positions	20.0	20.0	20.0		20.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	20.0	20.0	20.0		20.0

Performance Measures

Agencywide performance measures for the Department of Commerce and Housing are presented in Volume 1 of *The Governor's Budget Report*.

Division of Housing.

Operations. The Division implements state housing policy and administers housing programs financed by federal funds and tax credits. The Division focuses resources in four major housing areas: Rental Housing, Homeownership, Housing with Supportive Services, and Asset Management. Current programs include HOME Investment Partnerships. Low Income Housing Tax Credit, Emergency Shelter Grant, Community Services Block Grant, and Weatherization Services offered include First-Time Assistance. Homebuyers Downpayment Assistance, Homeowner Rehabilitation, Homeowner Emergency Rehabilitation Opportunities, Community Housing Development Organizations, Existing Rehabilitation, Construction Cost Analysis, Housing Tax Credit, Interim Development Loans, Tenant-Based Rental Assistance, Compliance Monitoring, Kansas Housing Partners Information Network, and Hotline. The programs provide assistance to local governments, for-profit developers, and not-for-profit agencies. Each program is designed to provide housing assistance to incomeeligible persons, families, or groups with special needs.

The Division serves as a central point of contact for housing information, programs, and resources. It maintains, updates, and implements the Consolidated Plan and manages the Housing Trust Fund.

Goals and Objectives. The agency is undertaking the following goals for this program:

Increase the number of homeownership opportunities for Kansans.

Facilitate and improve affordable rental housing opportunities.

Assist in the new construction of affordable rental units.

Assist in the rehabilitation of existing housing units.

Improve energy efficiency in housing.

Improve the availability and efficiency of emergency shelters and transitional housing.

Increase the capacity of communities and organizations to provide housing-related services.

Develop additional resources to increase affordable housing.

Increase access to affordable housing resources through marketing activities.

Statutory History. The Office of Housing was statutorily established in the Division of Community Development by the 1990 Legislature (KSA 75-50872 et seq.). As of July 1, 1992, Executive Reorganization Order No. 23 created the Division of Housing in the renamed Department of Commerce and Housing.

Division of Housing

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	7 Ictuar	Gov. Estimate	Buse Budget	Elinane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	1,435,130	1,657,230	1,716,444		1,716,444
Contractual Services	739,270	887,400	887,400		887,400
Commodities	63,542	51,150	51,150		51,150
Capital Outlay	208,873	62,300	52,300		52,300
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,446,815	\$2,658,080	\$2,707,294	\$	\$2,707,294
Aid to Local Governments	23,241,925	19,378,356	20,051,793	· 	20,026,498
Other Assistance	7,878,748	30,966,000	32,866,000		32,866,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$33,567,488	\$53,002,436	\$55,625,087	\$	\$55,599,792
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$33,567,488	\$53,002,436	\$55,625,087	\$	\$55,599,792
Non-expense Items	746,137	700,000	500,000		500,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$34,313,625	\$53,702,436	\$56,125,087	\$	\$56,099,792
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	530,000		495,287		469,992
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	33,783,625	53,702,436	55,629,800		55,629,800
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$34,313,625	\$53,702,436	\$56,125,087	\$	\$56,099,792
FTE Positions	38.0	38.0	38.0		38.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	38.0	38.0	38.0		38.0

Performance Measures

Agencywide performance measures for the Department of Commerce and Housing are presented in Volume 1 of *The Governor's Budget Report*.

Capital Improvements_

Operations. The Capital Improvements Program is responsible for the rehabilitation, remodeling, renovation, and repair of travel information centers.

Statutory History. All capital improvement projects are authorized by individual appropriations of the Legislature.

Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Capital Improvements	41,672				
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$41,672	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$41,672	\$	\$	\$	\$
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	41,672				
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$41,672	\$	\$	\$	\$
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

State Conservation Commission

Mission. The State Conservation Commission works to protect and enhance Kansas' natural resources through the development, implementation, and maintenance of policies, guidelines, and programs designed to assist local governments and individuals in conserving the state's renewable resources.

Operations. The Commission is governed by nine members consisting of an elected commissioner from each of the five conservation areas; two ex-officio members representing KSU Research and Cooperative Extension; and two appointed members representing the Kansas Department of Agriculture and the USDA's Natural Resources Conservation Service. The agency is administered by an executive director appointed by the Commission.

The protection and enhancement of Kansas' natural resources are addressed by a number of agencies and organizations that may differ in method but have the same goal. The Commission, working with the 105 conservation districts and 86 organized watershed districts, administers programs that improve or protect water quality, reduce soil erosion, conserve water, and reduce flood potential.

The Commission's budget is financed from the dedicated funding of the State Water Plan Fund, State General Fund, and fee funds. The Water Resources Cost-Share Program provides financial incentives to landowners for the establishment of conservation practices which improve water quality, reduce soil erosion, and conserve water supplies; the Non-Point Source Pollution Control Program provides funding for implementation of projects targeted specifically to non-point source pollutants; the Water Quality Buffer Initiative Program enhances landowner participation under the Continuous Sign-Up provision of the Conservation Reserve Program by providing state financial incentives for the restoration of vegetation along streams in the Kansas Lower-Republican River Basin; and the Riparian and Wetland areas. Other programs include the Multipurpose Small Lakes

Program, which finances projects to develop planned flood control or water supply sites to their fullest potential; the Watershed Dam Construction Program, which provides funding for installation of flood detention dams and grade stabilization structures; Watershed Planning Assistance, which promotes participation in the Federal Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act; and the Benefit Area Program.

State funds match county funds up to \$10,000 for support of a county level leadership and delivery system through conservation district office operations, which enables conservation districts to provide the local delivery mechanism for a multitude of local, state, and federal natural resource programs. The Land Reclamation Program, which oversees the reclamation of conservation of land affected by surface mining of materials, other than coal, oil, and gas, is supported by license and registration fees.

Goals and Objectives. One of the goals of the Conservation Commission is to administer efficiently those programs that enhance and protect the state's natural resources. The agency pursues this goal through the following objectives:

Address all regional water supply needs upon identification in the State Water Plan.

Reduce flood damage to agricultural land, roads and bridges, utilities, and urban areas in targeted flood prone areas identified in the State Water Plan.

Provide leadership, direction, and educational and informational support to conservation districts, watershed districts, and other customers for the protection and conservation of the natural resources of Kansas.

Statutory History. The State Conservation Commission was established by the Legislature in 1937 (KSA 2-1901 to 2-1919).

State Conservation Commission

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	662,874	689,454	717,013	32,420	686,734
Contractual Services	1,500,896	1,367,803	1,477,675		1,324,518
Commodities	35,494	48,710	48,344		47,634
Capital Outlay	28,414				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,227,678	\$2,105,967	\$2,243,032	\$32,420	\$2,058,886
Aid to Local Governments	2,062,450	1,719,851	1,677,400	1,483,048	1,395,400
Other Assistance	7,023,295	7,180,170	6,279,041	943,086	6,076,114
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$11,313,423	\$11,005,988	\$10,199,473	\$2,458,554	\$9,530,400
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$11,313,423	\$11,005,988	\$10,199,473	\$2,458,554	\$9,530,400
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$11,313,423	\$11,005,988	\$10,199,473	\$2,458,554	\$9,530,400
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	6,591,867	560,295	592,574	29,796	562,295
Water Plan Fund	4,245,402	9,629,676	8,939,981	2,426,134	8,301,187
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	476,154	816,017	666,918	2,624	666,918
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$11,313,423	\$11,005,988	\$10,199,473	\$2,458,554	\$9,530,400
FTE Positions	14.5	15.5	15.5		15.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	15.5	16.5	16.5		16.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of conservation districts receiving assistance	105	105	105
Number of new dams constructed for flood control protection, grade stabilization, and other purposes	13	10	6
Number of cost-share contracts approved	11,100	11,100	11,100
Number of counties with approved non-point source pollution project work plans	99	101	103
Acres of filter strips planted	3,819	11,819	13,320

Kansas Corporation Commission

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Corporation Commission is to protect the public interest through impartial and efficient resolution of all jurisdictional issues associated with the rates, services, and safety of public utilities, common carriers, and motor carriers. The agency regulates oil and gas production to protect correlative rights and environmental resources. Underground natural gas storage is regulated also to protect the safety of Kansans.

Operations. The Kansas Corporation Commission consists of three members appointed by the Governor to overlapping four-year terms. No more than two members may be of the same political party. The Commission regulates public utilities, railroads, express companies, motor carriers of passengers and property, and oil and natural gas production. The Commission is financed from registration fees, operating charges, recovery of hearing costs, and other sources related to its regulatory activities.

The Kansas Corporation Commission has five main programs. The Administrative Services Program provides various support services, including accounting, information services, public services, consumer protection, personnel administration, and the coordination of internal legal matters. It also provides the Commission with legal representation in both state

and federal courts. The Utilities Program regulates and establishes rates for the public utilities which provide Kansans with electricity, natural gas, water, and communication systems. The inspection of gas pipelines for compliance with safety regulations also is a responsibility of this program.

The Transportation Program regulates motor carriers, railroads, and liquid pipelines in Kansas. The program inspects all common and contract motor carriers that file for operating authority with the Commission. The Conservation Program regulates the exploration and production of oil and gas in the state. The program regulates the drilling and repressuring of wells and the plugging of abandoned wells to prevent the pollution of underground freshwater supplies. It also regulates the underground storage of natural gas. The Energy Program is responsible for administering several federal and state energy grant programs.

Statutory History. In 1933, the Kansas Corporation Commission was formed when the State Railways Commission, Public Utilities Commission, Court of Industrial Relations, and Public Service Commission were combined under the authority of KSA 66-101. State law regarding membership on the Commission, terms of office, and filling of vacancies is contained in KSA 74-601.

Kansas Corporation Commission

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administration Services	4,425,197	4,799,967	4,852,206		3,903,385
Utilities	3,644,584	3,529,339	3,564,104		3,564,104
Conservation	6,873,323	7,183,119	7,248,118		6,448,118
Transportation	784,076	864,162	875,245	172,217	961,424
Energy Programs	1,386,283	1,275,305	942,040		942,040
Total Expenditures	\$17,113,463	\$17,651,892	\$17,481,713	\$172,217	\$15,819,071
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	9,838,791	10,789,756	10,954,220	164,217	11,036,399
Contractual Services	5,578,113	5,848,108	5,644,807	, 	4,844,807
Commodities	176,325	188,150	183,650		183,650
Capital Outlay	146,403	103,100	107,600	8,000	111,600
Debt Service	, 	, 	, 	´	,
Operating Adjustments					(948,821)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$15,739,632	\$16,929,114	\$16,890,277	\$172,217	\$15,227,635
Aid to Local Governments	990,270	601,195	591,436		591,436
Other Assistance	275,705	, 	,		,
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$17,005,607	\$17,530,309	\$17,481,713	\$172,217	\$15,819,071
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$17,005,607	\$17,530,309	\$17,481,713	\$172,217	\$15,819,071
Non-expense Items	107,856	121,583			
Total Expenditures by Object	\$17,113,463	\$17,651,892	\$17,481,713	\$172,217	\$15,819,071
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	17,113,463	17,651,892	17,481,713	172,217	15,819,071
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Total Expenditures by Fund	\$17,113,463	\$17,651,892	\$17,481,713	\$172,217	\$15,819,071
FTE Positions	210.0	210.0	210.0	4.0	212.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	5.5	5.5	5.5		5.5
Total Positions	215.5	215.5	215.5	4.0	217.5

Administration Services_

Operations. The Administrative Services Program includes the three-member Commission, a legal department, and the following sections: Information Services, Public Affairs and Consumer Protection, Fiscal Planning and Management, and Personnel Services. Each member of the Legal Department is assigned to specific areas of regulatory responsibility. The legal staff prepares hearing notices, orders, memorandum opinions, briefs, pleadings, contracts, and other legal documents for the Commission.

Fiscal Planning and Management is responsible for auditing, purchasing, payroll, reimbursable debt billing, and preparation of the budget and various financial reports. Information Services develops and maintains all computer systems for the Commission and includes computer-aided design, duplication, mail service, and document microfilming. Personnel Services handles the Commission's employee recruitment and orientation, desk audits of job duties and responsibilities, position classification, and maintenance of the agency's position inventory. Public Affairs and Consumer Protection keeps the public informed of the Commission's work and encourages public participation in rate cases.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of Administration Services is to provide responsive, cost

effective, and efficient administrative, informational, and legal services to the Commission. The program has outlined the following objectives as part of its strategy for goal achievement:

Monitor federal activity and participate in rulings that hold significant implications for Kansas ratepayers.

Increase the efficient use of existing revenues and develop additional revenue sources.

Enhance access to information and improve the efficiency of information processing.

Inform the public and agency personnel of pertinent Commission activity.

Respond to consumer inquiries and complaints in a timely and professional manner.

Statutory History. In 1933, the Kansas Corporation Commission was created when certain functions of the State Railways Commission, Public Utilities Commission, Court of Industrial Relations, and Public Service Commission were combined (KSA 66-101 et seq.). The Administrative Services Program is operated under KSA 66-101.

Administration Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			C	C	
Salaries and Wages	3,182,188	3,508,838	3,561,077		3,561,077
Contractual Services	1,151,519	1,201,129	1,201,129		1,201,129
Commodities	56,524	61,500	61,500		61,500
Capital Outlay	34,966	28,500	28,500		28,500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					(948,821)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$4,425,197	\$4,799,967	\$4,852,206	\$	\$3,903,385
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$4,425,197	\$4,799,967	\$4,852,206	\$	\$3,903,385
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$4,425,197	\$4,799,967	\$4,852,206	\$	\$3,903,385
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	4,425,197	4,799,967	4,852,206		3,903,385
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$4,425,197	\$4,799,967	\$4,852,206	\$	\$3,903,385
FTE Positions	65.0	65.0	65.0		65.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	65.0	65.0	65.0		65.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of consumer complaints received	5,028	5,280	5,545
Percent of consumer complaints resolved in one week	14.0 %	15.0 %	15.0 %
Number of public hearings	2	2	2

Utilities _

Operations. The Utilities Program is responsible for administering the laws and regulations applicable to jurisdictional utilities. The Corporation Commission has jurisdiction over electric, natural gas, telephone, and water utilities, regulating rates, as well as other aspects of utility operations.

The Utilities Program has five operating sections: Accounting and Finance, Economic Policy and Planning, Energy Operations, Telecommunications, and Natural Gas Pipeline Safety. The primary responsibility of the Utilities Program is to make recommendations to the Commission concerning the fairness of utility rates and tariffs as well as the sufficiency and efficiency of utility services and operations.

The Accounting and Financial Analysis Section assists the Commission in determining the proper revenue requirements for individual utilities in accordance with appropriate ratemaking principles. The Economic Policy and Planning Section is responsible for economic forecasting and analysis of long-term regulatory economic issues regarding mechanisms, plans, and programs by which utilities can provide services more efficiently.

The Gas Operations Section's and the Electric Operations Section's areas of responsibility include design of rates for gas, electric, and water companies by which costs are allocated among the various classes and specific services; daily administration of the Electric Cost Adjustment and Purchased Gas Adjustment regulations; and review and development of utility tariffs and services for reasonableness and efficiency. Additionally, the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Program oversees approximately 150 master meters and the administration and enforcement of the "One Call" program. The Telecommunications Section reviews all telecommunications companies' applications for certification, rate changes, and services to ensure reasonableness and efficiency. The recommendations section also prepares for Commission action.

Goals and Objectives. A primary goal is to provide recommendations and advice to the Commission to promote sufficient, efficient, and safe utility services at a reasonable and non-discriminatory rate to the consumer. The program pursues these objectives:

Review, evaluate, and investigate the costs, operating practices, and investments of utilities to determine the proper costs that should be recovered through customer rates.

Inspect, monitor, and review utility operations to ensure services are being provided safely in accordance with Commission regulations and applicable laws.

Review, evaluate, and investigate the current operations and future plans of utilities to ensure that sufficient service will be provided to consumers in an efficient manner.

Recommend and implement alternative regulatory mechanisms and procedures which allow effective competition to serve the public interest and balance competitive opportunity with equitable access to services.

Statutory History. The Utilities Program was created in 1933 (KSA 66-101 et seq.). Since that time, numerous statutory changes have broadened the powers of the Commission and increased program responsibility. Significant legislative changes include jurisdiction over natural gas pipeline safety (KSA 66-101) and jurisdiction over nuclear electric generating facilities siting (KSA 66-177). Authority granted under KSA 66-185 allows the Commission to carry out the federal Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 and the provisions of the Public Utility Regulatory Policy Act of 1978 as well as rules and regulations adopted by federal agencies in accordance with these acts. Legislation enacted in 1984 broadened the authority of the Commission relative to regulation of costs associated with excess utility capacity (KSA 66-1283 et sea.).

_Utilities

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	2,453,536	2,647,500	2,682,265		2,682,265
Contractual Services	610,395	836,639	836,639		836,639
Commodities	25,996	29,700	29,700		29,700
Capital Outlay	18,152	15,500	15,500		15,500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,108,079	\$3,529,339	\$3,564,104	\$	\$3,564,104
Aid to Local Governments	200,800				
Other Assistance	275,705				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$3,584,584	\$3,529,339	\$3,564,104	\$	\$3,564,104
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$3,584,584	\$3,529,339	\$3,564,104	\$	\$3,564,104
Non-expense Items	60,000				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$3,644,584	\$3,529,339	\$3,564,104	\$	\$3,564,104
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	3,644,584	3,529,339	3,564,104		3,564,104
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$3,644,584	\$3,529,339	\$3,564,104	\$	\$3,564,104
FTE Positions	46.0	46.0	46.0		46.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.5	2.5	2.5		2.5
Total Positions	48.5	48.5	48.5		48.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Kansas natural gas rates compared to national averages	92.0 %	87.4 %	81.0 %
Kansas electric rates compared to national averages	75.9 %	84.3 %	84.2 %
Kansas telecommunications rates compared to national averages	88.5 %	82.1 %	81.3 %

Conservation

Operations. The Conservation Program enforces statutes and regulations concerning the conservation of crude oil and natural gas, plugging of wells, disposal of underground salt water produced in connection with oil and gas recovery, repressuring and water flooding of gas reservoirs, protection of correlative rights, and protection of fresh and usable water. This program includes regulation of oil and natural gas production; plugging of abandoned oil and natural gas wells; administration of the Class II Underground Injection Control Program; protection of the environment through licensing of oil and gas operators and contractors; administration of the federally-mandated oilfield waste and management programs; enforcement of surface pond, drilling pit, and emergency pit regulations; regulation of cathodic protection wells, temporary abandonment and well plugging; and maintenance of library and informational services.

All oil and gas exploration and production in Kansas is regulated by this program. The regulatory process includes the filing of intent to drill, periodic testing of well productivity, and determination of well spacing and allowable rates of production. Regulatory activities related to the protection of fresh and usable groundwater supplies (for Class II injection wells) also are administered solely by the KCC. In addition, regulatory activities include oilfield pollution site investigation, monitoring, and remediation, as well as underground storage of natural gas. This program also serves as a collection and storage point for oilfield drilling and production data.

Goals and Objectives. As its primary goal, the Conservation Program will provide a fair regulatory process through which the oil and gas resources of the state can be responsibly discovered and produced while protecting correlative rights; preventing the waste of hydrocarbon resources; and protecting

human, environmental, and water resources. The following objectives will be pursued:

Assist, inform, and educate the general public and regulated community regarding the need to protect the natural resources of the state.

Ensure that all underground fresh and usable water resources are adequately protected while preventing waste of the oil and gas resources of the state.

Inventory and plug abandoned oil and natural gas wells according to priority.

Provide current market demand values and allocate and distribute oil and gas production allowables monthly in order to meet current market production demand.

Perform technical evaluations on applications related to injection wells to assure protection of usable water and prevention of waste of hydrocarbon resources.

Protect aggressively the state's water resources from pollution resulting from present oil and gas activities and to improve and restore water quality effectively to prepolluted levels where past activities have caused pollution.

Statutory History. The enabling legislation of the Commission's Oil and Gas Conservation Program and statutes pertaining to the regulation of gas gathering systems are found in KSA 55-101 et seq. In FY 1997, the state began a program to plug abandoned oil and gas wells and in FY 2001 added special laws relating to underground storage.

_Conservation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			Ü	C	
Salaries and Wages	3,584,950	3,934,790	3,999,789		3,999,789
Contractual Services	3,148,205	3,137,129	3,137,129		2,337,129
Commodities	73,809	78,000	73,500		73,500
Capital Outlay	66,359	33,200	37,700		37,700
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$6,873,323	\$7,183,119	\$7,248,118	\$	\$6,448,118
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,873,323	\$7,183,119	\$7,248,118	\$	\$6,448,118
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,873,323	\$7,183,119	\$7,248,118	\$	\$6,448,118
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,873,323	\$7,183,119	\$7,248,118	\$	\$6,448,118
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6,873,323	7,183,119	7,248,118		6,448,118
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,873,323	\$7,183,119	\$7,248,118	\$	\$6,448,118
FTE Positions	82.0	82.0	82.0		82.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Total Positions	85.0	85.0	85.0		85.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of abandoned wells plugged	763	746	775
Number of identified pollution sites resolved	7	6	6
Number of oil and gas facility inspections performed	8,522	8,500	8,500
Number of financial assurance mechanisms audited	95	150	200
Number of abandoned wells in current inventory that require action	8,553	8,810	7,651
Number of porosity natural gas storage facility inspections	51	55	57
Number of porosity natural gas storage permits issued	17	18	19

Transportation_

Operations. The Transportation Program regulates motor carriers of persons and property (common, contract, and private carriers), railroads, and liquid pipelines. The program works to assure that services offered and rates charged by these regulated transportation industries in Kansas are fair and reasonable to carriers, shippers, and the consuming public. The program has three operating units: the Rate, Safety, and Service Section; Motor Carrier Section; and Administrative Support Section.

The Motor Carrier Section is responsible for all phases of motor carrier regulation, including granting authority, registering equipment, issuing Commission citations and orders, approving insurance filings, and updating records. The section also maintains the computerized Transportation Information System used to generate correspondence, issue citations and cancellation orders, and print KCC identification cab cards. The information from this system also is used by the Kansas Highway Patrol for enforcement.

The Rate, Safety, and Service Section regulates motor carriers. This section performs Instructional and Educational Seminars which must be attended by a representative of each intrastate applicant motor carrier company. KCC investigators discuss thoroughly driver qualification files, vehicle maintenance files, vehicle inspection files, record-of-duty status files, drug testing and alcohol testing files,

medical examiner certificates, and related subjects at these seminars. This section also investigates consumer complaints and inquiries regarding rate questions and maintains up-to-date intrastate railroad, liquid pipeline, and motor carrier tariff files. It also develops, revises, and oversees rules and regulations on rates and collective rate making for motor carriers.

Goals and Objectives. As its primary goal, the Transportation Program will ensure the appropriate and effective regulation and oversight of common carrier resources and protect the public interest and safety through comprehensive planning, licensing, and inspection. In pursuit of this goal the program has outlined the following objectives:

Continue the development, modification, and implementation of auditing, inspection, and other administrative procedures designed to achieve efficiencies and ease the burden of regulation.

Provide comprehensive training promoting efficient and effective utilization of the state's resources.

Statutory History. The Kansas Corporation Commission has regulatory jurisdiction over transportation systems operating in Kansas as defined by KSA 66-1108 et seq.

_Transportation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			Ü	C	
Salaries and Wages	522,784	596,962	608,045	164,217	690,224
Contractual Services	221,374	226,650	226,650	, 	226,650
Commodities	17,183	17,050	17,050		17,050
Capital Outlay	22,735	23,500	23,500	8,000	27,500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$784,076	\$864,162	\$875,245	\$172,217	\$961,424
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$784,076	\$864,162	\$875,245	\$172,217	\$961,424
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$784,076	\$864,162	\$875,245	\$172,217	\$961,424
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$784,076	\$864,162	\$875,245	\$172,217	\$961,424
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	784,076	864,162	875,245	172,217	961,424
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$784,076	\$864,162	\$875,245	\$172,217	\$961,424
FTE Positions	15.0	15.0	15.0	4.0	17.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	15.0	15.0	15.0	4.0	17.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of educational seminars, classes, or programs conducted	47	49	50
Numbers of participants	457	800	800
Percent of motor carrier audits that result in identification of safety violations	86.0 %	90.0 %	90.0 %
Number of motor carriers reviewed and audited for safety compliance prior to hearing	166	200	200
Number of vehicles registered to Kansas-based carriers with Kansas authority	97,080	98,000	98,000

Energy.

Operations. The Energy Program administers federally-mandated and state programs aimed at promoting energy conservation practices and delivering energy conservation services. Federal grants are administered by the program. Other activities include energy emergency-preparedness planning, energy audits, ridesharing and vanpooling. low-income energy use consultation, energy resourcedata development, waste management and recycling, and establishment of procurement standards. program also educates the public and private sectors on the use of alternative fuels for vehicles. purpose of the education is to assist in meeting requirements of the Clean Air Act and Energy Policy Act. The program conducts workshops and training seminars for achieving energy efficiencies and providing public information.

The program also engages in research and analysis activities in areas having long-term implications for utility regulation, such as electric generating unit performance, load forecasting, generation planning, and financial planning. An example of a recent investigation includes the potential effects of restructuring utility companies in Kansas. The program has developed analytical tools for the Commission, including cost-of-service, load-shape analysis, production costing, and generation dispatch programs. State-mandated initiatives include the maintenance of an energy resource database and

energy emergency-preparedness planning as well as the promotion of procurement, thermal efficiency, and illumination efficiency standards.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Energy Program is to promote energy conservation and efficiency and reduce the rate of growth of energy demand. The program will follow these objectives to attain this goal:

Provide grants for energy conservation measures that will enable institutions to save energy and reduce sources of pollution.

Provide grants for energy conservation measures that will assist the state in meeting the mandates and requirements of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 and other federal and state legislation.

Provide energy information and education efficiently to the public and private sectors.

Statutory History. Under the general provisions of KSA 66-111, the Kansas Corporation Commission has full power, authority, and jurisdiction to supervise and control public utilities. In 1983, the duties and responsibilities of the Kansas Energy Office, originally a separate state agency, were transferred to the Kansas Corporation Commission.

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	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	95,333	101,666	103,044		103,044
Contractual Services	446,620	446,561	243,260		243,260
Commodities	2,813	1,900	1,900		1,900
Capital Outlay	4,191	2,400	2,400		2,400
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$548,957	\$552,527	\$350,604	\$	\$350,604
Aid to Local Governments	789,470	601,195	591,436		591,436
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,338,427	\$1,153,722	\$942,040	\$	\$942,040
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,338,427	\$1,153,722	\$942,040	\$	\$942,040
Non-expense Items	47,856	121,583			
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,386,283	\$1,275,305	\$942,040	\$	\$942,040
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,386,283	1,275,305	942,040		942,040
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,386,283	\$1,275,305	\$942,040	\$	\$942,040
FTE Positions	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Estimates of institutional energy dollar savings	\$192,974	\$239,139	\$250,000
Number of energy conservation grants Value of grants (in millions)	19 \$2.1	20 \$1.1	20 \$1.0
Purchase or conversion of vehicles to alternative fuels	472	500	500
Participation in education activities	492	505	600

Department of Corrections

Mission. The Department of Corrections, as part of the criminal justice system, contributes to public safety by exercising reasonable, safe, secure, and humane control of offenders while actively encouraging and assisting them to become law-abiding citizens.

Operations. The cabinet-level Department of Corrections is headed by a Secretary of Corrections appointed by the Governor. The secretary delegates administrative oversight responsibility institutions to deputy secretaries. They include the Deputy Secretary of Facility Management, charged with the responsibility of coordination and oversight of the operations of the correctional facilities; the Deputy Secretary of Community and Field Services, responsible for operation of the community corrections and parole services as well as oversight of the Labette Correctional Conservation Camp programs; and the Deputy Secretary for Programs and Management, charged with the responsibility of coordinating all systemwide offender programs.

The Department's program structure includes six programs: Central Administration, Community Supervision, Treatment and Programs, Kansas Correctional Industries, Facilities Operations, and Debt Service and Capital Improvements.

The Department of Corrections provides safe and secure institutional care for felons committed to the custody of the Secretary of Corrections; emphasizes rehabilitation so that offenders can return and productively contribute to the community; supervises individuals on post-release supervision after serving their sentence or being granted parole by the Kansas Parole Board and parolees and probations received through interstate compacts; and administers the Community Corrections Grant Program, which assists communities in alternative correctional services. The Department of Corrections also has direct responsibility for eight correctional facilities: the Lansing Correctional Facility, the Hutchinson Correctional Facility, the Topeka Correctional Facility, the Ellsworth Correctional Facility, the Norton Correctional Facility, the Winfield Correctional Facility, the El Dorado Correctional Facility, and the Larned Correctional Mental Health Facility.

Statutory History. The Penal Reform Act of 1973 abolished the Director of Penal Institutions and established the Department of Corrections on July 1, 1974. Subsequent major legislation was enacted in 1974, 1976, 1980, 1992, and 1994. Present statutory citations are found in Chapter 75, Article 52 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*.

Department of Corrections

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Central Administration	6,604,838	6,812,316	8,157,795		7,852,002
Community Supervision	28,674,988	27,952,942	28,993,729	671,000	28,960,909
Treatment & Programs	34,906,803	34,884,207	35,372,459	428,816	33,057,868
Facilities Operations	13,060,094	13,864,632	14,116,799	4,138,973	14,237,811
Kansas Correctional Industries	10,737,467	9,754,584	9,363,316		9,363,316
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	12,530,022	17,798,409	15,283,303	 ¢5 220 700	15,283,303
Total Expenditures	\$106,514,212	\$111,067,090	\$111,287,401	\$5,238,789	\$108,755,209
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	14,286,235	14,841,984	15,265,331	3,903,961	14,526,866
Contractual Services	55,585,355	57,172,148	59,819,136	1,334,828	58,567,057
Commodities	5,187,826	4,935,230	4,758,535		4,758,535
Capital Outlay	994,222	595,689	295,045		213,045
Debt Service	3,016,895	2,878,670	2,400,831		2,400,831
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$79,070,533	\$80,423,721	\$82,538,878	\$5,238,789	\$80,466,334
Aid to Local Governments	17,535,362	15,648,990	15,791,520		15,331,872
Other Assistance	410	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · ·		
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$96,606,305	\$96,072,711	\$98,330,398	\$5,238,789	\$95,798,206
Capital Improvements	9,760,030	14,975,879	12,938,503		12,938,503
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$106,366,335	\$111,048,590	\$111,268,901	\$5,238,789	\$108,736,709
Non-expense Items	147,877	18,500	18,500		18,500
Total Expenditures by Object	\$106,514,212	\$111,067,090	\$111,287,401	\$5,238,789	\$108,755,209
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	83,438,284	82,319,953	85,093,463	5,238,789	82,618,271
Water Plan Fund	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,		, , , , <u></u>
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	1,641,474	5,789,576	5,000,000		5,000,000
Other Funds	21,434,454	22,957,561	21,193,938		21,136,938
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$106,514,212	\$111,067,090	\$111,287,401	\$5,238,789	\$108,755,209
FTE Positions	319.0	319.0	319.0		319.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	21.0	21.0	21.0		21.0
Total Positions	340.0	340.0	340.0		340.0

Central Administration

Operations. The Central Administration Program includes activities of the Secretary of Corrections, the Deputy Secretaries of Corrections, and other administrative and support personnel required for operations of the correctional facilities, management and oversight of facilities, and programs providing services to inmates, parolees, and other offenders. The administrative and support services include fiscal and personnel services, management analysis, research, data collection and analysis, and information systems processing. Administration support is provided for those programs directly administered by the Department of Corrections as well as supervising and managing eight correctional facilities.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the program is to provide the leadership, support, and oversight necessary for the correctional system to meet its objectives. An objective of this goal is to:

Provide the administrative and staff services required for operation of the Department of Corrections Central Office.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5201 et seq. establish and prescribe the powers and duties of the Department of Corrections. KSA 75-5228 authorizes the Secretary of Corrections to promulgate advisory standards relating to the conditions of jail facilities and to issue recommendations to correct deficiencies.

Central Administration

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	1 lotau1	Gov. Estimate	Buse Buager	Emane. 1 kg.	Gov. Itee.
Salaries and Wages	4,407,520	4,347,524	4,491,695		4,236,402
Contractual Services	1,979,573	2,326,250	3,539,000		3,513,500
Commodities	96,977	92,100	93,100		93,100
Capital Outlay	101,473	46,442	34,000		9,000
Debt Service	, 	, 	,		,
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$6,585,543	\$6,812,316	\$8,157,795	\$	\$7,852,002
Aid to Local Governments				· 	
Other Assistance	30				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,585,573	\$6,812,316	\$8,157,795	\$	\$7,852,002
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,585,573	\$6,812,316	\$8,157,795	\$	\$7,852,002
Non-expense Items	19,265	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,604,838	\$6,812,316	\$8,157,795	\$	\$7,852,002
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	5,721,036	5,548,640	5,893,888		5,588,095
Water Plan		· · ·			
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	883,802	1,263,676	2,263,907		2,263,907
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,604,838	\$6,812,316	\$8,157,795	\$	\$7,852,002
FTE Positions	85.5	85.5	85.5		85.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Total Positions	88.5	88.5	88.5		88.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of security audits conducted	4	4	4
Number of facilities accredited by the American Correctional Association	8	8	8
Number of sanitation and safety inspections conducted	16	16	16

Community Supervision

Operations. The Community Supervision Program oversees Community Corrections, the Labette Correctional Conservation Camp, Day Reporting Centers, and Parole Services. Community Corrections provides the courts with sentencing options for offenders targeted for community-based supervision who require more intensive supervision and monitoring than regular probation provides. The term "community corrections" refers to correctional sanctions, programs, and services that are administered in the community rather than in prison.

The Department is responsible for administration of grant funds, periodic auditing, provision of technical assistance, and dissemination of information. And it approves all budgets, plans, amendments, and program activities of community corrections agencies.

Also included in this program are expenditures for support of the Labette Correctional Conservation Camp (LCCC). The LCCC is designed to provide a community-based sentencing option targeted for nonviolent felony offenders. The conservation camp has a capacity for 204 male inmates, is patterned after a "boot camp," and combines a regimented self-enhancement program with community service work projects. The camp also has capacity for 30 females. The Department of Corrections provides oversight and technical assistance to the camp and audits the camp's operations. The camp's operations are financed with a grant from the state to Labette County.

Parole Services is charged with the responsibility of contributing to the public safety through supervision of offenders in the community and enforcement of release conditions imposed by a court or paroling authority. The parole staff prepares individualized

supervision plans for each offender and employs a variety of supervision techniques commensurate with the level of supervision required. Day reporting centers have a combined capacity for supervising 220 offenders, including 120 in Wichita, 60 in Kansas City, and 40 in Topeka. Unless excused, assigned offenders are at the centers from 7:00 am through 10:00 pm, seven days a week. While away from the centers, an offender's location is monitored using global positioning satellite technology.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the program is to provide services and programs in the community which assist offenders in becoming law-abiding, self-supporting citizens. An objective of this goal is to:

Provide control over offenders assigned to community supervision, prevent reoffending, and make the community safe.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5214, 75-5216, and 75-5217 prescribe the duties and responsibilities of the Secretary of Corrections regarding parole supervision. The Penal Reform Act of 1973 transferred the probation and parole supervision function from the Board of Probation and Parole to the Secretary of Corrections. Subsequent legislation enacted in 1978 transferred the entire probation function and parole supervision of individuals convicted of misdemeanors from the Secretary of Corrections to the Judiciary. The Community Corrections Act was passed by the 1978 Legislature and amended by the 1979, 1980, 1983, 1984, 1986, 1987, and 1989 Legislatures. The 1993 Legislature abolished the State Community Corrections Board. Authority for the program is found in KSA 75-5290 through 75-52,108. KSA 75-52,127 establishes the conservation camps.

.Community Supervision

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	6,031,213	6,139,516	6,230,087		5,803,915
Contractual Services	4,931,073	6,090,069	6,862,122	671,000	7,715,122
Commodities	121,633	87,000	87,000		87,000
Capital Outlay	55,327	17,367	53,000		53,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$11,139,246	\$12,333,952	\$13,232,209	\$671,000	\$13,659,037
Aid to Local Governments	17,535,362	15,618,990	15,761,520		15,301,872
Other Assistance	380				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$28,674,988	\$27,952,942	\$28,993,729	\$671,000	\$28,960,909
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$28,674,988	\$27,952,942	\$28,993,729	\$671,000	\$28,960,909
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$28,674,988	\$27,952,942	\$28,993,729	\$671,000	\$28,960,909
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	27,379,118	25,056,865	25,769,807	671,000	25,736,987
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,295,870	2,896,077	3,223,922		3,223,922
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$28,674,988	\$27,952,942	\$28,993,729	\$671,000	\$28,960,909
FTE Positions	151.5	151.5	151.5		151.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	151.5	151.5	151.5		151.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Community correction (average daily population)	4,153	4,299	4,210
Conservation Camp (average daily population)	178	216	221
Percent of successful community corrections discharges	60.0 %	55.0 %	50.0 %

Treatment & Programs_

Operations. Treatment and Programs reflects those activities providing direct services to inmates and parolees. The underlying objective common to all offender programs is to provide offenders with the skills and abilities to enable them to function both in the correctional facility and the community as lawabiding citizens. Offender program services are provided through contractual arrangements with professional service providers. Programs are offered in the principal areas of sex offender treatment, substance abuse treatment, academic education (basic skills, special education and GED), vocational education, transitional (halfway house) programs for parolees, and mental health counseling for parolees. In addition, medical and mental health care services are provided to inmates through a contract with Prison Health Care Services.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the program is to provide for confinement, control, and rehabilitation of adult felons. Objectives of this goal are to:

Provide the required minimum level of access to special education services and deliver the services so as to enhance the institutional and post release performance of offenders. Provide treatment and education services to incarcerated inmates and offenders on post release supervision that enhance their performance and contribute to their compliance with a law-abiding lifestyle.

Provide for required minimum levels of medical and mental health care for incarcerated offenders.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5201 et seq. prescribe the powers and duties of the Department of Corrections. KSA 75-5210 provides for the establishment of programs for rehabilitation of inmates. KSA 75-5210a requires agreements between the Secretary of Corrections and inmates specifying the programs that must be completed prior to release on parole.

KSA 75-5210 authorizes the Secretary of Corrections to adopt rules and regulations establishing and prescribing standards for health, medical, and dental services for each correctional facility. KSA 75-5249 authorizes the Secretary of Corrections to employ or contract with a chief physician to direct the operation and management of medical services and to coordinate all inmate health care.

Treatment & Programs

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc, Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	390,542	404,878	410,768		410,768
Contractual Services	34,430,564	34,479,329	34,961,691	428,816	32,647,100
Commodities	9,150	, , , <u></u>	, , , <u></u>	,	, , , <u></u>
Capital Outlay	9,932				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$34,840,188	\$34,884,207	\$35,372,459	\$428,816	\$33,057,868
Aid to Local Governments	, , , <u></u>	, , , <u></u>		·	· · · ·
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$34,840,188	\$34,884,207	\$35,372,459	\$428,816	\$33,057,868
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$34,840,188	\$34,884,207	\$35,372,459	\$428,816	\$33,057,868
Non-expense Items	66,615				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$34,906,803	\$34,884,207	\$35,372,459	\$428,816	\$33,057,868
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	30,299,675	29,380,894	30,822,052	428,816	31,050,868
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	4,607,128	5,503,313	4,550,407		2,007,000
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$34,906,803	\$34,884,207	\$35,372,459	\$428,816	\$33,057,868
FTE Positions	6.0	6.0	6.0		6.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	6.0	6.0	6.0		6.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of participants who receive a GED	41.0 %	45.0 %	45.0 %
Percent of participants who successfully complete the sex offender treatment	75.0 %	70.0 %	70.0 %
Number of Facility Therapeutic Community Program admissions	424	430	430

Facilities Operations

Operations. Programs and projects with systemwide effect are included in this program. The most significant expenditures in the program include the cost of food service for all correctional facilities through a contract with Aramark, Inc. Except for the Larned Correctional Mental Health Facility (LCMHF), Aramark is responsible for all labor, food, supplies, and other materials required for delivery of food services. At LCMHF, Aramark is responsible for labor only; 95 meals are prepared by staff at Larned

State Hospital. The current contract with Aramark expires at the end of FY 2006.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to provide a cost effective food service program which is in compliance with accreditation standards and regulatory agency requirements.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5201 et seq. establish the duties of the Department of Corrections.

. Facilities Operations

	EV 2002	EV 2002	EV 2004	EN 2004	EV 2004
	FY 2002	FY 2003 Gov. Estimate	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004 Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
1 0	200.660	720.740	956 166	2 002 061	700.166
Salaries and Wages	380,668	729,740	856,166	3,903,961	799,166
Contractual Services	12,523,978	13,036,892	13,199,633	235,012	13,434,645
Commodities	24,097				
Capital Outlay	131,351	68,000	31,000		26,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$13,060,094	\$13,834,632	\$14,086,799	\$4,138,973	\$14,207,811
Aid to Local Governments		30,000	30,000		30,000
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$13,060,094	\$13,864,632	\$14,116,799	\$4,138,973	\$14,237,811
Capital Improvements	· , , ,				
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$13,060,094	\$13,864,632	\$14,116,799	\$4,138,973	\$14,237,811
Non-expense Items		, , ,			
Total Expenditures by Object	\$13,060,094	\$13,864,632	\$14,116,799	\$4,138,973	\$14,237,811
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	12,217,441	12,914,796	13,283,603	4,138,973	10,918,208
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	842,653	949,836	833,196		3,319,603
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$13,060,094	\$13,864,632	\$14,116,799	\$4,138,973	\$14,237,811
Total Expenditures by Fund	φ13,000,09 4	φ13,00 4 ,032	φ1 4 ,110,799	φ +,130,773	φ1 4 ,237,011
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	18.0	18.0	18.0		18.0
Total Positions	18.0	18.0	18.0		18.0

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Kansas Correctional Industries.

Operations. Kansas Correctional Industries (KCI) is entirely self-supported from the manufacture and sale of a variety of products and services to various organizations, such as state agencies, county and city governments, other tax supported agencies, nonprofit organizations, and churches. Industries provides inmates with meaningful work and training opportunities while providing high quality products and services at a savings to all qualified customers.

Traditional state-operated industries include manufacturing janitorial products, traffic line and architectural paint, traffic control signs, office furniture, inmate clothing, metal furniture, and student dormitory furniture as well as providing services, such as data entry, microfilming, digital imaging, reupholstering, furniture and vehicle restoration, farming, and telecommunications. Programs are located in Lansing Correctional Facility, Hutchinson Correctional Facility, Norton Correctional Facility, and Topeka Correctional Facility. Inmates in the program receive varying levels of pay, depending on the skill level required, time with KCI, and the availability of an open slot. There are 454 inmates currently working in the traditional programs.

In addition to the traditional industry programs, 15 private industries employ over 1,100 inmates at four correctional facilities. These industries include BAC Leather Company, Century Manufacturing, Impact Design, and United Rotary Brush. Inmates working for these industries produce products ranging from commercial beer keg taps to university logo apparel. Inmates working for private industries are paid at least minimum wage and work a 40-hour week. Deductions are taken from the inmate's wages. The deductions include taxes, room and board, victims' compensation, support of families on public assistance, and required savings.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to provide programs that increase the chances for offenders to succeed in the community after release. An objective associated with this goal is to:

Optimize offenders' work opportunities in the community and facilities.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5273 through 75-5282 provide for the establishment and operation of the Correctional Industries Program.

Kansas Correctional Industries

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object				· ·	
Salaries and Wages	3,076,292	3,220,326	3,276,615		3,276,615
Contractual Services	1,720,167	1,239,608	1,256,690		1,256,690
Commodities	4,935,969	4,756,130	4,578,435		4,578,435
Capital Outlay	696,139	463,880	177,045		177,045
Debt Service	15,875	30,140	27,831		27,831
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$10,444,442	\$9,710,084	\$9,316,616	\$	\$9,316,616
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$10,444,442	\$9,710,084	\$9,316,616	\$	\$9,316,616
Capital Improvements	231,028	26,000	28,200		28,200
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$10,675,470	\$9,736,084	\$9,344,816	\$	\$9,344,816
Non-expense Items	61,997	18,500	18,500		18,500
Total Expenditures by Object	\$10,737,467	\$9,754,584	\$9,363,316	\$	\$9,363,316
	-	-	-	-	-
Expenditures by Fund	-	-	-	_	-
State General Fund					
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	10,737,467	9,754,584	9,363,316		9,363,316
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$10,737,467	\$9,754,584	\$9,363,316	\$	\$9,363,316
FTE Positions	76.0	76.0	76.0		76.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	76.0	76.0	76.0		76.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Inmates participating in traditional industries program (ADP)	447	440	424
Inmates participating in private industry program (ADP)	502	571	621

Debt Service & Capital Improvements_

Operations. Expenditures for the payment of principal and interest on the debt the Department of Corrections has incurred are made through this program. The Department of Corrections makes payments from the State General Fund, as well as with interest earnings from the investment of bond reserve funds, for the debt service on bonds issued for construction of El Dorado Correctional Facility, Larned Correctional Mental Health Facility, Ellsworth Correctional Facility, and the purchase and renovation of a building for the Wichita Work Release Facility.

The principal emphasis of the Capital Improvements Program is the systemwide rehabilitation, remodeling, renovation, and repair of the various buildings and structures at the correctional facilities. The Secretary of Corrections has been given the authority to transfer monies from the rehabilitation and repair account funded from the Correctional Institutions Building Fund under the Department's budget to complete projects at the facilities. This flexibility allows the Secretary to address the maintenance needs of the correctional system immediately. Projects for constructing new facilities are appropriated separately.

Statutory History. KSA 74-8901 et seq. provide the general statutory authority for issuing debt obligations through the Kansas Development Finance Authority. All capital improvement programs are authorized by individual appropriations of the Legislature.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service	3,001,020	2,848,530	2,373,000		2,373,000
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,001,020	\$2,848,530	\$2,373,000	\$	\$2,373,000
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$3,001,020	\$2,848,530	\$2,373,000	\$	\$2,373,000
Capital Improvements	9,529,002	14,949,879	12,910,303		12,910,303
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$12,530,022	\$17,798,409	\$15,283,303	\$	\$15,283,303
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$12,530,022	\$17,798,409	\$15,283,303	\$	\$15,283,303
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	7,821,014	9,418,758	9,324,113		9,324,113
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	1,641,474	5,789,576	5,000,000		5,000,000
Other Funds	3,067,534	2,590,075	959,190		959,190
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$12,530,022	\$17,798,409	\$15,283,303	\$	\$15,283,303
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Ombudsman for Corrections_

The Ombudsman for Corrections has provided an external complaint resolution process to improve correctional management, safety, and security in Kansas correctional institutions. The Governor

recommends the abolishment of this agency in FY 2004 because of budget constraints and the reprioritization of expenditures. The Governor also recommends repealing KSA 74-7402 et seq.

Ombudsman for Corrections

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	159,852	157,605	167,198		
Contractual Services	20,832	22,999	22,252	2,750	
Commodities	3,924	4,141		4,750	
Capital Outlay	281				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$184,889	\$184,745	\$189,450	\$7,500	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$184,889	\$184,745	\$189,450	\$7,500	\$
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$184,889	\$184,745	\$189,450	\$7,500	\$
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$184,889	\$184,745	\$189,450	\$7,500	\$
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	167,642	167,906	174,450	7,500	
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	17,247	16,839	15,000		
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$184,889	\$184,745	\$189,450	\$7,500	\$
FTE Positions	3.5	3.5	3.5		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	3.5	3.5	3.5		

School for the Deaf

Mission. It is the mission of the Kansas School for the Deaf to provide students with total access to language and educational excellence in a visual environment while serving as a resource on deafness and deaf education to school districts and families.

Operations. The School for the Deaf was founded in 1861; it provides a residential and day program for elementary and secondary children who are deaf. The school operates under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Education, which appoints a superintendent and accredits the school. The School is also accredited by the North Central Association of Schools and Colleges. The adopted curricula meet all state curriculum standards. Special emphasis is placed on language development and communication, with American Sign Language, English, speech, and audition complementing and reinforcing one another.

Admission to the School is by referral from school district Individualized Education Program (IEP) teams. All deaf children who are residents of Kansas are eligible for admission. Non-residents of Kansas may attend on a space available basis, with tuition established by the State Board of Education. Students at the School receive instruction based on their IEPs.

Medical and health services for students include an infirmary for inpatient care, general health care instruction, and physical and occupational therapy. Every student receives a comprehensive evaluation as required by Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. The audiological services available to students include hearing tests and evaluations, counseling related to use of hearing aids, and assistance with routine care and repair of the aids. The School also provides outreach auditory training units to public schools on a lease basis. In addition, the School

provides evaluations for students attending public school deaf education programs on a referral basis. Sign language classes for staff and parents are available, as well as tutoring in American Sign Language for students as needed.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the School is to implement and practice effective instructional strategies aligned with approved policies and procedures. Objectives to meet this goal include:

Maintaining high expectations and monitoring student learning and achievement as part of program evaluation.

Improving accessibility and instruction for deaf students by implementing an approved School Improvement Plan.

Another goal of the School is to maintain a safe, clean, and comfortable environment for students, including appropriate human, financial, housekeeping, dietary, and maintenance services. Objectives to meet this goal include:

Improving the efficiency of utility usage.

Reducing long-term maintenance and repair costs through preventive maintenance.

Providing safe and dependable transportation for students and staff.

Statutory History. The School for the Deaf operates under the authority granted by KSA 76-1001 et seq. KSA 76-1001a places the School under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Education, and KSA 76-1001b defines the criteria for admission to the School.

School for the Deaf

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administrative Services	284,891	281,345	284,479		284,479
Instruction	5,554,676	5,695,819	5,487,339	417,938	5,143,454
Support Services	1,741,680	1,736,385	1,749,360		1,730,510
Capital Improvements	603,827	1,100,662	165,000	497,923	564,944
Total Expenditures	\$8,185,074	\$8,814,211	\$7,686,178	\$915,861	\$7,723,387
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	6,226,761	6,147,821	5,944,846	417,938	5,684,211
Contractual Services	741,984	1,051,979	1,060,178		1,060,178
Commodities	392,681	411,649	413,504		413,504
Capital Outlay	219,821	102,100	102,650		550
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$7,581,247	\$7,713,549	\$7,521,178	\$417,938	\$7,158,443
Aid to Local Governments		· · · ·	· · · · ·		· · · ·
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$7,581,247	\$7,713,549	\$7,521,178	\$417,938	\$7,158,443
Capital Improvements	603,827	1,100,662	165,000	497,923	564,944
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$8,185,074	\$8,814,211	\$7,686,178	\$915,861	\$7,723,387
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$8,185,074	\$8,814,211	\$7,686,178	\$915,861	\$7,723,387
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	7,243,832	7,089,885	7,198,883	417,938	6,836,148
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	603,877	1,100,662	165,000	497,923	564,944
Other Funds	337,365	623,664	322,295	, 	322,295
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$8,185,074	\$8,814,211	\$7,686,178	\$915,861	\$7,723,387
FTE Positions	161.2	161.2	161.2		157.2
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	12.3	12.3	12.3		12.3
Total Positions	173.5	173.5	173.5		169.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of students with an increase of at least 4.0 percent in math scores from previous year	60 %	70 %	70 %
Percent of students with an increase of at least 4.0 percent in reading scores from previous year	94.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %
Percent of grade levels implementing social-emotional curriculum	92.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

Department of Education

Mission. The mission of the State Board of Education is to promote academic achievement by providing educational vision, leadership, opportunity, accountability, and advocacy for all. Schools will work with families and communities to prepare each student with the living, learning, and working skills and values necessary for caring, productive, and fulfilling participation in a changing society.

Operations. The ten-member State Board of Education has authority for the general supervision of public education. Board members are elected for four-year terms and represent specific geographic areas of the state. The Board appoints a Commissioner of Education who serves at the pleasure of the Board and is responsible for administration of the Department.

The primary duties of the Board include classification and accreditation of schools, approval of teacher preparation programs, establishment of graduation requirements, certification of teachers and administrators, distribution of state and federal financial aid, and administration of school lunch and nutrition programs. In addition, the State Board of Education has jurisdiction over the Schools for the Blind and Deaf.

Statutory History. In 1966, the State Board of Education was created by Article 6 of the Kansas Constitution. Articles 75 and 76 of Chapter 72 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated provide for establishment and composition of the State Board of Education, appointment of the Commissioner, and appointment of assistant commissioners. Article 77 of Chapter 72 provides for establishment of the State Department of Education. The 1999 Legislature transferred the responsibility for oversight of colleges, area vocational-technical community schools, and proprietary schools from the State Board of Education to the State Board of Regents.

Department of Education

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
T	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	0.025.425	12 04 6 50 6	11 100 004	510.000	11 100 024
Administration	9,935,437	12,946,506	11,109,034	519,000	11,109,034
Governance of Education	461,364	530,847	445,589		445,589
Nutrition Services	1,889,891	1,965,624	1,994,443		1,994,443
School Improvement & Accred.	2,529,796	2,809,452	2,498,239	1,000,000	2,498,239
School Support Services	3,535,755	3,591,818	3,641,045		3,641,045
Consolidated/Supplemental Prog.	4,791,039	4,600,655	4,526,031		4,526,031
Technical Education	1,327,727	1,436,010	1,245,194		1,245,194
Financial Aid	2,628,593,598	2,655,081,300	2,634,274,671	397,661,872	2,671,416,982
Total Expenditures	\$2,653,064,607	\$2,682,962,212	\$2,659,734,246	\$399,180,872	\$2,696,876,557
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	11,062,380	12,141,180	12,408,348		12,408,348
Contractual Services	7,657,941	11,547,247	9,157,526	1,365,500	9,157,526
Commodities	1,358,506	1,371,082	1,311,216		1,311,216
Capital Outlay	606,754	6,200		107,500	
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$20,685,581	\$25,065,709	\$22,877,090	\$1,473,000	\$22,877,090
Aid to Local Governments	2,598,764,143	2,626,563,263	2,605,483,916	395,841,872	2,642,661,227
Other Assistance	30,603,221	31,333,240	31,373,240	1,866,000	31,338,240
	\$2,650,052,945	\$2,682,962,212	\$2,659,734,246	\$399,180,872	\$2,696,876,557
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,030,032,943	\$2,082,902,212	\$2,059,754,240	\$399,100,072	\$2,090,870,557
Capital Improvements		 	 	 4200 400 0 70	
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,650,052,945	\$2,682,962,212	\$2,659,734,246	\$399,180,872	\$2,696,876,557
Non-expense Items	3,011,662				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,653,064,607	\$2,682,962,212	\$2,659,734,246	\$399,180,872	\$2,696,876,557
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,333,348,677	2,331,722,827	2,307,363,298	399,020,872	2,344,505,609
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	7,774,382	8,525,000	8,525,000	160,000	8,525,000
Building Funds					
Other Funds	311,941,548	342,714,385	343,845,948		343,845,948
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,653,064,607	\$2,682,962,212	\$2,659,734,246	\$399,180,872	\$2,696,876,557
Total Expenditures by Fund	Ψ2,055,004,007	Ψ2,002,702,212	Ψ2,037,734,240	ψ377,100,072	φ2,070,070,337
FTE Positions	190.5	208.3	208.3		208.3
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	33.0	37.7	35.7		35.7
Total Positions	223.5	246.0	244.0		244.0
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Administration

Operations. The General Administration Program provides legal, personnel, auditing, information processing, budget and finance, and accounting services. General state aid, various state and federal categorical aid programs, and other types of aid are also administered by the program. In addition, the General Administration Program is a primary source of information to the 303 school districts in Kansas regarding the State Board's policies and procedures, as well as legislative matters. Approval of construction plans for school facilities as outlined in law is also conducted by the program.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established for this program:

Verify the state and federal entitlement for all school districts; special education interlocals, cooperatives, and service centers; child care centers; and non-public organizations.

Access and distribute federal, state, and local revenues to local education agencies.

Improve the Department's information technology and increase the value of services by providing quality products, assisting schools in obtaining direct connections to the Internet, and promoting the use of instructional technology into the curriculum.

Provide timely and accurate accounting services to the State Board of Education, agency personnel, and federal granting agencies.

Plan programs for implementing the strategic directions of Kansas education and evaluate the plans and programs to determine progress and the effect on student performance.

Provide a pool of professional teachers, administrators, and service personnel for Kansas schools and ensure them quality professional preparation and continual professional growth.

Statutory History. KSA 72-7501 et seq. and KSA 72-7601 provide for supervisory responsibilities and for the appointment of administrative personnel.

Administration

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	5,040,650	5,239,507	5,445,334		5,445,334
Contractual Services	3,395,814	6,498,755	4,497,286	365,500	4,497,286
Commodities	680,223	567,044	531,414		531,414
Capital Outlay	267,410	6,200		107,500	
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$9,384,097	\$12,311,506	\$10,474,034	\$473,000	\$10,474,034
Aid to Local Governments	96,340	185,000	185,000		185,000
Other Assistance	455,000	450,000	450,000	46,000	450,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$9,935,437	\$12,946,506	\$11,109,034	\$519,000	\$11,109,034
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$9,935,437	\$12,946,506	\$11,109,034	\$519,000	\$11,109,034
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$9,935,437	\$12,946,506	\$11,109,034	\$519,000	\$11,109,034
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	5,708,944	5,594,466	5,783,224	359,000	5,783,224
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund				160,000	
Building Funds					
Other Funds	4,226,493	7,352,040	5,325,810		5,325,810
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$9,935,437	\$12,946,506	\$11,109,034	\$519,000	\$11,109,034
FTE Positions	94.5	94.5	94.5		94.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	10.0	13.0	12.0		12.0
Total Positions	104.5	107.5	106.5		106.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of new teacher certificates issued	3,000	3,000	3,000
Average turn-around time for teacher certification (in days)	7.72	5	7
Number of field audits reviewed	575	600	600
Number of National Board certified teachers	71	110	150
Number of teacher education program reviews	5	3	3

Governance of Education

Operations. The Governance of Education Program is the policymaking activity of the Department as directed by the State Board of Education. The Board frequently has requested the Department of Education to conduct studies to identify educational needs, assess the feasibility of various projects, and develop plans to meet those needs. The State Board of Education then makes recommendations concerning programs and support for education to the Governor and the Legislature.

Goals and Objectives. The State Board of Education has adopted the following goals:

Improve teaching in Kansas schools utilizing performance measurement for teachers and creative approaches to preparation, development, and effective teacher recruitment.

Raise the achievement of students, with an emphasis on low achievers acquiring basic academic skills.

Complete state curriculum standards and assessments.

Address the needs created by changing enrollment trends.

Ensure that students read at the appropriate level, including diagnosis of skills and the use of effective interventions.

Ready children to learn by supporting families with quality early childhood and primary programs.

Statutory History. Article 6, Section 2a of the *Kansas Constitution* provides for the establishment of the State Board of Education.

Governance of Education

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	133,604	121,652	122,918		122,918
Contractual Services	324,283	407,550	321,026		321,026
Commodities	1,777	1,645	1,645		1,645
Capital Outlay	1,700				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$461,364	\$530,847	\$445,589	\$	\$445,589
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$461,364	\$530,847	\$445,589	\$	\$445,589
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$461,364	\$530,847	\$445,589	\$	\$445,589
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$461,364	\$530,847	\$445,589	\$	\$445,589
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	461,364	530,847	445,589		445,589
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$461,364	\$530,847	\$445,589	\$	\$445,589
FTE Positions	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Student graduation rate	84.0 %	84.0 %	82.6 %

Nutrition Services

Operations. The Nutrition Services Program allocates funds provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture for partial support of the child nutrition programs offered by school districts to their students. Free and reduced price lunches, breakfasts, and snacks are provided as a means of supplementing the diets of needy school children through the National School Lunch Program, the School Breakfast Program, and the Special Milk Program.

The program strives to provide technical assistance to the school districts to improve the management and delivery of services and the quality of meals served. Staff provides training through manuals, videos, workshops, and a resource center maintained at Kansas State University.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to enhance each person's ability to live, learn, and work in a changing society by providing nutrition education and services that contribute to lifelong well-being. The following objectives have been established to achieve this goal:

Assist nutrition program sponsors so nutritious meals are served to students, preschool children, and adults in day care.

Assist nutrition program sponsors in planning menus that are consistent with recommended dietary allowances and the Dietary Guidelines for Americans.

Provide training through regional workshops, conferences, and classes to provide information and techniques in food service management and production.

Statutory History. In 1946, the National School Lunch Act established the National School Lunch Program. The Child Nutrition Act of 1966 expanded child nutrition programs to include the School Breakfast Program, the Special Milk Program, and the Child Care Food Program. In 1977, PL 95-166 added the Nutrition Education Training Program for students, teachers, and food service personnel. In 1988, the food program was extended to adult care centers.

Nutrition Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,097,897	1,435,066	1,454,846		1,454,846
Contractual Services	537,494	462,961	471,053		471,053
Commodities	65,598	67,597	68,544		68,544
Capital Outlay	188,902				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,889,891	\$1,965,624	\$1,994,443	\$	\$1,994,443
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,889,891	\$1,965,624	\$1,994,443	\$	\$1,994,443
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,889,891	\$1,965,624	\$1,994,443	\$	\$1,994,443
Non-expense Items				·	
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,889,891	\$1,965,624	\$1,994,443	\$	\$1,994,443
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	344,264	324,397	329,222		329,222
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,545,627	1,641,227	1,665,221		1,665,221
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,889,891	\$1,965,624	\$1,994,443	\$	\$1,994,443
Total Experiences by Turia	Ψ1,00>,0>1	Ψ1,5 00,02 .	Ψ1,>> 1,110	Ψ	Ψ1,>> 1,1 10
FTE Positions	20.0	20.0	20.0		20.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.0	5.8	5.8		5.8
Total Positions	22.0	25.8	25.8		25.8

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Number of training workshops, conferences, and classes sponsored	233	230	230
Number of local staff receiving food service training	4,310	4,380	4,380
Number of meals served: School programs Child and adult care programs Summer food service programs	64,204,847	64,800,000	65,400,000
	28,480,850	28,500,000	28,525,000
	513,167	515,000	517,500

School Improvement & Accreditation_

Operations. The School Improvement and Accreditation Program is charged with implementation of the Quality Performance Accreditation System adopted by the State Board and the Legislature. The program is designed to address school improvement, accountability, and individual student performance at each school. The major emphasis of the program is on higher level skills needed by individuals to be successful in the 21st century.

The program is addressing the needs through an integrated, comprehensive curriculum with emphasis on complex thinking skills, problem solving, learning to learn, teamwork, goal setting, and communication. Policies are designed to promote the concept that every learner can learn at high levels of achievement, but the ways that individuals learn and the approaches needed for learning vary widely. A requirement of the program is that families participate in the children's education, teachers concentrate on the individual learner, and the community be the basis for learner activities.

This program works with teachers and administrators on ways to use the results of the state assessments. The staff assigned to the program collects and processes pertinent data from each school's annual report and school profile, conducts onsite accreditation visits, prepares accountability reports, and assists the State Board in its review and development of new state

curriculum standards. An attempt is made to align local curricula with state standards. An effort is also being made to automate the data management system to reduce paperwork for both the agency and schools.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the School Improvement and Accreditation Program is to enable Kansas communities to demonstrate continuous improvement of learning for all students through implementation of the Quality Performance Accreditation system, which requires student learning outcomes. Objectives are to:

Assist schools in implementing Quality Performance Accreditation.

Demonstrate state accountability through the Quality Performance Accreditation system.

Develop and evaluate student performance expectations.

Statutory History. School accreditation was first required in 1915, and current law can be found in KSA 72-7513 and KSA 72-7514. The Quality Performance Accreditation System is authorized by KSA 72-6439. In 1958, consultative services of the Department were expanded to include curriculum assistance and instruction (KSA 72-1101, 72-1103, 72-5017, 72-5018, and 72-7513).

School Improvement & Accreditation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,574,485	1,642,358	1,627,857		1,627,857
Contractual Services	646,534	756,637	655,668	1,000,000	655,668
Commodities	151,041	216,239	214,714		214,714
Capital Outlay	1,788				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,373,848	\$2,615,234	\$2,498,239	\$1,000,000	\$2,498,239
Aid to Local Governments	155,948	194,218			
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,529,796	\$2,809,452	\$2,498,239	\$1,000,000	\$2,498,239
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,529,796	\$2,809,452	\$2,498,239	\$1,000,000	\$2,498,239
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,529,796	\$2,809,452	\$2,498,239	\$1,000,000	\$2,498,239
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,240,052	1,232,872	1,253,638	1,000,000	1,253,638
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,289,744	1,576,580	1,244,601		1,244,601
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,529,796	\$2,809,452	\$2,498,239	\$1,000,000	\$2,498,239
FTE Positions	31.0	31.0	31.0		31.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	4.0	3.0		3.0
Total Positions	32.0	35.0	34.0		34.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Average student scores on ACT:			
Kansas composite			
National composite			
Percent change in average achievement on Kansas assessment:			
Reading	%	%	(1.0) %
Math	3.0 %	1.5 %	(2.0) %
Percent change in economically disadvantaged and minority students			
scoring at unsatisfactory and basic levels of Kansas assessments:			
Reading	1.0 %	1.0 %	1.0 %
Math	(3.0) %	%	1.0 %

Student Support Services_

Operations. The Student Support Services Program assists local education agencies (LEAs) in providing educational programs and services to exceptional children in the least restrictive environment. A state plan for special education provides rules, regulations, and guidelines for local and state special education programs. Technical assistance in complying with the state plan is provided to local education agencies through consultation and on-site visitation. This program supervises all special education programs, both public and private. Each local education agency, state institution, and private special-purpose school is monitored for compliance with state and federal laws.

Strategies used by the program to achieve its objectives include developing procedures and providing training for future-oriented, family-centered, individualized educational program (IEP) planning that meets state standards. Those programs demonstrating exemplary identification, IEP, and instructional practices are identified and used as models for other schools. The program also collaborates with other state agencies to develop understanding agreements or memoranda of supporting interagency services. The program plays a role in statewide planning to prepare personnel who teach exceptional children.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to meet the educational needs of all students, including those with exceptionalities, through partnerships among schools, health and welfare agencies, parents, communities, and business. Objectives are to:

Improve the quality of instruction for exceptional students through practices proven effective by research and demonstration.

Provide leadership to school districts in restructuring and improving the delivery of services for all students.

Assure that students with exceptionalities benefit from their education and are prepared to lead productive, independent adult lives.

Include all students with exceptionalities in state assessments.

Hold high expectations for children with exceptionalities and ensure access to the general curriculum with the necessary supports.

Strengthen the role of parents and foster partnerships between parents and schools.

Statutory History. In 1975, Congress passed the Education for All Handicapped Children Act (PL 94-142), and the 1988 amendments to that act required the state to provide services to disabled children ages three to five years by 1991 to maintain eligibility for federal funds. Federal funds are available to the states under this act, but Congress has never appropriated funding consistent with its original intent to assume a greater portion of the responsibility for the excess costs of special education.

In 1990, additional amendments resulted in a name change to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). The IDEA Act was reauthorized and further amended in 1997. Some of the key new requirements include the following: states are to develop and pay for a mediation process available to LEAs and parents; the participation of children with disabilities in state and district wide assessments; reporting the progress of children with disabilities on state assessments to the public; and the development of alternative state and district wide assessments.

States are to have performance goals and indicators to assess the progress of children with disabilities; parents are to be involved in any decisions regarding eligibility, placement, or services; a revision of the IEP process was made to include more emphasis on the general education curriculum and involvement of the student, parents, and the general education teacher; and schools must address the issue of children with challenging discipline behaviors and the provision of a free appropriate public education, which is spelled out specifically.

Student Support Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,524,322	1,715,712	1,743,005		1,743,005
Contractual Services	1,302,030	1,401,603	1,421,078		1,421,078
Commodities	122,111	124,503	126,962		126,962
Capital Outlay	66,820				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,015,283	\$3,241,818	\$3,291,045	\$	\$3,291,045
Aid to Local Governments	311,774	250,000	250,000		250,000
Other Assistance		100,000	100,000		100,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$3,327,057	\$3,591,818	\$3,641,045	\$	\$3,641,045
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$3,327,057	\$3,591,818	\$3,641,045	\$	\$3,641,045
Non-expense Items	208,698				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$3,535,755	\$3,591,818	\$3,641,045	\$	\$3,641,045
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	546,358	414,367	420,235		420,235
Water Plan Fund	,	, ==			,
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	2,989,397	3,177,451	3,220,810		3,220,810
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$3,535,755	\$3,591,818	\$3,641,045	\$	\$3,641,045
Total Emporation to by Tuna	φο,σοο,	40,000 1,010	φο,ο 12,ο 10	4	40,012,010
FTE Positions	22.0	29.8	29.8		29.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	7.5	6.5	6.5		6.5
Total Positions	29.5	36.3	36.3		36.3

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Training opportunities for family members	45	55	55
Percent reduction in special education vacancies	15.0 %	15.0 %	7.0 %
Percent of disabled students who participate in state assessments	97.0 %	98.0 %	98.0 %

Consolidated & Supplemental Programs_

Operations. Consolidated and Supplemental Programs administers programs for school districts to support local reform initiatives, encourage local innovative programs, and ensure that the needs of specific populations of students are met. Leadership, technical support, application approval, program evaluation, professional development, and compliance review for school districts regarding at-risk students, homeless students, migrant students, and students with English as a second language are provided to the schools through this program.

The program promotes results-based staff development in accelerating student performance and assists in developing methods to assess student growth and accountability. Training of parents is supported through the Parent Education, Even Start, and Homeless Programs. Parents are encouraged to attend local and state inservice programs.

Additionally, the program supports comprehensive school and community-based programs designed to make schools safe and free of drugs, alcohol, and comprehensive violence and promotes health education programs. The Educate America Act Program also provides resources to develop reforms in helping all students reach challenging standards. This program also administers the Class Size Reduction Program, a federal initiative designed to reduce class size by providing support for school districts to hire additional teachers.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to provide coordinated resources and services to staff and

students, especially those at-risk. The program will pursue this goal through the following objectives:

Assist the districts implementing local improvement plans.

Enable schools to provide opportunities for students who are at-risk to acquire the knowledge and skills contained in challenging state content standards and to meet the challenging state performance standards developed for all students.

Provide support for innovative educational opportunities, i.e., local public charter schools and implementation of research-based models.

Increase and strengthen parental involvement in schools and programs.

Encourage partnerships of communities, schools, and institutions of higher education enhancing volunteerism, community service, and service learning.

Statutory History. Services provided by Consolidated and Supplemental Programs are authorized by the Kansas Legislature; the Improving America's Schools Act of 1994, Titles I (Parts A-D), II, IV, VI, and VII; the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act, PL 101-645; Goals 2000; the Educate America Act, PL 103-227; the Public Charter Schools Program; and the National and Community Service Trust Act of 1993.

Consolidated & Supplemental Programs

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,042,025	1,278,604	1,296,803		1,296,803
Contractual Services	998,438	1,424,364	1,370,238		1,370,238
Commodities	215,600	261,702	261,505		261,505
Capital Outlay	33,917				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,289,980	\$2,964,670	\$2,928,546	\$	\$2,928,546
Aid to Local Governments	1,713,473	999,985	961,485		961,485
Other Assistance		636,000	636,000		636,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$4,003,453	\$4,600,655	\$4,526,031	\$	\$4,526,031
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$4,003,453	\$4,600,655	\$4,526,031	\$	\$4,526,031
Non-expense Items	787,586				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$4,791,039	\$4,600,655	\$4,526,031	\$	\$4,526,031
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	221,663	199,577	201,767		201,767
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	4,569,376	4,401,078	4,324,264		4,324,264
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$4,791,039	\$4,600,655	\$4,526,031	\$	\$4,526,031
FTE Positions	9.0	19.0	19.0		19.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	12.5	8.4	8.4		8.4
Total Positions	21.5	27.4	27.4		27.4

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of English language learners scoring at satisfactory level or higher on Kansas assessments:			
Math	NA	34.0 %	36.0 %
Reading	NA	22.5 %	24.5 %
Number of families who receive training through Parents as Teachers programs	15,167	15,207	16,500
Percent of students, age 3 to 5 years, participating in preschool programs who demonstrate growth in readiness skills	86.0 %	86.0 %	86.0 %

Technical Education

Operations. The Technical Education Program approves all vocational education programs at the secondary level and all postsecondary programs funded with Carl Perkins federal vocational education funds. Under Carl Perkins legislation, this program supports innovative and demonstrative model programs that integrate academic, vocational, and technical standards. It also coordinates state level activities for vocational student organizations.

Goals and Objectives. There are two primary goals for this program. One is to maintain lifelong learning communities and encourage the development of public/private partnerships to foster community education. The objectives for this goal are to:

Develop postsecondary education programs to train a skilled, high wage workforce to help the state's technological industries excel.

Ensure that all training programs meet the standards in the competency-based system, as adopted by the Board.

Upgrade workplace skills to meet the needs of an ever changing global economy.

The second goal is to create substantial educational and economic opportunity for all students regardless of socio-economic background. The objective for this goal is to:

Restructure education for non-college bound students in 75 percent of the school districts by FY 2004.

Statutory History. Adult education programs were authorized in 1965, with governing statutes found in KSA 72-4517 through 72-4530. The state began participation in the federal Vocational Education Act in 1969 (KSA 72-4411 et seq.). Distribution of federal and state aid and the general supervision of vocational education courses and programs are provided by KSA 72-4415. 1999 SB 345 transferred the responsibility for supervising community colleges and area vocational-technical schools from the State Board of Education to the Kansas Board of Regents.

Technical Education

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Tietaai	Gov. Estimate	Buse Buager	Emane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	649,397	708,281	717,585		717,585
Contractual Services	453,348	595,377	421,177		421,177
Commodities	122,156	132,352	106,432		106,432
Capital Outlay	46,217				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,271,118	\$1,436,010	\$1,245,194	\$	\$1,245,194
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,271,118	\$1,436,010	\$1,245,194	\$	\$1,245,194
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,271,118	\$1,436,010	\$1,245,194	\$	\$1,245,194
Non-expense Items	56,609	· · ·			· · · · · ·
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,327,727	\$1,436,010	\$1,245,194	\$	\$1,245,194
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	552,246	544,001	549,952		549,952
Water Plan Fund		· 			
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	775,481	892,009	695,242		695,242
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,327,727	\$1,436,010	\$1,245,194	\$	\$1,245,194
FTE Positions	13.0	13.0	13.0		13.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	13.0	13.0	13.0		13.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of technical education programs operating	1,364	1,385	1,370
Number of technical education programs meeting standards	1,303	1,310	1,330

Financial Aid

Operations. The Financial Aid Program distributes state and federal funds to local education agencies. Most state aid is provided through the School District Finance and Quality Performance Act of 1992, which established a budget for each school district using a base amount per pupil of \$3,600. The approved per pupil aid for the 2002-2003 school year is \$3,890. In addition, weightings are allowed for low enrollment, correlation, at-risk plans, approved vocational education programs, bilingual education, school facilities, ancillary school facilities, and transporting students who live more than 2½ miles from their school.

State aid is determined by subtracting "local revenues" from the school district budget. Local revenues include the proceeds from a statewide property tax required by the state (currently 20 mills) and several smaller revenue sources. This program also provides for state aid for local bond and interest obligations. The employers' contribution to KPERS for school employees is funded through this program. Federal funds are distributed for child nutrition programs, vocational education, special education, Title I-Low Income, and other Elementary and Secondary Education programs.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to provide financial support that will assist local

education agencies in meeting the educational needs of students. Objectives are to:

Plan and collaborate with education communities, the State Board of Education, and legislators in developing financial support to meet educational needs.

Distribute federal and state aid to local education agencies.

Statutory History. Pertinent state statutes are as follows: School District Finance and Quality Performance Act in KSA 72-6439; community college credit-hour state aid in KSA 71-602; participation in federal school lunch programs in KSA 72-5112 et seq.; special education services aid in KSA 72-978; distributions from the State Safety Fund for driver training programs in KSA 8-267 and 8-272; in-service education aid in KSA 72-9601; parent education aid in KSA 72-3603; and educational excellence state grants in KSA 72-9901 et seq.

Federal aid is distributed according to the following federal laws: National School Lunch Act and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966; Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981 (PL 97-35); Individuals with Disabilities Education Act; and the Carl Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Act of 1984.

Financial Aid

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments	2,596,486,608	2,624,934,060	2,604,087,431	395,841,872	2,641,264,742
Other Assistance	30,148,221	30,147,240	30,187,240	1,820,000	30,152,240
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,626,634,829	\$2,655,081,300	\$2,634,274,671	\$397,661,872	\$2,671,416,982
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,626,634,829	\$2,655,081,300	\$2,634,274,671	\$397,661,872	\$2,671,416,982
Non-expense Items	1,958,769				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,628,593,598	\$2,655,081,300	\$2,634,274,671	\$397,661,872	\$2,671,416,982
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,324,273,786	2,322,882,300	2,298,379,671	397,661,872	2,335,521,982
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	7,774,382	8,525,000	8,525,000		8,525,000
Building Funds					
Other Funds	296,545,430	323,674,000	327,370,000		327,370,000
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,628,593,598	\$2,655,081,300	\$2,634,274,671	\$397,661,872	\$2,671,416,982
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Budget per pupil	\$3,870	\$3,863	\$3,863
Weighted FTE enrollment	577,363.3	577,948.8	577,352.6
Estimated school finance obligation	\$2,426,179,000	\$2,479,516,000	\$2,726,517,000
Usage of LOB authority by local districts	76.9 %	84.3 %	87.5 %
State aid LOB ratio	25.0 %	28.6 %	28.6 %
Students served by 4 year-old at-risk program	3,756	5,500	5,500

El Dorado Correctional Facility_

Mission. The mission of El Dorado Correctional Facility, as part of the criminal justice system, is to contribute to public safety by exercising reasonable, safe, secure, and humane control of offenders while actively encouraging and assisting them to become law-abiding citizens. This mission begins at the point of intake when the offender enters the system at the Reception and Diagnostic Unit (RDU).

Operations. The El Dorado Correctional Facility was constructed in response to a United States District Court consent decree to reduce inmate population levels at the existing correctional facilities. The facility began receiving inmates in June 1991. The El Dorado Correctional Facility is designed to provide secure and humane confinement for inmates while offering corrective treatment designed to enhance post-release adjustment in the community through behavioral and attitudinal changes.

The facility has a capacity of 1,358 minimum, medium, and maximum-security inmates. There are eight residential buildings located at the Central Unit. Two cellhouses house long-term special management inmates in administrative segregation. Three cellhouses house general population residents along with one 115-bed dormitory. Two cellhouses provide centralized reception and diagnostic services for 320 male offenders, including psychological testing, program need assessment, and initial classification.

Two minimum custody satellite units located at Toronto and El Dorado State Parks have been incorporated into the administrative structure of El Dorado Correctional Facility. The units will assist in the rehabilitation of inmates by providing 172 male minimum-security inmates with jobs at state parks, state governmental agencies, unified school districts, as well as non-profit organizations. Inmates also assist in facility maintenance.

The Administration Program provides for overall management and operation of the facility and includes financial management, planning, and personnel administration. The Security Program's primary function is to protect the public by minimizing escapes from the institution, minimizing acts of physical violence by inmates, and providing staff with a safe working environment. Correctional officers control the internal and external movement of inmates; monitor activities; supervise work details; and investigate incidents relating to the security, safety, and well-being of facility, inmates, and staff.

Classification and Programs maintains and manages all records regarding inmate work assignments, progress reviews, attitudinal and adjustment counseling, release planning, and other inmate management matters. The Support Services Program includes such activities as food service, laundry and supply, and facilities operations and physical plant maintenance. Medical and food services are also provided under a Department of Corrections contract with a private firm.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the facility is to provide for the secure and humane confinement of offenders and for public safety. The institution has established the following objectives:

Limit the number of inmate assaults on staff.

Limit the number of inmate escapes.

Statutory History. The general statutory citation for the Department of Corrections and the correctional institutions is Article 75, Chapter 52 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. Specific statutory citations include KSA 75-5202, which provides that the facility operate under the general supervision and management of the Secretary of Corrections.

El Dorado Correctional Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
T 15 1 D	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	1 407 007	1 5 4 5 7 0 1	1.560.015		1.544.000
Administration	1,487,987	1,545,791	1,560,915		1,544,990
Security Classification And Programs	11,223,373	11,183,578	11,821,196		11,542,750
Classification And Programs Reception And Diagnostic Unit	2,464,670 81,078	2,470,467 123,005	2,491,032 123,005		2,466,617 123,005
Support Services	3,362,014	3,140,400	3,228,426		3,213,500
El Dorado Correctional Work Facility	986,012	1,065,291	1,068,869		1,068,869
Toronto Correctional Work Facility	829,481	863,558	866,000		866,000
Capital Improvements	66,994	15,157			
Total Expenditures	\$20,501,609	\$20,407,247	\$21,159,443	\$	\$20,825,731
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	17,133,373	17,170,193	17,878,392		17,544,680
Contractual Services	2,013,879	2,093,608	2,141,512		2,141,512
Commodities	1,122,687	1,121,039	1,139,539		1,139,539
Capital Outlay	163,726	7,250			
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$20,433,665	\$20,392,090	\$21,159,443	\$	\$20,825,731
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	950				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$20,434,615	\$20,392,090	\$21,159,443	\$	\$20,825,731
Capital Improvements	66,994	15,157			
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$20,501,609	\$20,407,247	\$21,159,443	\$	\$20,825,731
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$20,501,609	\$20,407,247	\$21,159,443	\$	\$20,825,731
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	20,351,805	20,168,433	21,026,632		20,692,920
Water Plan Fund			,,		,
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	66,994	15,157			
Other Funds	82.810	223,657	132,811		132,811
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$20,501,609	\$20,407,247	\$21,159,443	\$	\$20,825,731
Total Expenditures by Fund	φ20,301,007	\$20,407,247	\$ 21,13 7, 11 3	φ	\$20,023,731
FTE Positions	466.5	466.5	466.5		466.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent			1.0		
Total Positions	466.5	466.5	467.5		466.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of escapes			
Number of assaults on staff	68	40	29

Ellsworth Correctional Facility

Mission. The mission of Ellsworth Correctional Facility, as part of the criminal justice system, is to contribute to public safety by exercising reasonable, safe, secure, and humane control of offenders while actively encouraging and assisting them to become lawabiding citizens.

Operations. Ellsworth Correctional Facility was designed as a medium/minimum security institution and currently has the capacity to house 832 male inmates. Initial construction was completed in FY 1991.

A new 200-bed medium security housing unit was opened in June 2002. This housing unit was part of the expansion project approved by the 2000 Legislature.

The 2000 Legislature approved a 200-medium security expansion project at the Ellsworth Correctional Facility. Ninety percent of this project will be funded through the Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-in-Sentencing Incentive Grant Program (Federal Crime Bill monies), and the state will provide the 10.0 percent match from State General Fund dollars. This project is expected to be completed by April 2002.

Inmates housed at the facility are separated from society by the judicial system as punishment for their criminal behavior. The mission is not to add to the punishment, but to provide a safe environment that will facilitate constructive changes. This mission is accomplished through the inmates' involvement in specialized treatment and work programs.

Facility operations are organized under five major programs, including Administration, Security, Classification and Programs, Support Services, and Capital Improvements. The Administration Program provides for overall management and operations of the facility under the direction of the Warden. The Security Program provides for security, custody, and control and surveillance as well as crisis counseling.

Classification and Programs includes the classification and management of inmate files. The program also includes activities associated with providing recreational and religious programming for the inmate population. As with other facilities under the management of the Secretary of Corrections, education, mental and medical health services, and food services are provided through contracts with private vendors. These contracts are coordinated and funded through the Department of Corrections. The Support Services Program includes mechanical services as well as laundry and supply operations. The Capital Improvements Program reflects capital projects that have been appropriated individually for the institution and those rehabilitation and repair projects approved by the Secretary of Corrections.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the facility is to provide for the secure and humane confinement of offenders while maintaining public safety. The objectives associated with this goal are to:

Prevent inmate assaults on staff and other inmates.

Prevent inmate escapes.

Statutory History. The general statutory citation for the Department of Corrections is Article 75, Chapter 52 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*.

Ellsworth Correctional Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program			_	_	
Administration	1,129,120	1,040,491	1,051,082		1,041,058
Security	4,993,654	5,821,622	5,943,434		5,854,030
Classification & Programs	1,292,633	1,548,973	1,569,761		1,555,565
Support Services	1,792,599	1,880,271	2,094,175		2,086,182
Capital Improvements	770,087	153,000			
Total Expenditures	\$9,978,093	\$10,444,357	\$10,658,452	\$	\$10,536,835
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	7,562,303	8,755,455	8,953,992		8,832,375
Contractual Services	810,644	993,873	1,016,965		1,016,965
Commodities	606,048	527,956	662,495		662,495
Capital Outlay	228,919	14,073	25,000		25,000
Debt Service			25,000		25,000
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$9,207,914	\$10,291,357	\$10,658,452	\$	\$10,536,835
Aid to Local Governments				·	
Other Assistance	92				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$9,208,006	\$10,291,357	\$10,658,452	\$	\$10,536,835
Capital Improvements	770,087	153,000			
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$9,978,093	\$10,444,357	\$10,658,452	\$	\$10,536,835
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$9,978,093	\$10,444,357	\$10,658,452	\$	\$10,536,835
English distance has English					
Expenditures by Fund State General Fund	0.226.779	10.259.641	10 (21 901		10.500.274
	9,236,778	10,258,641	10,621,891		10,500,274
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	741,315	185,716	36,561		36,561
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$9,978,093	\$10,444,357	\$10,658,452	\$	\$10,536,835
FTE Positions	223.0	223.0	223.0		223.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	224.0	224.0	224.0		224.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of escapes	1		
Number of inmate batteries on staff			
	2	4	6

Emergency Medical Services Board

Mission. The mission of Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Board is to ensure that optimal out-of-hospital care is available throughout Kansas by promoting the need for, and access to, personnel, equipment, agency, and system resources to support quality care in each community as well as on a regional and statewide basis. Care is also provided by integrating the entire spectrum of emergency medical services into the broader health care system so as to reduce duplication of services and support the survival, maintenance, and improvement of care across Kansas. The Board strives to improve the health of the citizens of Kansas and ensure that emergency medical services efficiently contribute to its mission.

Operations. The Emergency Medical Services program consists of five primary areas: (1) regulating ambulance services, vehicles, training programs, instructors, training officers, and attendants; (2) developing a state plan for emergency medical services and trauma systems; (3) providing technical assistance to governing bodies, ambulance services, and training programs; (4) managing the EMS for Children project; and (5) providing staff support for the emergency medical services board.

Goals and Objectives. The agency has established the following goals:

Create a clear identity for the Kansas EMS Board that is consistent and supportive of the integration of Emergency Medical Services into a public health model at local, regional, and state levels.

Create maximum flexibility in statutes and regulations to support the variations that are necessary to provide the highest attainable and appropriate levels of emergency medical care for the citizens of Kansas.

Regulate emergency medical services consistently, promptly, and fairly.

Ensure that EMS providers and attendants are well equipped and professionally trained.

Support continual improvement in the Kansas emergency medical services system.

Statutory History. The Board carries out its mission as provided in KSA 65-6101 et seq.

Emergency Medical Services Board

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	640,236	646,673	611,995		656,307
Contractual Services	255,168	245,829	158,909	10,000	205,597
Commodities	34,775	34,570	10,570		29,570
Capital Outlay	13,205				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					(51,269)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$943,384	\$927,072	\$781,474	\$10,000	\$840,205
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	80,101	82,000	77,500		77,500
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,023,485	\$1,009,072	\$858,974	\$10,000	\$917,705
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,023,485	\$1,009,072	\$858,974	\$10,000	\$917,705
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,023,485	\$1,009,072	\$858,974	\$10,000	\$917,705
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	841,489				
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	181,996	1,009,072	858,974	10,000	917,705
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,023,485	\$1,009,072	\$858,974	\$10,000	\$917,705
FTE Positions	13.0	13.0	13.0		13.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.0	1.0			1.0
Total Positions	15.0	14.0	13.0		14.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of service inspections completed	56.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Percent of times on-site technical assistance is provided with inspection	100.0 %	100.0 %	68.0 %
Number of ambulance attendants recertified	3,523	4,800	3,650
Number of Instructor/Coordinators recertified	170	180	180
Number of Training Officers approved	376	400	400
Number of initial education courses approved	155	100	160
Number of investigations	124	100	100
Percent of class visits conducted	15.0 %	19.0 %	21.0 %

Emporia State University_

Mission. The mission of the University as a regional university is primarily to serve residents of Kansas by providing leadership in quality instruction, related scholarships, and service. A student-centered institution, its central role is to develop lifelong learning skills, impart society's cultural heritage, and educate and prepare students for both the professions and advanced study. Faculty, staff, and students interact in a collegial atmosphere that fosters freedom of inquiry and expression.

Operations. Emporia State University was founded in 1863 as the Kansas Normal School. Following three name changes, the institution received its present name by act of the 1977 Legislature. The University provides undergraduate educational opportunities designed to meet the broad goals of basic skill development and general education, as well as the more specific goals of a variety of programs in arts and sciences, business, education, and library and information management. Graduate programs serve needs and provide leadership within the region, the state, and the Great Plains area. The University offers

programs of national distinction in education, and library and information management, as well as a Ph.D. in library and information management.

Goals and Objectives. The University has established the following goals:

Recruit and retain high quality students.

Encourage productivity, achievement, and creativity throughout the University.

Provide equipment and technical support for faculty, staff, and students.

Provide a state-of-the-art learning environment in its classrooms, libraries, laboratories, and facilities.

Statutory History. Emporia State University was established in 1863 by KSA 76-601 et seq. The act was repealed in 1970, and the institution is now operated as one of the institutions under the Board of Regents, as provided for in KSA 76-711 et seq.

Emporia State University

FY 2002 FY 2003 FY 2004 FY 2004 FY 2004 Actual Gov. Estimate Base Budget Enhanc. Pkg. Gov. R Expenditures by Program	
Expenditures by Program	ccc.
Institutional Support 3,804,096 4,065,976 4,118,817 4,118,8	317
Instruction 23,038,878 22,796,114 23,898,547 22,724,3	394
Academic Support 7,011,894 6,418,820 6,485,542 6,485,5	
Student Services 6,650,954 6,870,760 6,939,943 6,939,9	
Research 461,716 267,755 267,859 267,8	
Public Service 2,511,952 2,608,775 2,631,322 2,631,3	
Student Aid 5,868,827 6,212,654 6,205,478 6,205,4	
Auxiliary Enterprises 4,698,207 4,464,775 4,511,388 4,511,3	
Physical Plant 5,906,196 6,341,825 6,026,673 6,026,6	
Debt Service & Capital Improvements 3,442,397 2,162,975 882,012 348,318 882,0 Total Expenditures \$63,395,117 \$62,210,429 \$61,967,581 \$348,318 \$60,793,4	
10tal Expenditures \$005,575,117 \$02,210,427 \$01,707,301 \$340,310 \$000,775,4	120
Expenditures by Object	
Salaries and Wages 40,924,856 41,114,593 41,771,125 41,771,1	25
Contractual Services 6,402,447 6,839,130 6,621,456 6,621,4	156
Commodities 2,045,807 2,462,994 2,265,962 2,265,9	
Capital Outlay 1,434,727 1,951,632 1,563,019 1,563,0)19
Debt Service 222,810 201,863 188,671 188,6	
Operating Adjustments (1,190,797) (1,174,15	
Subtotal: State Operations \$51,030,647 \$51,379,415 \$52,410,233 \$ \$51,236,0	
Aid to Local Governments 131,602 131,602 131,6	
Other Assistance 4,929,216 5,121,244 5,114,378 5,114,3	
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures \$56,091,465 \$56,632,261 \$57,656,213 \$ \$56,482,0	
Capital Improvements 3,898,712 1,973,927 706,156 348,318 706,1	
Total Reportable Expenditures \$59,990,177 \$58,606,188 \$58,362,369 \$348,318 \$57,188,2	
Non-expense Items 3,404,940 3,604,241 3,605,212 3,605,2	
Total Expenditures by Object \$63,395,117 \$62,210,429 \$61,967,581 \$348,318 \$60,793,4	
Expenditures by Fund	
State General Fund 30,490,809 29,231,556 30,405,709 348,318 29,231,5	56
Water Plan Fund	
EDIF	
Children's Initiatives Fund	
Building Funds 535,679 1,162,583	
Other Funds 32,368,629 31,816,290 31,561,872 31,561,8	
Total Expenditures by Fund \$63,395,117 \$62,210,429 \$61,967,581 \$348,318 \$60,793,4	128
FTE Positions 742.3 742.3 742	2.3
	2.8
	5.1
FY 2002 FY 2003 FY 200	
Performance Measures Actual Estimate Estimate	
New grant funding (in millions) \$2.7 \$2.6 \$2	2.8
Number of degrees conferred 1,054 1,055 1,07	70
Student to faculty ratio 19:1 18:1 18	3:1

Kansas State Fair

Mission. The mission of the Kansas State Fair is to promote and showcase Kansas agriculture, industry, and culture; create opportunities for commercial activity; and provide an educational and entertaining experience that is the pride of all Kansans.

Operations. The Legislature designated the Central Kansas State Fair in Hutchinson as the official Kansas State Fair in 1913. The Kansas State Fair Board organizes and operates the annual Fair. The Board consists of 13 members, nine of whom are appointed by the Governor. The Fair attracts over 400,000 people annually. An additional 200,000 people attend non-fair activities.

The Fair has three programs. The Operations Program includes administration and coordination of all activities held on the grounds. Operating costs are primarily financed from fees generated from fair and non-fair events. Non-fair events are promoted to provide additional revenue and expand use of the facilities. The Maintenance and Capital Improvements Programs are designed to finance the care of the fairgrounds, which encompasses 280 Approximately 20 acres of the total 280 are under roof. State General Fund financing is appropriated on a match basis to a maximum of \$300,000 annually. Other appropriations are made for specific projects.

During FY 2001, the Board began implementing a sixyear capital plan to rejuvenate the infrastructure of the fairgrounds completely. The Board, the City of Hutchinson, and the state formed a partnership to finance the plan. Phase I was completed in FY 2002 with project completion expected in FY 2006. Goals and Objectives. The Fair has three major goals. One goal of the agency is to invite and motivate Kansans to attend, view, and participate in their fair. Another goal is to provide an environment for Kansas commerce through these objectives:

Expand and enhance existing trade show and exhibit space.

Work closely with livestock associations and other agriculture commodity groups to maximize their promotional and marketing opportunities.

The final goal of the agency is to provide a comfortable, accessible facility for all visitors through these objectives:

Initiate more landscaping to enhance the beauty of the fairgrounds and the comfort of visitors.

Make optimal use of signage to welcome and thank guests, as well as to facilitate their stay on the grounds with adequate directional and informational signage.

Bring the facilities into compliance with ADA, EPA, and fire safety codes.

Statutory History. The 1913 Legislature established a State Fair to be held annually in Hutchinson (KSA 2-201) and delegated responsibility for the Fair to the State Fair Board (KSA 2-202 through 2-223, 74-520, 74-521, 74-524).

_Kansas State Fair

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
T	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	2 404 622	2.744.000	2010 710	202 7 12	2 022 461
Operations	2,484,622	2,744,908	2,818,718	203,743	2,822,461
Maintenance & Physical Plant	933,681	1,153,422	1,184,442		1,184,442
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	23,973,228	730,075	1,339,603	6,000 \$209,743	1,339,603
Total Expenditures	\$27,391,531	\$4,628,405	\$5,342,763	\$209,743	\$5,346,506
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,344,358	1,381,336	1,402,191	3,743	1,405,934
Contractual Services	1,743,661	2,023,180	2,085,409	200,000	2,085,409
Commodities	202,083	280,383	293,337		293,337
Capital Outlay	36,112	100,000	100,000		100,000
Debt Service		559,575	608,103		608,103
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,326,214	\$4,344,474	\$4,489,040	\$203,743	\$4,492,783
Aid to Local Governments	·		· · ·	, 	
Other Assistance	300	291	291		291
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$3,326,514	\$4,344,765	\$4,489,331	\$203,743	\$4,493,074
Capital Improvements	1,131,753	170,500	731,500	6,000	731,500
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$4,458,267	\$4,515,265	\$5,220,831	\$209,743	\$5,224,574
Non-expense Items	22,933,264	113,140	121,932		121,932
Total Expenditures by Object	\$27,391,531	\$4,628,405	\$5,342,763	\$209,743	\$5,346,506
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	132,540		538,103	6,000	538,103
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF				200,000	
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	27,258,991	4,628,405	4,804,660	3,743	4,808,403
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$27,391,531	\$4,628,405	\$5,342,763	\$209,743	\$5,346,506
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FTE Positions	22.0	23.0	22.0	1.0	23.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	23.0	24.0	23.0	1.0	24.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Grandstand attendance	23,529	26,461	43,750
Fair week attendance (officially audited)	281,084	338,693	350,000
Non-fair activities: Number of events Number of event days	244	275	275
	397	450	475

State Fire Marshal

Mission. The State Fire Marshal's Office protects the lives and property of Kansas citizens from fire and explosion by fostering a fire safe environment through inspection, enforcement, regulation, investigation, data collection, and public education.

Operations. The Administration Program analyzes fire-related information to correct fire hazards by improving techniques used in inspections, arson detection, training, and public education. This program acts as liaison to the fire service industry, insurance companies, and law enforcement agencies.

The Fire Prevention Program conducts fire and life safety inspections, issuing appropriate enforcement actions to ensure correction of fire safety problems. Inspections of Medicare and Medicaid health care facilities are conducted under a cost share contract with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services through the Kansas Department of Health and Environment. This program is also responsible for certification or registration of those providing fire extinguisher servicing, storing, blasting, and using high explosives.

The Fire Investigation Program conducts fire origin determination investigations to assist fire, police, and sheriff's departments as requested. If an arson fire, the investigator conducts follow-up investigations to convict the perpetrator. Investigators also perform polygraph exams, train criminal justice, and fire department personnel.

The Hazmat (Hazardous Materials) Response Program coordinates the location and distribution of existing trained Hazmat emergency responders. The program uses mutual aid agreements among fire departments and localities needing emergency assistance. The 1999 Legislature authorized the State Fire Marshal's Office to implement a statewide hazardous materials assessment.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the agency is to provide quality services to the fire community and the general public through this objective:

Provide support, quality resources, research and fire data feedback, and education and training information.

Another goal is to ensure that a competent investigation is conducted into the origin of all fires in the state through the following objectives:

Provide effective and timely on-scene fire origin determination and conduct follow-up investigation of fires determined to be arson.

Provide education and training to staff, fire service and law enforcement organizations, and other public agencies.

Finally, the agency ensures the highest possible level of fire and life safety through these objectives:

Provide timely annual inspection services of priority facilities and issue a timely and appropriate enforcement response to ensure quick compliance with applicable laws.

Provide timely and effective licensing services of businesses conducting hazardous operations or providing fire protection services.

Statutory History. KSA 75-1501 et seq. establish the Office, require the Fire Marshal to maintain a fire information system, and set limits on the fire insurance premium levy. KSA 31-133 et seq. authorize the Fire Marshal to adopt fire safety regulations, implementation of a Hazardous Materials assessment and response capability, as well as investigation and inspection duties. KSA 40-2,110 requires insurance companies to report fires to the State Fire Marshal.

_State Fire Marshal

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	2,210,490	2,367,456	2,384,650	1,215,148	2,384,650
Contractual Services	708,457	681,119	705,488	334,601	705,488
Commodities	230,561	156,139	169,812	60,037	169,812
Capital Outlay	61,132	138,758	157,002	143,700	157,002
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					(179,475)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,210,640	\$3,343,472	\$3,416,952	\$1,753,486	\$3,237,477
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	44,320	310,350	275,000		275,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$3,254,960	\$3,653,822	\$3,691,952	\$1,753,486	\$3,512,477
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$3,254,960	\$3,653,822	\$3,691,952	\$1,753,486	\$3,512,477
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$3,254,960	\$3,653,822	\$3,691,952	\$1,753,486	\$3,512,477
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	3,254,960	3,653,822	3,691,952	1,753,486	3,512,477
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$3,254,960	\$3,653,822	\$3,691,952	\$1,753,486	\$3,512,477
FTE Positions	46.0	46.0	46.0	30.0	46.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	47.0	47.0	47.0	30.0	47.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of fires reported	1,596	1,446	1,340
Number of requests for investigation	414	447	485
Number of persons convicted	21	45	53
Percent of fire departments using the Firefighter I training and certification program	46.0 %	49.0 %	52.0 %

Fort Hays State University_

Mission. Fort Hays State University, a regional university principally serving Western Kansas, is providing instruction dedicated within computerized environment in the arts and sciences, business, education, the health and life sciences, and agriculture. The University's primary emphasis is undergraduate liberal education, which includes the humanities, the fine arts, the social and behavioral sciences, and the natural and physical sciences. These disciplines serve as the foundation of all programs. Graduates have a solid base for entry into graduate school, for employment requiring analytical and communication skills, and for coping with the global complexities of the 21st century.

Operations. Fort Hays State University is located near the City of Hays on land which was once the Fort Hays Military Reservation. The main campus is located on approximately 200 acres, with the balance used largely for agricultural purposes and student vocational projects.

The programs of the University include curricula leading to liberal arts degrees at both the bachelor's and master's levels. Professional curricula are offered through preparatory courses in engineering, dentistry, forestry, law, medical technology, medicine, pharmacy, and theology. Applied arts degrees are offered in agriculture, business, elementary education, home economics, industrial arts, physical education, and nursing. The University also offers extension services, which include off-campus classes, the High Plains Music Camp, public service workshops, and conferences.

Goals and Objectives. The agency will strive to become a unique and eminent regional university by computerizing the campus environment. To accomplish this goal, the University will:

Develop unique service and administrative systems and expand the use of technology in the learning environment.

Introduce students to the electronic nature of the University and develop computer literacy in all students.

A major goal of Fort Hays State University is continuous improvement of excellence in programs and teaching. To meet this goal, the University will:

Provide an opportunity for each academic unit to improve its quality and opportunity for distinction within the academic community.

Enter into partnerships with the private and public sectors which support distinctive and exemplary programs.

Fort Hays State University will be a regional center of learning through outreach to Western Kansas and will assume an active role in the economic development of the region and state. To reach this, the University will:

Expand involvement with Western Kansas Educational Compact institutions and explore collaborative degree programs with these institutions.

Promote growth and communication in Western Kansas through establishing fiber optic linkages.

Statutory History. In March 1900, Congress passed legislation granting Kansas the abandoned Fort Hays Military Reservation to establish a western branch of the State Normal School. The grant was accepted by the 1901 Kansas Legislature. It became a separate institution in 1915 called the Fort Hays Normal School. Since that time it has gone through several name changes. The last one occurred when the 1977 Legislature changed the name to Fort Hays State University (KSA 76-737). This also changed the institution from a college to a university. The University is under the control of the State Board of Regents (KSA 76-711 et seq.).

Fort Hays State University

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	2 525 255	2 7 11 101	2 7 10 502		2 7 10 502
Institutional Support	3,527,377	3,541,481	3,540,683		3,540,683
Instruction	23,407,680	23,850,801	24,682,414		23,460,541
Academic Support	9,317,667	9,203,043	9,283,453		9,283,453
Student Services	3,911,100	3,747,458	3,786,980		3,786,980
Research Public Service	62,414 3,059,019	47,376 2,663,046	47,382 2,681,232		47,382 2,681,232
Student Aid	6,945,268	8,018,238	8,018,238		8,018,238
Auxiliary Enterprises	4,920,470	4,999,656	4,963,204		4,963,204
Physical Plant	5,815,557	6,001,901	6,076,619		6,076,619
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	2,378,570	1,975,553	730,471	239,850	730,471
Total Expenditures	\$63,345,122	\$64,048,553	\$63,810,676	\$239,850	\$62,588,803
Expenditures by Object	20 550 000	20.050.004	20.540.245		20 540 245
Salaries and Wages	38,779,889	38,968,884	39,549,317		39,549,317
Contractual Services	9,869,205	10,455,223	9,720,619		9,720,619
Commodities	2,379,710	2,579,460	2,579,460		2,579,460
Capital Outlay	2,504,709	2,888,214	2,819,719		2,819,719
Debt Service	138,777	127,520	115,470		115,470
Operating Adjustments		(1,229,871)			(1,221,873)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$53,672,290	\$53,789,430	\$54,784,585	\$	\$53,562,712
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	5,263,263	5,762,373	5,762,373		5,762,373
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$58,935,553	\$59,551,803	\$60,546,958	\$	\$59,325,085
Capital Improvements	2,262,464	1,743,032	510,000	239,850	510,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$61,198,017	\$61,294,835	\$61,056,958	\$239,850	\$59,835,085
Non-expense Items	2,147,105	2,753,718	2,753,718		2,753,718
Total Expenditures by Object	\$63,345,122	\$64,048,553	\$63,810,676	\$239,850	\$62,588,803
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	31,846,557	30,179,531	31,401,404	239,850	30,179,531
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	656,213	938,032			
Other Funds	30,842,352	32,930,990	32,409,272		32,409,272
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$63,345,122	\$64,048,553	\$63,810,676	\$239,850	\$62,588,803
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FTE Positions	705.6	705.6	705.6		705.6
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	18.0	18.0	18.0		18.0
Total Positions	723.6	723.6	723.6		723.6
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of degrees conferred			922	850	850
Percent of undergraduate credit hours taught by full-time faculty		91.0 %	90.5 %	90.3 %	

Office of the Governor

Mission. The mission of the Office of the Governor is to serve the people of Kansas by carrying out the executive functions of the state as authorized by the *Kansas Constitution*. In doing so, the Office provides honest, appropriate, effective, efficient, and equitable executive leadership.

Operations. The Governor is the Chief Executive Officer of the State of Kansas, elected with the Lieutenant Governor by the people to a four-year term. The constitution vests the Governor with the authority to sign or veto acts of the Legislature, convene the Legislature in special session, present a special message to the Legislature on the condition of the state, submit an annual state budget to the Legislature, and, under statutory restriction, grant pardons to those convicted of criminal acts. Over the years, legislative enactments have authorized gubernatorial appointment of the members of various boards, commissions, and authorities as well as the executive heads of specific state agencies and departments. The Governor serves as chair of the State Finance Council and is the Commander-in-Chief of the Kansas National Guard. The Office of the Governor provides effective leadership and management to state government.

The Office of the Governor consists of three programs. The Administration Program provides staff and technical assistance to the Governor in administering the executive branch. The program staff provides research and assistance to the Governor to ensure that all laws are faithfully executed. It has the responsibility to see that appointments made by the Governor to various boards, commissions, authorities, and agency executive positions are expeditiously. Constituents have direct access to the Governor's Office through a toll-free number, correspondence, and meetings arranged by constituent A member of the Governor's staff services. Kansas Workforce Investment coordinates the Partnership Council, an advisory body concerned with strategic planning to address all workforce issues.

The Federal Grants Program provides efficient and effective statewide coordination of local crime victims

and witness assistance programs. The program is also responsible for the administration of grants that fund programs for victim services and crime prevention, including the Violence against Women Grant Program, the Drug Free Schools and Communities Program, the federal portion of the Child Exchange and Visitation Centers Programs, the Victims of Crime Act Program, the Family Violence Prevention and Services Program, and the Byrne Memorial Grant Program.

The Governor's Residence Program encompasses expenditures for Cedar Crest, the Governor's official residence. A three-story structure surrounded by 244 acres, it is located on a bluff overlooking the Kansas River in west Topeka. The residence provides living and official entertainment facilities for the Governor and the Governor's family.

Goals and Objectives. One goal is to carry out the executive functions of the state entrusted to the Office of the Governor in an honest, efficient, and equitable manner through the following objectives:

Provide leadership and direction to the executive branch of government.

Be accessible to the people of Kansas.

Statutory History. Article 1 of the *Kansas Constitution* provides that the supreme executive power of the state is vested in a Governor, who must see that the laws are faithfully executed. General powers in addition to those granted by the constitution can be found in Chapter 75 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. Other appointive and supervisory powers and duties of the Governor are authorized by various state statutes.

Current statutory authority concerning the Governor's residence and the Governor's Residence Advisory Commission can be found in KSA 75-128 et seq. The statutory authority for the Victim Rights Unit can be found in KSA 74-7337 and KSA 74-7334. The statutory authority for the Child Death Review Board can be found in KSA 22a-243.

Office of the Governor

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administration	1,377,284	1,649,650	1,470,272		1,383,434
Federal Grants Program		3,830,548			13,239,923
Wichita Office	71,436	24,843			
Gubernatorial Transition		150,000			
Governor's Residence	232,688	215,984	215,597		215,597
Total Expenditures	\$1,681,408	\$5,871,025	\$1,685,869	\$	\$14,838,954
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,306,862	1,446,547	1,361,888		1,581,054
Contractual Services	312,084	513,041	295,818		332,193
Commodities	26,844	34,329	28,163		31,288
Capital Outlay	4,333	248,665	·		1,000
Debt Service	,	, 			,
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,650,123	\$2,242,582	\$1,685,869	\$	\$1,945,535
Aid to Local Governments		3,628,443			10,795,469
Other Assistance		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			· · · · ·
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,650,123	\$5,871,025	\$1,685,869	\$	\$12,741,004
Capital Improvements		· / /			
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,650,123	\$5,871,025	\$1,685,869	\$	\$12,741,004
Non-expense Items	31,285			· 	2,097,950
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,681,408	\$5,871,025	\$1,685,869	\$	\$14,838,954
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,650,123	2,040,477	1,685,869		1,599,031
Water Plan Fund	1,030,123	2,010,177	1,005,007		1,377,031
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	31,285	3,830,548			13,239,923
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,681,408	\$5,871,025	\$1,685,869	\$ 	\$14,838,954
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,001,400	\$5,6/1,025	\$1,005,009	Φ	\$14,030,934
FTE Positions	29.0	32.0	28.0		34.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	29.0	32.0	28.0		34.0

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this agency.

Kansas Guardianship Program

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Guardianship Program (KGP) is to recruit and train volunteers to serve as court-appointed guardians and conservators for disabled adults who are found by courts to need the protection of guardianship and conservatorship.

Operations. The agency is a non-profit corporation governed by a seven-member board. Six members of the board are appointed by the Governor and one by the Chief Justice of the State Supreme Court. One of the gubernatorially-appointed members is a volunteer in the Kansas Guardianship Program. The board hires an executive director to oversee operation of the corporation. The Kansas Guardianship Program is a quasi-state agency financed by the State General Fund.

When a guardian or voluntary conservator is appointed by the court, the KGP contracts with that person to provide protection to the ward or voluntary conservatee. The KGP requires monthly reports of activities undertaken on behalf of the ward or voluntary conservatee by the guardians and conservators. Finally, the KGP provides ongoing training and support to guardians and conservators to enhance the services provided to persons with disabilities.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to provide qualified, caring, willing, and trained persons to serve as court-appointed guardians and conservators for those eligible disabled persons who elect to have a voluntary conservator and who do not have family members to assume such responsibilities. These objectives will assist in accomplishing this goal:

Recruit and train volunteers to serve newly-adjudicated disabled persons.

Recruit and train volunteers to serve as successor guardians and conservators for those whose current guardian is no longer willing or able to serve.

Review and monitor monthly written reports from each guardian or conservator regarding the status of, and services provided to, the wards or conservators.

Provide a small monthly stipend to offset outof-pocket expenses for the volunteers serving as guardians and conservators.

Statutory History. The Kansas Guardianship Program was created in 1979 and was administered by Kansas Advocacy and Protective Services, which is a private, non-profit corporation that provides protection and advocacy services for people with disabilities according to the federal Developmental Disabilities Act, the Protection and Advocacy for Persons with Mental Illness Act, and the Protection and Advocacy for Individual Rights Act. This program was originally budgeted as part of the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services, which also provided some administrative support.

In 1994, federal reviewers from the Administration of Developmental Disabilities and the Center for Mental Health Services surveyed the Department's protection and advocacy programs and found that there was a conflict of interest between the advocacy and protection function and the role as a recruiter and trainer of guardians. As a result, the 1995 Legislature created the Kansas Guardianship Program as a new state agency. KSA 74-9601 et seq. and KSA 78-101 are the authorizing statutes for this agency.

Kansas Guardianship Program

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	539,288	513,959	548,703	71,864	519,834
Contractual Services	518,051	469,552	490,646	12,000	465,672
Commodities	18,966	14,786	15,000	500	15,000
Capital Outlay	30,603			6,000	
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,106,908	\$998,297	\$1,054,349	\$90,364	\$1,000,506
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,106,908	\$998,297	\$1,054,349	\$90,364	\$1,000,506
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,106,908	\$998,297	\$1,054,349	\$90,364	\$1,000,506
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,106,908	\$998,297	\$1,054,349	\$90,364	\$1,000,506
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,106,908	998,297	1,054,349	90,364	1,000,506
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,106,908	\$998,297	\$1,054,349	\$90,364	\$1,000,506
FTE Positions	13.0	12.0	13.0	2.0	12.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	13.0	12.0	13.0	2.0	12.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of wards and conservatees served	1,647	1,647	1,428
Number of volunteers	816	822	792

Department of Health & Environment

Mission. The mission of the Department of Health and Environment is to protect and promote the health of Kansans by providing community and personal health services, ensuring adequate sanitary conditions in public facilities and health facilities, and regulating and promoting environmental quality.

Operations. The Department of Health and Environment is a cabinet-level agency administered by a Secretary appointed by the Governor. The Division of Health administers a variety of public health services and regulatory programs, including services for children with special health care needs, health promotion, family and community health services, and inspection of food and lodging facilities, hospitals,

response to a bioterrorism event, and child care facilities. The Division of Environment administers several state and federal environmental laws that regulate water and air quality, control waste management services, remediate environmental hazards, and monitor and license radioactive materials. Agency-wide support services are provided both by the Health and Environmental Laboratory as well as the Center for Health and Environmental Statistics.

Statutory History. The Kansas Department of Health and Environment was created by Executive Reorganization Order No. 3 in 1974. Its primary statutory responsibilities are contained in Chapter 65 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*.

Department of Health & Environment

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administration	8,078,427	9,543,485	10,042,138		9,714,047
Center of H & E Statistics	3,932,881	4,269,726	3,818,508		3,818,508
Division of Health	106,731,399	113,658,713	101,008,717	18,099,704	93,858,400
Division of Environment	84,861,344	56,903,308	54,606,154	695,000	54,411,833
Health And Environment Laboratories	5,682,732	5,281,155	5,179,714		5,179,714
Total Expenditures	\$209,286,783	\$189,656,387	\$174,655,231	\$18,794,704	\$166,982,502
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	45,906,803	48,876,692	48,834,039	735,181	42,559,427
Contractual Services	50,825,954	59,276,812	53,199,818	7,643,652	51,572,297
Commodities	7,467,784	4,304,607	3,914,827	1,555,607	3,788,952
Capital Outlay	1,977,182	3,813,142	2,476,977	42,500	2,415,355
Debt Service	21,360,219	304,793	235,801		235,801
Operating Adjustments	, , , , <u></u>	, 	, 		,
Subtotal: State Operations	\$127,537,942	\$116,576,046	\$108,661,462	\$9,976,940	\$100,571,832
Aid to Local Governments	46,310,950	40,658,814	34,691,543	669,764	35,308,233
Other Assistance	33,211,832	31,937,248	30,500,000	8,148,000	30,500,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$207,060,724	\$189,172,108	\$173,853,005	\$18,794,704	\$166,380,065
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$207,060,724	\$189,172,108	\$173,853,005	\$18,794,704	\$166,380,065
Non-expense Items	2,226,059	484,279	802,226		602,437
Total Expenditures by Object	\$209,286,783	\$189,656,387	\$174,655,231	\$18,794,704	\$166,982,502
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	32,243,305	26,966,863	30,158,350	7,410,332	26,225,281
Water Plan Fund	4,046,703	3,634,412	3,624,001	395,000	3,424,833
EDIF	4,040,703	3,034,412	3,024,001	393,000	3,424,633
Children's Initiatives Fund	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000	10,989,372	1,250,000
Building Funds	1,230,000	1,230,000	1,230,000	10,989,372	1,230,000
Other Funds	171,746,775	157,805,112	139,622,880		136,082,388
Total Expenditures by Fund		, ,		 ¢10 704 704	
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$209,286,783	\$189,656,387	\$174,655,231	\$18,794,704	\$166,982,502
FTE Positions	1,001.0	1,001.0	995.0	4.0	876.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	100.0	67.4	67.8	23.0	67.8
Total Positions	1,101.0	1,068.4	1,062.8	27.0	944.3

Administration_

Operations. The Administration Program provides the central management and administrative support functions to the Department. The Administration Program includes Internal Management, Legal Services, Administrative Appeals, Information Services, the Personnel Services Office, and the Public Information Office.

Internal Management provides central management and administrative support services to all programs in the Department. Central Management services include budget development, grant management, maintenance of accounts and reports, and execution of all financial transactions. Important administrative support services include purchasing, auditing out-of-state travel requests, managing office space, and filing financial reports with the federal government and the Department of Administration. Legislative Policy and Research makes recommendations to the secretary concerning agency policies.

Information Services coordinates the collection, storage, processing, and dissemination of data for the Department and provides support and training on computerized systems and programs to Department staff. Legal Services enforces health and environmental laws and regulations. Administrative Appeals conducts hearings to review disputed interpretations of law and regulations.

The Personnel Services Office manages all personnel transactions, such as recruitment and selection, employment management, benefit administration, classification, examination and certification of qualified candidates, employee relations, and EEO and affirmative action program implementation.

The Public Information Office supplies written, audio, and visual communications services to convey the Department's objectives to multiple audiences.

Goals and Objectives. The Administration Program provides guidance to the Department's programs and assures the overall effectiveness of the Department in fulfilling its mission. Administration will work toward this goal through the following objectives:

Initiate fair and effective application of all regulatory powers of the agency.

Provide a comprehensive fiscal plan.

Administer the Employee Relations and Benefits Program for all employees by maintaining a positive system of orientation, counseling assistance, and interpretation of policy.

Provide user-friendly automated systems, tools, and training to enable staff to utilize data effectively in meeting objectives.

Supply professional and communications services to convey effectively departmental program content and benefits to professionals, program participants, legislators, the media, and the public.

Statutory History. The Department of Health and Environment was created by Executive Reorganization Order No. 3 of 1974. KSA 75-5601 et seq. provide general authority for the organization of the Department.

_Administration

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	4,865,548	4,258,571	4,564,217		4,231,190
Contractual Services	2,759,402	4,792,864	4,990,807		4,990,807
Commodities	215,767	235,062	235,062		235,062
Capital Outlay	230,263	120,115	122,451		127,387
Debt Service		136,873	129,601		129,601
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$8,070,980	\$9,543,485	\$10,042,138	\$	\$9,714,047
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$8,070,980	\$9,543,485	\$10,042,138	\$	\$9,714,047
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$8,070,980	\$9,543,485	\$10,042,138	\$	\$9,714,047
Non-expense Items	7,447				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$8,078,427	\$9,543,485	\$10,042,138	\$	\$9,714,047
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	3,321,015	3,389,560	3,611,853		3,406,104
Water Plan Fund	23,539				
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	4,733,873	6,153,925	6,430,285		6,307,943
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$8,078,427	\$9,543,485	\$10,042,138	\$	\$9,714,047
FTE Positions	103.0	103.5	103.5		101.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	4.0	1.8	1.8		1.8
Total Positions	107.0	105.3	105.3		102.8

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of staff trained in and utilizing current technology and software systems	25.0 %	25.0 %	25.0 %
Percent of new and reengineered systems developed with current technology	25.0 %	50.0 %	50.0 %

Center for Health & Environmental Statistics_

Operations. The Center for Health and Environmental Statistics is a data and information support group for the entire Department. The primary responsibilities of the Center are data and information acquisition, analysis, distribution, and publication for the public, policymakers, and program managers.

The Center includes the Office of Vital Statistics that is responsible for the civil registration process for the State of Kansas. The Office registers and provides permanent storage of birth, delayed birth, death, fetal death, marriage, divorce, and induced termination of pregnancy records. It also provides certified copies of vital records to the public.

The Center also includes the Office of Health Care Information. This Office collects and analyzes health data, which it converts into usable information for health program management and policy development. It is charged with developing a health care database for the state, analyzing and publishing vital statistics data, surveying business for occupational injuries, and serving as the statistical agent for the Insurance Department.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Center for Health and Environmental Statistics is to provide vital records service and relevant statistical data and information to the agency, the public, policymakers, program managers, and researchers. To achieve this goal, the Center pursues the following objectives:

File all State of Kansas vital statistics in accordance with state statutes and provide vital records services to citizens in accordance with the Vital Statistics Act.

Ensure that data meet high standards of quality control and that accurate, complete, and timely information is available for federal, state, and local researchers, policymakers, program managers, and the public.

Maintain a population-based health care database to ensure data are accessible to policymakers, health care providers, program managers, researchers, and the public.

Coordinate access to data maintained in the Center so that agency staff can use them to meet program objectives effectively.

Develop a health decision support system for the Insurance Department's statistical plan, and for the Workers' compensation Division.

Statutory History. KSA 2002 Supp. 65-2401 et seq. provide the statutory authority for the Office of Vital Statistics. Authority for the Department of Health and Environment to develop a health care database is found in KSA 2002 Supp. 65-6801 et seq. KSA 2002 Supp. 40-2251 authorizes the development of an information system for the Insurance Department.

Center for Health & Environmental Statistics

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			C	C	
Salaries and Wages	2,246,809	2,251,671	2,329,692		2,329,692
Contractual Services	982,470	1,026,675	495,562		495,562
Commodities	113,485	65,960	64,554		64,554
Capital Outlay	268,897	330,000	395,000		395,000
Debt Service		167,920	106,200		106,200
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,611,661	\$3,842,226	\$3,391,008	\$	\$3,391,008
Aid to Local Governments	281,613	427,500	427,500		427,500
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$3,893,274	\$4,269,726	\$3,818,508	\$	\$3,818,508
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$3,893,274	\$4,269,726	\$3,818,508	\$	\$3,818,508
Non-expense Items	39,607				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$3,932,881	\$4,269,726	\$3,818,508	\$	\$3,818,508
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,842,454	1,778,122	1,957,173		
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	2,090,427	2,491,604	1,861,335		3,818,508
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$3,932,881	\$4,269,726	\$3,818,508	\$	\$3,818,508
FTE Positions	65.5	65.5	65.5		65.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	65.5	65.5	65.5		65.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of vital records registered	92,610	92,940	92,680
Number of certified copies of vital records produced	368,417	368,500	368,500

Division of Health

Operations. The Division of Health comprises the following seven programs for improving public health and assuring that basic health care services are available to all Kansans. The Office of the Director of Health consists of the Local and Rural Health Subprogram and the Governor's Public Health Improvement Commission. The Epidemiology Program responds to short-term and long-term health problems, identifies cases of communicable diseases, and develops control measures to prevent additional cases. The Hospital Inspection Program inspects and licenses various health care facilities, including hospitals and clinics.

The Consumer Health Program inspects food service and food manufacturing facilities. It also is responsible for childhood lead poisoning prevention. The Health Promotion Program conducts prevention projects in response to the state's leading health problems. The Children, Youth, and Families Program oversees the development and administration of health resources to meet the needs of Kansas families. The program includes Healthy Start and projects for maternal and infant care. The program also provides early identification and intervention services through Infant Toddler Services, as well as supplemental nutrition services through the Women, Infants, and Children federal grant program.

The Childcare Licensing and Regulation Program establishes and enforces regulatory safeguards for maternity centers, childcare facilities, and family daycare homes. The Homeland Security Program is the recipient of the federal 2001 Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Recovery from and Response to Terrorist Attacks on the United States. Under this law, Kansas received supplemental funding to improve public health preparedness.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Division is to administer programs that contribute to the quality of health programs in the state. Following are objectives the Division pursues:

Assist communities in efforts to provide public health, primary care, and prevention services.

Perform epidemiological investigations of priority health issues related to chronic and communicable diseases and injuries.

Protect the public against health care workers who are untrained, unethical, unprofessional, or abusive.

Prevent food borne illness associated with food establishments.

Increase the provision of food and nutrition to women and children not eligible for WIC.

Statutory History. Authorization for health programs is contained in Chapter 65 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. KSA 65-101 requires the Secretary of Health and Environment to investigate the causes of disease and provides authority to make and enforce regulations establishing isolation of cases, quarantine of contact, and other means to prevent the spread of diseases. KSA 72-5209 et seq. require immunization of school children. The authority to license and regulate adult care homes is in KSA 39-923 et seq. The health programs for children enrolled in schools are outlined in Chapter 72 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. Authorization for Homeland Security activities is contained in Chapter 65 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*.

Division of Health

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	16,489,572	18,885,961	18,109,169	735,181	12,312,737
Contractual Services	18,972,420	23,858,090	19,596,015	7,118,416	18,267,662
Commodities	5,840,015	2,556,064	2,189,434	1,555,607	2,063,559
Capital Outlay	412,899	1,761,245	632,622	42,500	566,064
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$41,714,906	\$47,061,360	\$40,527,240	\$9,451,704	\$33,210,022
Aid to Local Governments	30,966,657	34,759,522	29,429,251	500,000	29,795,941
Other Assistance	33,205,226	31,453,552	30,500,000	8,148,000	30,500,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$105,886,789	\$113,274,434	\$100,456,491	\$18,099,704	\$93,505,963
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$105,886,789	\$113,274,434	\$100,456,491	\$18,099,704	\$93,505,963
Non-expense Items	844,610	384,279	552,226		352,437
Total Expenditures by Object	\$106,731,399	\$113,658,713	\$101,008,717	\$18,099,704	\$93,858,400
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	16,692,435	14,550,949	15,092,461	7,110,332	13,592,467
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000	10,989,372	1,250,000
Building Funds					
Other Funds	88,788,964	97,857,764	84,666,256		79,015,933
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$106,731,399	\$113,658,713	\$101,008,717	\$18,099,704	\$93,858,400
FTE Positions	344.5	348.0	342.0	4.0	226.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	67.0	38.6	39.0	23.0	39.0
Total Positions	411.5	386.6	381.0	27.0	265.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of field investigations of possible adverse health events	45	50	75
Number of foodborne outbreaks confirmed by KDHE investigation	18	20	25
Average number of WIC participants per month	58,889	58,800	58,800

Division of Environment

Operations. The Division of Environment comprises five distinct bureaus, each performing activities to protect the environment. The Bureau of Waste Management enforces federal and state regulations governing the treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal of solid and hazardous waste. The Bureau inspects facilities, issues permits to landfill owners, and issues permits to companies or local governments that dispose of waste tires.

The Bureau of Air and Radiation licenses and inspects all locations where hazardous substances are stored, certifies employees of asbestos removal firms, performs statewide assessments of air quality, inspects and evaluates all air pollution sources, and implements the Community Right-to-Know Program. The Bureau of Water issues permits governing all phases of drinking water and wastewater treatment systems, enforcing applicable laws and setting compliance limits.

The Bureau of Environmental Remediation investigates and takes appropriate remedial actions when pollution endangers natural resources, regulates the mining of coal, and assists in the clean-up of illegal drug manufacturing sites. The Bureau of Environmental Field Services manages operations at the six district offices and conducts environmental monitoring and inspections.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Division is to contribute to the environmental quality of the state. Following are objectives the bureau pursues:

Promote compliance with all laws, regulations, and policies.

Assist local utilities in constructing water treatment systems by issuing low interest loans.

Protect water and soil from damage caused by improper storage of LP and natural gas.

Respond appropriately to radioactive contamination in the environment.

Assist local governments in dealing with waste management issues and compliance.

Statutory History. The Hazardous and Solid Waste Program is authorized under KSA 2002 Supp. 64-3406 and KSA 2002 Supp. 65-3431. Chapter 65, Article 20 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated authorizes the Air Pollution Control Program. KSA 65-4501 et seq. direct the Department to maintain a certification and training program for water and wastewater operators. Federal authority to respond to environmental emergencies is addressed in the Clean Water Act (PL 92-500) and the Safe Drinking Water Act (PL 93-523). KSA 2002 authorizes the Department's 65-7005 responsibilities for the clean up of alleged illegal drug manufacturing sites. The Department is also designated as the agency responsible for the Federal Abandoned Mined Land Reclamation Program and Federal Emergency Program (PL 95-87, Title IV) in Kansas in accordance with KSA 49-401 et seq.

Division of Environment

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	18,849,296	20,026,032	20,330,001		20,184,848
Contractual Services	27,108,627	29,101,156	27,605,043	525,236	27,305,875
Commodities	510,433	544,289	538,816		538,816
Capital Outlay	629,088	1,176,343	1,047,502		1,047,502
Debt Service	21,360,219				
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$68,457,663	\$50,847,820	\$49,521,362	\$525,236	\$49,077,041
Aid to Local Governments	15,062,680	5,471,792	4,834,792	169,764	5,084,792
Other Assistance	6,606	483,696			
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$83,526,949	\$56,803,308	\$54,356,154	\$695,000	\$54,161,833
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$83,526,949	\$56,803,308	\$54,356,154	\$695,000	\$54,161,833
Non-expense Items	1,334,395	100,000	250,000		250,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$84,861,344	\$56,903,308	\$54,606,154	\$695,000	\$54,411,833
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	5,752,244	3,215,277	5,403,110	300,000	5,132,957
Water Plan	4,023,164	3,634,412	3,624,001	395,000	3,424,833
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	75,085,936	50,053,619	45,579,043		45,854,043
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$84,861,344	\$56,903,308	\$54,606,154	\$695,000	\$54,411,833
FTE Positions	406.0	406.0	406.0		406.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	29.0	27.0	27.0		27.0
Total Positions	435.0	433.0	433.0		433.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Estimated overall recycling rate for the state	14.0 %	16.0 %	18.0 %
Percent of solid waste facilities attending workshops	65.0 %	75.0 %	75.0 %
Number of underground storage tank inspection reports filed	750	750	750
Number of spill responses	658	600	600

Health & Environmental Laboratories_

Operations. The Division provides comprehensive chemical and biological analyses on a large volume of samples received each year. These analyses provide diagnostic and assessment information necessary for the operation of public health and environmental programs. Certification and laboratory improvement efforts are performed for regulated health, environmental, and law enforcement laboratories. The Division is divided into several sections in order to carry out its goal.

Laboratory Administration and Reporting provides overall laboratory direction and facilitates the acquisition of samples and specimens and the rapid return of data reports to public health clients each year. Chemistry uses sophisticated instrumentation to conduct analyses to evaluate environmental air and water quality, define asbestos and radiological hazards, diagnose diseases of public health interest, and monitor the proper use and disposal of chemicals.

Microbiology provides laboratory analyses to characterize and diagnose infectious diseases, food borne epidemics, intestinal illnesses, and sexually transmitted diseases, including syphilis, gonorrhea, chlamydia, and human immunodeficiency virus. Laboratory Improvement and Certification evaluates regulated clinical, environmental, and breath alcohol laboratories using established standards of laboratory operation and performance to ensure data quality. It also assists in providing court-defensible data for the prosecution of DUI subjects each year.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Laboratory is to (1) provide essential support to disease prevention

programs to reduce the incidence of disease and adverse health conditions through quality laboratory analysis and (2) perform analysis required for bioterrorism activities. The following objectives have been established in pursuit of this goal:

Provide accurate, timely, and comprehensive chemical laboratory analyses consistent with Kansas environmental and public health program priorities.

Identify factors affecting the health and quality of life of infants born with metabolic and genetic diseases.

Provide clinical and reference microbiological services aimed at the prevention and diagnosis of infectious diseases to assure the quality of water supplies in Kansas.

Maintain and improve the accuracy and precision of technical analytical data produced by all health (clinical), environmental, law enforcement laboratories, and physician office laboratories in Kansas.

Statutory History. The statutes relating to laboratory testing include KSA 65-157, requiring testing of drinking water; KSA 2002 Supp. 65-153f, requiring prenatal tests; and KSA 65-674 and 65-677, which provide for chemical analyses of food, drugs, and cosmetics. The screening of newborn infants for genetic metabolic disorders is required by KSA 2002 Supp. 65-180. The authority for the Department to approve laboratories is contained in KSA 65-425.

Health & Environmental Laboratories

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	3,455,578	3,454,457	3,500,960		3,500,960
Contractual Services	1,003,035	498,027	512,391		512,391
Commodities	788,084	903,232	886,961		886,961
Capital Outlay	436,035	425,439	279,402		279,402
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,682,732	\$5,281,155	\$5,179,714	\$	\$5,179,714
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$5,682,732	\$5,281,155	\$5,179,714	\$	\$5,179,714
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$5,682,732	\$5,281,155	\$5,179,714	\$	\$5,179,714
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$5,682,732	\$5,281,155	\$5,179,714	\$	\$5,179,714
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	4,635,157	4,032,955	4,093,753		4,093,753
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,047,575	1,248,200	1,085,961		1,085,961
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$5,682,732	\$5,281,155	\$5,179,714	\$	\$5,179,714
FTE Positions	82.0	78.0	78.0		78.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	82.0	78.0	78.0		78.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of customers satisfied with accuracy of results	99.9 %	99.9 %	99.9 %
Percent of proficiency test results that are successful	99.5 %	99.5 %	99.5 %
Percent of laboratory clients satisfied with timeliness of reporting	97.0 %	98.0 %	98.0 %
Percent of reports electronically transmitted to laboratory clients	48.0 %	60.0 %	75.0 %
Number of laboratory results reported	227,407	230,000	232,000

Health Care Stabilization Fund Board of Governors_

Mission. The Health Care Stabilization Fund will conduct its operations and activities in a manner to assure and facilitate a sound actuarial basis; assure and assist health care providers complying with the Health Care Provider Insurance Availability Act; defend the fund aggressively when eligible health care providers become involved in claims or court actions arising from the rendering of, or failure to render, professional services; and safeguard the interest of the fund through management activities which maximize the efficient operation of the fund.

Operations. The Health Care Stabilization Fund Board of Governors administers the Health Care Provider Insurance Availability Act. The Board of Governors has ten members, all of whom are representatives of health care providers who comply with and participate in the fund. As of July 1, 1995, the Board of Governors became a separate agency.

The Health Care Provider Insurance Availability Act, became effective July 1, 1976. Prior to this act, insurance availability problems had restricted the availability of certain health care services in Kansas. Specifically, certain hospital facilities and individual providers were unable to obtain what they believed to be sufficient excess professional liability insurance, placing them in the position of curtailing certain professional services or medical procedures until such time as adequate professional liability insurance could be obtained. The act mandates basic professional liability insurance for all active defined Kansas Health Care Providers, establishes the Health Care Stabilization Fund, and authorizes the Health Care Provider Insurance Availability Plan.

Compliance records are maintained for approximately 25,000 individual health care providers, of which approximately 10,000 are actively engaged in

rendering professional services. Each compliance record contains information regarding the individual health care provider's basic professional liability insurance and the amount of the surcharge payment made to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. Basic professional liability insurance may be obtained from the voluntary insurance market, the Health Care Provider Insurance Availability Plan, if the health care provider is unable to locate coverage in the voluntary market place or a self-insurance program authorized by the Health Care Provider Insurance Availability Act.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this agency is to manage the Health Care Stabilization Fund to assure and facilitate its sound actuarial basis. The following objectives have been established:

Assure availability of professional liability insurance coverage, as required by the Kansas Health Care Provider Insurance Availability Act, for certain defined health care providers.

Defend the interests of the fund when health care providers become involved in claims alleging malpractice or failure to render professional services.

Assist health care providers in meeting the compliance requirements of the Health Care Provider Insurance Availability Act.

Safeguard the interests of the fund through management activities which maximize the efficient operation of the fund.

Statutory History. Authority for the agency is found in KSA 40-3401 through 40-3423, the Health Care Provider Insurance Act.

Health Care Stabilization Fund Board of Governors

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	678,180	721,765	766,514		751,184
Contractual Services	2,874,299	3,217,191	3,220,890	45,000	3,220,890
Commodities	17,318	20,092	20,946		20,946
Capital Outlay	9,898	15,740	5,000	15,000	5,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					(57,385)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,579,695	\$3,974,788	\$4,013,350	\$60,000	\$3,940,635
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	23,020,774	25,656,317	25,656,317		25,656,317
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$26,600,469	\$29,631,105	\$29,669,667	\$60,000	\$29,596,952
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$26,600,469	\$29,631,105	\$29,669,667	\$60,000	\$29,596,952
Non-expense Items	15,160,926	8,100,000	7,723,920		7,723,920
Total Expenditures by Object	\$41,761,395	\$37,731,105	\$37,393,587	\$60,000	\$37,320,872
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	41,761,395	37,731,105	37,769,667	60,000	37,320,872
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$41,761,395	\$37,731,105	\$37,769,667	\$60,000	\$37,320,872
FTE Positions	16.0	16.0	16.0		16.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	16.0	16.0	16.0		16.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of cases opened	361	390	320
Number of cases closed	301	337	330
Ratio of operating expense to total program expenditures	3.2 %	3.4 %	3.4 %

Highway Patrol_

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Highway Patrol is to enforce traffic and state laws relating to vehicles, highways, and drivers of motor vehicles in order to enhance the safety of citizens traveling on state and federal highways in Kansas.

Operations. The Highway Patrol was created in 1937 to enforce traffic and other state laws relating to the operation of vehicles on state highways. The Patrol's scope of responsibility also includes (1) policing the Kansas Turnpike, (2) providing security for public officials, (3) administering the Capitol Area Security Patrol, and (4) inspecting commercial motor carriers. Sworn members of the Highway Patrol are vested with full police powers.

Highway Patrol personnel perform traffic enforcement duties, including the promotion of public safety, instruction for traffic-related courses, assistance to disabled motorists, and assistance to other state agencies with traffic-related responsibilities. The Highway Patrol also provides assistance to state and local agencies during natural disasters and other public emergencies.

The Superintendent of the Highway Patrol is appointed by the Governor. The Superintendent selects an

unclassified assistant superintendent. All other officers, troopers, security officers, and nonsworn civilian personnel are part of the classified Civil Service System. The Highway Patrol General Headquarters is located in Topeka. Regular field operations are delivered through a network of seven troops with headquarters at Olathe, Topeka, Salina, Hays, Chanute, Wichita, and Garden City. Separate troops serve the turnpike system, headquartered in Wichita, and the Capitol Area Security Patrol, headquartered in Topeka.

The Highway Patrol Training Academy in Salina is operated as an auxiliary activity and provides training for all new troopers and continuing education for all sworn Highway Patrol officers. Several other units of the Patrol are located in the complex at Salina. These include the Central Region Command, the Salina Operations Command, the Motor Carrier Safety Assistance Program, the Capitol Dispatch Operations, and the Breath Alcohol Unit.

Statutory History. Authority for the establishment, general duties, and responsibilities of the Kansas Highway Patrol is found in KSA 74-2105 et seq. Motor carrier inspection authority is found in KSA 66-1302.

Highway Patrol

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	7 Ictuar	Gov. Estimate	Buse Budget	Emiane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
CASP	698,612	752,153	762,975		762,975
Administration	45,249,434	40,959,563	42,181,156	2,039,508	45,567,947
Turnpike Patrol	2,673,664	2,674,065	2,681,193		2,681,193
Motor Carrier Inspection	6,199,950	6,541,652	6,366,730	332,124	6,366,730
Alcoholic Beverage Control					1,805,122
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	2,052,843	1,738,320	1,683,110		1,683,110
Total Expenditures	\$56,874,503	\$52,665,753	\$53,675,164	\$2,371,632	\$58,867,077
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	38,003,573	37,702,156	38,127,401	2,371,632	42,558,937
Contractual Services	4,908,662	4,760,149	4,819,373		5,019,566
Commodities	3,540,408	2,878,802	3,205,635		3,221,153
Capital Outlay	8,808,462	5,586,326	5,839,645		6,384,311
Debt Service	90,160	429,435	404,170		404,170
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$55,351,265	\$51,356,868	\$52,396,224	\$2,371,632	\$57,588,137
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	1,914				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$55,353,179	\$51,356,868	\$52,396,224	\$2,371,632	\$57,588,137
Capital Improvements	459,123	806,522	772,940		772,940
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$55,812,302	\$52,163,390	\$53,169,164	\$2,371,632	\$58,361,077
Non-expense Items	1,062,201	502,363	506,000		506,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$56,874,503	\$52,665,753	\$53,675,164	\$2,371,632	\$58,867,077
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	25,968,256	13,111,909	26,536,996	2,039,508	
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	30,906,247	39,553,844	27,138,168	332,124	58,867,077
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$56,874,503	\$52,665,753	\$53,675,164	\$2,371,632	\$58,867,077
FTE Positions	823.8	823.8	823.8		861.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	18.0	18.0	18.0		18.0
Total Positions	841.8	841.8	841.8		879.8

Administration_

Operations. This program provides for the enforcement of traffic and other state laws relating to highways, vehicles, and vehicle operators, including road troopers who patrol Kansas highways, troopers who perform safety inspections on commercial motor carriers, troopers engaged in teaching DUI detection and apprehension techniques, and troopers who teach at the Patrol Training Academy. In addition, nearly all administrative and civilian functions are included in this program. These functions include accounting, data processing, personnel, procurement, and records. Civilian vehicle identification number clerks are also financed through this program.

To accomplish the Patrol's mission, troopers concentrate on discouraging driver behaviors which cause accidents. These behaviors include speeding, driving under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs, and driving without using seat belts. The Patrol takes a proactive approach in discouraging these behaviors by providing a presence on state highways and by conducting safety programs. The Patrol also takes a reactive approach by ticketing violators.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Enforcement/ Administration Program is to reduce fatality accidents occurring on Kansas roads. An objective associated with this goal is to:

Reduce the occurrence of fatalities in relation to the previous year.

Another goal of this program is to enhance the safety of persons traveling on Kansas roads by removing criminal offenders. An objective associated with this goal is to:

Increase the number of felony arrests in relation to the previous year.

The Patrol also aspires to decrease the number of persons driving while under the influence of alcohol. The objective related to this goal is to:

Reduce the number of accidents in which alcohol consumption is a contributing factor.

Statutory History. Authority for the program is found in KSA 74-2105 et seq., which establish and prescribe its duties and responsibilities. KSA 8-116a provides for vehicle identification number inspections by the Highway Patrol or its designees.

Administration

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	28,909,875	28,213,436	28,795,653	2,039,508	31,649,178
Contractual Services	4,483,844	4,391,049	4,450,273		4,450,273
Commodities	3,073,555	2,768,752	3,095,585		3,095,585
Capital Outlay	8,779,994	5,586,326	5,839,645		6,372,911
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$45,247,268	\$40,959,563	\$42,181,156	\$2,039,508	\$45,567,947
Aid to Local Governments	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Other Assistance	1,866				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$45,249,134	\$40,959,563	\$42,181,156	\$2,039,508	\$45,567,947
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$45,249,134	\$40,959,563	\$42,181,156	\$2,039,508	\$45,567,947
Non-expense Items	300				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$45,249,434	\$40,959,563	\$42,181,156	\$2,039,508	\$45,567,947
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	25,269,644	12,735,833	25,774,021	2,039,508	
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	19,979,790	28,223,730	16,407,135		45,567,947
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$45,249,434	\$40,959,563	\$42,181,156	\$2,039,508	\$45,567,947
FTE Positions	599.3	599.3	599.3		599.3
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	18.0	18.0	18.0		18.0
Total Positions	617.3	617.3	617.3		617.3

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of trooper road hours	388,363	400,000	400,000
Percent of fatalities per 100 million miles traveled	1.7 %	1.7 %	1.6 %
Number of felony arrests	896	750	750
Percent of accidents involving alcohol	8.7 %	8.0 %	8.0 %
Percent of seatbelt law compliance	60.0 %	60.0 %	60.0 %

Capitol Area Security Patrol.

Operations. The Capitol Area Security Patrol (CASP) protects persons and property within the Capitol Complex and at a limited number of sites throughout Shawnee County. Capitol police officers provide security at the Governor's mansion 24 hours a day, seven days a week. In addition, officers patrol 24 hours per day nearly all state-owned or leased property in Shawnee County.

CASP guards are responsible for security in several state-owned buildings. Guards, who are not commissioned law enforcement officers, screen persons entering the buildings, monitor alarms, conduct security tours, and provide other assistance to persons in the buildings. Security is provided to the following buildings under contract with the Department of Administration: the Statehouse, Judicial Center, Landon Building, Docking Building, and the Kanza Business and Technology Park. A separate contract provides for security at the Kansas Historical Center and the Kansas Museum of History.

CASP also provides security in parking lots around the Capitol Complex. Parking lots are patrolled by CASP officers on routine patrol and by an officer specifically assigned to parking lots. In addition, CASP guards

monitor parking lots by closed circuit cameras. CASP provides crime prevention programs and conducts investigations of crimes occurring within its jurisdiction. CASP also enforces parking regulations on the Statehouse grounds.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of the Capitol Area Security Patrol is to provide for the safety of persons and the protection of property within the Capitol Complex and on most state-owned or leased property in Shawnee County. The objectives associated with this goal are to:

Increase the safety of state employees within the areas of CASP jurisdiction.

Decrease the damage of, and losses suffered by, employees and by the state for property within CASP jurisdiction.

Statutory History. The Capitol Area Security Patrol was established in the Department of Administration in 1955 with the enactment of KSA 75-4503. The 1976 Legislature enacted KSA 75-4503a, which transferred the Capitol Area Security Patrol to the Kansas Highway Patrol.

Capitol Area Security Patrol

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	652,864	697,703	708,525		708,525
Contractual Services	29,576	37,500	37,500		37,500
Commodities	16,172	16,950	16,950		16,950
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$698,612	\$752,153	\$762,975	\$	\$762,975
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$698,612	\$752,153	\$762,975	\$	\$762,975
Capital Improvements	´	,	·		·
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$698,612	\$752,153	\$762,975	\$	\$762,975
Non-expense Items		, 	·		·
Total Expenditures by Object	\$698,612	\$752,153	\$762,975	\$	\$762,975
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	698,612	376,076	762,975		
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds		376,077			762,975
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$698,612	\$752,153	\$762,975	\$	\$762,975
FTE Positions	17.0	17.0	17.0		17.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	17.0	17.0	17.0		17.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of crimes reported and complaints filed	1,154	1,200	1,200
Number of arrests	259	260	260
Number of patrol hours	24,000	25,000	25,000

Turnpike Patrol_

Operations. The Turnpike Patrol Program provides for the enforcement of state laws relating to vehicle movement, including motor carriers, on the Kansas Turnpike. In addition, troopers assigned to the turnpike provide road and weather information to motorists, assist disabled motorists, and furnish emergency medical services. Routine coverage of the turnpike is maintained 24 hours per day, seven days per week.

Goals and Objectives. A goal of the Turnpike Patrol Program is to reduce fatality accidents. This goal's objective is to:

Reduce fatality accidents occurring on the Kansas Turnpike.

Statutory History. Authority for the program is found in KSA 68-2025 et seq.

Turnpike Patrol

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	2,640,524	2,637,865	2,644,993		2,644,993
Contractual Services	16,982	16,600	16,600		16,600
Commodities	16,158	19,600	19,600		19,600
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,673,664	\$2,674,065	\$2,681,193	\$	\$2,681,193
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,673,664	\$2,674,065	\$2,681,193	\$	\$2,681,193
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,673,664	\$2,674,065	\$2,681,193	\$	\$2,681,193
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,673,664	\$2,674,065	\$2,681,193	\$	\$2,681,193
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	2,673,664	2,674,065	2,681,193		2,681,193
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,673,664	\$2,674,065	\$2,681,193	\$	\$2,681,193
FTE Positions	48.5	48.5	48.5		48.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	48.5	48.5	48.5		48.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of miles patrolled	1,706,864	1,800,000	1,800,000
Percent fatalities per 1.0 million miles traveled	.001 %	.001 %	.001 %
Number of DUI arrests	438	375	375

Motor Carrier Inspection_

Operations. The Motor Carrier Inspection Program issues permits, weighs vehicles, and enforces laws affecting commercial motor carriers using Kansas highways. Permits are sold at any of ten fixedlocation facilities throughout the state. Weigh stations, both fixed and portable, check truck and other carrier Enforcement of weight laws is also performed by mobile units throughout the state. Permit issuing and weighing involve other state agencies, including the Kansas Corporation Commission. Kansas Livestock Commission, Department of Transportation, Insurance Department, and Department of Revenue.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Motor Carrier Inspection Program is to preserve the quality of roads in Kansas and to enhance the safety of motorists on Kansas roads by eliminating overweight commercial vehicles from operating in Kansas. The objective associated with this goal is to:

Reduce the number of overweight trucks operating on Kansas roads.

Statutory History. KSA 66-1302 gives the Highway Patrol the responsibility for enforcement of the State Motor Carrier Inspection Law.

Motor Carrier Inspection

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	1 lottati	Gov. Estimate	Buse Budget	Zimane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	5,800,310	6,153,152	5,978,230	332,124	5,978,230
Contractual Services	327,273	315,000	315,000		315,000
Commodities	72,244	73,500	73,500		73,500
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$6,199,827	\$6,541,652	\$6,366,730	\$332,124	\$6,366,730
Aid to Local Governments	ψ 0,1 >> ,02 ?	φο,ε 11,σε 2			
Other Assistance	48				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,199,875	\$6,541,652	\$6,366,730	\$332,124	\$6,366,730
Capital Improvements	ψ 0,1 >>, 0 /-	φο,ε 11,σε 2			
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,199,875	\$6,541,652	\$6,366,730	\$332,124	\$6,366,730
Non-expense Items	75	φο,ε 11,σε 2 			
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,199,950	\$6,541,652	\$6,366,730	\$332,124	\$6,366,730
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6,199,950	6,541,652	6,366,730	332,124	6,366,730
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,199,950	\$6,541,652	\$6,366,730	\$332,124	\$6,366,730
FTE Positions	159.0	159.0	159.0		159.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	159.0	159.0	159.0		159.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of safety programs presented	145	125	125
Percent of vehicles at ports exceeding the legal weight limit	.31 %	.30 %	.30 %
Percent of trucks stopped by mobile units illegally overweight	32.0 %	30.0 %	30.0 %

Alcoholic Beverage Control.

Operations. The Alcoholic Beverage Control Division is recommended to be moved to the Highway Patrol beginning in FY 2004 from the Department of Revenue. It provides oversight to several regulatory and enforcement activities. The Division's priority is the regulation of the distribution and sale of alcoholic beverages. All persons and organizations involved in the sale of alcoholic beverages, including retailers, suppliers, distributors. drinking establishments, salespersons, caterers, and private clubs, must obtain licenses or permits to operate. The Division also monitors the movement of alcoholic beverages, audits alcoholic beverage tax returns, and takes enforcement actions as necessary. The agency also conducts criminal tax fraud investigations.

The Division functions through four primary The Investigation and Criminal processes. Enforcement Unit provides the enforcement arm for the agency and performs the following: investigating applicants and inspecting premises for compliance with laws governing alcoholic beverage establishments and sales, and conducting inspections of private clubs, drinking establishments. retail liquor stores. hotel/caterers, distributors, bingo licensees, and bingo parlors. Enforcement agents are certified state law enforcement officers. They work closely with local law enforcement agencies. This process also enforces the cigarette laws concerning sales to minors in cooperation with other state agencies to decrease access to cigarette and tobacco products by youth.

The licensee administrative action process focuses the Division's efforts on legal action taken against licensees who violate the state's liquor laws. The licensing and marketing section works directly with license applicants and licensees to ensure only authorized persons or organizations obtain licenses. Once the license is obtained, the field inspectors of the Compliance Section work with licensees to ensure they remain compliant with the laws.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established for this program:

Improve the voluntary compliance with liquor laws, tobacco laws, and bingo laws.

Enforce the tax on illegal drugs.

Investigate alleged tax fraud cases.

Work closely with local law enforcement agencies to uphold the laws.

Maximize technical capabilities to automate and improve the business processes of the agency.

Statutory History. In 1948, Kansas voters amended the state constitution, and the 1949 Legislature enacted the Kansas Liquor Control Act to provide for the regulation of all phases of manufacture, distribution, sale, possession, and traffic in alcoholic liquor and manufacture of beer except 3.2 percent and less (KSA 41-101 et seq.). The 1965 Legislature passed the Kansas Club Law, placing private clubs under the Director of Alcoholic Beverage Control (KSA 41-2601 et seq.). In 1972, the Legislature converted the Office of the Director of Alcoholic Beverage Control from an independent agency to a division of the Department of Revenue (KSA 75-5359). KSA 79-4701 et seq. contain the state bingo laws.

The 1985 Legislature enacted a variety of legislation, including increasing the drinking age for cereal malt beverage from 18 to 21 by 1987 and allowing farm wineries to sell wine to liquor stores. The 1986 Legislature amended the *Kansas Constitution* (Article 15, Section 10) to allow "liquor-by-the-drink." The voters approved this amendment to the constitution in November of that year. Liquor-by-the-drink was made publicly available through properly licensed establishments July 1, 1987.

Alcoholic Beverage Control

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					1,578,011
Contractual Services					200,193
Commodities					15,518
Capital Outlay					11,400
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$1,805,122
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$1,805,122
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$1,805,122
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$1,805,122
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					1,805,122
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$1,805,122
FTE Positions					38.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					38.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of compliance with liquor license selling regulations	NA	NA	84.0 %
Percent of compliance among tobacco licenses in relation to sales to minors	NA	NA	85.0 %
Number of random controlled buy-investigations	NA	NA	592

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

Operations. The Debt Service Program provides for the payment of debt service to finance the purchase and renovation of the former Marymount College for use as the Highway Patrol Training Center. The Capital Improvements Program provides for capital improvements for the agency, including rehabilitation

and repair projects at the Highway Patrol Training Center and the Motor Carrier Inspection stations.

Statutory History. Debt service payments and capital improvement projects are authorized by individual appropriations of the Legislature.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services	50,987				
Commodities	362,279				
Capital Outlay	28,468				
Debt Service	90,160	429,435	404,170		404,170
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$531,894	\$429,435	\$404,170	\$	\$404,170
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$531,894	\$429,435	\$404,170	\$	\$404,170
Capital Improvements	459,123	806,522	772,940		772,940
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$991,017	\$1,235,957	\$1,177,110	\$	\$1,177,110
Non-expense Items	1,061,826	502,363	506,000		506,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,052,843	\$1,738,320	\$1,683,110	\$	\$1,683,110
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	2,052,843	1,738,320	1,683,110		1,683,110
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,052,843	\$1,738,320	\$1,683,110	\$	\$1,683,110
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Historical Society_

Mission. The Society's mission is to collect, preserve, and interpret historical documents to educate Kansans about their cultural heritage.

Operations. The Historical Society was chartered as a nonprofit organization in 1875. In 1879, it became the official trustee for the state historical collections. The Society has since functioned both as a nonprofit, membership organization and as a state agency. The Executive Director, known officially as the Secretary of the Society, is elected by the Society's Board of Directors.

The agency is financed primarily by the State General Fund; however, a portion of the budget is financed by fees for archeological and research services and by federal aid in support of historic preservation assistance to communities. In addition, the Society administers the Heritage Trust Fund, which is financed by a one-cent per \$100 fee levied on new mortgage registrations in the state. The Trust Fund is used to award grants for historic preservation projects, including properties on the national and state registers of historic places.

As a private, nonprofit corporation, the Historical Society also receives public and private grants, solicits donations, and receives membership fees. The nonprofit expenditures are made for salaries, books and artifacts, printing and advertising, staff and program development, and special projects.

The agency has six programs: Administration, Education/Outreach, Library and Archives, Cultural Resources, Historic Sites, and the Museum.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the agency is to identify, collect, preserve, interpret, and disseminate materials pertaining to Kansas history and the history of "The West" for public use. The goal is accomplished through the following objectives:

Conduct outreach and educational programs throughout the state.

Maintain appropriate interpretations of history at the Kansas Museum of History and the state historic sites.

Statutory History. The Kansas State Historical Society, Inc. was established by KSA 75-2701 et seq. KSA 75-2717 clarifies the distinction between the State Historical Society, the agency, and the Kansas State Historical Society, the private organization. The statute also gives the Governor the authority to appoint the Executive Director of the state agency. Finally, it created the Kansas Territorial Sesquicentennial KSA 75-3148 grants the Executive Commission. Director of the State Historical Society the authority to appoint certain agency staff. KSA 75-2717 establishes the authority for the portion of new mortgage registration fees to be deposited in the Heritage Trust Fund.

_Historical Society

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	4 020 720	2040 550	4.0.00 #00	221 000	4.005.500
Administration	1,939,530	2,049,569	1,962,583	331,000	1,927,598
Education & Outreach	759,865	741,786	755,966		707,557
Libraries & Archives Cultural Resources	1,739,886 2,155,665	1,723,016 2,098,879	1,750,648 2,009,648		1,713,692 1,967,772
Historic Properties	869,241	833,888	854,518		815,595
Museum	725,509	704,547	718,992		676,583
Capital Improvements	361,072	269,891	49,000	1,009,922	46,550
Total Expenditures	\$8,550,768	\$8,421,576	\$8,101,355	\$1,340,922	\$7,855,347
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	5,231,719	5,271,486	5,387,576		5,193,868
Contractual Services	1,623,236	1,088,942	1,207,439	289,250	1,192,939
Commodities	290,970	297,272	295,640		265,925
Capital Outlay	54,556	33,000	29,000	41,750	29,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$7,200,481	\$6,690,700	\$6,919,655	\$331,000	\$6,681,732
Aid to Local Governments	986,392	1,460,985	1,132,700		1,127,065
Other Assistance	1,210				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$8,188,083	\$8,151,685	\$8,052,355	\$331,000	\$7,808,797
Capital Improvements	361,072	269,891	49,000	1,009,922	46,550
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$8,549,155	\$8,421,576	\$8,101,355	\$1,340,922	\$7,855,347
Non-expense Items	1,613				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$8,550,768	\$8,421,576	\$8,101,355	\$1,340,922	\$7,855,347
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	5,980,671	5,833,735	5,852,957	1,340,922	5,553,906
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	2,570,097	2,587,841	2,248,398		2,301,441
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$8,550,768	\$8,421,576	\$8,101,355	\$1,340,922	\$7,855,347
FTE Positions	136.5	136.5	136.5		136.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	3.5	3.5	3.5		3.5
Total Positions	140.0	140.0	140.0		140.0
			FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
Performance Measures			Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Percent of state agencies covered by rete schedules for public records	ntion and disposit	ion	85.0 %	85.0 %	88.0 %
Number of visitors to the Kansas Museur	m of History		119,479	120,000	120,000
Number of visitors to historic sites			139,063	138,373	131,454
Number of patrons registered to access h Historical Research	oldings at Center	for	11,089	9,000	9,000

Department of Human Resources

Mission. The Kansas Department of Human Resources cultivates a job ready workforce and a workplace environment to fuel economic growth for Kansas. The agency functions as a thought leader, a facilitator, a catalyst, and a services delivery organization, partnering with public and private organizations to serve the needs of Kansas employees and employers. The value to Kansas is reflected in the success in finding meaningful jobs for the unemployed, finding better-paying jobs for the underemployed, and removing barriers to performance for employees and employers as they seek to achieve their best.

Operations. The Department of Human Resources is a cabinet-level agency headed by a secretary appointed by the Governor. The Department has three divisions, each headed by a director: Workers Compensation, Employment and Training, and Employment Security. In addition, the Advisory Committee on Hispanic Affairs, Advisory Committee on African-American Affairs, Native American Affairs, Employment Security Advisory Council, Job Service Employer Committee, Kansas Council on Employment and Training, Commission on Disability Concerns, and various support units are attached to the Department. The Department also operates America's Workforce Technology Solutions, a national field center that provides design, development, programming, and maintenance support of national data systems for state employment security agencies and their one-stop partners.

The programs of the Department serve the entire labor force and business community in Kansas. One of the programs administered by the Department is Unemployment Insurance. Under this program, employer payroll collected taxes are unemployment benefits are paid to eligible individuals. Employment and training programs place individuals in jobs, provide employment counseling, and provide job training through the Workforce Investment Act (WIA). These programs are administered with funds from the federal government and are operated in accordance with federal laws and regulations. The Department coordinates the delivery of the Welfare-to-Work Program with SRS and local workforce investment boards.

Under the Workers Compensation Act, the Department conducts hearings on contested matters and negotiates settlements, receives accident reports, advises claimants of their rights, and directs and audits the vocational and physical rehabilitation needs of injured workers. The Department is also responsible for the enforcement of minimum wage, wage payment, and child labor laws as well as the regulation of private employment agencies. It also oversees the apprenticeship programs in the state. Services are provided in the area of industrial safety and boiler inspection, and collective bargaining assistance is given in both the private and public sectors.

Statutory History. Authority for the Department is found in KSA 75-5701 through KSA 75-5740. The Department was created by Executive Reorganization Order No. 14 of 1976. The executive order combined a number of labor-related programs under the cabinet-level Department. The Department also administers the Kansas Employment Security Law (KSA 44-701 through KSA 44-758) as well as the Workers Compensation Act (KSA 44-501 et seq.).

Department of Human Resources

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administration & Support Svcs.	18,744,030	15,816,281	15,393,802		15,393,802
Unemployment Insurance Svcs.	354,371,922	347,702,644	277,167,483		277,127,448
African-American Affairs	155,549	164,062	173,019		173,019
Industrial Safety & Health	1,856,148	1,937,016	1,968,740		1,968,740
Employment Services	29,089,152	29,481,830	27,677,926		27,575,281
Workers Compensation Services	6,467,990	7,181,496	7,371,446		7,371,446
Labor Relations & Emply. Stds.	595,373	591,750	609,715		609,715
America's Job Link Alliance	1,874,134	1,845,725	1,871,436		1,871,436
Hispanic Affairs	166,392	168,389	171,675		171,675
Registered Apprenticeship	98,914	130,784	137,140		137,140
Disability Concerns	227,965	647,201	572,346		572,346
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	1,754,571	703,108	596,268	 ds	596,268
Total Expenditures	\$415,402,140	\$406,370,286	\$333,710,996	\$	\$333,568,316
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	37,861,635	38,194,398	38,264,693		38,224,658
Contractual Services	16,399,861	16,326,074	14,944,920		14,944,920
Commodities	1,336,168	1,379,572	1,362,490		1,362,490
Capital Outlay	3,004,577	1,295,366	1,060,695		1,060,695
Debt Service		208,520	212,718		212,718
Operating Adjustments		200,520	212,710		212,710
Subtotal: State Operations	\$58,602,241	\$57,403,930	\$55,845,516	\$	\$55,805,481
Aid to Local Governments	11,964,099	11,319,268	10,529,430	Ψ	10,426,785
Other Assistance	342,184,376	336,330,000	266,130,000		266,130,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$412,750,716	\$405,053,198	\$332,504,946	\$	\$332,362,266
Capital Improvements	22,274	494,588	383,550	-	383,550
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Total Reportable Expenditures	\$412,772,990	\$405,547,786	\$332,888,496	\$	\$332,745,816
Non-expense Items	2,629,150	822,500	822,500	 ¢	822,500
Total Expenditures by Object	\$415,402,140	\$406,370,286	\$333,710,996	\$	\$333,568,316
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,048,229	2,513,867	1,994,257		1,891,612
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	413,353,911	403,856,419	331,716,739		331,676,704
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$415,402,140	\$406,370,286	\$333,710,996	\$	\$333,568,316
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FTE Positions	963.4	940.4	941.4		940.4
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	44.0	44.0	44.0		44.0
Total Positions	1,007.4	984.4	985.4		984.4

Administration & Support Services_

Operations. The Administration and Support Services Program includes the central management and administrative support functions of the Department of Human Resources as well as the Native American Affairs unit. Four subprograms support the activities of the program.

The General Administration Subprogram includes the Secretary of Human Resources, the Deputy Secretary, the Director of Employment Security, the Director of Employment and Training, and the Director of Native American Affairs. General Administration staff oversees operations of the Department and is responsible for effective administration. The Native American Affairs two-person unit will implement programs of public education on issues related to Native American heritage and history. It will also promote understanding of issues relating to the Native American race, ethnicity, ancestry, and religion.

The Legal Services Subprogram deals with legal matters, which include law suits, civil rights complaints, leases, purchase agreements, real estate transactions, employer bankruptcy, legislative issues, interpretation of federal regulations, legal opinions for the Department, and wage and hour disputes.

The Support Services Subprogram consists of several organizational units. Labor Market Information Services maintains basic labor force and economic data and is the actuarial trustee of the state's Employment Security Trust Fund. Communications is responsible for marketing activities, media relations, and production of a newsletter. Other units in this subprogram include Personnel Administration, Equal

Employment Opportunity (EEO), Building and Office Services, Internal Security, and Fiscal Management.

The Data Processing Subprogram provides data processing services to the Department. The agency now uses the DISC mainframe to provide computer teleprocessing network services for over 45 locations across the state.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of this program is to provide administration and support services to the other programs so that the agency can provide effective services to the citizens of Kansas and maintain compliance with federal and state law. A selection of key objectives is outlined below:

Provide quality legal services in the collection of unemployment insurance taxes and the collection of unpaid wages on behalf of employees.

Provide personnel services that ensure the agency has qualified staff to meet its mission and goals.

Provide timely and accurate labor market information in response to user requests.

Statutory History. Authority for the program is found is KSA 75-5701 through 75-5740, which establish the Department of Human Resources. Applicable federal regulations include the Wagner-Peyser Act of 1933, Titles III and IX of the Social Security Act, the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, and the Workforce Investment Act.

Administration & Support Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	9,532,203	9,962,161	10,176,648		10,176,648
Contractual Services	6,312,193	4,531,769	4,180,034		4,180,034
Commodities	627,488	643,865	622,120		622,120
Capital Outlay	2,249,683	678,486	415,000		415,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$18,721,567	\$15,816,281	\$15,393,802	\$	\$15,393,802
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$18,721,567	\$15,816,281	\$15,393,802	\$	\$15,393,802
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$18,721,567	\$15,816,281	\$15,393,802	\$	\$15,393,802
Non-expense Items	22,463				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$18,744,030	\$15,816,281	\$15,393,802	\$	\$15,393,802
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	413,855	535,917	477,673		477,673
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	18,330,175	15,280,364	14,916,129		14,916,129
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$18,744,030	\$15,816,281	\$15,393,802	\$	\$15,393,802
FTE Positions	209.7	209.7	209.7		209.7
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	9.0	9.0	9.0		9.0
Total Positions	218.7	218.7	218.7		218.7

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of labor market requests processed within three days	94.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %
Percent of time network server is available for use	99.0 %	99.0 %	99.0 %
Percent of state agencies using office of Native-American Affairs as a resource	25.0 %	30.0 %	35.0 %

Unemployment Insurance Services_

Operations. The Unemployment Insurance Services Program administers the state's unemployment insurance law and related federal programs. Benefits are provided to eligible applicants to replace part of the wages lost from involuntary unemployment.

This program determines the employer's tax rates; receives, processes, and pays benefit claims; adjudicates irregular claims; hears appeals on contested cases; and compiles data to meet state and federal requirements. The program operates through several units: the Contributions Branch, Benefits Branch, Benefit Payment Control Unit, Quality Control Unit, Appeals Unit, and the Board of Review.

The Contributions Branch establishes employer liability under the Kansas Employment Security Law; collects the unemployment insurance tax, which is used to pay benefits; processes quarterly contributions and wage reports; collects past due tax liabilities; and establishes experience ratings for payment of employer contributions. The Benefits Branch determines unemployment eligibility and processes benefit payments. These services are now provided through three telephone call centers.

The Benefit Payment Control Unit is responsible for fraud prevention, detection, and collection of benefit overpayments. Random audits are conducted by the Quality Control Unit to determine rates of fraud, abuse, or errors made by either claimants, employers, or the agency in processing benefit claims.

The Appeals Branch is responsible for reviewing the decisions made by claims examiners when appealed by the employer or claimant. Decisions made by referees of the Appeals Branch are subject to review by the

Board of Review if the employer or claimant is not satisfied with the referee's decision.

Goals and Objectives. The major goal of the Unemployment Insurance Program is to assist eligible unemployed workers by providing monetary benefits during a temporary period of unemployment. This goal is accomplished through the following objectives:

Provide unemployment benefits to eligible clients in a timely manner.

Collect, deposit, and audit employer contributions promptly and accurately.

Improve the quality and promptness of determinations and appeals in regard to eligibility.

Provide access to services that will improve claimants' chances for returning to work.

Statutory History. Authority for the program is found in KSA 44-701 through 44-758, referred to as the Employment Security Law. The 1995 Legislature amended KSA 44-710a to provide that positive balance employers not pay unemployment tax to the State Employment Security Trust Fund until January 1, 1997. Subsequent amendments continued the moratorium until January 1, 2000. Employers began, once again, to pay unemployment insurance taxes effective January 1, 2000. The rate of total collections was reduced to approximately one-third of the rate of assessment prior to the moratorium. The framework of this program was established in Titles III and IX of the Social Security Act and the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.

Unemployment Insurance Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object				C	
Salaries and Wages	10,000,449	9,400,144	8,873,983		8,833,948
Contractual Services	1,781,957	1,700,000	1,691,000		1,691,000
Commodities	142,758	142,500	142,500		142,500
Capital Outlay	166,601	90,000	90,000		90,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$12,091,765	\$11,332,644	\$10,797,483	\$	\$10,757,448
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	341,614,774	335,750,000	265,750,000		265,750,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$353,706,539	\$347,082,644	\$276,547,483	\$	\$276,507,448
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$353,706,539	\$347,082,644	\$276,547,483	\$	\$276,507,448
Non-expense Items	665,383	620,000	620,000		620,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$354,371,922	\$347,702,644	\$277,167,483	\$	\$277,127,448
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	91				
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	354,371,831	347,702,644	277,167,483		277,127,448
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$354,371,922	\$347,702,644	\$277,167,483	\$	\$277,127,448
FTE Positions	302.8	281.8	282.8		281.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	303.8	282.8	283.8		282.8

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Unemployment rate	4.4 %	4.7 %	4.4 %
Number of initial claims filed for benefits	141,800	155,000	165,000
Percent of intrastate claimants to be issued first payment within 14 days	87.7 %	80.0 %	82.0 %
Percent of claimants filing weekly claims via the electronic system	97.9 %	99.0 %	99.0 %
Average duration of unemployment benefits (in weeks)	14.9	15.0	15.0

African-American Affairs

Operations. The 1997 Legislature established the Advisory Commission on African-American Affairs to serve as an advisor to the Secretary of Human Resources. The Commission gathers and disseminates information on issues concerning African-Americans and cooperates with other state agencies and the private sector in serving the needs of African-Americans. The Commission will develop, coordinate, and assist other public and private organizations with understanding African-American issues and will propose new programs concerning African-Americans. The seven-member Advisory Commission can appoint, with approval of the Secretary of Human Resources, an Executive Director. In addition, the Executive Director can appoint, with approval of the Advisory Commission and Secretary of Human Resources, technical advisors to develop and assist local organizations on African-American concerns.

Goals and Objectives. The Advisory Commission on African-American Affairs has identified four goals:

Serve as a liaison with the African-American community and function as a catalyst in establishing an efficient information exchange environment.

Develop and distribute information to public and private organizations about education, employment, health, housing, welfare, culture, and recreational issues concerning the African-American community.

Establish a relationship with the workforce community to address African-American training and employment needs better.

Statutory History. KSA 74-9901 through 74-9906 create the Advisory Commission on African-American Affairs.

African-American Affairs

	EN 2002	EN 2002	ET 2004	FN7.2004	EN 2004
	FY 2002	FY 2003 Gov. Estimate	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004 Gov. Rec.
E	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	06704	100.720	124 112		124 112
Salaries and Wages	86,784	108,720	124,112		124,112
Contractual Services	52,394	42,542	36,107		36,107
Commodities	12,969	12,800	12,800		12,800
Capital Outlay	3,402				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$155,549	\$164,062	\$173,019	\$	\$173,019
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$155,549	\$164,062	\$173,019	\$	\$173,019
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$155,549	\$164,062	\$173,019	\$	\$173,019
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$155,549	\$164,062	\$173,019	\$	\$173,019
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	152,717	164,062	173,019		173,019
Water Plan Fund	, 		, 		·
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	2,832				
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$155,549	\$164,062	\$173,019	\$	\$173,019
Total Experiences by Luna	ψ100 , 015	Ψ101,002	Ψ1.0,01>	Ψ	Ψ1,0,01
FTE Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of public presentations, coalitions, and partnerships	50	45	50
Number of requests received for information and assistance	100	90	95
Number of published articles/editorials on Afrian-American community needs	10	8	10
Number of African-American job seekers and employer announcements placed in Job Bank	60	55	60

Industrial Safety & Health.

Operations. KDHR's Industrial Safety and Health Section coordinates six programs: (1) Boiler Safety Inspection Program; (2) Accident Prevention Program; (3) 21(d) Consultation Project; (4) Public Sector Compliance; (5) State Workplace Health and Safety Program; and (6) Annual Safety and Health Conference. The Boiler Safety Inspection Program and the Annual Safety and Health Conference are both fee funded. Accident Prevention funding is obtained from the Division of Workers Compensation Assessments. These funds also supply the state match money for the 21(d) Consultation Project, which derives up to 90.0 percent of its funding from a federal The State Workplace Safety and Health grant. Program is funded by a contract with the Department of Administration. Starting in FY 2003, this program again became the responsibility of the Department of Public Sector Compliance is the Administration. single program which derives its support from the State General Fund.

The Boiler Safety Inspection Program oversees the inspection and certification of all Kansas boilers. Currently, there are 17,400 certificated boilers in the state—7,339 new and 10,061 used (over two years old). Boilers may be inspected by an insurance company inspector registered with the Boiler Safety Inspection Program or a state inspector. Certificates are issued if the boiler is found to be safe for operation. Twenty percent of fees for inspections and certification are contributed to the State General Fund.

The Accident Prevention Program assesses the safety and health services provided by workers compensation insurance companies. Evaluations are made by review of both insurers and insureds. Over the last few years, these evaluations have been extended into state agencies through the State Workplace Health and Safety Program. The Annual Safety and Health Conference is sponsored by KDHR. It is funded through attendee and vendor registration fees.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Industrial Safety and Health Section is to reduce the frequency

and severity of workplace accidents and illnesses. Insurance companies and self-insured employers are assisted in complying with the Workers Compensation Act; public sector agencies are coached in implementing safety and health programs; educational information is disseminated during consultations and at the annual conference to assist in regulatory compliance; and safe operation of boilers and pressure vessels is assured through the inspection and certification process. Several objectives direct program activities.

Provide high quality safety and health consultation services at no cost to employers.

Abate all identified safety and health hazards according to federal guidelines.

Review accident prevention services provided by workers compensation insurance companies and group-funded, self-insurance plans.

Respond to all public sector employee complaints and investigate all public sector fatalities.

Assure compliance of boilers belonging to uninsured owners and insured boilers.

Inspect all new installations of boilers and pressure vessels to verify initial compliance.

Statutory History. Authority for these programs is found in KSA 44-636, which authorizes inspections of all public and private work sites for safety and health hazards, and KSA 44-575(f), which mandates health and safety programs for state agencies. KSA 44-013 et seq., the Boiler Safety Act, outline the boiler and pressure vessel inspection requirements. KSA 44-5,104, Accident Prevention, identifies the requirements for workers compensation insurance providers. KSA 75-5740 relates to accident investigations.

Industrial Safety & Health

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,330,359	1,447,670	1,478,269		1,478,269
Contractual Services	333,454	360,799	366,756		366,756
Commodities	66,538	72,767	67,715		67,715
Capital Outlay	125,607	55,780	56,000		56,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,855,958	\$1,937,016	\$1,968,740	\$	\$1,968,740
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,855,958	\$1,937,016	\$1,968,740	\$	\$1,968,740
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,855,958	\$1,937,016	\$1,968,740	\$	\$1,968,740
Non-expense Items	190				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,856,148	\$1,937,016	\$1,968,740	\$	\$1,968,740
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	140,750	211,130	215,208		215,208
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,715,398	1,725,886	1,753,532		1,753,532
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,856,148	\$1,937,016	\$1,968,740	\$	\$1,968,740
FTE Positions	35.0	33.0	33.0		33.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	35.0	33.0	33.0		33.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of OSHA consultations	1,222	700	700
Percent of planned inspections completed	60.0 %	90.0 %	90.0 %
Number of boilers and pressure vessels inspected	385	15,000	15,000
Percent of boilers found to be deficient	15.0 %	15.0 %	15.0 %
Number of workplace safety consultations for state agencies	91	150	150

Employment Services.

Operations. The Division of Employment and Training oversees the federal Welfare-to-Work Program and the Job Service operations in the Department. Job Service places job-ready applicants with employers and helps employers find suitable employees. Workforce Investment Act (WIA) programs under Federal Title I prepare youth and unskilled adults who are economically disadvantaged or have serious problems to enter the labor force. Title I funds also provide reemployment services for dislocated workers.

The WIA, which replaced the Job Training Partnership Act on July 1, 2000, provides workforce investment activities that increase the employment, retention, and earnings of participants. It also increases the occupational skill attainment by participants and, as a result, improves the quality of the workforce, reduces welfare dependency, and enhances the productivity and competitiveness of the nation.

The Welfare-to-Work Program is funded by a mix of federal funds and state funds. The program provides transitional assistance which moves hard-to-employ welfare recipients into unsubsidized employment and economic self-sufficiency. The Division is also responsible for managing One-Stop Career Center planning to transform a collection of separate workforce development programs into a customer-focused system accessible to all Kansans.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Division of Employment and Training is to provide equitable and accessible services to its customers, and facilitate system building, in concert with partners, to ensure the continued development of the Kansas workforce. This goal is pursued through the following objectives:

To function as a catalyst in the implementation and provision of WIA, to include maintaining and improving the One-Stop delivery system.

To establish and maintain an efficient labor exchange and workforce development system.

To maintain a technology platform and ongoing technology delivery capacity that is matched with the Division's continuing operational context, service delivery model, and the information technology plan of the Department of Human Resources and the state.

Statutory History. Authority for the Employment Services Program is found in KSA 44-701 through 44-758, the Federal Wagner-Peyser Act, and the Social Security Act. Federal regulations 20 CFR Parts 602-604 and 651-653 relate to Job Services. The Workforce Investment Act is authorized by PL 105-220. The Welfare-to-Work Program is authorized by the federal Balanced Budget Act of 1997.

Employment Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Dase Duuget	Ellianc. I kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	10,031,553	9,933,262	10,109,196		10,109,196
Contractual Services	5,833,275	7,053,300	6,063,300		6,063,300
Commodities	288,897	295,000	295,000		295,000
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Capital Outlay	311,973	200,000	200,000		200,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$16,465,698	\$17,481,562	\$16,667,496	\$	\$16,667,496
Aid to Local Governments	11,954,835	11,319,268	10,529,430		10,426,785
Other Assistance	569,602	580,000	380,000		380,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$28,990,135	\$29,380,830	\$27,576,926	\$	\$27,474,281
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$28,990,135	\$29,380,830	\$27,576,926	\$	\$27,474,281
Non-expense Items	99,017	101,000	101,000		101,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$29,089,152	\$29,481,830	\$27,677,926	\$	\$27,575,281
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	626,541	889,565	358,874		256,229
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	28,462,611	28,592,265	27,319,052		27,319,052
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$29,089,152	\$29,481,830	\$27,677,926	\$	\$27,575,281
FTE Positions	256.2	256.2	256.2		256.2
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	29.0	29.0	29.0		29.0
Total Positions	285.2	285.2	285.2		285.2

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Job seeker entered employment rate	65.0 %	68.0 %	68.0 %
Job seeker employment retention rate	70.0 %	73.0 %	73.0 %
Welfare-to-Work participants' employment rate	58.8 %	58.8 %	58.8 %

Workers Compensation Services

Operations. This program, divided into nine sections, administers the Workers Compensation Act. The sections are described below. Operating funds are derived from fees assessed on insurance carriers, a self-insured program, and individual self-insured employers' insurance companies.

The Technology and Statistics Section provides information and computer services for the Division and publishes an annual statistical report and newsletter. The Data Collection, Applications, and Research units record information on injured workers, employers, insurance carriers, self-insured employers, and attorneys. The Business and Accounting Section assesses self-insured employers and insurance carriers, assists with the budget process, and regulates self-insured employers.

The Ombudsman Section employs full-time personnel who specialize in aiding injured workers, employers, and insurance professionals with claim information and problems arising from job-related injuries and illnesses. The ombudsman acts in an impartial manner and is available to provide the parties with general information about the current issues within the workers compensation system.

The Rehabilitation Section, in conjunction with insurance carriers, private rehabilitation vendors, and SRS, assists with the vocational rehabilitation services provided to injured workers. The Medical Services Section is responsible for establishing schedules that fix the maximum fees for medically-related services.

The Judicial Section includes ten administrative law judge positions. A hearing may be requested whenever there is a disagreement regarding the right to compensation or benefits due the injured worker. Awards by the judges can be appealed to the Workers Compensation Board. The Fraud and Abuse Investigation Section directs and assists in the investigation and prosecution of alleged fraudulent or abusive acts or practices. The Compliance Section directs and assists in the investigation of

noncompliance of coverage and proper filings. The Mediation Section is available, if the parties agree, to assist them in reaching agreement on any disputed issue in a workers compensation claim.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to provide services mandated in the Kansas Workers Compensation Act and to ensure Workers Compensation customers receive quality services in a positive, efficient, and expeditious manner. The following objectives will achieve this goal:

Respond to administrative and legislative requests for information in a timely manner.

Develop systems to collect and analyze claims information for study.

Develop a fair and accurate medical fee schedule, and identify better ways to structure and deliver benefits.

Resolve benefit disputes quickly and without litigation when possible.

Reduce the amount of litigation associated with current and future workers compensation claims.

Provide vocational rehabilitation counseling services that help injured workers to return to their previous job or other gainful employment.

Provide a system for monitoring, reporting, and investigating fraud or abuse.

Statutory History. Authority for the program is found in KSA 44-501 through 44-592. The act was originally passed in 1911 and extensively revised in 1974. In 1976, the Legislature placed the Workers Compensation Program in the Department of Human Resources (KSA 75-5708). Extensive reforms were enacted in 1987, 1990, and 1993.

Workers Compensation Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			· ·	C	
Salaries and Wages	4,635,029	5,053,731	5,139,446		5,139,446
Contractual Services	1,561,906	1,721,845	1,787,800		1,787,800
Commodities	150,093	160,620	171,100		171,100
Capital Outlay	119,480	243,800	271,600		271,600
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$6,466,508	\$7,179,996	\$7,369,946	\$	\$7,369,946
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,466,508	\$7,179,996	\$7,369,946	\$	\$7,369,946
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,466,508	\$7,179,996	\$7,369,946	\$	\$7,369,946
Non-expense Items	1,482	1,500	1,500		1,500
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,467,990	\$7,181,496	\$7,371,446	\$	\$7,371,446
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	26				
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6,467,964	7,181,496	7,371,446		7,371,446
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,467,990	\$7,181,496	\$7,371,446	\$	\$7,371,446
FTE Positions	108.0	108.0	108.0		108.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Total Positions	111.0	111.0	111.0		111.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of accident reports	60,702	110,000	85,000
Number of days from initial report of fraud or abuse to investigation	61	60	60
Number of fraud abuse cases reviewed	199	210	210
Percent of cases resolved in pre-trial mediation conferences	45.0 %	50.0 %	50.0 %
Number of regular hearings held	822	850	900

Labor Relations & Employment Standards_

Operations. This program enforces laws relating to employment standards, labor relations, and public employee relations. The Employment Standards Section is primarily responsible for the enforcement of wage payment and child labor laws, but also regulates private employment agencies. The Labor Relations Section provides assistance in the organizational or collective bargaining process to employers and employees in the private sector who are exempt from federal laws, agricultural employers and employees, and all public employers and employees of the state and its agencies as well as those of such other public employers who elect to be brought under the provisions of KSA 75-4321 et seq. Assistance provided by staff includes holding bargaining unit determination hearings, conducting elections, and holding hearings on prohibited practice charges.

Mediation, fact finding, and arbitration services are available in the event of an impasse in negotiations. Disputes involving public employees under KSA 75-4321 et seq. and teachers under KSA 72-5413 et seq. are resolved in accordance with the Kansas Administrative Procedure Act subject to review by the Public Employee Relations Board and the Secretary of Human Resources, respectively.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Labor Relations and Employment Standards Program is to promote a harmonious and cooperative employeremployee relationship and to enforce laws providing protection to the Kansas workforce through due process as provided by statute. Objectives are listed below:

Provide public employees a means to establish bargaining units and elect an organization to represent them in labor negotiations.

Provide public employers and employees with a means to resolve their disputes over unfair bargaining practices.

Provide employers and employees with a means to resolve their disputes about payment of wages and deductions from wages.

Disseminate information to the public regarding employment of minors and investigate complaints about child labor violations.

License and regulate employment agencies which charge a fee to the job seeker.

Statutory History. Authority for the Labor Relations and Employment Standards Program is found in several statutes: Wage Payment Act, KSA 44-313 et seq.; Minimum Wage and Maximum Hours Act, KSA 44-1201 et seq.; Child Labor Act, KSA 38-601 et seq.; private employment agencies, KSA 44-401 et seq.; labor relations, KSA 44-801 et seq.; public sector labor relations, KSA 75-4321; and Professional Negotiations Act, KSA 72-5413 et seq.

Labor Relations & Employment Standards

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	425,696	429,682	446,832		446,832
Contractual Services	65,374	58,426	59,165		59,165
Commodities	3,604	3,642	3,718		3,718
Capital Outlay	2				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$494,676	\$491,750	\$509,715	\$	\$509,715
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$494,676	\$491,750	\$509,715	\$	\$509,715
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$494,676	\$491,750	\$509,715	\$	\$509,715
Non-expense Items	100,697	100,000	100,000		100,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$595,373	\$591,750	\$609,715	\$	\$609,715
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	232,630	199,717	212,847		212,847
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	362,743	392,033	396,868		396,868
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$595,373	\$591,750	\$609,715	\$	\$609,715
FTE Positions	9.0	9.0	9.0		9.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	9.0	9.0	9.0		9.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of impasse cases	170	155	155
Number of prohibited practice cases processed	24	30	30
Number of wage claims filed	1,540	1,800	2,250
Total dollar amount of wages collected/recovered	\$963,688	\$1,200,000	\$1,300,000

America's Job Link Alliance

Operations. America's Job Link Alliance (AJLA) is a national information technology field center with functional direction provided by the National Association of State Workforce Agencies (NASWA). The center was founded in 1969 with funding from the U.S. Department of Labor to centralize the development of management information systems used within the federal/state employment security system. AJLA computer-based systems provide the means for the national workforce development community to serve job seekers and employers and to track and report on performance measures.

Design and modification specifications for the computer-based systems are provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, or AJLA user groups made up of states' workforce development agencies. AJLA modifies systems to implement design changes. Training and technical assistance in support of these systems is provided in Topeka and in state offices throughout the country. Statistical and financial data relating to each state's workforce development operations are produced by the states through these systems.

AJLA was originally funded directly by the U.S. Department of Labor. However, because of the

federal government's decentralization efforts, federal funding for the AJLA training component was eliminated in 1981 and the systems component in 1987. AJLA is now funded through a nonprofit corporation made up of a consortium of state employment security agencies.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of AJLA is to provide, at the lowest possible cost, high quality systems, programming, and training to the workforce development programs located in Kansas and in other states which contract for services. The following objectives have been identified for this program:

Improve the overall quality of AJLA products and services.

Improve the responsiveness to customer inquiries and reduce the number of inquiries.

Improve the rate of compliance to the work plan of AJLA and NASWA.

Statutory History. AJLA evolved as a federally-funded program in 1969 by an agreement between the Department of Human Resources and the U.S. Department of Labor. Authority for current contracting activity is contained in KSA 75-5735.

America's Job Link Alliance

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,465,762	1,432,950	1,451,663		1,451,663
Contractual Services	342,582	352,907	358,118		358,118
Commodities	31,603	32,568	33,560		33,560
Capital Outlay	26,566	27,300	28,095		28,095
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,866,513	\$1,845,725	\$1,871,436	\$	\$1,871,436
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,866,513	\$1,845,725	\$1,871,436	\$	\$1,871,436
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,866,513	\$1,845,725	\$1,871,436	\$	\$1,871,436
Non-expense Items	7,621				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,874,134	\$1,845,725	\$1,871,436	\$	\$1,871,436
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,874,134	1,845,725	1,871,436		1,871,436
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,874,134	\$1,845,725	\$1,871,436	\$	\$1,871,436
FTE Positions	30.8	30.8	30.8		30.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	31.8	31.8	31.8		31.8

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Total number of states subscribing to one of more AJLA products	27	30	33
Percent of AJLA products delivered on-time or early	95.0 %	98.0 %	100.0 %
Percent of administrators aware of AJLA products and services	80.0 %	85.0 %	95.0 %

Hispanic Affairs.

Operations. The Kansas Advisory Committee on Hispanic Affairs (KACHA) identifies Hispanic community issues that are presented to the Governor, the Legislature, and other policymakers for consideration. KACHA serves as a liaison between the Hispanic community and the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial Branches of government. Through regular agency publications, informational releases to media, and attendance at community meetings and public hearings, information is provided on programs and policies affecting Hispanics. KACHA conducts research and policy analysis on legislative, educational, social, and economic issues.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Hispanic Affairs Program is to promote and improve the educational, economic, legislative and cultural presence of Hispanics in both the private and public sectors of Kansas. This goal is pursued through the following objectives:

Assist organizations in their efforts to develop solutions to the educational dropout rate for Hispanics and increase educational and career opportunities for Hispanics.

Inform the Hispanic community and state agencies about education, housing, health, employment, and legislative issues concerning Hispanics.

Act as a liaison between the Hispanic community and Executive, Legislative, and Judicial Branches of government, and advise state agencies on how their policies and programs are affecting Hispanics.

Statutory History. The Kansas Advisory Committee on Mexican-American Affairs (KACMAA) was established in 1974 by KSA 74-6501. In 1976 KACMAA was placed in the Department of Human Resources by Executive Reorganization Order No. 14. Responsibilities were expanded in 1979, and KSA 72-9510 and KSA 74-6504 were amended to include assistance to the Department of Education in the Bilingual Education Program. Because of a large influx of Hispanics from many different countries, on July 1, 1986, the Kansas Advisory Committee on Mexican-American Affairs was officially designated as the Kansas Advisory Committee on Hispanic Affairs (KSA 74-6501a).

Hispanic Affairs

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Dase Budget	Limane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	92,431	121,603	123,280		123,280
Contractual Services	65.391	40,909	42,518		42,518
Commodities	7,307	5,877	5,877		5,877
Capital Outlay	1,263	5,677	5,677		5,677
Debt Service	1,203				
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$166,392	\$168,389	\$171,675	\$	\$171,675
Aid to Local Governments	φ100,372	φ100,309	φ1/1,0/3	φ	φ1/1,0/3
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$166,392	\$168,389	\$171,67 5	\$	\$171,67 5
Capital Improvements	φ100,372	φ100,309	φ1/1,0/3	φ 	φ1/1,0/3
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$166,392	\$168,389	\$171,67 5	\$ 	\$171,67 5
Non-expense Items	φ100,372	φ100,302	φ1/1,0/5	φ 	φ1/1,0/3
Total Expenditures by Object	\$166,392	\$168,389	\$171,675	\$	\$171,675
Total Expenditures by Object	φ100,372	φ100,507	φ1/1,0/3	Ψ	φ1/1,0/3
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	166,321	168,389	171,675		171,675
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	71				
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$166,392	\$168,389	\$171,675	\$	\$171,675
FTE Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of information mailings	4	4	6
Number of community meetings attended	65	65	65
Percent of Hispanic households reached through Hispanic Information Network	35.0 %	35.0 %	35.0 %
Percent of Hispanic students participating in youth programs	15.0 %	15.0 %	15.0 %
Number of youth in programs	2,000	2,000	2,000

Registered Apprenticeship .

Operations. The Registered Apprenticeship Program administers the rules and regulations regarding approval and registration of apprenticeship programs and apprentices. Apprentices are certified to federal agencies requesting such certification. Certificates of completion are issued to apprentices when competency has been established. The Department of Human Resources Apprenticeship Program and the U.S. Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training coordinate activities toward promoting and establishing apprenticeship programs. The Apprenticeship Program is under the Division of Employment and Training.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Apprenticeship Program is to increase the job opportunities, earning capacity, and security of unskilled persons interested in learning a trade in an apprenticeable occupation, thus helping employers meet the current need for skilled workers and the needs of future economic conditions and technological

development. Objectives for this program are identified as follows:

Provide quality services and technical assistance to current employers and program sponsors to increase the skilled workforce.

Incorporate the Registered Apprenticeship Program into the childcare industry and increase childcare providers and childcare development specialist apprenticeships.

Statutory History. The Industrial Welfare of Apprentices and Minors Act (KSA 44-639 et seq.) was enacted in 1915 to provide a standard for learners and apprentices. Upon creation of the Department of Human Resources in 1976, the statute was amended to substitute the Secretary of Human Resources for the Labor Commissioner. KSA 44-661 establishes the Kansas Apprenticeship Council in the Department of Human Resources.

Department of Human Resources -Registered Apprenticeship

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	85,736	102,812	107,056		107,056
Contractual Services	12,614	27,272	29,384		29,384
Commodities	564	700	700		700
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$98,914	\$130,784	\$137,140	\$	\$137,140
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$98,914	\$130,784	\$137,140	\$	\$137,140
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$98,914	\$130,784	\$137,140	\$	\$137,140
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$98,914	\$130,784	\$137,140	\$	\$137,140
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	98,914	130,784	137,140		137,140
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$98,914	\$130,784	\$137,140	\$	\$137,140
FTE Positions	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of registered apprenticeship programs	265	300	307
Number of new apprenticeship programs	39	12	16
Number of active apprentices	1,286	1,310	1,350

Disability Concerns

Operations. The Commission on Disability Concerns (CDC) is mandated by statute to facilitate independence for disabled Kansans. Independence, in this instance, means equal access to employment opportunities and living outside institutions in the environment of the disabled person's choice. In the State of Kansas there are estimated to be 246,092 people between the ages of 21 and 64 who benefit or who would benefit from increased employment opportunities and independent living options in the community of their choice. The function of CDC is to work with federal, state, and local governments as well as businesses, labor, private citizens, and non-profit organizations to enhance the employment opportunities and quality of life of Kansans who are disabled.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Disability Concerns Program is to promote full and equal citizenship for all Kansans with disabilities through education, legislative advocacy, and resource networking. The objectives are outlined below:

Evaluate the level of services provided by local workforce development centers to individuals with disabilities and provide training for staff of the centers on accessibility issues.

Educate One-Stop operators and local Workforce Investment Board members and staff about the Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act and advocate for them to develop employment networks.

Seek alternative funding to augment employment initiatives.

Expand Disability Mentoring Day locations throughout the state to provide more disabled high school students with opportunities to acquire guidance and mentoring on goal setting and career planning.

Statutory History. In 1949, under KSA 44-413 through 44-417, the Governor's Committee on Employment of the Physically Handicapped was established. In 1968 these statutes were amended to remove the word "physically" from the Committee's name. The Governor's Committee on Employment of the Handicapped was abolished in 1976 under KSA 75-5703 and 75-5706, and the Advisory Committee on the Employment of the Handicapped was created in the Department of Human Resources under KSA 74-6701 through 74-6708. The 1989 Legislature again changed the name to the Commission on Disability Concerns (KSA 74-6701).

Disability Concerns

	EN 2002	EW 2002	EW 2004	EN 2004	EV 2004
	FY 2002	FY 2003 Gov. Estimate	FY 2004	FY 2004 Enhanc. Pkg.	FY 2004 Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estilliate	Base Budget	Ellianc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
	175,633	201,663	234,208		234,208
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services					
	38,721	436,305	330,738		330,738
Commodities	4,347	9,233	7,400		7,400
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$218,701	\$647,201	\$572,346	\$	\$572,346
Aid to Local Governments	9,264				
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$227,965	\$647,201	\$572,346	\$	\$572,346
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$227,965	\$647,201	\$572,346	\$	\$572,346
Non-expense Items					·
Total Expenditures by Object	\$227,965	\$647,201	\$572,346	\$	\$572,346
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	216,384	191,786	224,963		224,963
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	11,581	455,415	347,383		347,383
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$227,965	\$647,201	\$572,346	\$	\$572,346
Total Experiences by Luna	Ψ221,500	ΨΟ-17,2-01	φο / 2,540	Ψ	φυ / 2,040
FTE Positions	4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	5.0	5.0	5.0		5.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent increase in people with disabilities receiving services	NA	5.0 %	25.0 %
Number of students participating	40	40	40
Percent of students who pursue higher education or become employed after completing high school	25.0 %	50.0 %	50.0 %

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

Operations. The Capital Improvements Program is responsible for the maintenance and construction of buildings owned by the Department of Human Resources. The agency currently owns buildings in 12 counties. The majority of the buildings house employment and training operations. The building which houses the administrative functions of the agency is located in Topeka and was built in 1951. Bonds to finance a major renovation of the building and debt payments began in FY 2002.

The majority of the buildings were constructed with federal "Reed Act" funds. They are also used for building additions or other building space acquisitions related to employment security operations as well as rehabilitation and repair of the Department's buildings.

The administrative use of Reed Act funds was to have expired in 1983. However, the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 (PL 97-248) extended the administrative use of these funds for ten years. With

the enactment of PL 101-508, the limitation on the number of years to use Reed Act funds for administrative purposes has been deleted entirely.

In accordance with the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, the existence of any local employment service office outside of the One-Stop Delivery system facility is prohibited. The FY 2002 Capital Improvement appropriation bill authorized the Department of Human Resources to sell local offices upon approval from the State Finance Council with the approval of the Joint Committee on State Building Construction.

Statutory History. General authority for the program is found in KSA 75-5701 through KSA 75-5740. The Department was created by Executive Reorganization Order No. 14 of 1976. The order combined a number of labor-related programs under the cabinet-level Department of Human Resources. The Reed Act Fund was created in 1954 by Section 903 of the Social Security Act.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service		208,520	212,718		212,718
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$208,520	\$212,718	\$	\$212,718
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$	\$208,520	\$212,718	\$	\$212,718
Capital Improvements	22,274	494,588	383,550		383,550
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$22,274	\$703,108	\$596,268	\$	\$596,268
Non-expense Items	1,732,297				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,754,571	\$703,108	\$596,268	\$	\$596,268
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund		22,517	22,858		22,858
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,754,571	680,591	573,410		573,410
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,754,571	\$703,108	\$596,268	\$	\$596,268
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Kansas Human Rights Commission_

Mission. The mission of the Human Rights Commission is to eliminate and prevent discrimination and assure equal opportunities in the State of Kansas in all employment relations and all places of public accommodation and housing.

Operations. The Kansas Human Rights Commission consists of seven members: two representing labor, two representing industry, one representing the real estate industry, a practicing attorney, and one member appointed at large. The commissioners are appointed by the Governor for overlapping four-year terms. The Commission maintains offices in Topeka and Wichita, and satellite offices in Dodge City and Independence. The Commission employs professional staff and full or part-time legal, stenographic, and clerical assistants as necessary to carry out the law.

The Commission investigates complaints alleging unlawful discriminatory practices, as well as conducts hearings and pursues litigation relating to enforcement of the Kansas Act against Discrimination and the Kansas Age Discrimination in Employment Act. The agency also conducts educational programs to promote citizen awareness of civil rights problems and methods for resolving and preventing discrimination.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the agency is to eliminate and prevent discrimination in employment,

housing, and public accommodations through enforcement, the investigation and resolution of complaints, and public education. Objectives are to:

Provide the opportunity for early resolution through a mediation process of every complaint filed.

Conduct a prompt and thorough investigation and render a timely determination for all complaints not resolved through mediation.

Conduct a timely and effective conciliation effort on all probable cause cases and to refer to the Office of the Hearing Examiner all cases in which conciliation efforts have not succeeded.

Emphasize the Commission's educational services to increase public awareness of the state's anti-discrimination laws and to reduce or eliminate all types of discrimination.

Statutory History. The applicable provisions of the Kansas Act against Discrimination for the Commission are included in KSA 44-1001 to 44-1044. The applicable provisions of the Kansas Age Discrimination Employment Act are included in KSA 44-1101 to 44-1109 and 44-1111 to 44-1121.

Kansas Human Rights Commission

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,366,869	1,443,741	1,360,866	106,012	1,284,784
Contractual Services	373,146	386,704	413,589		403,589
Commodities	20,956	16,106	17,800		17,800
Capital Outlay	23,322	16,000	16,000		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,784,293	\$1,862,551	\$1,808,255	\$106,012	\$1,706,173
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	2,500				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,786,793	\$1,862,551	\$1,808,255	\$106,012	\$1,706,173
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,786,793	\$1,862,551	\$1,808,255	\$106,012	\$1,706,173
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,786,793	\$1,862,551	\$1,808,255	\$106,012	\$1,706,173
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,423,591	1,403,350	1,414,096	106,012	1,333,830
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	363,202	459,201	394,159		372,343
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,786,793	\$1,862,551	\$1,808,255	\$106,012	\$1,706,173
FTE Positions	37.0	37.0	37.0		36.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	37.0	37.0	37.0		36.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Open case inventory	597	597	644
Number of complaints filed	888	975	950
Number of complaints closed	1,021	975	903
Processing delay time (in months)	6.2	6.2	6.4

Hutchinson Correctional Facility

Mission. The mission of Hutchinson Correctional Facility, as part of the criminal justice system, contributes to public safety by exercising reasonable, safe, secure, and humane control of offenders while actively encouraging and assisting them to become law-abiding citizens.

Operations. Hutchinson Correctional Facility is the state's second largest facility for detention and rehabilitation of adult male offenders. The facility has a capacity of 1,768 who are housed in the main custody compound within the walled portion of the institution, a minimum security unit located outside the walls, and a medium custody unit located approximately one and a quarter miles east of the main facility. The purpose of the facility is to provide secure and safe confinement of convicted felons while providing rehabilitation opportunities. There are four custody levels in the facility: maximum, special management, medium, and minimum. Each has a range of privileges. An inmate's behavior and environmental restrictions determine the custody level.

Facility operations consist of six major programs: Administration, Security, Classification and Programs, Inmate Transportation, Support Services, and Capital Improvements. The Administration Program provides for the overall management and operation of the institution and includes fiscal and financial management, planning, and personnel administration. Emphasis is placed on staff training and reducing employee turnover, both of which directly affect the quality of the institution's programs.

The Security Program functions to minimize both escapes from the institution and acts of physical violence by inmates. Correctional officers control internal and external movement of inmates; monitor

activities; supervise work details; and investigate incidents relating to the security and well-being of the institution, inmates, and staff.

Classification and Programs' purpose is to classify inmate files and to provide recreational and religious programming for the inmate population. The Inmate Transportation Program reflects the facility's role as one of the two centers for the transportation system. It provides for the movement of inmates among the various correctional facilities. As with other facilities under the management of the Secretary of Corrections, education, mental and medical health services, and food services are provided through contracts with private vendors. These contracts are coordinated and funded through the Department of Corrections. The Support Services Program includes laundry and supply operations as well as physical plant maintenance. The Capital Improvements Program provides adequate and necessary facilities consistent with the intended use of the institution. Because many of the facilities were constructed between 1889 and 1912, primary emphasis has been placed on rehabilitating and repairing those existing structures.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the facility is to provide for the secure and humane confinement of offenders and ensure public safety. The objectives associated with this goal are to:

Limit the number of inmate assaults on staff.

Limit the number of inmate escapes.

Statutory History. The general statutory citation for the Department of Corrections and the correctional institutions is Article 75, Chapter 52 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*.

Hutchinson Correctional Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program				<i>3</i> .	
Administration	1,837,754	1,806,557	1,831,698		1,815,398
Security	13,508,289	13,750,492	14,245,411		13,962,223
Inmate Transportation	366,070	384,656	388,375		385,156
Classification And Programs	3,293,870	3,248,052	3,357,421		3,326,358
Support Services	5,190,533	4,686,289	5,177,691		4,824,530
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	883,729	1,240,861			330,629
Total Expenditures	\$25,080,245	\$25,116,907	\$25,000,596	\$	\$24,644,294
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	20,127,056	20,477,690	21,080,324		20,724,022
Contractual Services	1,990,001	1,923,378	2,145,236		1,814,607
Commodities	1,798,277	1,441,260	1,711,229		1,711,229
Capital Outlay	279,599	33,718	63,807		63,807
Debt Service	, 	66,306	·		112,247
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$24,194,933	\$23,942,352	\$25,000,596	\$	\$24,425,912
Aid to Local Governments	· · ·		· · · · · · ·		
Other Assistance	1,583				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$24,196,516	\$23,942,352	\$25,000,596	\$	\$24,425,912
Capital Improvements	883,729	1,174,555			218,382
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$25,080,245	\$25,116,907	\$25,000,596	\$	\$24,644,294
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$25,080,245	\$25,116,907	\$25,000,596	\$	\$24,644,294
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	23,786,127	23,796,518	24,723,201		24,366,899
Water Plan Fund	, , ,	, , ,	, , , <u></u>		
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	883,729	1,090,861			
Other Funds	410,389	229,528	277,395		277,395
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$25,080,245	\$25,116,907	\$25,000,596	\$	\$24,644,294
FTE Positions	513.0	513.0	513.0		513.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	0.5	0.5			0.5
Total Positions	513.5	513.5	513.0		513.5

Performance Measures	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Number of escapes	2		
Number of inmate assaults on staff	58	48	48

Board of Indigents' Defense Services

Mission. The mission of the State Board of Indigents' Defense Services is to provide, in the most efficient and economical manner, counsel and related services for persons prescribed by law as indigent.

Operations. The agency was created for the purpose of providing indigent felony defense services as required by the Sixth Amendment to the *United States Constitution*. The program provides for state public defender offices and the financing of court-appointed counsel and other defense services for indigent persons charged with felony crimes.

The program is supervised by a nine-member board appointed by the Governor subject to Senate confirmation. The Board consists of five members who are attorneys and four members who are non-attorneys. The Board pays for appointed counsel, makes arrangements for contract counsel, operates public defender offices, and conducts attorney training programs.

Public Defender offices are located in the following judicial districts: 3rd District—Topeka; 6th District— Paola; 8th District—Junction City; 10th District— Olathe; 18th District—Wichita; 25th District—Garden 26th District—Liberal; City: 27th District— Hutchinson; 28th District—Salina; and 31st District— Chanute. In addition, the Board has established an Appellate Defender's Office in Topeka. Appellate Defender's Office represents indigent felony defendants on appeal statewide. The NE Kansas Conflict Office was established to provide public defenders on conflict-of-interest cases occurring within an hour's drive from the Topeka office. The Board established a Death Penalty Defense Unit to provide defense services in capital and capitalpotential cases statewide.

The Board of Indigents' Defense Services supports Legal Services for Prisoners, Inc., which provides legal assistance to indigent inmates in Kansas correctional institutions. Students in clinical programs at Washburn University and the University of Kansas law schools provide assistance in this area.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Board is to establish a regional public defender system as a tool for monitoring cost-effectiveness and quality. The Board will pursue this goal through the following objectives:

Appoint public defenders to represent a maximum of 150 indigent persons who have been charged with felony offenses, the standard established by the National Legal Aid and Defender Association (NLADA). Have each appellate office attorney prepare appeals representing a minimum of 22 work units, as defined by NLADA.

Continue to adopt and amend regulations to improve the cost-effectiveness of the indigents' defense regional system.

Provide training opportunities for all employees of the agency and for others performing indigents' defense work.

Develop a management information system for evaluating caseloads, costs, and qualitative aspects of indigents' defense systems on a county, district, and regional basis.

Another goal of the Board is to reimburse appointed private counsel or contract counsel in a timely way for those cases not handled by a public defender.

Statutory History. The State Board of Indigents' Defense Services was created by the 1982 Legislature (KSA 22-4519) for the purpose of providing indigent felony defense services.

Board of Indigents' Defense Services

Actual Sov. Estenditures by Program Administration S82.836 736.637 702.705 702.705 702.705 Administration S82.836 736.637 702.705 S817.000 4.794.869 Legal Services for Prisoners 495.677 372.215 372.215 189.782 353.605 Appellate Defender Operations 1.383.579 1.475.728 1.497.324 1		FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
Administration S82,836 736,637 702,705 702,705 Assigned Counsel Expenditures 5,733,959 4,925,165 5,091,935 81,700 4,794,869 Legal Services for Prisoners 495,677 372,215 372,215 189,782 353,605 Appellate Defender Operations 1,383,579 1,475,728 1,497,324 - 1,497,324 Trial Level Public Defender Oper. 5,643,428 5,765,802 5,898,403 - 7,898,403 Capital Defense Expenditures 11,736,377 2,728,489 1,384,406 350,000 1,384,406 Total Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Object Subrica and Wages 7,278,171 7,602,887 7,703,860 - 7,703,860 Commoditives 112,165 136,250 115,080 - 115,080 Commoditives 112,165 136,250 115,080 - 115,080 Commoditives 112,165 136,250 115,080 - 115,080 Commoditives 12,046		Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Assigned Counsel Expenditures 5,773,959 4,925,165 5,091,935 811,000 4,794,869 Legal Services for Prisoners 495,677 372,215 372,215 189,782 373,052 Appellate Defender Opertations 1,383,579 1,475,728 1,497,324 1,497,324 Trial Level Public Defender Oper. 5,643,428 5,765,802 5,898,403 5,898,403 Capital Defense Expenditures 1,786,377 2,728,489 1,384,406 350,000 Total Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 7,278,171 7,602,887 7,703,860 7,703,860 Contractual Services 8,204,074 8,247,399 7,068,048 1,356,782 67,523,72 Commodities 112,165 136,250 115,080 5 115,080 Capital Ouday 21,046 17,500 60,000 60,000 Debt Service 60,000 60,000 Debt Service 60,000 60,000 Capital Ouday 21,046 17,500 60,000 60,000 Debt Service 61,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Aid to Local Governments 400 61,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Aid to Local Governments 61,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Capital Improvements 61,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Capital Improvements 61,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Expenditures by Fund 15,206,271 15,577,051 14,533,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Expenditures by Fund 15,206,271 15,577,051 14,533,988 1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Expenditures by Fund 15,206,271 15,577,051 14,533,988 1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Expenditures by Fund 15,615,856 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Expenditures by Fund 15,615,856 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,3						
Legal Services for Prisoners 495,677 372,215 372,215 189,782 333,605 Appellate Defender Operations 1,383,579 1,475,728 1,497,324 1 1,497,324 Trial Level Public Defender Oper. 5,643,428 5,765,802 5,898,403 3 5,898,403 Capital Defense Expenditures 11,736,377 2,728,489 1,384,406 350,000 1,384,406 Total Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 7,278,171 7,602,887 7,703,860 - 7,703,860 Commodities 112,165 136,250 115,080 - 7,03,860 Capital Outlay 21,046 17,500 60,000 - 60,000 Debt Service - - 60,000 - 60,000 Capital Quityments \$15,615,456 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Aid to Local Governments - - - - - - - - - - - - - -						
Appellate Defender Operations 1,383,579 1,475,728 1,497,324 1,497,324 Trial Level Public Defender Oper. 5,643,428 5,765,802 5,898,403 5,898,403 Capital Defense Expenditures 1,736,377 2,728,489 1,384,406 350,000 1,384,406 Total Expenditures 1,736,377 2,728,489 1,384,406 350,000 1,384,406 Total Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 7,278,171 7,602,887 7,703,860 7,703,860 Contractual Services 8,204,074 8,247,399 7,068,048 1,356,782 6,752,372 Commodities 112,165 136,250 115,080 115,080 Capital Outlay 21,046 17,500 60,000 60,000 Capital Outlay 21,046 17,500 Capital Outlay 21,046 21,046,988 1,356,782 14,631,312 Capital Improvements 15,615,856 16,004,036 14,946,988 1,356,782 14,631,312 Capital Improvements 15,615,856 16,004,036 14,946,988 1,356,782 14,631,312 Capital Expenditures by Fund 15,206,271 15,577,051 14,533,988 1,356,782 14,631,312 Capital Expenditures outlets 15,615,856 16,004,036 14,946,988 1,356,782 14,631,312 Capital Expenditures by Fund 15,615,856 16,004,036 14,946,988 1,356,782 14,631,312 Capital Expenditures by Fund 15,615,856 16,004,036 14,946,988						
Trial Level Public Defender Oper. 5,643,428 5,765,802 5,898,403 — 5,898,403 Capital Defense Expenditures \$15,615,856 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$13,56,782 \$14,631,312 Expenditures by Object Salarics and Wages 7,278,171 7,602,887 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 Contractual Services 8,204,074 8,247,399 7,108,080 — 115,080 Capital Outlay 21,046 17,500 60,000 — 60,000 Debt Service — — — — — Operating Adjustments — — — — — Subtotal: State Operations \$15,615,456 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Other Assistance 400 — — — — — Other Assistance \$15,615,856 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Other Assistance \$15,615,856 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312			,			
Total Expenditures						
Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 7.278,171 7.602,887 7.703,860	-					
Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 7,278,171 7,602,887 7,703,860 7,000,000 7,000,					,	
Salaries and Wages 7,278,171 7,602,887 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 7,703,860 — 115,080	Total Expenditures	\$15,615,856	\$16,004,036	\$14,946,988	\$1,356,782	\$14,631,312
Contractual Services 8,204,074 8,247,399 7,068,048 1,356,782 6,752,372 Commodities 112,165 136,250 115,080 — 115,080 Capital Outlay 21,046 17,500 60,000 — 60,000 Debt Service — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Expenditures by Object					
Contractual Services 8,204,074 8,247,399 7,068,048 1,356,782 6,752,372 Commodities 112,165 136,250 115,080 — 115,080 Capital Outlay 21,046 17,500 60,000 — 60,000 Debt Service — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Salaries and Wages	7,278,171	7,602,887	7,703,860		7,703,860
Commodities 112,165 136,250 115,080 — 115,080 Capital Outlay 21,046 17,500 60,000 — 60,000 Debt Service — 60,000 — 60,000 — 60,000 Operating Adjustments — 60,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Aid to Local Governments — 60 — 70 — 70 — 70 — 70 Other Assistance 400 — 70 <td>•</td> <td>8,204,074</td> <td>8,247,399</td> <td>7,068,048</td> <td>1,356,782</td> <td></td>	•	8,204,074	8,247,399	7,068,048	1,356,782	
Capital Outlay 21,046 17,500 60,000	Commodities					
Debt Service						
Operating Adjustments	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,			
Subtotal: State Operations \$15,615,456 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Aid to Local Governments -						
Aid to Local Governments - <td></td> <td>\$15 615 456</td> <td>\$16,004,036</td> <td>\$14 946 988</td> <td>\$1 356 782</td> <td>\$14 631 312</td>		\$15 615 456	\$16,004,036	\$14 946 988	\$1 356 782	\$14 631 312
Other Assistance 400 — — — — — — Subtotal: Operating Expenditures \$15,615,856 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 —	-	φ15,015,450	Ψ10,004,050	φ14,240,200	φ1,550,762	φ14,031,312
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures \$15,615,856 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Capital Improvements - <td></td> <td>400</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		400				
Capital Improvements			\$16,004,036	\$14 946 988	\$1 356 782	\$14 631 312
Total Reportable Expenditures \$15,615,856 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 Non-expense Items		φ13,013,030	\$10,00 4 ,030	φ 11 ,2 1 0,200	φ1,550,762	φ1 4 ,031,312
Non-expense Items		¢15 615 956	\$16 004 036	¢14 046 088	¢1 256 792	¢14 621 212
Expenditures by Fund State General Fund 15,206,271 15,577,051 14,533,988 1,356,782 14,218,312 Water Plan Fund EDIF Children's Initiatives Fund		\$13,013,030	\$10,00 4 ,030	\$14,540,500	\$1,550,762	\$14,031,312
Expenditures by Fund State General Fund 15,206,271 15,577,051 14,533,988 1,356,782 14,218,312 Mater Plan Fund	<u> </u>	¢15	¢16 004 026	¢14 046 000	¢1 256 792	¢14 621 212
State General Fund 15,206,271 15,577,051 14,533,988 1,356,782 14,218,312 Water Plan Fund	Total Expenditures by Object	\$15,015,650	\$10,004,030	\$14,940,900	\$1,350,782	\$14,031,312
State General Fund 15,206,271 15,577,051 14,533,988 1,356,782 14,218,312 Water Plan Fund	Expenditures by Fund					
Water Plan Fund		15,206,271	15,577,051	14,533,988	1,356,782	14,218,312
EDIF		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Children's Initiatives Fund <						
Building Funds 413,000 413,000 413,000 413,000 413,000 413,000 413,000 14,631,312 165.0 165.0 165.0 Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 2.0 2.0						
Other Funds 409,585 426,985 413,000						
Total Expenditures by Fund \$15,615,856 \$16,004,036 \$14,946,988 \$1,356,782 \$14,631,312 FTE Positions 165.5 165.0 165.0 165.0 Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 Total Positions 166.5 166.0 166.0 166.0 Performance Measures FY 2002 Actual FY 2003 Estimate FY 2004 Estimate Number of agency Continuing Legal Education programs offered to panel attorneys 4 4 4 Number of counties with assigned counselors 28 28 28	•	409 585	426 985	413 000		413 000
FTE Positions 165.5 165.0 165.0 165.0 Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 Total Positions 166.5 166.0 FY 2002 FY 2003 Estimate Performance Measures FY 2002 Actual Estimate Number of agency Continuing Legal Education programs offered to panel attorneys 4 4 4 4 4 4					\$1,356,782	
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 Total Positions 166.5 166.0 166.0 166.0 166.0 FY 2002 FY 2003 Estimate Performance Measures Number of agency Continuing Legal Education programs offered to panel attorneys 4 4 4 4 4		,, ,, , _ ,	+,	+ , ,	+ -,,·	+,
Total Positions166.5166.0166.0166.0Performance MeasuresFY 2002 ActualFY 2003 EstimateFY 2004 EstimateNumber of agency Continuing Legal Education programs offered to panel attorneys444Number of counties with assigned counselors282828	FTE Positions	165.5	165.0	165.0		165.0
Performance Measures FY 2002 FY 2003 Estimate FY 2004 Estimate Number of agency Continuing Legal Education programs offered to panel attorneys Actual 4 4 4 Number of counties with assigned counselors 28 28 28	Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Performance MeasuresActualEstimateNumber of agency Continuing Legal Education programs offered to panel attorneys44Number of counties with assigned counselors2828	Total Positions	166.5	166.0	166.0		166.0
Performance MeasuresActualEstimateEstimateNumber of agency Continuing Legal Education programs offered to panel attorneys444Number of counties with assigned counselors282828						
panel attorneys 4 4 4 Number of counties with assigned counselors 28 28 28	Performance Measures					
		acation programs	offered to	4	4	4
Total cases 23,023 22,756 22,576	Number of counties with assigned couns	elors		28	28	28
	Total cases			23,023	22,756	22,576

Insurance Department_

Mission. The mission of the Insurance Department is to protect the insurance consumers of Kansas and to serve the public interest through the supervision, control, and regulation of persons and organizations transacting the business of insurance in the state. This mission is accomplished by assuring an affordable, accessible, and competitive insurance market.

Operations. The Commissioner of Insurance is an elected official who supervises all transactions relating to insurance companies in the state, including organization merger, conduct of business, and approval of the products they sell in Kansas. The Commissioner also administers several programs indirectly related to insurance.

The Insurance Department has seven programs: Insurance Company Regulation, Insurance Company Examination, Firefighters' Relief Fund Payments, Workers Compensation, Group-Funded Workers Compensation, Municipal Group-Funded Pools, and Debt Service and Capital Improvement.

The Insurance Company Regulation Program provides the leadership, management, and general direction of the agency. It is responsible for budget preparation, personnel transactions, information technology, research and planning, legal affairs, and communications. The program also regulates rate filings, reviews forms, supervises agent examinations, and issues licenses to insurance agents and agencies. It also responds to consumer complaints and inquiries.

The Insurance Company Examination Program is responsible for examining all insurance companies doing business in the state. The Firefighters' Relief Program provides funds to firefighters' relief associations and the Kansas State Firefighters' Association. The Workers Compensation Program administers the Workers Compensation Fund. Under certain conditions, employers of disabled employees can transfer to workers compensation liability under this program. The fund is financed by assessments on all workers compensation providers.

The purpose of the Group-Funded Workers Compensation and Municipal Group-Funded Pools Programs is to permit municipalities and associations of employers in similar trades to enter into agreements to pool their liabilities, such as workers compensation as well as property and casualty coverage.

Statutory History. Authority for the Insurance Department is found in KSA 40-101 et seq. In 1871, the Insurance Department was created to regulate the business of insurance. The Fire and Casualty Act was passed in 1895, and major amendments to the insurance code occurred in 1927. The Kansas No-Fault Law and the Workers Compensation Fund became effective in 1974. The Product Liability Act was adopted in 1977 and the Mortgage Guaranty Insurance Act in 1978. KSA 44-505 provides for the establishment of group-funded workers compensation pools. In 1988, the Kansas Municipal Group-Funded Pool Act went into effect.

Insurance Department

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	7 Ketuai	Gov. Estimate	Dase Budget	Emiane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Firefighters' Relief Fund Payments	6,718,996	6,094,320	6,095,448		6,095,448
Insurance Company Regulation	8,250,702	8,112,045	8,123,756		7,509,999
Insurance Company Examination	925,322	1,016,899	1,026,014		1,026,014
Workers Compensation	4,579,954	4,174,430	4,678,839		3,678,839
GrpFunded Workers Comp. Pools	63,416	40,200	40,638		40,638
Municipal Group-Funded Pools	34,121	25,431	25,667		25,667
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	323,118	202,483	204,300		204,300
Total Expenditures	\$20,895,629	\$19,665,808	\$20,194,662	\$	\$18,580,905
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	6,853,965	7,206,830	7,382,074		7,382,074
Contractual Services	2,442,618	2,429,669	2,429,669		2,429,669
Commodities	218,888	248,604	248,604		248,604
Capital Outlay	322,811	411,815	361,815		361,815
Debt Service	59,949	52,483	44,300		44,300
Operating Adjustments					(613,757)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$9,898,231	\$10,349,401	\$10,466,462	\$	\$9,852,705
Aid to Local Governments	6,719,752	6,068,200	6,068,200		6,068,200
Other Assistance	3,268,073	3,000,000	3,500,000		2,500,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$19,886,056	\$19,417,601	\$20,034,662	\$	\$18,420,905
Capital Improvements	261,189	150,000	160,000		160,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$20,147,245	\$19,567,601	\$20,194,662	\$	\$18,580,905
Non-expense Items	748,384	98,207			
Total Expenditures by Object	\$20,895,629	\$19,665,808	\$20,194,662	\$	\$18,580,905
Expenditures by Fund State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	20,895,629	19,665,808	20,194,662		18,580,905
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$20,895,629	\$19,665,808	\$20,194,662	\$	\$18,580,905
FTE Positions	157.0	157.0	157.0		157.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	4.5	3.5	3.5		3.5
Total Positions	161.5	160.5	160.5		160.5

Firefighters' Relief Fund Payments_

Operations. The Firefighters' Relief Fund Payments Program provides funds to over 550 firefighters' relief associations and the Kansas State Firefighters' Association. Each association is composed of the eligible fire departments within a district. Payments made to associations are used to train firefighters, provide benefits to firefighters injured on duty, and purchase insurance coverage for firefighters. The fund is financed by a 2.0 percent tax on all fire and lightning insurance premiums collected in the state.

The Firefighters' Relief Act requires 3.0 percent of the fund to be distributed to the Kansas State Firefighters' Association for the education and training of firefighting personnel. In addition, up to 5.0 percent of the tax collections is used to maintain a \$100,000 death benefits fund, and each firefighters' relief association in the state is allotted \$500 a year for its operations. All remaining funds are then divided among firefighters relief organizations in the same proportion as premiums were collected from their respective jurisdictions. The Insurance Department retains an amount approved annually by the Legislature to fund operating expenses.

The program also oversees the organization, consolidation, merger, or dissolution of firefighters' relief associations. The program works with city, county, and township clerks to verify the eligibility of fire departments for participation in the program.

Each firefighters' relief association must submit an annual financial statement showing in full the receipts and disbursements of its funds.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to administer the statutory provisions as set forth in the Firefighters' Relief Act as they apply to all fire and casualty insurance companies, the firefighters' relief associations, and the Kansas State Firefighters' Association. The Department has outlined the following objectives for this goal:

Assure the proper and timely collection of all taxes due on fire and lightning premiums written in the state.

Distribute accurately all taxes collected on fire and lightning premiums to the various cities, townships, fire districts, and county firefighters' relief associations qualified to receive aid.

Statutory History. Authority for the program is found in KSA 40-1701 through 40-1707. The Firefighters' Relief Act was passed in 1895 to provide compensation to firefighters who were injured or physically disabled in the line of duty. A 1984 amendment requires insurance companies to pay a 2.0 percent tax on all fire and lightning insurance premiums written in Kansas.

Firefighters' Relief Fund Payments

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	78,554	82,987	84,115		84,115
Contractual Services	8,974	10,414	10,414		10,414
Commodities		604	604		604
Capital Outlay		315	315		315
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$87,528	\$94,320	\$95,448	\$	\$95,448
Aid to Local Governments	6,628,779	6,000,000	6,000,000		6,000,000
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,716,307	\$6,094,320	\$6,095,448	\$	\$6,095,448
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,716,307	\$6,094,320	\$6,095,448	\$	\$6,095,448
Non-expense Items	2,689				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,718,996	\$6,094,320	\$6,095,448	\$	\$6,095,448
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6,718,996	6,094,320	6,095,448		6,095,448
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,718,996	\$6,094,320	\$6,095,448	\$	\$6,095,448
FTE Positions	1.6	1.3	1.3		1.3
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	1.6	1.3	1.3		1.3

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of associations organized	4	6	6
Number of mergers of associations	8	5	4
Number of associations' financial statements received	581	585	585
Percent of associations' tax statements audited	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

Insurance Company Regulation

Operations. The Insurance Company Regulation Program provides general direction to the entire Department in achieving agency goals and objectives. It consists of the following nine operating units:

The Administrative Services Section coordinates accounting, budget preparation, information management services, fiscal management, tax and fee collections, personnel, and purchasing services.

The Legal Section provides internal advice and counsel on questions arising in the Department, issues legal opinions, and holds formal hearings regarding violations by companies or agencies.

The Consumer Assistance Section reviews and resolves complaints and inquiries received about insurance companies or agents and administers market conduct enforcement activities. Beginning with FY 1997, the Department assumed responsibility for the Senior Health Insurance Counseling for Kansans Program, which is financed through a transfer of federal funds from the Department on Aging.

The Financial Surveillance Section monitors the fiscal affairs of insurance companies and takes appropriate action to protect Kansas policy holders from insurance company insolvencies.

The Accident and Health Section, the Fire and Casualty Section, and the Life Section review policy forms, rate filings, company advertising, admissions, and annual financial statements of insurance companies doing business in Kansas.

The Agents and Brokers Section oversees the administration of exams for new agents, issues agent and agency licenses, and ensures that agents comply with continuing education requirements.

The Government and Public Affairs Section communicates the Department's initiatives through various publications and by serving as a liaison to the insurance industry, trade groups, news media, and elected officials.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to serve and protect the insurance consumers of this state. Objectives which support this goal include:

Interpret and enforce the Kansas insurance laws as well as ancillary regulations.

Develop legislative proposals and adopt administrative regulations based on the research of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, as well as the Commissioner's staff.

Assist the other divisions by providing central services that keep pace with the continually expanding duties placed on the Department.

Provide effective and expeditious assistance to Kansas insurance policy holders and claimants through the equitable review, investigation, and resolution of complaints and inquiries regarding insurance companies and agents in the state.

Detect as early as possible those companies that are in a hazardous financial condition so that appropriate regulatory action can be implemented to minimize adverse effects.

Statutory History. Authority for the program is found in KSA 40-101 et seq. and KSA 40-110. Other functions of the program are contained in KSA 40-201 et seq.

Insurance Company Regulation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	5,688,691	6,007,988	6,167,906		6,167,906
Contractual Services	1,346,386	1,400,000	1,400,000		1,400,000
Commodities	87,362	137,650	137,650		137,650
Capital Outlay	312,851	400,000	350,000		350,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					(613,757)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$7,435,290	\$7,945,638	\$8,055,556	\$	\$7,441,799
Aid to Local Governments	90,973	68,200	68,200		68,200
Other Assistance	305				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$7,526,568	\$8,013,838	\$8,123,756	\$	\$7,509,999
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$7,526,568	\$8,013,838	\$8,123,756	\$	\$7,509,999
Non-expense Items	724,134	98,207			
Total Expenditures by Object	\$8,250,702	\$8,112,045	\$8,123,756	\$	\$7,509,999
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	8,250,702	8,112,045	8,123,756		7,509,999
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$8,250,702	\$8,112,045	\$8,123,756	\$	\$7,509,999
FTE Positions	136.6	134.5	134.5		134.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	4.5	3.5	3.5		3.5
Total Positions	141.1	138.0	138.0		138.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of companies monitored	1,700	1,700	1,700
Percent of company applications reviewed within six months	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Number of company certifications (appointments) issued	962,000	975,000	980,000
Total number of licenses issued to agents and agencies	12,006	12,000	12,000

Insurance Company Examination

Operations. The Insurance Company Examination Program is responsible for examining all domestic and foreign (non-Kansas) insurance companies doing business in Kansas. Domestic insurance companies are examined whenever the Commissioner of Insurance considers it necessary. Other organizations, such as insurance holding companies, health maintenance organizations, the Kansas Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association, the Kansas Insurance Guaranty Association, Group-Funded Workers Compensation Pools, Municipal Group-Funded Pools, etc., are examined at various intervals, some of which are specified by statute.

Foreign companies are examined on the same basis as domestic companies. However, because many foreign companies do business in Kansas, the Commissioner of Insurance may accept an examination of financial condition report made upon the authority of the supervisory official of any other state. All examinations are performed using the uniform procedure established by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC). In addition, this program is responsible for reviewing documentation regarding all securities deposited jointly with Kansas banks and the Commissioner of Insurance.

Goals and Objectives. The program goal is to identify promptly those companies that are in financial

difficulty or operating in violation of Kansas insurance laws or regulations and recommend the appropriate regulatory action. Objectives that support the program goal include:

Perform in-house examinations of insurance company annual financial statements.

Perform in-house examinations of securities deposits that are held under the joint custody of the Insurance Department and the State Treasurer.

Statutory History. Authority for this program is found in the following statutory citations: examination of domestic and foreign insurers-KSA 40-222; reciprocal and interinsurance exchanges—KSA 40-1612; mutual hospital nonprofit service organizations—KSA 40-1809; nonprofit dental service corporations—KSA 40-19a10; nonprofit optometric service corporations—KSA 40-19b10; nonprofit medical service corporations—KSA 40-1909; Kansas Insurance Guaranty Association—KSA 40-2912; health maintenance organizations—KSA 40-3211; rating organizations—KSA 40-1114; foreign fraternal benefit societies-KSA 40-703; Kansas Life and Health Guaranty Associations—KSA 40-3014; and affiliates of Kansas holding companies—KSA 40-3308.

Insurance Company Examination

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			C	8	
Salaries and Wages	727,046	786,939	796,054		796,054
Contractual Services	195,551	216,960	216,960		216,960
Commodities	1,225	2,500	2,500		2,500
Capital Outlay	1,500	10,500	10,500		10,500
Debt Service		· 			
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$925,322	\$1,016,899	\$1,026,014	\$	\$1,026,014
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$925,322	\$1,016,899	\$1,026,014	\$	\$1,026,014
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$925,322	\$1,016,899	\$1,026,014	\$	\$1,026,014
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$925,322	\$1,016,899	\$1,026,014	\$	\$1,026,014
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	925,322	1,016,899	1,026,014		1,026,014
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$925,322	\$1,016,899	\$1,026,014	\$	\$1,026,014
FTE Positions	11.0	12.0	12.0		12.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	11.0	12.0	12.0		12.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of domestic insurance company annual statements examined	46	50	50
Number of foreign company annual statements examined	348	300	300
Number of insurance pools, HMOs, and other organizations examined	2	3	2

Workers Compensation_

Operations. The Workers Compensation Program administers the portion of the Workers Compensation Act which involves second injury claims or other claims specifically exempted by law from payment by insurance companies. Such claims are paid from the Workers Compensation Fund. Claims against the fund are defended primarily by attorneys appointed by the Insurance Commissioner. An administrative law judge hears all cases. If the judge rules in favor of the claimant, payments are made from the fund in the awarded amount. Files are maintained on all cases submitted by the attorneys of claimants. However, 1993 legislation eliminated second-injury claims with accident dates after July 1, 1994.

Goals and Objectives. This program manages the Workers Compensation Fund efficiently by providing financial relief to employers for liabilities resulting from compensable industrial accidents suffered by disabled employees. The Department pursues this goal through the following objectives:

Defend successfully claims filed against the fund in an effort to minimize fund expenditures.

Evaluate carefully the future potential liability of the fund on an annual basis in an effort to minimize state fee assessments imposed on the insurance market.

Detect and collect promptly all non-dependent death benefits owed to the Workers Compensation Fund.

Statutory History. Authority for the program is found in KSA 44-501 through 44-580. The Workers Compensation Fund was created by the 1974 Legislature. The Legislature transferred all monies, duties, and responsibilities to the Insurance Commissioner, who serves as administrator of the fund. KSA 44-566 lists the 17 pre-existing conditions or disabilities covered by the fund.

_Workers Compensation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	275,569	280,980	285,389		285,389
Contractual Services	881,833	786,250	786,250		786,250
Commodities	130,301	106,700	106,700		106,700
Capital Outlay	8,460	500	500		500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,296,163	\$1,174,430	\$1,178,839	\$	\$1,178,839
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	3,267,768	3,000,000	3,500,000		2,500,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$4,563,931	\$4,174,430	\$4,678,839	\$	\$3,678,839
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$4,563,931	\$4,174,430	\$4,678,839	\$	\$3,678,839
Non-expense Items	16,023				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$4,579,954	\$4,174,430	\$4,678,839	\$	\$3,678,839
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	4,579,954	4,174,430	4,678,839		3,678,839
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$4,579,954	\$4,174,430	\$4,678,839	\$	\$3,678,839
FTE Positions	6.9	8.2	8.2		8.2
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	6.9	8.2	8.2		8.2

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of active cases	4,030	3,955	3,880
Number of cases opened	125	75	75
Number of cases closed	258	150	150
Number of cases for which monthly payments are processed	23	15	15

Group-Funded Workers Compensation Pools_

Operations. The Group-Funded Workers Compensation Pools Program was created by the 1983 Legislature to provide employers an alternative method for complying with the Workers Compensation Law and provide employees with Workers Compensation coverage. More than 20 states have similar laws allowing self-insurance associations. In Kansas, such group-funded pools must be composed of at least five employers in the same trade or professional organization. Statutory criteria determine whether group members must have a combined net worth of \$1.0 million or \$1.25 million and whether the group's gross annual premium must be at least \$250,000 or \$500,000, respectively.

An application for authority to operate a pool must be made to the Insurance Commissioner at least 60 days prior to the proposed inception date of the pool. Such application must include bylaws, a trust agreement, a certified financial statement, evidence of compliance with premium and net worth requirements, claims adjusting procedures, and confirmation of excess workers compensation insurance. The Commissioner of Insurance promulgates regulations relating to group pools. A financial audit is required when the pool is established. The financial stability of the pool is then monitored and an additional examination is made at least every fifth year.

Goals and Objectives. The program goal is to monitor the financial stability of all authorized groupfunded pools to determine the pools' ability to pay claims for coverages permitted by law. Objectives that support the program goal include:

Perform a timely review of applications.

Assure the proper collection of assessments and premium tax.

Statutory History. Authority for the program is found in KSA 44-581 through 44-592.

Group-Funded Workers Compensation Pools

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			_	_	
Salaries and Wages	56,291	31,155	31,593		31,593
Contractual Services	4,912	7,750	7,750		7,750
Commodities		795	795		795
Capital Outlay		500	500		500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$61,203	\$40,200	\$40,638	\$	\$40,638
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$61,203	\$40,200	\$40,638	\$	\$40,638
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$61,203	\$40,200	\$40,638	\$	\$40,638
Non-expense Items	2,213				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$63,416	\$40,200	\$40,638	\$	\$40,638
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	63,416	40,200	40,638		40,638
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$63,416	\$40,200	\$40,638	\$	\$40,638
FTE Positions	0.7	0.7	0.7		0.7
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	0.7	0.7	0.7		0.7

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of authorized pools	13	13	14
Number of assessments remitted on or before the due date	12	12	12
Percent of pools determined to be solvent	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

Municipal Group-Funded Pools_

Operations. The Municipal Group-Funded Pools Program was created by the 1987 Legislature to provide an alternative means of funding liability insurance by municipalities. The Municipal Group-Funded Pools Act authorizes municipalities to pool their liabilities. Under the original legislation, such liabilities could include workers compensation, property, and casualty damage. In 1990, the program was amended to allow municipalities to pool both life as well as accident and health insurance coverage. Program responsibilities include application approval; rules review, classifications, and rates; operations; supervision; financial audits; and cost assessments.

Goals and Objectives. The purpose of the program is to administer effectively the insurance laws and regulations of Kansas governing municipal groupfunded workers compensation pools. The Insurance Department has outlined the following objectives for this program:

Perform timely reviews of applications.

Assure proper collection of the necessary assessments and premium tax.

Assure that the authorized pools remain solvent and comply with statutory provisions.

Promulgate the necessary rules to assure compliance with statutes.

Statutory History. Authority for the program is found in KSA 12-2617.

Municipal Group-Funded Pools

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	27,814	16,781	17,017		17,017
Contractual Services	4,962	8,295	8,295		8,295
Commodities		355	355		355
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$32,776	\$25,431	\$25,667	\$	\$25,667
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$32,776	\$25,431	\$25,667	\$	\$25,667
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$32,776	\$25,431	\$25,667	\$	\$25,667
Non-expense Items	1,345				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$34,121	\$25,431	\$25,667	\$	\$25,667
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	34,121	25,431	25,667		25,667
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$34,121	\$25,431	\$25,667	\$	\$25,667
FTE Positions	0.4	0.4	0.4		0.4
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	0.4	0.4	0.4		0.4

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of authorized pools	11	7	8
Number of assessments remitted on or before the due date	7	7	7
Percent of pools determined to be solvent	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

Operations. This program provides for capital improvements necessary for the upkeep and maintenance of the Insurance Building at 420 SW 9th Street in Topeka. This three-story structure was built in the 1920s and is on the State Historical Register. The program also contains expenditures related to debt service payments for the building when it was purchased in 1992.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to restore and preserve the soundness of the Kansas Insurance Department Building. This is achieved by:

Identifying those areas of the building that require rehabilitation so that repairs can be conducted in a timely and orderly fashion.

Estimating the costs of such repairs for the Department's annual budget.

Statutory History. Capital improvement projects are authorized by individual appropriations of the Legislature. KSA 74-8902 et seq. provide the general statutory authority for issuing debt through the Kansas Development Finance Authority.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			_	_	
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service	59,949	52,483	44,300		44,300
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$59,949	\$52,483	\$44,300	\$	\$44,300
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$59,949	\$52,483	\$44,300	\$	\$44,300
Capital Improvements	261,189	150,000	160,000		160,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$321,138	\$202,483	\$204,300	\$	\$204,300
Non-expense Items	1,980				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$323,118	\$202,483	\$204,300	\$	\$204,300
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	323,118	202,483	204,300		204,300
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$323,118	\$202,483	\$204,300	\$	\$204,300
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Judicial Council

Mission. The Judicial Council works to improve the administration of justice by continuously studying the Judicial System and related areas of the law, recommending changes it considers appropriate, and preparing publications which further this mission.

Operations. The Judicial Council is responsible for an ongoing study and review of the Judiciary. It recommends options for improvement in operations to both the Legislature and Supreme Court. Projects are initiated by the Council, assigned by the Legislature, and requested by the Supreme Court. Council work involves drafting legislation and court rules, writing books and manuals, preparing jury instructions, and making reports.

The Council has ten members, eight appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court as follows: one member from the Supreme Court, one from the Court of Appeals, two district court judges, and four practicing attorneys. The chairs of both the House and Senate Judiciary Committees are members of the Judicial Council.

The Judicial Council uses advisory committees to assist in various projects. A member of the Council usually serves as chair of each advisory committee. Committees which will meet in FY 2004 include Administrative Procedure, Civil Code, Criminal Law, Eminent Domain, Estate Tax, Family Law, Guardianship and Conservatorship, Juvenile Offender-

Child in Need of Care, Legal Forms Municipal Court Manual, PIK-Civil (Pattern Instructions for Kansas), PIK-Criminal, Probate Law, care and Treatment, and Press Shield.

Examples of legislation recommended and enacted by the Judicial Council include recodification of the Code of Civil Procedure for Limited Actions, amendments to the Eminent Domain Act, amendments to the divorce code, legislation relating to the capacity to stand trial, and the Kansas Estate Tax Apportionment Act and Amendments increasing the dollar limitations under the Kansas probate code.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the agency is to review the Judiciary and various substantive and procedural codes used by the Judiciary to identify problem areas or areas of potential improvement and to recommend appropriate action. An objective to meet this goal is to:

Establish advisory committees to review specific areas and make recommendations to the Supreme Court or to the Legislature for improvement.

Statutory History. The Judicial Council was created in 1927. It is established under KSA 20-2201 et seq. Members of the Council are authorized compensation and allowances under KSA 20-2206, as are members of the committees appointed by the Council.

____Judicial Council

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	257,329	261,292	262,706	9,355	255,540
Contractual Services	58,713	44,805	52,913	3,432	50,281
Commodities	11,196	3,102	3,285		3,285
Capital Outlay	1,094				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$328,332	\$309,199	\$318,904	\$12,787	\$309,106
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$328,332	\$309,199	\$318,904	\$12,787	\$309,106
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$328,332	\$309,199	\$318,904	\$12,787	\$309,106
Non-expense Items	3,120	2,601	2,736		2,736
Total Expenditures by Object	\$331,452	\$311,800	\$321,640	\$12,787	\$311,842
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	233,162	186,123	195,963	12,787	
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	98,290	125,677	125,677		311,842
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$331,452	\$311,800	\$321,640	\$12,787	\$311,842
FTE Positions	4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of Council bills introduced	10	11	12
Number of Council bills signed by the Governor	7	7	7
Number of publications sold	2,379	2,240	2,248

Judiciary_

Mission. The mission of the Kansas courts is to administer justice in the most equitable fashion possible, while maintaining a high level of effectiveness. The Judiciary maintains that justice is effective when it is fairly administered without delay by competent judges operating in a modern court system under simple and efficient rules of procedure.

Operations. A separate branch of government, the Judiciary hears and disposes of all civil suits and criminal cases, except those under the jurisdiction of municipal courts. According to current statutory law, a defendant convicted by a municipal court may appeal to a district court for a new trial.

The Office of Judicial Administration was established in 1965 to assist the Supreme Court in administering responsibilities of the judicial system. In 1972, a new judicial article of the *Kansas Constitution* was adopted. It brought many improvements leading to unification of the trial courts and establishment of a Court of Appeals. A citizens' study committee in 1973 examined the judicial system and recommended changes to implement the judicial article. The unification of trial courts in January 1977 abolished probate, juvenile, county courts, and magistrate-level

courts of countywide jurisdiction. The jurisdiction of these courts was consolidated into the District Court, and a Court of Appeals was established to improve the handling of appellate caseloads.

The 1978 Legislature began phasing in state funding for the cost of nonjudicial personnel in the district courts. The program was completed in 1981. Professional administrators assist judges in managing the system at both state and district levels.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Judiciary is to eliminate unnecessary delay in the disposition of cases. An objective of this goal is to:

Dispose of felony cases in a timely manner.

Statutory History. The "one court of justice" directed by Section 1, Article 3 of the *Kansas Constitution* is the Supreme Court, a Court of Appeals, and 31 judicial district courts. Legislation passed during the 2000 Legislative Session allowed the Judiciary to increase docket fees and use the increased revenue to implement a pay plan that will raise the salaries of all nonjudicial personnel (KSA 2002 Supp. 20-1a 14).

Judiciary

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Appellate Court Operations	12,182,403	16,326,503	15,461,860	214,666	14,914,113
District Courts	76,364,809	79,927,814	82,898,972	2,864,640	77,804,026
Judicial & Professional Review	195,361	226,445	220,530	2,774	222,678
Total Expenditures	\$88,742,573	\$96,480,762	\$98,581,362	\$3,082,080	\$92,940,817
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	84,496,910	88,636,780	92,154,841	3,082,080	86,112,903
Contractual Services	1,541,355	3,705,835	2,985,281		2,839,408
Commodities	307,932	371,325	345,022		336,357
Capital Outlay	869,518	2,048,701	1,189,564		2,042,989
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$87,215,715	\$94,762,641	\$96,674,708	\$3,082,080	\$91,331,657
Aid to Local Governments	497,724	535,719	535,439		504,154
Other Assistance	1,029,134	1,068,002	1,120,066		990,606
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$88,742,573	\$96,366,362	\$98,330,213	\$3,082,080	\$92,826,417
Capital Improvements		114,400	251,149		114,400
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$88,742,573	\$96,480,762	\$98,581,362	\$3,082,080	\$92,940,817
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$88,742,573	\$96,480,762	\$98,581,362	\$3,082,080	\$92,940,817
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	79,488,273	80,965,866	87,299,126	2,995,661	80,941,470
Water Plan Fund	79,400,273	80,903,800	67,299,120	2,993,001	60,541,470
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	9,254,300	15,514,896	11,282,236	86,419	11,999,347
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$88,742,573	\$96,480,762	\$98,581,362	\$3,082,080	\$ 92,940,817
Total Expenditures by Fund	φοο,742,373	\$70,400,702	\$70,301,302	φ3,002,000	\$9 2 ,9 4 0,017
FTE Positions	1,813.0	1,816.3	1,819.3	25.0	1,819.3
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	1,813.0	1,816.3	1,819.3	25.0	1,819.3

Appellate Courts_

Operations. This program includes the Kansas Supreme Court, the Kansas Court of Appeals, the Office of Judicial Administration, the Clerk of the Appellate Courts, the Appellate Reporter, and the Law Library.

The Supreme Court is the highest appellate court in Kansas. The Kansas Constitution provides that it has original jurisdiction in quo warranto, mandamus, and habeas corpus cases and such appellate jurisdiction as provided by law. The Supreme Court has seven justices, each appointed by the Governor from among three nominees submitted by the Supreme Court Nominating Commission. After the first year in office, a justice is subject to a retention vote in the next general election. If retained in office, a justice is subject to a retention vote every six years of service. The justice who is senior in continuous service is designated chief justice. All cases are heard with at least four justices sitting.

The Court of Appeals was established in 1977 and currently has ten judges serving four-year terms. The Court of Appeals has jurisdiction over appeals in civil and criminal cases and from certain administrative bodies and officers of the state. The Court of Appeals sits in panels of three judges and on rare occasions sits *en banc*. Although Topeka is designated as the site for the court's principal offices, the body is authorized to hear oral arguments in any county.

Judicial administration implements rules and policies as they apply to operation and administration of the courts. These responsibilities include budgeting, accounting, and personnel; assisting district court administrative judges; and compiling statistical information on court activity.

The Clerk of the Appellate Courts is a constitutional officer appointed by the Supreme Court for a two-year term. The clerk's office serves as the central receiving and recording agency for Supreme Court and Court of Appeals cases. Every case filed with the court clerk is docketed and forwarded to the courts. The clerk's office also processes motions filed on pending appeals. Once a case is acted on, orders are written and sent to all attorneys involved.

The Appellate Reporter is also a constitutional officer appointed by the Supreme Court for a two-year term. The reporter's office publishes opinions of the court. No opinion is filed until it is approved by the reporter's office. Errors are corrected and questions about citations and language are clarified prior to publication.

The Supreme Court Law Library provides services to the Judicial, Legislative, and Executive Branches. More than 200,000 volumes are contained in the library that is used by the legal profession and local governments throughout Kansas

Statutory History. Article 3, Section 1 of the *Kansas Constitution* gives the Supreme Court its administrative authority. Section 3 establishes its jurisdiction. KSA 20-3001 establishes the Kansas Court of Appeals as part of the constitutional court of justice and establishes the court's jurisdiction, subject to the general administrative authority of the Supreme Court.

Appellate Courts

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	1100001	3311 251111410	Dage Daaget	Zimmier I ng.	00111001
Salaries and Wages	8,748,197	9,432,643	10,006,255	214,666	9,135,710
Contractual Services	761,462	2,791,342	2,049,369		1,847,078
Commodities	279,350	337,215	310,018		279,176
Capital Outlay	866,536	2,047,182	1,189,564		2,042,989
Debt Service	, 	, , ,	, , , <u></u>		, , , <u></u>
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$10,655,545	\$14,608,382	\$13,555,206	\$214,666	\$13,304,953
Aid to Local Governments	497,724	535,719	535,439	,	504,154
Other Assistance	1,029,134	1,068,002	1,120,066		990,606
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$12,182,403	\$16,212,103	\$15,210,711	\$214,666	\$14,799,713
Capital Improvements		114,400	251,149		114,400
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$12,182,403	\$16,326,503	\$15,461,860	\$214,666	\$14,914,113
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$12,182,403	\$16,326,503	\$15,461,860	\$214,666	\$14,914,113
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	8,362,044	9,762,181	10,264,325	181,456	8,924,039
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	3,820,359	6,564,322	5,197,535	33,210	5,990,074
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$12,182,403	\$16,326,503	\$15,461,860	\$214,666	\$14,914,113
FTE Positions	144.5	148.5	151.5		151.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	144.5	148.5	151.5		151.5

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

District Courts

Operations. This program partially finances the operations of the District Court System. The state is divided unto 31 judicial districts. The district courts are courts of record and have original jurisdiction over all civil and criminal matters, with certain exceptions. The district courts have appellate jurisdiction over municipal courts. There are currently 160 district judges and 74 district magistrate judges.

District magistrate judges are limited in jurisdiction. They can hear any action in connection with the Kansas Code for Care of Children or the Kansas Juvenile Offenders Code. In some instances, a magistrate may act in the absence of a district judge. In 17 of the judicial districts, judges are nonpartisan. These district judges stand for retention in the general election every four years. In the remaining 14 districts, judges are elected in partisan elections. They also serve four-year terms.

To carry out the administrative duties of the court, an administrative judge in each district, designated by the Supreme Court, appoints a clerk of the district court in each of the counties in the district and appoints deputies and assistants as necessary to perform required duties. In some districts, district court administrators are also appointed to assist the administrative judge. The nonjudicial employees of the district courts provide the services that enable judges to perform their judicial duties. Nonjudicial employees file all documents on each case and issue all writs, maintain an accurate list of all money received and disbursed, and act as probation counselors and pre-sentence investigators.

Statutory History. KSA 20-301 establishes a district court in each county of the state. Each court maintains complete records and has jurisdiction over all matters, both civil and criminal.

District Courts

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	75,657,442	79,107,918	82,051,032	2,864,640	76,883,516
Contractual Services	684,589	791,934	819,840		870,468
Commodities	22,778	27,962	28,100		50,042
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$76,364,809	\$79,927,814	\$82,898,972	\$2,864,640	\$77,804,026
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$76,364,809	\$79,927,814	\$82,898,972	\$2,864,640	\$77,804,026
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$76,364,809	\$79,927,814	\$82,898,972	\$2,864,640	\$77,804,026
Non-expense Items	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · ·	· · ·		
Total Expenditures by Object	\$76,364,809	\$79,927,814	\$82,898,972	\$2,864,640	\$77,804,026
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	71,082,913	71,134,324	76,973,755	2,814,205	71,949,194
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	5,281,896	8,793,490	5,925,217	50,435	5,854,832
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$76,364,809	\$79,927,814	\$82,898,972	\$2,864,640	\$77,804,026
FTE Positions	1,666.5	1,665.8	1,665.8	25.0	1,665.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	1,666.5	1,665.8	1,665.8	25.0	1,665.8

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Judicial & Professional Review_

Operations. This program finances several units responsible for judicial and professional review within the judicial system. The Commission on Judicial Qualifications and the Judicial Nominating Commission review judicial conduct and select nominees for vacant offices. The Board of Law Examiners and the Board of Examiners of Court Reporters address professional certification and review for those groups.

The Commission on Judicial Qualifications is an adjunct of the Supreme Court, assisting the Court in its constitutional responsibility for professional review. Article 3, Section 15 of the *Kansas Constitution* provides, "Judges shall be subject to retirement for incapacity, and to discipline, suspension and removal for cause by the Supreme Court after appropriate hearing." The Court has adopted a standard of conduct for judges to observe. The Commission on Judicial Qualifications is charged with promptly reviewing, investigating, and hearing complaints concerning the conduct of judges. Its findings and recommendations are presented to the Supreme Court for final action. The Commission has nine members, including lawyers, judges, and non-lawyers.

The judicial nominating commissions consist of the Supreme Court Nominating Commission and 17 district nominating commissions. The Supreme Court

Nominating Commission, which consists of nine members and is nonpartisan, nominates and submits to the Governor three candidates eligible for appointment to each vacancy on the Supreme Court or the Court of Appeals. District judicial nominating commissions, which operate in districts using the nonpartisan selection process, submit nominees to the Governor to fill district court vacancies.

The Board of Law Examiners is a ten-member body appointed by the Supreme Court. The Board examines all applicants for admittance to the Kansas Bar and reviews the qualifications of each applicant. If the Board recommends approval, the court issues an order admitting the applicant to practice in all Kansas courts.

Statutory History. KSA 20-119 through 20-138 set forth the requirements and responsibilities of members of the Supreme Court Nominating Commission. KSA 20-2903 through KSA 20-2914 establish the responsibilities and procedures of district judicial nominating commissions. The Commission on Judicial Qualifications and the Board of Law **Examiners** are established through general administrative authority as vested in the courts in Article 3, Section 1 of the Kansas Constitution and KSA 20-101. The Board of Examiners of Court Reporters is established by rule of the Supreme Court according to KSA 20-912.

Judicial & Professional Review

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	91,271	96,219	97,554	2,774	93,677
Contractual Services	95,304	122,559	116,072		121,862
Commodities	5,804	6,148	6,904		7,139
Capital Outlay	2,982	1,519			
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$195,361	\$226,445	\$220,530	\$2,774	\$222,678
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$195,361	\$226,445	\$220,530	\$2,774	\$222,678
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$195,361	\$226,445	\$220,530	\$2,774	\$222,678
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$195,361	\$226,445	\$220,530	\$2,774	\$222,678
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	43,316	69,361	61,046		68,237
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	152,045	157,084	159,484	2,774	154,441
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$195,361	\$226,445	\$220,530	\$2,774	\$222,678
FTE Positions	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Juvenile Justice Authority_

Mission. The mission of the Juvenile Justice Authority is to promote public safety, hold juvenile offenders accountable for their behavior, and improve the ability of juveniles to live more productively and responsibly in the community. The Authority maintains conditions of confinement that are secure, safe, humane, and habilitative and that operate within the expectations of community norms and offender needs.

Operations. The Juvenile Justice Authority is responsible for the supervision and provision of services to all juvenile offenders in state custody. It provides community-based juvenile offender services and oversees the four state juvenile correctional facilities. Under the guidance of the Commissioner, the agency is currently working in partnership with communities to provide prevention, intervention, and graduated sanction programs at the local level. The agency is also responsible for providing technical assistance, grants, and oversight to local organizations for the delivery of local programs. The following divisions have been established: Administration. Research and Prevention, Contracts and Community Programs, and Operations.

Goals and Objectives. Goals of the Juvenile Justice Authority include the following:

Ensure community based services are provided to meet the needs of juvenile offenders and to maintain public safety. Provide technical assistance on the administration of federal grants for community-based prevention, intervention, and sanctions programs.

Statutory History. In 1995, the Legislature authorized creation of the Juvenile Justice Authority (KSA 75-7001) effective July 1, 1997. The Kansas Youth Authority was also established at that time to study the current situation of juvenile offenders. On July 1, 1997, the Kansas Youth Authority became an advisor to the Commissioner of Juvenile Justice. The advisory group was abolished in June 1999.

In 1996, the Legislature passed KSA 38-1601 et seq. This legislation renamed the Juvenile Offenders Code as the Juvenile Justice Code. It outlines the authority of the Commissioner and the new agency. In addition, it addresses regulations and laws affecting juveniles and juvenile offenders. The law's implementation date was delayed until July 1, 1997, to coincide with the establishment of the Juvenile Justice Authority.

Since 1997, the Legislature has continued to enact laws affecting juvenile justice reform. The new laws outlined the community planning process for the Juvenile Justice Authority. Oversight of the agency is provided through a legislative committee. In addition, a placement matrix for juvenile offenses implemented July 1, 1999, assists the Juvenile Justice Authority in its mission. It is designed to keep nonviolent offenders in the community and keep the serious offenders in correctional facilities for a longer time.

Juvenile Justice Authority

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administration	1,858,714	1,857,085	1,848,158		1,848,158
Operations	305,262	399,013	403,299		403,299
Research and Prevention	7,529,837	5,872,396	5,903,852	119,071	5,813,956
Contracts and Community Programs	44,608,482	42,544,717	44,366,845	2,823,283	43,781,332
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	12,139,708	6,159,112	5,037,263	2,122,359	4,967,263
Total Expenditures	\$66,442,003	\$56,832,323	\$57,559,417	\$5,064,713	\$56,814,008
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	2,277,114	3,248,870	2,687,601	100,071	2,597,705
Contractual Services	2,415,665	1,079,452	989,357	12,000	989,357
Commodities	219,644	289,346	186,621	7,000	186,621
Capital Outlay	172,641	124,776	185,000	, 	185,000
Debt Service	658,263	1,748,341	2,537,748		2,537,748
Operating Adjustments	·		· · ·		
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,743,327	\$6,490,785	\$6,586,327	\$119,071	\$6,496,431
Aid to Local Governments	39,634,074	36,544,154	38,716,991	2,300,000	38,131,478
Other Assistance	8,986,036	8,785,928	9,156,099	523,283	9,156,099
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$54,363,437	\$51,820,867	\$54,459,417	\$2,942,354	\$53,784,008
Capital Improvements	9,569,883	5,011,456	3,100,000	2,122,359	3,030,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$63,933,320	\$56,832,323	\$57,559,417	\$5,064,713	\$56,814,008
Non-expense Items	2,508,683				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$66,442,003	\$56,832,323	\$57,559,417	\$5,064,713	\$56,814,008
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	34,556,472	28,902,085	31,071,167	1,142,354	29,395,758
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	8,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000	1,800,000	9,000,000
Building Funds	4,131,025	5,665,616	5,037,263	2,122,359	4,967,263
Other Funds	19,754,506	14,264,622	13,450,987		13,450,987
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$66,442,003	\$56,832,323	\$57,559,417	\$5,064,713	\$56,814,008
FTE Positions	38.0	39.0	34.0		39.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	9.0	14.0	14.0		14.0
Total Positions	47.0	53.0	48.0		53.0
TOTAL FUSITIONS	47.0	55.0	40.0		55.0

Administration_

Operations. The Administration Division provides policy and support services for the Juvenile Justice Authority. The Administration Division is responsible for developing, implementing, and administering policy and budgets. The Division also performs a continual evaluation of the Kansas Juvenile Justice System; legal services and consultation; planning and information analysis; public information services; human resource functions; and conducting internal and external audits.

Goals and Objectives. The following goal has been established for this division:

Provide leadership, resources, and administrative support services necessary for the divisions to perform their functions and for the agency to pursue its mission successfully.

Statutory History. KSA 75-7024 establishes the four divisions within the Juvenile Justice Authority.

Administration

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
T	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	892,536	1,025,961	1,042,010		1,042,010
Contractual Services	334,037	191,969	191,969		191,969
Commodities	29,217	13,694	13,694		13,694
Capital Outlay	5,803	24,776			
Debt Service	287,121	175,685	165,485		165,485
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,548,714	\$1,432,085	\$1,413,158	\$	\$1,413,158
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,548,714	\$1,432,085	\$1,413,158	\$	\$1,413,158
Capital Improvements	310,000	425,000	435,000		435,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,858,714	\$1,857,085	\$1,848,158	\$	\$1,848,158
Non-expense Items	· · · · ·	, , , <u></u>			
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,858,714	\$1,857,085	\$1,848,158	\$	\$1,848,158
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,112,246	1,183,582	1,173,554		1,173,554
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	746,468	673,503	674,604		674,604
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,858,714	\$1,857,085	\$1,848,158	\$	\$1,848,158
FTE Positions	17.0	18.0	18.0		18.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0
Total Positions	19.0	20.0	20.0		20.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of journal voucher corrections	67	60	30
Percent of faculty EEO/AA programs in compliance with state requirements	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Number of EEO representatives trained	0	40	15

Operations__

Operations. The Operations Division oversees the four state juvenile correctional facilities and the capital improvements plan. The Division develops major policies and procedures and provides supervision and support for the facilities. The Division also facilitates the acceptance and assignment of juvenile offenders placed in the Authority by the courts for placement in the facilities. The Division is responsible for administration of the Juvenile Correctional Facility Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services Program and federal education grant programs. The Division also manages the statewide intake and classification of juvenile

offenders and statewide release and transition, trains and contacts court personnel on matters relating to juveniles and the facilities, and ensures compliance with state and federal law.

Goals and Objectives. The following goal has been established for this division:

Reduce recidivism in juvenile correctional facilities.

Statutory History. KSA 75-7024 establishes the four divisions within the Juvenile Justice Authority.

_Operations

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	238,174	329,896	334,182		334,182
Contractual Services	19,559	13,834	13,834		13,834
Commodities	1,254	283	283		283
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$258,987	\$344,013	\$348,299	\$	\$348,299
Aid to Local Governments	46,275	55,000	55,000		55,000
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$305,262	\$399,013	\$403,299	\$	\$403,299
Capital Improvements	·		·		·
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$305,262	\$399,013	\$403,299	\$	\$403,299
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$305,262	\$399,013	\$403,299	\$	\$403,299
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	258,987	265,204	268,647		268,647
Water Plan Fund	230,507	203,201	200,017		200,017
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	46,275	133,809	134,652		134,652
	*	,		<u></u>	\$403,299
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$305,262	\$399,013	\$403,299	\$	\$403,299
FTE Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	2.0	2.0		2.0
Total Positions	4.0	5.0	5.0		5.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Compliance with ACA mandatory standards	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Compliance with ACA non-mandatory standards	99.0 %	99.0 %	99.0 %
Number of ACA compliance reviews conducted	4	4	4

Research & Prevention_

Operations. The Research and Prevention Division generates, analyzes, and utilizes data to review existing programs on juvenile delinquency and identify effective prevention programs; develops initiatives and restructures existing programs; and assists communities in risk assessment and resource utilization. The Division also administers the federal Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) and Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant Programs for Kansas. The Division is responsible for developing and maintaining a statewide information management Implementation of the Juvenile Justice Information System is set for June 2003. The Division conducts research, performs analysis, and coordinates prevention initiatives with other state and local organizations.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established for this division:

Generate information necessary for the management of juvenile offender populations and programs.

Comply with federal OJJDP requirements.

Statutory History. KSA 75-7024 establishes the four divisions within the Juvenile Justice Authority.

Research & Prevention

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	736,288	728,613	829,629	100,071	739,733
Contractual Services	2,046,119	774,092	769,297	12,000	769,297
Commodities	187,973	171,932	172,167	7,000	172,167
Capital Outlay	166,838	100,000	185,000		185,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,137,218	\$1,774,637	\$1,956,093	\$119,071	\$1,866,197
Aid to Local Governments	4,385,323	4,097,759	3,947,759		3,947,759
Other Assistance	7,296				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$7,529,837	\$5,872,396	\$5,903,852	\$119,071	\$5,813,956
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$7,529,837	\$5,872,396	\$5,903,852	\$119,071	\$5,813,956
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$7,529,837	\$5,872,396	\$5,903,852	\$119,071	\$5,813,956
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,373,316	1,304,229	1,483,370	119,071	1,393,474
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	5,156,521	4,568,167	4,420,482		4,420,482
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$7,529,837	\$5,872,396	\$5,903,852	\$119,071	\$5,813,956
FTE Positions	11.0	11.0	11.0		11.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	4.0	5.0	5.0		5.0
Total Positions	15.0	16.0	16.0		16.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of Juvenile Justice Information System tasks complete	60.0 %	100.0 %	NA
Number of formula and Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants issued to communities	113	84	90
Number of visits to formula grant recipients conducted	38.0	30.0	30.0

Contracts & Community Programs_

Operations. The Contracts and Audits Division is responsible for contracts with public agencies and private vendors. Contracts are for the delivery of support programs and correctional services for juveniles at the community level. The Division administers graduated sanctions and prevention block grants through a partnership with all judicial districts and community-based programs. These include Juvenile Intake and Assessment, Case Management, and Juvenile Intensive Supervised Probation.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established for this division:

Implement community-based juvenile justice programs in accordance with statutory requirements and agency guidelines.

Enhance the accountability of juvenile offenders being supervised in community-based programs.

Improve the ability of the state's juvenile offenders to live responsibly and productively in their own community.

Statutory History. KSA 75-7024 establishes the four divisions within the Juvenile Justice Authority.

Contracts & Community Programs

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	410,116	1,164,400	481,780		481,780
Contractual Services	15,950	99,557	14,257		14,257
Commodities	1,200	103,437	477		477
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$427,266	\$1,367,394	\$496,514	\$	\$496,514
Aid to Local Governments	35,202,476	32,391,395	34,714,232	2,300,000	34,128,719
Other Assistance	8,978,740	8,785,928	9,156,099	523,283	9,156,099
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$44,608,482	\$42,544,717	\$44,366,845	\$2,823,283	\$43,781,332
Capital Improvements			· · ·		
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$44,608,482	\$42,544,717	\$44,366,845	\$2,823,283	\$43,781,332
Non-expense Items	· · · · · ·	· · · · ·	· · ·		
Total Expenditures by Object	\$44,608,482	\$42,544,717	\$44,366,845	\$2,823,283	\$43,781,332
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	30,811,923	26,149,070	28,145,596	1,023,283	26,560,083
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	8,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000	1,800,000	9,000,000
Building Funds					
Other Funds	5,796,559	8,395,647	8,221,249		8,221,249
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$44,608,482	\$42,544,717	\$44,366,845	\$2,823,283	\$43,781,332
FTE Positions	7.0	7.0	2.0		7.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.0	5.0	5.0		5.0
Total Positions	9.0	12.0	7.0		12.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Prevention programs operating in judicial districts	196	163	172
Standards training workshops for Juvenile Intake and Assessment		1	4
Number of technical assistance site visits	15	25	15

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

Operations. Expenditures for the payment of principal and interest on the debt the Juvenile Justice Authority has incurred in FY 2002 will be made through this program. The Juvenile Justice Authority began making payments from the State Institutions Building Fund (SIBF) for the \$50.0 million of bonds issued for construction of the Kansas Juvenile Correctional Complex (KJCC) and the Larned Juvenile Correctional Facility replacement in FY 2002. In addition, in FY 2001, JJA received a combined \$10.0 million from the SIBF and from a Federal Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-in-Sentencing grant to help finance the construction of both facilities. KJCC, which is being constructed on the grounds of the Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility (TJCF), will serve as a diagnostic and classification unit, provide maximum security units, and house an infirmary. KJCC, which will share a number of services with

TJCF, is expected to open in July 2004. The new facility at Larned is scheduled to be operational in May 2003. It will specialize in substance abuse and mental health treatment.

This program also includes systemwide rehabilitation, remodeling, renovation, and repair of various structures at the juvenile correctional facilities. The Commissioner authorizes transfers of SIBF monies from the Authority's rehabilitation and repair account to the various juvenile correctional facilities for funding these projects.

Statutory History. KSA 74-8901 et seq. provide the general statutory authority for issuing debt obligations through the Kansas Development Finance Authority. All capital improvement programs are authorized by individual appropriations of the Legislature.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service	371,142	1,572,656	2,372,263		2,372,263
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$371,142	\$1,572,656	\$2,372,263	\$	\$2,372,263
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$371,142	\$1,572,656	\$2,372,263	\$	\$2,372,263
Capital Improvements	9,259,883	4,586,456	2,665,000	2,122,359	2,595,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$9,631,025	\$6,159,112	\$5,037,263	\$2,122,359	\$4,967,263
Non-expense Items	2,508,683				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$12,139,708	\$6,159,112	\$5,037,263	\$2,122,359	\$4,967,263
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	4,131,025	5,665,616	5,037,263	2,122,359	4,967,263
Other Funds	8,008,683	493,496			
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$12,139,708	\$6,159,112	\$5,037,263	\$2,122,359	\$4,967,263
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Kansas Bureau of Investigation

Mission. The Kansas Bureau of Investigation is dedicated to providing professional investigative and laboratory services to criminal justice agencies as well as collecting and disseminating criminal justice information to public and private agencies for the purpose of promoting public safety and the prevention of crime in Kansas.

Operations. The 1939 Legislature established the Kansas Bureau of Investigation (KBI). The Bureau, which is under the supervision of the Attorney General's Office, is led by a director appointed by the Attorney General. When the Bureau was established, it was vested with two principal duties. The first is to conduct investigations at the direction of the Attorney The second is to establish and maintain criminal justice records for use by criminal justice for exchange among authorized agencies organizations. The KBI fulfills these requirements by providing expert field investigations and technical services. It also provides assistance in the training of professional law enforcement officers and information on crime trends to public officials and citizens.

The Bureau is organized into the Administrative Program and four operating programs. These operating programs are Investigations, Administration and Special Services, and Laboratory Services. The KBI also operates a statewide Community Crime Watch Program designed to disseminate information on crime prevention and to assist communities and criminal justice agencies in operating local crime watch programs.

Statutory History. KSA 75-711 and 75-712 prescribe the powers and duties of the KBI. KSA 21-1501 requires the filing of fingerprint impressions with the KBI. KSA 21-2504 requires the filing of statistical data with the KBI. KSA 22-4701 et seq. require the filing of certain criminal history information with the KBI. KSA 22-4901 et seq. establish the Sexual Offender Registration Act with the KBI. KSA 22a-237 requires the forensic laboratory to test blood or other bodily substances for the presence of alcohol or drugs in any air, land, or watercraft accident. KSA 21-2511 established the DNA database of convicted violent offenders.

Kansas Bureau of Investigation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
Expenditures by Program	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
General Services	6,998,034	5,961,207	5,853,278		5,347,058
Investigations	10,015,667	10,898,256	10,031,943	965,208	10,031,943
Laboratory Services	4,089,821	4,494,591	3,698,815	406,927	3,567,130
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	371,819	311,575	305,680	95,000	305,680
Total Expenditures	\$21,475,341	\$21,665,629	\$19,889,716	\$1,467,135	\$19,251,811
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Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	11,851,674	12,210,158	11,648,078	1,263,375	11,516,393
Contractual Services	5,812,921	4,934,096	5,156,096	95,010	4,649,876
Commodities	859,676	1,246,437	870,447	13,750	870,447
Capital Outlay	947,605	1,075,059	413,622		413,622
Debt Service	116,583	106,575	95,680		95,680
Operating Adjustments	·	, 	·		,
Subtotal: State Operations	\$19,588,459	\$19,572,325	\$18,183,923	\$1,372,135	\$17,546,018
Aid to Local Governments	1,531,038	1,888,304	1,491,793		1,491,793
Other Assistance	630				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$21,120,127	\$21,460,629	\$19,675,716	\$1,372,135	\$19,037,811
Capital Improvements	255,236	205,000	210,000	95,000	210,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$21,375,363	\$21,665,629	\$19,885,716	\$1,467,135	\$19,247,811
Non-expense Items	99,978		4,000		4,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$21,475,341	\$21,665,629	\$19,889,716	\$1,467,135	\$19,251,811
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	12,679,213	12,135,069	12,473,100	1,467,135	11,835,195
Water Plan Fund	, , ,		, , , <u></u>	, ,	, , , , <u></u>
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	8,796,128	9,530,560	7,416,616		7,416,616
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$21,475,341	\$21,665,629	\$19,889,716	\$1,467,135	\$19,251,811
FTE Positions	200.0	201.0	201.0		201.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	85.5	89.0	76.5		76.5
Total Positions	285.5	290.0	277.5		277.5
	===	== 3.0	=: 700		=: 7.00

General Services

Operations. The Administration Section provides the overall management of the Bureau. The Support Services Section maintains, collects, and disseminates criminal histories and other criminal justice information; compiles and disseminates crime statistics; and provides internal support services.

The KBI is the state's central repository for the collection, storage, and dissemination of criminal history information and fingerprint identification data. Kansas criminal justice agencies are required to submit information to the Bureau concerning criminal offenses and their disposition. Within the central repository is a statewide juvenile justice information system consisting of data regarding juvenile offenders and children in need of care.

Additionally, local law enforcement officials are required to file fingerprint impressions of suspected law violators. Implementation of the Automated Fingerprint Identification System facilitates the identification of latent fingerprints acquired from crime scenes. This information is available to local, state, and federal criminal justice agencies. The 1993 Legislature also required the KBI to maintain a repository of convicted sexual offenders. In addition, the Bureau maintains a communications center which serves as a relay point among more than 160 agencies in the Automated Statewide Telecommunications and Records Access (ASTRA) network and other local, state, regional, and national systems. The ASTRA network is currently being replaced by the new Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS), allowing faster transfer of an increased amount of information.

A variety of crime statistics is compiled and published by the KBI, which is then forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The Bureau audits procedures of local users of the National Crime Information Center database. The audit team verifies that proper procedures and safeguards are being used statewide, thereby maintaining access to the database files by Kansas users. Audit team members also train local users in the use of the database and the proper procedures for safeguarding the sensitive information which may be obtained through the database.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Administration and Support Services Program is to provide support for the laboratory and investigative operations of the Bureau and other criminal justice agencies to collect and disseminate crime event, criminal history, and statistical information efficiently and accurately. This goal will be pursued through the following objectives:

Improve program applications of the Bureau to meet the demands of criminal justice users.

Conduct audits in compliance with FBI agreements on each agency utilizing the ASTRA network and request NCIC data ensuring compliance with network systems, governmental policies, regulations, and statutes.

Provide training on audit compliance issues as well as placing an emphasis on NCIC, privacy and security issues, and system use.

Provide systems resources to collect and enter crime and criminal data efficiently and accurately in a centrally accessible system within one month of the date of the reportable event.

Provide routine dissemination of crime and criminal history data to requestors within ten days of the request.

Complete implementation of the switch from ASTRA to CJIS.

General Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Dase Dudget	Ellianc. T kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	3,095,075	3,435,874	3,167,125		3,167,125
Contractual Services	3,414,084	2,251,542	2,569,116		2,062,896
Commodities	159,746	131,266	117,037		117,037
			117,037		117,037
Capital Outlay	302,244	69,700			
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$6,971,149	\$5,888,382	\$5,853,278	\$	\$5,347,058
Aid to Local Governments	19,623	72,825			
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,990,772	\$5,961,207	\$5,853,278	\$	\$5,347,058
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,990,772	\$5,961,207	\$5,853,278	\$	\$5,347,058
Non-expense Items	7,262				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,998,034	\$5,961,207	\$5,853,278	\$	\$5,347,058
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	4,355,614	4,012,055	4,286,263		3,780,043
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	2,642,420	1,949,152	1,567,015		1,567,015
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,998,034	\$5,961,207	\$5,853,278	\$	\$5,347,058
FTE Positions	55.0	55.0	55.0		55.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	40.5	41.0	28.5		28.5
Total Positions	95.5	96.0	83.5		83.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of new adult criminal records created	32,805	32,000	33,600
Total number of criminal history abstracts prepared and disseminated to: Criminal justice agencies Non-criminal justice agencies	43,208 40,334	44,660 18,410	46,900 19,300
Number of potential Kansas Criminal Justice users wanting KCJIS connection	15,000	15,000	15,000
Percent of potential individual uses connected to KCJIS System	47.0 %	53.0 %	60.0 %

Investigations_

Operations. In FY 1997, the Kansas Bureau of Investigation combined its Investigation, Narcotics, and Special Services Divisions to become one program called Investigations. The Investigations Program provides expert criminal investigative services to law enforcement agencies throughout the State of Kansas. Although KBI special agents have the powers and privileges of Kansas sheriffs, it remains the policy of the KBI that agents will enter a case only at the request of another law enforcement agency, prosecutor, or state agency. The KBI will also enter an investigation by order of the Attorney General. The KBI restricts case acceptance to felony offenses unless exceptional Direct assistance to local circumstances exist. authorities regarding the investigation of criminal cases is provided by special agents located throughout the state. Three special agents are trained in the use of polygraph equipment.

Several agents are assigned to the special investigation unit, which primarily investigates white-collar and organized crime. These investigations are usually long term. The agents work such complex cases as securities fraud investigations, public corruption, and white-collar crime. The individuals are assigned to work as a unit or on an individual basis. Additionally, agents conduct surveillance, develop information, and prepare reports regarding major criminal activities in the state.

One special agent is assigned to technical services. This agent purchases and maintains all equipment for other agents. Technical assistance is also provided by this agent for all court-ordered telephone intercepts. One special agent and one office assistant are assigned to the Anti-Crime Unit, which implements crime prevention projects across the state. One training agent is assigned to the Special Services Division for the coordination of agent training. This agent also

coordinates and provides assistance in training local law enforcement agencies. Three crime information analysts are assigned to provide investigative/support services to all divisions of the Bureau.

There is also a group of agents assigned to conduct narcotics-related investigations. These agents provide covert investigative services to local agencies and conduct investigations on mid to upper level drug traffickers. These agents form a proactive drug enforcement group which focuses on the illicit production, manufacture, and distribution of drugs in the state. An Assistant Attorney General is assigned to this area to provide legal counsel in preparation of search warrants, court orders, and subpoenas, as well as in the forfeiture of seized assets.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Investigations Program is to promote public safety and governmental integrity through the aggressive and efficient investigation of serious criminal violations, the collection and dissemination of criminal intelligence information, and the conduct of background investigations relating to public employees. Objectives include the following:

Provide professional investigative as well as technical services to law enforcement agencies.

Identify, investigate, and prosecute drug traffickers, manufacturers of illicit drugs, and marijuana producers.

Gather and disseminate criminal intelligence information.

Provide training to other law enforcement agencies.

_Investigations

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	5,830,265	5,701,799	5,548,711	856,448	5,548,711
Contractual Services	2,045,898	2,384,503	2,300,923	95,010	2,300,923
Commodities	273,375	574,371	272,894	13,750	272,894
Capital Outlay	261,368	422,104	413,622		413,622
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$8,410,906	\$9,082,777	\$8,536,150	\$965,208	\$8,536,150
Aid to Local Governments	1,511,415	1,815,479	1,491,793		1,491,793
Other Assistance	630				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$9,922,951	\$10,898,256	\$10,027,943	\$965,208	\$10,027,943
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$9,922,951	\$10,898,256	\$10,027,943	\$965,208	\$10,027,943
Non-expense Items	92,716		4,000		4,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$10,015,667	\$10,898,256	\$10,031,943	\$965,208	\$10,031,943
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	5,411,134	5,225,966	5,295,102	965,208	5,295,102
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	4,604,533	5,672,290	4,736,841		4,736,841
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$10,015,667	\$10,898,256	\$10,031,943	\$965,208	\$10,031,943
FTE Positions	93.0	93.0	93.0		93.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	37.0	37.0	37.0		37.0
Total Positions	130.0	130.0	130.0		130.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of requests for assistance regarding violent crime honored	74.0 %	51.0 %	52.0 %
Number of cases regarding violent crimes resolved	312	190	190
Percent of requests for polygraph examinations honored	100.0%	100.0 %	100.0 %
Number of polygraph examinations conducted	355	320	400
Kansas' most wanted fugitives apprehended	69	90	90

Laboratory Services _

Operations. The Laboratory Services Program utilizes scientists and sophisticated equipment to identify suspects, provide leads, substantiate evidence, and prove or disprove, within limits, the involvement of individuals in specific crimes. Changes in the criminal justice system have placed greater demands on the expertise and capability of the laboratory scientists. Prosecutors are demanding substantiated evidence prior to taking a case to court. The KBI lab is in the forefront of labs nationwide in regard to staff ability to develop new techniques and equipment, which provide a more effective means of substantiating information.

In past years the KBI has received new equipment, including an automated fingerprint identification system and a gas chromatograph/mass spectrometer. The recent acquisition of DNA equipment enables the KBI to perform DNA analysis. The KBI has its main laboratory in Topeka and maintains satellite laboratories in Great Bend, Pittsburg, and Kansas City.

The KBI lab, as the state crime lab, provides laboratory services for all Kansas law enforcement agencies. Recent improvements in law enforcement

training and the 1984 requirement of 40 hours of continuing education for all law enforcement personnel have significantly improved the quantity and quality of evidence submitted to the state lab for testing. To assist smaller and local law enforcement agencies, the KBI is implementing a mobile van unit, which will provide on-site laboratory service.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Laboratory Services Program is to provide efficient forensic laboratory services to Kansas criminal justice agencies. This is accomplished through the following objectives:

Provide needed response time for current services that are requested by criminal justice agencies so enforcement of laws is timely with respect to the needs of Kansas citizens.

Reduce the problems caused by laboratory reporting delays by 50.0 percent in three years. These problems include cases being continued or dismissed and cases requiring an increased amount of investigation time, resulting in the reduced solvability of cases.

Laboratory Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	2,926,334	3,072,485	2,932,242	406,927	2,800,557
Contractual Services	352,939	298,051	286,057		286,057
Commodities	426,555	540,800	480,516		480,516
Capital Outlay	383,993	583,255			
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$4,089,821	\$4,494,591	\$3,698,815	\$406,927	\$3,567,130
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$4,089,821	\$4,494,591	\$3,698,815	\$406,927	\$3,567,130
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$4,089,821	\$4,494,591	\$3,698,815	\$406,927	\$3,567,130
Non-expense Items		· · ·	· · · · · ·	, 	· · ·
Total Expenditures by Object	\$4,089,821	\$4,494,591	\$3,698,815	\$406,927	\$3,567,130
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,575,975	2,585,473	2,586,055	406,927	2,454,370
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,513,846	1,909,118	1,112,760		1,112,760
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$4,089,821	\$4,494,591	\$3,698,815	\$406,927	\$3,567,130
FTE Positions	52.0	53.0	53.0		53.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	8.0	11.0	11.0		11.0
Total Positions	60.0	64.0	64.0		64.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of cases analyzed using STR DNA technology	350	500	500
Number of meth laboratory cases completed	580	625	625
Number of case submissions for the toxicology sections	3,774	3,890	3,975

Debt Service & Capital Improvements_

Operations. Expenditures for the payment of principal and interest on the debt incurred by the KBI are reflected in this program. In FY 1990, \$3.4 million of bonds were issued through the Kansas Development Finance Authority to finance the purchase of the current KBI headquarters facility. The Capital Improvements Program provides for maintenance and renovation of the facility.

Goals and Objectives. The agency has identified the following goals for this program:

Make debt service payments in accordance with legal requirements.

Operate facilities of the Kansas Bureau of Investigation in an efficient manner.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			_	_	
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service	116,583	106,575	95,680		95,680
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$116,583	\$106,575	\$95,680	\$	\$95,680
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$116,583	\$106,575	\$95,680	\$	\$95,680
Capital Improvements	255,236	205,000	210,000	95,000	210,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$371,819	\$311,575	\$305,680	\$95,000	\$305,680
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$371,819	\$311,575	\$305,680	\$95,000	\$305,680
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	336,490	311,575	305,680	95,000	305,680
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	35,329				
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$371,819	\$311,575	\$305,680	\$95,000	\$305,680
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Kansas, Inc.___

Mission. The mission of Kansas, Inc. is to conduct strategic planning for the Kansas economy; formulate economic development policy; evaluate the state's tax, regulatory, and expenditure policies; evaluate and report on the effectiveness of state economic development programs; advise the Department of Commerce and Housing and the Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation with regard to economic development initiatives; provide coordination among state and private organizations or bodies involved in economic development activities; and work with business, education, and communities to support economic development initiatives.

Operations. Kansas, Inc. was created by the 1986 Legislature to provide analysis, coordination, and direction to the state's economic development activities. The board consists of 17 members serving four-year terms. Eight of the members are appointed by statute, including the Governor, Secretary of Commerce and Housing, Commanding General of the Kansas Cavalry, an appointee of the Board of Regents, and Speaker of the House, President of the Senate, and the majority and minority House and Senate leaders. The remaining members, appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate, represent various areas in the private sector of the Kansas economy.

The operating expenditures of Kansas, Inc. are financed entirely with state funds. Additionally, the state funds special studies and projects that it requests

or mandates. The agency solicits funds from sources to finance its special research and educational programs. These funds are managed by the Kansas Economic Development Institute (KEDI), an independent not-for-profit 501(c)(3) foundation.

For FY 2004, the Governor recommends that Kansas, Inc.'s operations be merged with those of the Department of Commerce and Housing. The applicable funding and positions will be transferred accordingly.

Goals and Objectives. The agency pursues the following goals:

Monitor and update Kansas economic development strategies and initiatives.

Serve as an advisory resource to the Governor, members of the Legislature, and the general public.

Monitor state economic activity and recommend policy options to maintain Kansas economic growth at a level equal or superior to the region's growth.

Establish and promote a working partnership between the public and private sectors.

Statutory History. The duties and responsibilities for Kansas, Inc. are defined in KSA 74-8001 et seq.

Kansas, Inc.

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			· ·		
Salaries and Wages	230,031	376,217	381,559	125,770	
Contractual Services	171,040	62,047	61,126	223,898	
Commodities	5,077	3,150	3,900	4,294	
Capital Outlay	530			12,040	
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$406,678	\$441,414	\$446,585	\$366,002	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$406,678	\$441,414	\$446,585	\$366,002	\$
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$406,678	\$441,414	\$446,585	\$366,002	\$
Non-expense Items	26,611				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$433,289	\$441,414	\$446,585	\$366,002	\$
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	281,377	291,674	294,830	366,002	
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	151,912	149,740	151,755		
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$433,289	\$441,414	\$446,585	\$366,002	\$
FTE Positions	4.0	4.0	4.0	2.0	
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Total Positions	5.0	5.0	5.0	2.0	

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of special research reports produced	4	6	NA
Annual level of private financial support	\$3,000	\$50,000	NA
Percent of customers rating research and reports as "excellent" and "good"	81.0 %	90.0 %	NA

Kansas Neurological Institute_

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Neurological Institute is to facilitate the empowerment of people with developmental disabilities so they can engage in a meaningful life by providing opportunities for choice, promoting personal relationships, encouraging meaningful community involvement, and recognizing each person's individuality.

Operations. Habilitation and Treatment is the central program of the Institute. The program is organized into 25 treatment teams housed in five residential buildings. The teams develop, implement, and monitor an individual plan for each resident that spells out the treatment and training objectives for the resident and the means for achieving them. The team periodically reviews the resident's progress, establishing new goals when appropriate.

The Community Services Program coordinates the return of KNI residents to their communities. The General Administration Program provides overall management services, and the Staff Education and Research Program provides training and education services. The Ancillary Services Program provides clinical and therapeutic staff for the treatment teams and contracts with the Southeast Kansas Regional Education Service Center for special education services. The Medical and Surgical Services Program evaluates, monitors, and treats illnesses and injuries and seeks to prevent infectious disease. The Physical

Plant and Central Services Program operates the power plant, maintains the facilities, and provides supply services for other programs. Laundry services are provided to the Institute by the Department of Corrections, which now operates the former Topeka State Hospital laundry.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of the agency is to provide a quality of life which honors each individual living at KNI. The agency has established the following objectives:

Increase opportunities for residents to experience living environments that promote choice, productivity, and independence.

Increase the range of collaborative efforts between the agency and community service providers.

Reduce the number of families and agencies seeking placement at KNI as an alternative to in-home care.

Statutory History. Current statutes governing the Institute can be found in KSA 76-17c01 et seq. The Special Education Program is mandated and governed by KSA 72-901 et seq. and federal PL 94-142 (Right to Education for All Handicapped Children Act of 1975).

Kansas Neurological Institute

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
General Administration	1,221,135	1,083,656	972,564		972,564
Habilitation And Treatment	12,108,894	12,057,841	12,621,733		12,621,733
Staff Education And Research	733,956	770,221	779,042		779,042
Ancillary Services	3,222,510	3,249,746	3,207,483		3,207,483
Medical And Surgical Services	3,056,206	3,279,146	3,265,664		3,265,664
Physical Plant & Central Services	4,484,699	3,547,104	3,400,930		3,400,930
Capital Improvements	939,205				
Total Expenditures	\$25,766,605	\$23,987,714	\$24,247,416	\$	\$24,247,416
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	20,961,251	20,963,314	20,614,769		20,614,769
Contractual Services	1,493,000	1,742,820	2,103,899		2,103,899
Commodities	2,203,231	1,279,580	1,526,748		1,526,748
Capital Outlay	153,467				
Debt Service	·				
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$24,810,949	\$23,985,714	\$24,245,416	\$	\$24,245,416
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	9,423	2,000	2,000		2,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$24,820,372	\$23,987,714	\$24,247,416	\$	\$24,247,416
Capital Improvements	939,205			· 	
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$25,759,577	\$23,987,714	\$24,247,416	\$	\$24,247,416
Non-expense Items	7,028			· 	
Total Expenditures by Object	\$25,766,605	\$23,987,714	\$24,247,416	\$	\$24,247,416
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	9,183,826	8,877,702	9,765,684		9,765,684
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	939,205				
Other Funds	15,643,574	15,110,012	14,481,732		14,481,732
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$25,766,605	\$23,987,714	\$24,247,416	\$	\$24,247,416
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$23,700,003	\$43,767,7 14	\$24,247,410	φ	φ 24,247,410
FTE Positions	655.5	589.5	653.5		530.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	656.5	590.5	654.5		531.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of patients participating in supported employment	112	118	124
Percent of general drugs used	70.0 %	75.0 %	75.0 %
Percent of facility medication accuracy	98.0 %	98.0 %	98.0 %

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System_

Mission. The Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) is a plan of retirement, disability, and survivor benefits provided by law for Kansas public servants and their beneficiaries. The Board of Trustees and the staff of the retirement system strive at all times to safeguard the system's assets by adhering to the highest standards of fiduciary and professional care, to comply strictly with the law, and to conduct business in a courteous, timely, and effective manner.

Operations. KPERS is a consolidated pension system covering employees from the state and various local governments. KPERS was created by the 1961 Legislature to provide retirement, death, and long-term disability benefits to state and certain local employees. Since the inception of KPERS in 1962, subsequent legislative enactments have merged other retirement systems into KPERS. At the present time, the major coverage groups in the retirement system include KPERS—Non-School, KPERS—School, the Judges Retirement System, and the Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System for local police and fire officials (KP&F) and certain state employees of the Kansas Highway Patrol, the Kansas Bureau of

Investigation, and the campus police at Regents institutions. KPERS is governed by a nine-member Board of Trustees. Four of the board members are appointed by the Governor, one by the Speaker of the House, and one by the President of the Senate. In addition, two members are elected by the members of KPERS, and the State Treasurer is a Board member by statutory authority. The Board appoints an Executive Secretary to administer the system.

KPERS is an actuarially-funded system. The system is financed by employee and employer contributions. The employee contributions partially finance liabilities accruing from participating service credits. The employer contributions finance the group life and long-term disability program, amortization of prior service liabilities, and the balance of the liabilities accruing from participating service credits. Administrative expenses for the system, as well as fees for managers and custodians of the system's assets, are financed directly from investment earnings.

Statutory History. Statutory authority for KPERS is found in KSA 74-4901 to 74-49a176.

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System

	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Gov. Estimate	FY 2004 Base Budget	FY 2004 Enhanc. Pkg.	FY 2004 Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program				<i>8</i> .	
Operations	6,611,088	7,095,646	7,859,398		7,859,398
Public Employee Retirement Benefits	635,578,197	661,795,826	697,672,912		697,672,912
Investment-Related Costs	19,698,061	17,843,762	18,660,611		18,660,611
Total Expenditures	\$661,887,346	\$686,735,234	\$724,192,921	\$	\$724,192,921
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	4,282,814	4,429,817	4,496,306		4,496,306
Contractual Services	21,609,492	20,062,956	21,569,504		21,569,504
Commodities	174,323	184,635	192,199		192,199
Capital Outlay	210,020	229,500	229,500		229,500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$26,276,649	\$24,906,908	\$26,487,509	\$	\$26,487,509
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$26,276,649	\$24,906,908	\$26,487,509	\$	\$26,487,509
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$26,276,649	\$24,906,908	\$26,487,509	\$	\$26,487,509
Non-expense Items	635,610,697	661,828,326	697,705,412		697,705,412
Total Expenditures by Object	\$661,887,346	\$686,735,234	\$724,192,921	\$	\$724,192,921
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	10,623				
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	661,876,723	686,735,234	724,192,921		724,192,921
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$661,887,346	\$686,735,234	\$724,192,921	\$	\$724,192,921
FTE Positions	85.0	85.0	85.0		85.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent Total Positions	 85.0	 85.0	 85.0		 85.0
	22.0	3210	3010		30.0

Operations_

Operations. This program provides a centralized structure for the day-to-day administration of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS). Its primary functions include the keeping of statistical information, service records, contributions, payments, and accumulation of funds for active and inactive vested members of the various systems under KPERS. Services to participating employers and members include (1) determining creditable service; (2) purchasing and repurchasing service credit; (3) withdrawing from active membership and refunding accumulated contributions; (4) retiring; (5) providing death and long-term disability coverage; and (6) reporting finances.

The Executive Secretary is appointed by the Board of Trustees and administers the operations of KPERS. The Board of Trustees employs investment management firms, each managing a portfolio of assets from the KPERS Fund. Expenses include fees paid to the fund managers, the custodian bank, and consultant and litigation expenses, all of which are financed from investment earnings. Investment policy adopted by the board is executed by the investment management firms, and the results of these investment decisions are evaluated by both a contractual consulting firm and in-house analysts.

The Board contracts with an actuarial firm to provide assistance in establishing employer contribution rates and for advice on other matters related to administration of the system and benefit programs.

Administration expenses of the system are financed from investment income.

Goals and Objectives. The program's goals involve providing advice to the Board of Trustees while seeking administrative efficiency, prudent management of financial assets, accuracy in accounting, and quality service to KPERS members. These objectives will be followed in pursuit of the program's goals:

Ensuring compliance with all investment-related statutory requirements and the Statement of Investment Policy.

Reporting KPERS financial transactions efficiently and timely.

Improving responsiveness to members, employers, legislators, and other parties.

Ensuring accuracy and timeliness in the payment of all benefit claims.

Protecting the confidentiality, accuracy, integrity, and accessibility of electronic information.

Statutory History. Statutory authority for administration of the retirement system and the various benefit programs can be found in KSA 74-4901 through 74-49a176.

____Operations

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
E and the second of the second	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	4.120.025	4.207.040	4 252 524		4 252 524
Salaries and Wages	4,138,025	4,307,948	4,372,734		4,372,734
Contractual Services	2,064,020	2,347,870	3,039,272		3,039,272
Commodities	170,860	181,603	189,167		189,167
Capital Outlay	206,333	226,375	226,375		226,375
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$6,579,238	\$7,063,796	\$7,827,548	\$	\$7,827,548
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,579,238	\$7,063,796	\$7,827,548	\$	\$7,827,548
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,579,238	\$7,063,796	\$7,827,548	\$	\$7,827,548
Non-expense Items	31,850	31,850	31,850		31,850
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,611,088	\$7,095,646	\$7,859,398	\$	\$7,859,398
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	10,623				
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6,600,465	7,095,646	7,859,398		7,859,398
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,611,088	\$7,095,646	\$7,859,398	\$	\$7,859,398
Total Expenditures by Tunu	ψ0,011,000	Ψ1,022,040	Ψ1,000,000	Ψ	Ψ1,000,000
FTE Positions	85.0	85.0	85.0		85.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	85.0	85.0	85.0		85.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of monthly financial reports completed by 10th business day of the next month	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Annual costs of administrative operations as a percentage of Retirement System assets	.0754 %	.0780 %	.0808 %

Public Employee Retirement Benefits_

Operations. The program includes the monthly retirement benefits paid to the members and their beneficiaries of the various systems administered by KPERS. The retirement benefit under any particular retirement plan is outlined by statute and is based on total service credit and certain average salaries earned while employed. The statutes provide for early retirement and optional forms of retirement where benefits continue after a member's death. The average state employee retiring under KPERS will receive an annual benefit of 1.75 percent times the years of credited service times final average salary. Benefits paid from this program represent all benefit payments made by the system, including payments to those retiring from local government and school service.

All benefit payments from the KPERS Fund are considered "off budget" expenditures. Benefit payments are financed from employer contributions, employee contributions, and investment earnings on

the balances in the KPERS Fund. Because the employer contributions component is also included in the salary budget of each state agency, this portion of the financing would otherwise be duplicated in expenditure reports. Therefore, this method of reporting budgeted expenditures eliminates the double-counting of employer contributions.

Goals and Objectives. This program reflects only expenditures made for benefits and is not a separate administrative unit. Goals and objectives, therefore, are included in the Operations Program.

Statutory History. Since the inception of the retirement system in 1962, a substantial number of changes have been made to the nature and scope of the retirement system and the various components of the benefit programs. Current statutory authority for KPERS and the various benefit programs can be found in KSA 74-4901 through 74-49a176.

Public Employee Retirement Benefits

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-expense Items	635,578,197	661,795,826	697,672,912		697,672,912
Total Expenditures by Object	\$635,578,197	\$661,795,826	\$697,672,912	\$	\$697,672,912
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	635,578,197	661,795,826	697,672,912		697,672,912
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$635,578,197	\$661,795,826	\$697,672,912	\$	\$697,672,912
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Monthly benefit checks mailed or electronically transferred by the last working day of the month	672,900	694,426	715,258

Investment-Related Costs_

Operations. This program reflects expenditures made for investment-related expenses as authorized by the Legislature through appropriation limitations. Since the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System came into existence in January 1962, the KPERS Board of Trustees has had the legal responsibility for management of the fund. The 1970 Legislature authorized the Board of Trustees to enter into contracts with one or more persons determined to be qualified to perform the investment functions for portions of the fund. The first contracts for investment management services were effective in May 1971. The 1970 legislation also provided that the investment management fees could be paid from the earnings of the fund and were therefore treated as "off budget."

Statutes require that any contracts entered into by the Board of Trustees are to be paid according to fixed rates subject to provisions of appropriation acts and are to be based on specific contractual fee arrangements. Additionally, the payment of any other investment-related expenses is subject to provisions of appropriation acts.

Investment-related expenses include direct placement investment expenses, direct placement investment management fees, real estate investment management fees, custodial bank fees, publicly-traded securities investment management fees, investment consultant fees, and litigation expenses.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the program is to invest the retirement system's assets in a manner consistent with the fiduciary standard of a prudent expert for the sole benefit of the participants and beneficiaries. To achieve this goal, the program implements the following objectives:

Achieve the time-weighted total rate of return that meets or exceeds the actuarial assumed rate, while maintaining a reasonable level of risk.

Ensure that investment managers meet or exceed individual performance benchmarks.

Ensure that fees are held to the lowest level consistent with prudent management of the assets.

Statutory History. Statutory authority for KPERS is found in KSA 74-4901 through 74-49a176. The statute specific to the appropriation of investment-related expenditures is KSA 74-4921.

Investment-Related Costs

					
	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
E and the second of the second	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	4.4.500	121.050	100 550		100 550
Salaries and Wages	144,789	121,869	123,572		123,572
Contractual Services	19,545,472	17,715,086	18,530,232		18,530,232
Commodities	3,463	3,032	3,032		3,032
Capital Outlay	3,687	3,125	3,125		3,125
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$19,697,411	\$17,843,112	\$18,659,961	\$	\$18,659,961
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$19,697,411	\$17,843,112	\$18,659,961	\$	\$18,659,961
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$19,697,411	\$17,843,112	\$18,659,961	\$	\$18,659,961
Non-expense Items	650	650	650		650
Total Expenditures by Object	\$19,698,061	\$17,843,762	\$18,660,611	\$	\$18,660,611
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	19,698,061	17,843,762	18,660,611		18,660,611
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$19,698,061	\$17,843,762	\$18,660,611	\$	\$18,660,611
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
5-year rate of return on all investments	5.4 %	8.0 %	8.0 %
Actual investment related fees as a percentage of assets	.2302 %	.1934 %	.1874 %

Kansas State University_

Mission. Kansas State University is a comprehensive, research, land-grant institution serving students and the people of Kansas. The mission of the University is to enrich the lives of the citizens of Kansas by extending to them opportunities to engage in life-long learning and to benefit from the results of research.

As an institution, Kansas State University will focus on strengthening and developing areas that emphasize its main mission and programs. Maintaining its quality faculty and developing the highest quality graduate education and research programs are the University's priorities. Other important academic issues include maintaining the academic infrastructure, addressing diversity issues, and developing interdisciplinary and internal programs.

Operations. Since its founding in 1863, the University has evolved into a modern institution of higher education, committed to quality programs, and responsive to a rapidly changing world and the aspirations of an increasingly diverse society. Together with other major comprehensive universities, Kansas State shares responsibility for developing human potential, expanding knowledge, enriching cultural expression, and extending its expertise to individuals, business, education, and government. These responsibilities are addressed through an array of undergraduate and graduate degree programs, research and creative activities, and outreach and public service programs. In addition, its land-grant mandate, based on federal and state legislation, establishes a focus on its instructional, research, and extension activities that are unique among the Regents universities.

Kansas State University is fully accredited by the North Central Accrediting Association and by various professional accrediting agencies. The faculty is dedicated to excellence in teaching, student advising, research, extension education, scholarly achievement, and creative endeavor. The faculty is also committed to public and professional service. Many are elected or appointed each year to positions of leadership in state, national, and international professional and service organizations.

The University provides undergraduate students with instructional services through the eight undergraduate colleges of agriculture, arts and sciences, engineering, business administration, architecture and design, human ecology, education, and technology. The graduate school offers master's degrees in diverse areas, such as accountancy, agriculture, architecture, business administration, landscape architecture, music, regional and community planning, and fine arts. The graduate school also offers a doctor of philosophy degree in such areas as biochemistry, chemistry, human ecology, history, horticulture, and mathematics.

The College of Technology, located in Salina, provides technical education and training in engineering, science, and aeronautical technologies. The Salina campus continues to undergo changes through a significant capital improvement program. The improvements are financed by a sales tax levied by the City of Salina, student housing fees, and state funds.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established by this university:

Ensure ranked faculty teach undergraduate courses.

Increase its first-year student retention rate.

Increase external research support.

Minimize administrative costs.

Maximize the use of instructional space.

Statutory History. The Kansas Legislature of 1863 was the first in the nation to authorize the establishment of a land-grant college under the provisions of the Morrill Act of 1862 (KSA 76-401 et seq.). That act was repealed in 1970 and the institution is now authorized as one of the institutions under the Board of Regents by KSA 76-711 et seq. KSA 76-205 merged the Kansas College of Technology with Kansas State University to form Kansas State University—Salina, College of Technology.

Kansas State University

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004	
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.	
Expenditures by Program						
Institutional Support	18,885,030	22,079,663	22,275,384		22,275,384	
Instruction	106,466,132	102,204,143	105,471,501		101,433,134	
Academic Support	26,113,502	33,127,222	33,346,476		33,346,476	
Student Services	15,622,243	12,973,480	13,114,708		13,114,708	
Research	39,764,148	20,438,461	20,533,167		20,533,167	
Public Service	9,165,362	7,456,981	7,507,802		7,507,802	
Student Aid	74,099,932	97,982,538	97,982,538		97,982,538	
Auxiliary Enterprises	28,907,183	24,373,991	24,641,915		24,641,915	
Physical Plant	23,163,395	23,004,596 9,057,808	23,231,751 10,521,368	1 060 126	23,231,751	
Debt Service & Capital Improvements Total Expenditures	15,542,189 \$357,729,116	\$352,698,883	\$358,626,610	1,960,136 \$1,960,136	12,221,494 \$356,288,369	
Total Expenditures	\$337,729,110	\$352,090,003	\$330,020,010	\$1,900,130	ФЭЗО,200,309	
Expenditures by Object						
Salaries and Wages	178,344,708	167,044,072	169,208,932		169,208,932	
Contractual Services	45,359,683	51,512,473	50,527,917		50,527,917	
Commodities	14,339,251	14,819,116	14,458,811		14,458,811	
Capital Outlay	12,570,222	15,241,921	14,863,273		14,863,273	
Debt Service	1,237,432	1,181,895	1,083,574		1,083,574	
Operating Adjustments	1,237,432	(4,116,759)	1,005,574		(4,038,367)	
Subtotal: State Operations	\$251,851,296	\$245,682,718	\$250,142,507	\$ 	\$246,104,140	
Aid to Local Governments	912,131		1,063,771		1,063,771	
	76,359,352	1,157,714				
Other Assistance		97,982,538	97,982,538	 ø	97,982,538	
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$329,122,779	\$344,822,970	\$349,188,816	\$	\$345,150,449	
Capital Improvements	11,537,503	7,875,913	9,437,794	1,960,136	11,137,920	
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$340,660,282	\$352,698,883	\$358,626,610	\$1,960,136	\$356,288,369	
Non-expense Items	17,068,834	 42 5 0 002	 42 = 0 < 2 < < 1 0		 ***********************************	
Total Expenditures by Object	\$357,729,116	\$352,698,883	\$358,626,610	\$1,960,136	\$356,288,369	
Expenditures by Fund						
State General Fund	106,969,910	101,091,282	105,129,649		101,091,282	
Water Plan Fund	100,909,910	101,091,282	103,129,049		101,091,202	
EDIF						
Children's Initiatives Fund						
	2 771 205	4,543,262		260,010		
Building Funds	3,771,205	247,064,339	252 406 061		255 107 097	
Other Funds	246,988,001	\$352,698,883	253,496,961 \$358,626,610	1,700,126	255,197,087 \$356,288,369	
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$357,729,116	\$352,098,883	\$358,020,010	\$1,960,136	\$350,288,309	
FTE Positions	2 201 2	2 162 0	2 162 0		2 162 0	
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	3,201.2	3,162.9	3,162.9		3,162.9	
	2 201 2	2 162 0	2 162 0		2 1 (2 0	
Total Positions	3,201.2	3,162.9	3,162.9		3,162.9	
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	
Five-year graduation rate			49.5 %	50.3 %	50.0 9	%
Percent of credit hours taught by ranked fa	culty		77.0 %	76.0 %	76.0 9	%
Percent of expenditures for institutional su	pport		4.7 %	4.7 %	4.7 9	%

Kansas State University Extension Systems & Agriculture Research Programs_____

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Cooperative Extension Service is to provide practical, research-based information and educational programs to address critical issues facing individuals, families, agricultural producers, business operators, and communities. The mission of the Kansas Agricultural Experiment Station is to conduct basic and applied research to ensure a plentiful, nutritious, safe, and acceptable food supply; promote a desirable quality of life for the people of Kansas now and for the future; and preserve the state's natural resource base.

Operations. Extension Systems and Agriculture Research programs were previously budgeted as part of the Kansas State University budget under the jurisdiction of the Dean of Agriculture, except the resident instruction program. These programs include the Agricultural Experiment Station, Cooperative Extension Service, and International Agricultural Programs. The Dean of Agriculture administers the agency, reporting through the Provost to the President of Kansas State University.

The Agricultural Experiment Station performs research at two research centers, two research-extension centers, and 11 experimental fields in addition to the main station located in Manhattan. These programs address the diversity in climatic and soil conditions in Kansas as they influence crop and livestock production systems, soil and water quality, and conservation, while conserving natural resources and environmental quality. The Agricultural Experiment Station supports research in five academic colleges on the main campus: Agriculture, Human Ecology, Engineering, Arts and Sciences, and Veterinary Medicine.

The Public Service Program includes the Cooperative Extension Service (CES) and International Agricultural Programs. The CES is a research-based educational system with extension agents in each county in the state and with specialists in five area

offices and four academic colleges on the main campus (Agriculture, Human Ecology, Engineering, and Veterinary Medicine).

In addition to annual program development plans, four-year plans of work are submitted to the U.S. Department of Agriculture as part of an ongoing planning effort by the CES. This provides the short-and long-term planning required to address current and emerging educational issues for counties, districts, and the state as a whole.

International Agricultural Programs include the International Grains Program established in 1978 and the International Meat and Livestock Program established in 1985. These programs provide educational information that informs people from other countries about the marketing, storage, and utilization of products produced in Kansas.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established for this program:

Increase the use of computer technology and electronic communications to facilitate the spread of research across the state.

Increase the percentage of Kansas wheat acreage planted as Kansas State-developed wheat varieties.

Increase the number and dollar value of its research grants.

Statutory History. KSA 75-3717d established Kansas State University—Extension Systems and Agriculture Research Programs as a separate agency for budget purposes. KSU was the first college in the nation to establish an agricultural experiment station under the Hatch Act of Congress in 1887 (KSA 76-401 et seq.). Subsequently, in 1915, the University was the first to come under the Smith-Lever Act to expand the services of extension projects in the various counties.

Kansas State University Extension Systems & Agriculture Research Programs

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program			_	_	
Academic Support	316,265				
Research	62,956,234	54,521,703	56,528,097		54,634,765
Public Service	42,437,267	41,652,550	41,751,666		41,751,666
Physical Plant	912,902	771,974	771,975		771,975
Auxiliary Enterprises	338,315	779,075	780,611		780,611
Capital Improvements	668,151	17,449,712	4,150,000	 •	4,150,000
Total Expenditures	\$107,629,134	\$115,175,014	\$103,982,349	\$	\$102,089,017
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	74,175,254	75,733,559	76,615,575		76,615,575
Contractual Services	11,254,927	9,997,652	9,685,163		9,685,163
Commodities	8,198,814	7,769,644	7,570,681		7,570,681
Capital Outlay	6,279,952	5,871,557	5,727,731		5,727,731
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments		(1,893,331)			(1,893,332)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$99,908,947	\$97,479,081	\$99,599,150	\$	\$97,705,818
Aid to Local Governments	325,310	246,221	233,199		233,199
Other Assistance	1,602,339	210,221	233,177		233,177
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$101,836,596	\$97,725,302	\$99,832,349	\$	\$97,939,017
Capital Improvements	1,844,542	17,449,712	4,150,000	Ψ 	4,150,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$103,681,138	\$115,175,014	\$103,982,349	\$	\$102,089,017
Non-expense Items	3,947,996		φ1συ,» σ 2 ,υ :»		
Total Expenditures by Object	\$107,629,134	\$115,175,014	\$103,982,349	\$	\$102,089,017
	, ,				•
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	49,143,891	46,456,360	48,349,692		46,456,360
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	500,288	2,449,712			
Other Funds	57,984,955	66,268,942	55,632,657		55,632,657
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$107,629,134	\$115,175,014	\$103,982,349	\$	\$102,089,017
FTE Positions	1,430.2	1,395.7	1,395.7		1,395.7
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1,430.2	2.4	2.4		2.4
Total Positions	1,430.2	1,398.1	1,398.1		1,398.1
Total Fositions	1,430.2	1,390.1	1,390.1		1,390.1
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of new research grants			316	310	320
Number of renewed research grants			113	110	115
Dollar value of grant receipts (in thousand	nds)		\$33,756	\$21,500	\$21,000

Kansas State University—Veterinary Medical Center_____

Mission. The mission of the Veterinary Medical Center, also called the College of Veterinary Medicine, is to provide for the health and well-being of all animal species. Included in this mission are the protection of public health and the prevention of zoonotic diseases. This mission is accomplished through unique programs of instruction, research, and graduate education as well as directed service and extension that are focused on the needs of Kansas and the north central region of the United States.

Operations. The College of Veterinary Medicine was established in 1905 as a part of Kansas State University. The 1978 Legislature directed that the college be considered a separate state agency for budget purposes, at which time it was designated as the KSU—Veterinary Medical Center. The Center provides four years of professional veterinary training and graduate training in several disciplines. In addition, it provides clinical and diagnostic services to the state livestock industry and conducts animal health research important to animal industries.

Five departments operate within the academic program: anatomy and physiology, laboratory medicine, pathology, clinical sciences, and veterinary diagnosis. Courses taken during the two pre-clinical years generally consist of lectures and highly structured laboratory training, while contact with animals becomes a prominent part of the training provided through the Veterinary Teaching Hospital in the clinical years. The College also provides limited instruction to non-veterinary students.

The enrollment in each incoming class can be up to 100 students. Selection for admission to the College

of Veterinary Medicine is based first on individual merit of qualified applicants who are graduates of Kansas high schools and/or who have been Kansas residents for at least three years. After the selection of Kansas students is made, students are chosen from states with which Kansas State University has a contract to provide veterinary medical education and who are certified by their state.

A limited number of at-large students may be considered after highly qualified Kansas residents and certified residents of contract states are selected. Kansas State University presently has contracts with North Dakota, Wyoming, Alaska, Puerto Rico, and Nebraska to provide veterinary medical education to their residents. Only the contract with Nebraska provides a guarantee of 20 seats.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established for the Veterinary Medical Center:

Maintain the standard of excellence required for full accreditation by the Council of Education of the American Veterinary Medical Association.

Pursue excellence in veterinary medical education.

Continue the development of a nationally-competitive research program with emphasis on regional problems that affect the economy of Kansas.

Statutory History. Kansas State University was established in 1863 under KSA 76-401 et seq., and the Kansas State University—Veterinary Medical Center was established as a separate state agency under KSA 75-3717c.

Kansas State University—Veterinary Medical Center

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
Ermandituras hy Draaman	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program Instruction	16,558,819	17,831,475	18,005,042		17,630,075
Academic Support	3,090,680	3,035,074	3,071,182		3,071,182
Student Aid	11,650	535,320	5,071,102		
Research	533,447	396,265	401,441		401,441
Public Services	2,087,993	4,960,518	2,396,243		2,396,243
Physical Plant	1,205,151	1,082,516	1,100,875		1,100,875
Capital Improvements	16,477			700,000	700,000
Total Expenditures	\$23,504,217	\$27,841,168	\$24,974,783	\$700,000	\$25,299,816
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	16,330,181	16,767,202	17,013,553		17,013,553
Contractual Services	2,697,769	4,265,442	2,908,959		2,908,959
Commodities	2,810,072	4,808,824	3,272,639		3,272,639
Capital Outlay	1,559,076	2,388,160	1,779,632		1,779,632
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments		(388,460)			(374,967)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$23,397,098	\$27,841,168	\$24,974,783	\$	\$24,599,816
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	18,178				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$23,415,276	\$27,841,168	\$24,974,783	\$	\$24,599,816
Capital Improvements	49,116			700,000	700,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$23,464,392	\$27,841,168	\$24,974,783	\$700,000	\$25,299,816
Non-expense Items	39,825				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$23,504,217	\$27,841,168	\$24,974,783	\$700,000	\$25,299,816
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	10,021,162	9,545,175	9,920,142		9,545,175
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	13,483,055	18,295,993	15,054,641	700,000	15,754,641
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$23,504,217	\$27,841,168	\$24,974,783	\$700,000	\$25,299,816
FTE Positions	259.2	271.9	271.9		271.9
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	259.2	271.9	271.9		271.9
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Five-year graduation rate			97.0 %	97.0 %	97.0 %
Veterinary teaching hospital caseload			16,001	16,200	16,325
Laboratory caseload			61,327	61,927	62,565

Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation_

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation (KTEC) is to create and grow Kansas enterprises through technological innovations.

Operations. KTEC, created by the 1986 Legislature, is defined by statute as a public instrumentality whose authority and powers are considered to be an essential governmental function. The corporation is governed by a 20-member Board of Directors, including both public and private sector representation.

KTEC assists in the creation and growth of technology-based companies in Kansas through research. investment. and business assistance initiatives. Research financing at Kansas universities includes the Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (EPSCoR) and the Centers of Excellence, which are engaged in basic and applied research and technology transfer. The program encourages partnerships with industry and multiuniversity collaborations. Each center focuses on a Kansas strategic technology, which includes aviation, biotechnology, information, telecommunications and computing, manufacturing, and advanced materials.

Research support and large federal awards to companies for prototype development are offered through the Applied Research Matching Fund and Innovation Research Programs. KTEC participates in financial investment activities through the Ad Astra and commercialization funds. Business assistance is offered to start-up companies through Innovation and Commercialization Corporations (ICCs) and to

existing manufacturers through the Mid-America Manufacturing Technology Center (MAMTC). The ICCs provide services such as business, sales and market planning, strategic development, market research, business systems development, finance property management, and negotiations. The ICCs are financially supported and governed by partnerships consisting of KTEC, the local university, local government, and industry.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of KTEC are to:

Stimulate the creation and commercialization of new technologies.

Improve the competitive research and development capacity of Kansas universities and corporations.

Assist client companies statewide in creating and retaining new and improved high-wage, high-skilled job opportunities.

Assist Kansas manufacturers and industries in becoming more competitive in the global economy.

Complete a comprehensive financial network that will increase investment in technology-based businesses.

Statutory History. KTEC's duties and responsibilities are prescribed in KSA 74-8101, and its purpose is defined in KSA 74-8102. Specific programs for carrying out the agency's purposes are defined in KSA 74-8101 et seq.

Kansas Technology Enterprise Corporation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
Expenditures by Program	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Operations	9,692,652	11,250,582	10,104,368	2,162,000	9,510,405
MAMTC	4,795,733	4,735,932	4,556,235	292,477	4,443,415
Total Expenditures	\$14,488,385	\$1 5 ,98 6 ,514	\$14,660,603	\$2,454,477	\$13,953,820
•	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,867,524	1,765,736	1,882,021		1,598,587
Contractual Services	716,515	835,121	754,856	212,000	754,856
Commodities	13,213	21,200	21,200		21,200
Capital Outlay	3,939	3,000	10,000		10,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,601,191	\$2,625,057	\$2,668,077	\$212,000	\$2,384,643
Aid to Local Governments		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, 	
Other Assistance	11,887,194	13,361,457	11,992,526	2,242,477	11,569,177
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$14,488,385	\$15,986,514	\$14,660,603	\$2,454,477	\$13,953,820
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$14,488,385	\$15,986,514	\$14,660,603	\$2,454,477	\$13,953,820
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$14,488,385	\$15,986,514	\$14,660,603	\$2,454,477	\$13,953,820
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	11,180,832	12,948,065	11,382,210	2,454,477	10,604,188
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	3,307,553	3,038,449	3,278,393		3,349,632
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$14,488,385	\$15,986,514	\$14,660,603	\$2,454,477	\$13,953,820
FTE Positions	29.0	30.0	27.0		27.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0				
Total Positions	30.0	30.0	27.0		27.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Dollars leveraged (in millions): Federal Private	\$22.9	\$31.3	\$21.1
	\$21.2	\$22.3	\$18.6
Number of jobs created or saved	808	1,100	858
Increased sales of client companies (in millions)	\$38.3	\$50.0	\$81.1

Lansing Correctional Facility

Mission. The mission of Lansing Correctional Facility, as part of the criminal justice system, contributes to public safety by exercising reasonable, safe, secure, and humane control of offenders while actively encouraging and assisting them to become law-abiding citizens.

Operations. The Lansing Correctional Facility is the state's largest facility for the detention and rehabilitation of adult male felony offenders with a current capacity of 2,489 beds, including 80 beds at the Osawatomie minimum security unit. The institution houses maximum, medium, and minimum custody inmates. The institution operates five major budget programs: Administration, Security, Classification and Programs, Support Services, and Capital Improvements.

The Administration Program provides for overall management and operation of the institution and includes fiscal and financial management, planning, and personnel administration. Special emphasis is placed on staff training and reducing the rate of employee turnover, both of which directly affect the quality of the institution's programs.

The Security Program's primary function is to minimize escapes from the institution, minimize acts of physical violence by inmates, and provide staff with a safe working environment. Correctional officers control the internal and external movement of inmates; monitor activities; supervise work details; investigate incidents relating to the security, safety, and well-

being of the institution, inmates, and staff; and perform miscellaneous duties.

Classification and Programs maintains all records regarding work assignments, progress reviews, attitudinal and adjustment counseling, probation/parole counseling, and other matters regarding the inmates. The Support Services Program includes laundry and supply, facilities operations, and physical plant maintenance. Food service, education, and medical services are provided under Department of Corrections' contracts with private firms.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the facility is to provide for the secure and humane confinement of offenders and for public safety. The institution has established the following objectives:

Limit the number of inmate assaults on staff.

Limit the number of inmate escapes.

Statutory History. The *Kansas Constitution* under Article 7 provides for the establishment of a penitentiary. The statutory citation for the Department of Corrections and the correctional institutions is Article 75, Chapter 52 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. Specific statutory citations include KSA 75-5202, which provides that the Lansing Correctional Facility operate under the management of the Secretary of Corrections, and KSA 75-5220, which prescribes who can transport and be responsible for the cost of transporting female inmates.

Lansing Correctional Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administration	2,091,101	1,994,357	1,896,580		1,879,515
Security	19,200,478	19,469,686	20,074,027		19,619,985
Inmate Transportation	346,680	351,924	357,421		355,073
Classification And Programs	3,177,421	3,139,904	3,339,667	93,000	3,308,846
Support Services	6,407,176	5,969,318	6,234,341		6,208,464
Osawatomie Correctional Facility	1,123,031	1,149,726	1,167,836		1,167,836
Capital Improvements	780,828	741,869	 422.0<0.0 52	 ¢02.000	 #22 5 20 5 10
Total Expenditures	\$33,126,715	\$32,816,784	\$33,069,872	\$93,000	\$32,539,719
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	27,140,626	27,137,408	28,131,388	93,000	27,601,235
Contractual Services	2,681,075	2,585,589	2,690,076		2,690,076
Commodities	2,282,342	2,051,182	2,183,408		2,183,408
Capital Outlay	238,873	300,736	65,000		65,000
Debt Service	, 	, 	, 		,
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$32,342,916	\$32,074,915	\$33,069,872	\$93,000	\$32,539,719
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	2,971				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$32,345,887	\$32,074,915	\$33,069,872	\$93,000	\$32,539,719
Capital Improvements	780,828	741,869		φ> υ, σσσ	φο Ξ ,εεσ, . 15
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$33,126,715	\$32,816,784	\$33,069,872	\$93,000	\$32,539,719
Non-expense Items	φου,120,710	φ22,010,704	φου,σου,στ=	φ> υ, σσσ	φο 2, εερ,τ19
Total Expenditures by Object	\$33,126,715	\$32,816,784	\$33,069,872	\$93,000	\$32,539,719
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	32,064,887	31,758,915	32,899,872	93,000	32,369,719
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	746,415	741,869			
Other Funds	315,413	316,000	170,000		170,000
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$33,126,715	\$32,816,784	\$33,069,872	\$93,000	\$32,539,719
FTE Positions	710.0	710.0	710.0	2.0	710.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent		, 10.5	, 10.0		, 10.0
Total Positions	710.0	710.0	710.0	2.0	710.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of escapes	1	2	
Number of assaults on staff	77	74	74

Larned Correctional Mental Health Facility_____

Mission. The mission of Larned Correctional Mental Health Facility, as part of the criminal justice system, is to contribute to public safety by exercising reasonable, safe, secure, and humane control of offenders while actively encouraging and assisting them to become lawabiding citizens.

Operations. Larned Correctional Mental Health Facility, which opened in January 1992, consists of a maximum-security central unit with 150 beds and a minimum-security West Unit with 218 work detail beds. The facility's Central Unit serves as a transitional unit for inmates who are not able to function in the general population of a traditional correctional institution for mental health reasons, but are not in need of psychiatric hospitalization. Inmates are assigned to this facility by mental health staff at other correctional institutions.

The facility was constructed to bring the Department of Corrections into compliance with a United States District Court consent decree, which required the Department to meet the long-term needs of mentally ill inmates. The facility is located adjacent to Larned State Hospital. The facility provides acute care, extended care, transitional care, and crisis intervention services. Hospitalization services continue to be provided at Larned State Security Hospital, while outpatient services are provided at other correctional facilities.

The purpose of the Larned Correctional Mental Health Facility Central Unit is to provide as normal a range of work, programs, and activities to the inmates as would be available at a traditional correctional institution, while also providing more extensive mental health care and treatment. Toward this end, inmates spend as much time as possible in therapeutic programs and in educational and recreational activities. The purpose of the facility's West Unit is to provide facility support and community work programs for minimum security inmates. The inmates assigned to this unit practice or learn work skills.

Facility operations are organized under six major programs: Administration, Security, Classification and Programs, Chemical Dependency Recovery Program, Support Services, and Capital Improvements. The Administration Program provides for the overall management and operation of the facility under the direction of the Warden. The Security Program provides control and surveillance, as well as crisis counseling in accordance with prescribed rules and regulations.

Classification and Programs includes the classification and management of inmates through performance reviews, counseling, and parole planning. The program also includes recreational activities and religious programming for inmates. Mental health, medical care, and food service are provided through contracts with private vendors coordinated and funded through the Department of Corrections.

On July 1, 2000, LCMHF took over operation of the Chemical Dependency Recovery Program from the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services. This program provides outpatient substance abuse treatment to the minimum security inmate population. Forty of the inmates at the West Unit participate in this program.

The Support Services Program includes mechanical services, laundry, and supply operations. The Capital Improvements Program provides facilities consistent with the intended use of the institution.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the facility is to provide for the secure and humane confinement of offenders and provide for public safety. The objectives associated with this goal are to:

Limit the number of inmate assaults on staff.

Limit the number of inmate escapes.

Statutory History. The general statutory citation for the Department of Corrections and the correctional institutions is Article 75, Chapter 52 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. Specific statutory citations include KSA 75-5205, which provides that the facility operate under the general supervision and management of the Secretary of Corrections.

Larned Correctional Mental Health Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administration	926,650	906,663	933,207		924,540
Security	4,742,262	4,903,519	5,059,008		4,962,769
Classification & Programs	751,026	742,829	757,899		750,766
Chemical Dependency Recovery	192,940	187,537	190,694		188,686
Support Services	1,033,034	977,582	1,087,791		1,082,281
Capital Improvements	56,731	42,532			
Total Expenditures	\$7,702,643	\$7,760,662	\$8,028,599	\$	\$7,909,042
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	6,860,755	7,002,641	7,191,807		7,072,250
Contractual Services	431,689	425,779	456,517		456,517
Commodities	318,536	284,710	380,275		380,275
Capital Outlay	34,894	5,000			
Debt Service		·			
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$7,645,874	\$7,718,130	\$8,028,599	\$	\$7,909,042
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	38				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$7,645,912	\$7,718,130	\$8,028,599	\$	\$7,909,042
Capital Improvements	56,731	42,532			
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$7,702,643	\$7,760,662	\$8,028,599	\$	\$7,909,042
Non-expense Items		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			· · ·
Total Expenditures by Object	\$7,702,643	\$7,760,662	\$8,028,599	\$	\$7,909,042
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	7,645,058	7,583,060	8,026,570		7,907,013
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	56,731	42,532			
Other Funds	854	135,070	2,029		2,029
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$7,702,643	\$7,760,662	\$8,028,599	\$	\$7,909,042
FTE Positions	186.0	186.0	186.0		186.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0
Total Positions	186.0	186.0	186.0	 	186.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of escapes			
Number of inmate batteries on staff	68	30	30

Larned Juvenile Correctional Facility_____

Mission. The mission of the Larned Juvenile Correctional Facility is to promote public safety, hold offenders accountable for their behavior, and improve the offender's ability to live more productively and responsibly in the community. The Facility maintains conditions of confinement that are secure, humane, and habilitative, and it operates within the expectations of community norms and offender needs.

Operations. The Larned Juvenile Correctional Facility is a state institution for the incarceration and rehabilitation of youth, generally between the ages of 13 and 18, whom the courts have found to be juvenile offenders or felons. With implementation of the sentencing matrix on July 1, 1999, convicted juveniles are placed in the Facility by court order. Sentences are determined by the court, and the Facility's Superintendent no longer has release authority to regulate population levels. Juvenile offenders are placed in the juvenile correctional facility for serious offenses with longer stays.

The Facility emphasizes positive thinking and responsibility for the behavior of oneself and others. The Juvenile Correctional Services Program and the Ancillary Services Program provide behavior management, social, pre-vocational, vocational, and other habilitation services for juvenile offenders. The on-site educational services are provided under contract with the Fort Larned school district, USD 495. Support services, such as dietary, laundry, medical, accounting, engineering, and security, are currently provided by Larned State Hospital. Alcohol and substance abuse and mental health treatment

services will be expanded when the current facility is replaced in May 2003 by a 152-bed medium-security facility.

Goals and Objectives. Goals of the Larned Juvenile Correctional Facility include the following:

Maintain a high standard of professionalism in providing juvenile correctional services to ensure a controlled, healthy, safe, and secure environment for the habilitation of committed offenders.

Provide programs that will improve the juvenile offender's behavior and ability to live productively and responsibly in the community.

Statutory History. The Larned Youth Rehabilitation Center was established at Larned State Hospital in 1972. In 1982, the Legislature established a Youth Services Division in SRS, and the Larned Youth Rehabilitation Center was renamed the Youth Center at Larned. At the same time, the bed capacity was doubled. The Center was expanded again in 1994 with a capacity of 116 beds in four buildings. In 1995, upon recommendation of the Governor, the Legislature separated the Youth Center at Larned from the Larned State Hospital budget. The current name, Larned Juvenile Correctional Facility, was established during the 1997 Legislative Session (KSA 76-3204). On July 1, 1997, responsibility for the juvenile correctional facilities in Kansas was transferred from SRS to the Juvenile Justice Authority (KSA 75-7001 et seq.). In 2000, the Legislature approved construction of a 152bed facility to replace existing beds.

Larned Juvenile Correctional Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
General Administration	691,361	687,466	756,340		756,340
Education Services		228,500	1,540,000		1,372,537
Juvenile Correctional Services	2,589,661	2,691,579	3,191,593	298,018	2,986,854
Ancillary Services	1,683,167	1,706,577	2,038,587		1,977,567
Physical Plant & Central Services	7	132,475	729,313		600,140
Capital Improvements	7,247				
Total Expenditures	\$4,971,443	\$5,446,597	\$8,255,833	\$298,018	\$7,693,438
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	4,687,882	5,046,125	5,927,014	298,018	5,646,594
Contractual Services	100,714	316,511	2,229,593		1,947,618
Commodities	113,790	70,929	79,726		79,726
Capital Outlay	61,810	13,032	19,500		19,500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$4,964,196	\$5,446,597	\$8,255,833	\$298,018	\$7,693,438
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$4,964,196	\$5,446,597	\$8,255,833	\$298,018	\$7,693,438
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$4,964,196	\$5,446,597	\$8,255,833	\$298,018	\$7,693,438
Non-expense Items	7,247				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$4,971,443	\$5,446,597	\$8,255,833	\$298,018	\$7,693,438
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	4,649,156	5,061,310	7,791,556	298,018	7,229,161
Water Plan Fund	,, 				
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	322,287	385,287	464,277		464,277
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$4,9 71 ,443	\$5,446,59 7	\$8,255,833	\$298,018	\$7,693,438
10 111 211 p 011111011100	4 1,5 7 1,5 1	φε, 110,ε5.	40,200,000	42 > 3 ,020	47,050,100
FTE Positions	129.0	148.0	148.0	10.0	148.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	8.0	15.0	15.0		15.0
Total Positions	137.0	163.0	163.0	10.0	163.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of offenders who showed improvements on standardized academic instruments	69.0 %	75.0 %	75.0 %
Percent of juveniles who successfully complete conditional release	65.0 %	65.0 %	65.0 %
Number of juvenile offender escapes	1.0		

Larned State Hospital

Mission. The mission of the Hospital is to diagnose and treat persons with psychiatric disorders and return them to the community in the shortest time possible, treat persons with substance abuse and a mental illness as a dual diagnosis, and treat patients transferred from state correctional institutions and district court referrals.

Operations. Larned State Hospital is the largest of Kansas' three state psychiatric facilities. Opened in 1914, it is the only state psychiatric hospital in western Kansas. The Hospital serves citizens from 59 counties.

The Psychiatric Services Program includes adult services, adolescent services, and children's services. The adult services component provides inpatient services for individuals 18 years of age or older who are experiencing emotional illness as their primary diagnosis. The adolescent services function accommodates patients between the ages of 13 and 18 who are committed for psychiatric evaluation or treatment. The children's section is for patients six to 13 years of age who require psychiatric treatment.

The State Security Hospital provides 142 maximum security beds that serve the entire state. The program evaluates and treats persons committed by the courts of criminal jurisdiction and inmates from the Kansas Department of Corrections. There is also a special unit, the 30-bed Security Behavior Ward, that treats patients from the state hospital system who have serious behavior problems and pose a danger in less restrictive settings. The 2002 Legislature approved a bond issuance for the construction of a new 250-bed State Security Hospital on the Larned State Hospital campus.

The Sexual Predator Treatment Program (SPTP) is located on the Larned State Hospital campus and was established in 1994. The program provides treatment for convicted sex offenders who have completed their prison sentences but still pose a danger to society.

The General Administration Program provides the overall management for the facility. The Staff Education and Research Program provides training for

entry level staff, direct-care staff, continuing clinical education, and quality improvement education. The Ancillary Services Program provides clinical, educational, and recreational services for the patients. The program contracts with the Ft. Larned School District, USD 495, to provide education services to youth who are residents at the Hospital.

The Physical Plant and Central Services Program operates the central heating and cooling plant; maintains the buildings, grounds, and equipment; provides dietary and laundry services, safety, and security; makes purchases; and receives goods and supplies. These services are also provided to Larned Juvenile Correctional Facility, Larned Correctional Mental Health Facility, the Sexual Predator Treatment Program, and the Ft. Dodge Soldiers' Home. The Capital Improvements Program maintains the buildings and equipment that facilitate Hospital programs.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Hospital is to provide evaluation, care, and treatment designed to improve the functioning of those individuals in need of services. The agency will pursue this goal through the following objectives:

Reduce the 90-day readmission rate.

Reduce the median length of stay.

Reduce the usage of seclusion and restraints in the treatment process.

Statutory History. The 1911 Legislature provided for a state mental hospital to be located in western Kansas, and Larned was chosen as the site (KSA 76-1303). The functions of the institution were expanded by the 1937 Legislature with the enactment of KSA 76-1305, which established the State Security Hospital. The Mental Health Reform Act (KSA 39-1601 through 39-1612) authorizes SRS to contract for community mental health services and, concurrently, to reduce institutional populations. In 1994, the Legislature established the Sexual Predator Treatment Program within SRS (KSA 59-29a07)

_Larned State Hospital

Expenditures by Program					
General Administration	3,017,807	1,894,200	1,912,108	7,687	1,912,108
Psychiatric Services	6,837,705	7,239,406	7,668,962	, 	7,668,962
State Security Hospital	8,273,789	8,082,712	8,296,298		8,296,298
Sexual Predator Treatment Program		2,386,491	2,138,212	1,589,719	3,727,931
Staff Education & Research	244,410	365,213	370,027		370,027
Ancillary Services	5,129,262	5,507,392	5,272,062	158,622	5,272,062
Trusts & Benefits	84,665	67,921	70,527		70,527
Physical Plant & Central Services	7,274,144	6,950,186	7,494,000	91,285	7,494,000
Capital Improvements	890,315				
Total Expenditures	\$31,752,097	\$32,493,521	\$33,222,196	\$1,847,313	\$34,811,915
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	24,048,483	25,889,661	26,457,183	1,257,719	27,714,902
Contractual Services	3,405,845	3,385,202	3,362,581	318,759	3,609,728
Commodities	3,176,180	3,218,658	3,402,432	270,835	3,487,285
Capital Outlay	223,077		3,102,132		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$30,853,585	\$32,493,521	\$33,222,196	\$1,847,313	\$34,811,915
Aid to Local Governments	φ50,055,505	Ψ32,473,321	Ψ33,222,170	Ψ1,047,515	φ54,011,>15
Other Assistance	107				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$30,853,692	\$32,493,521	\$33,222,196	\$1,847,313	\$34,811,915
Capital Improvements	898,405	Ψ32,τ/3,321	φ33,222,170	φ1,047,515	φ54,011,715
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$31,752, 09 7	\$32,493,521	\$33,222,196	\$1,847,313	\$34,811,915
Non-expense Items	φ31,732,077	Ψ32,τ/3,321	φ33,222,170	φ1,047,515	φ54,011,715
Total Expenditures by Object	\$31,752,097	\$32,493,521	\$33,222,196	\$1,847,313	\$34,811,915
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	10,003,215	12,062,205	23,937,967	1,847,313	25,527,686
Water Plan Fund		12,002,203	23,737,707		23,327,000
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	890,315				
Other Funds	20,858,567	20,431,316	9,284,229		9,284,229
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$31,752,097	\$32,493,521	\$33,222,196	\$1,847,313	\$34,811,915
Total Expenditures by Fund	φ31,732,097	\$32, 4 33,321	ФЗЗ,222,190	\$1,047,313	ф 34, 011,913
FTE Positions	725.8	699.8	792.8		663.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent		8.0	8.0		8.0
Total Positions	725.8	707.8	800.8		671.0
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of admissions that occurred with discharge	in 30 days of prev	ious	6.03 %	5.73 %	5.44 %
Number of medication error events that of	occurred for every	100			
episodes of care	ocurred for every	100	3.45	3.28	3.11
Number of elopements that occurred for	every 1,000 inpati	ent days	0.05	0.04	0.03

Legislative Coordinating Council

Mission. The Legislative Coordinating Council consists of the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House, the Speaker Pro Tem of the House, and the majority and minority leaders of each chamber. The Council is responsible for coordinating the delivery of legislative services.

Operations. In discharging its responsibilities, the Council meets at least once a month; receives and assigns subjects for committee study; appoints most interim legislative committees, including special, select, advisory, and subcommittees of standing committees; appoints the Revisor of Statutes, the Director of the Legislative Research Department, and

the Director of Legislative Administrative Services; and approves budgets for those offices, supervises their operations, and assigns space within the Statehouse. The Council also provides general supervision and direction to the Division of Legislative Administrative Services. The cost of the operation of this office is included in the budget of the Legislative Coordinating Council.

Statutory History. The Legislative Coordinating Council was created in 1971 as the successor to the Legislative Council. Statutory authorization for the Legislative Coordinating Council is contained in KSA 46-1201 et seq.

Legislative Coordinating Council

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	549,084	642,459	650,441		619,764
Contractual Services	316,258	64,311	70,910		67,601
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$865,342	\$706,770	\$721,351	\$	\$687,365
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$865,342	\$706,770	\$721,351	\$	\$687,365
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$865,342	\$706,770	\$721,351	\$	\$687,365
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$865,342	\$706,770	\$721,351	\$	\$687,365
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	865,342	706,770	721,351		687,365
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$865,342	\$706,770	\$721,351	\$	\$687,365
FTE Positions	13.0	13.0	13.0		13.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	13.0	13.0	13.0		13.0

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this agency.

Legislative Division of Post Audit_

Mission. The Legislative Division of Post Audit operates under the supervision of the ten-member Legislative Post Audit Committee and is the audit arm of Kansas government. The Division's mission is to conduct audits that provide information for the Legislature and other government officials who make and carry out policies and procedures. This information helps the Legislature ensure that Kansans receive economical, efficient, and effective services that also comply with applicable requirements. It also helps the Legislature ensure the integrity of the state's financial management and control systems. All audits are conducted in accordance with generally accepted governmental auditing standards set forth by the U.S. General Accounting Office.

Operations. KSA 46-1106 requires the Division to conduct an annual financial and compliance audit of the state's general purpose financial statements prepared by the Division of Accounts and Reports in the Department of Administration. This audit is conducted by a certified public accounting firm under contract to the Division. State law also requires financial compliance audits to be conducted on the Kansas Lottery, the Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission, the Kansas Public **Employees** Retirement System, and the State Treasurer's Office. These audits are contracted as well. As required by law and as directed by the Legislative Post Audit Committee, additional compliance and control audits are conducted to ensure an audit presence in each state agency at least once every three years. These audits are conducted by Legislative Post Audit staff.

The Division's performance audits are done at the specific direction of the Legislative Post Audit Committee. Performance audits determine one or more of the following: (1) whether an agency's programs are being carried out in accordance with the Legislature's intent in establishing and funding the program; (2) whether the programs are being carried

out efficiently and effectively; and (3) whether a change in a program or an agency would better serve the Legislature's goal of providing quality services to Kansans in a cost-effective fashion.

Goals and Objectives. The agency will conduct and issue audits that are responsive to the needs and mandates of the Legislature. Included is the following objective:

Address the concerns and answer questions raised by legislators or legislative committees.

Post Audit will conduct audits that promote improved efficiency, effectiveness, and financial management practices in Kansas government. The following objective will be observed:

Identify, whenever possible, ways that agencies can do their jobs more efficiently or economically, ways that agencies can improve their financial management practices, and ways the Legislature can help accomplish these improvements.

The agency will conduct audits in accordance with all applicable government auditing standards through the following objective:

Adhere to all applicable government auditing standards within the time constraints imposed by the Legislature or the Legislative Post Audit Committee.

Statutory History. The Legislative Post Audit Committee and the Legislative Division of Post Audit were established in 1971. Previously, all of the state's audit activities were housed in the executive branch of Kansas government. Statutory provisions relating to the committee and the Division are contained in the Legislative Post Audit Act, KSA 46-1101 et seq.

Legislative Division of Post Audit

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,300,572	1,413,083	1,432,263		1,385,428
Contractual Services	396,541	387,509	360,481		346,204
Commodities	11,317	18,150	18,700		18,150
Capital Outlay	2,545	2,357	4,500		2,357
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,710,975	\$1,821,099	\$1,815,944	\$	\$1,752,139
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,710,975	\$1,821,099	\$1,815,944	\$	\$1,752,139
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,710,975	\$1,821,099	\$1,815,944	\$	\$1,752,139
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,710,975	\$1,821,099	\$1,815,944	\$	\$1,752,139
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,710,969	1,821,099	1,815,944		1,752,139
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6				
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,710,975	\$1,821,099	\$1,815,944	\$	\$1,752,139
FTE Positions	21.0	21.0	21.0		21.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	21.0	21.0	21.0		21.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of audit reports issued that meet established deadlines	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Percent of audits resulting in substantial corrective or other action	100.0 %	93.0 %	93.0 %
Percent of performance audits reviewed for quality control that meet auditing standards	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Percent of audits completed within one week of deadline	86.7 %	88.0 %	88.0 %
Cost per audit hour	\$56.22	\$61.73	\$59.04

Legislative Research Department_

Mission. The major function of the Department is to perform research and fiscal analysis for the Legislature and its committees as well as individual legislators.

Operations. The Department operates under the supervision of the Legislative Coordinating Council, which provides staff for all legislative committees.

Statutory History. The Legislative Research Department was established as a separate agency in 1971. Prior to that time, the Department had been a division of the Legislative Council (predecessor to the Legislative Coordinating Council). Statutory authorization for the Legislative Research Department is contained in KSA 46-1210 et seq.

Legislative Research Department

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	2,303,027	2,451,659	2,484,778		2,302,094
Contractual Services	44,744	124,000	113,000		112,790
Commodities	13,324	23,916	23,000		21,180
Capital Outlay	584	6,000	6,000		4,857
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,361,679	\$2,605,575	\$2,626,778	\$	\$2,440,921
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,361,679	\$2,605,575	\$2,626,778	\$	\$2,440,921
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,361,679	\$2,605,575	\$2,626,778	\$	\$2,440,921
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,361,679	\$2,605,575	\$2,626,778	\$	\$2,440,921
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,361,679	2,605,575	2,626,778		2,440,921
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,361,679	\$2,605,575	\$2,626,778	\$	\$2,440,921
FTE Positions	37.0	37.0	37.0		37.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	37.0	37.0	37.0		37.0

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this agency.

Legislature _____

Mission. The Legislature consists of a Senate of 40 members and a House of Representatives of 125 members who enact legislation for the benefit of the state and its citizens.

Operations. The budget for this agency finances the operations of the House and the Senate, legislative

claims, and the retirement program for temporary employees of the Legislature. The budget may also contain funding for special projects or studies.

Statutory History. The legislative power of the state is vested in the Legislature as set forth in Article 2 of the *Kansas Constitution*.

Legislature

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
T 1 011 .	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	7,249,873	7,276,190	7,318,635		7,291,387
Contractual Services	4,414,717	4,429,184	4,864,617		5,006,166
Commodities	174,532	255,545	256,167		228,130
Capital Outlay	133,656	54,000	54,000		54,587
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$11,972,778	\$12,014,919	\$12,493,419	\$	\$12,580,270
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$11,972,778	\$12,014,919	\$12,493,419	\$	\$12,580,270
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$11,972,778	\$12,014,919	\$12,493,419	\$	\$12,580,270
Non-expense Items	2,291			· 	
Total Expenditures by Object	\$11,975,069	\$12,014,919	\$12,493,419	\$	\$12,580,270
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	11,874,909	11,846,966	12,362,419		12,449,270
Water Plan Fund	11,674,909	11,040,900	12,302,419		12,449,270
					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	100,160	167,953	131,000		131,000
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$11,975,069	\$12,014,919	\$12,493,419	\$	\$12,580,270
FTE Positions	33.0	33.0	33.0		33.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	33.0	33.0	33.0		33.0

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this agency.

State Library_

Mission. The mission of the State Library is to provide library and information services to the Judicial, Legislative, and Executive Branches of state government and to provide library extension services to all residents of the state. The agency is further directed by statute to provide leadership and assistance in the development, organization, and management of local libraries and to provide specialized library services to blind or disabled persons.

Operations. The State Library was created in 1861, continuing the responsibilities of the Kansas Territorial Library. The State Librarian, who is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Governor, is the head of the agency. The duties of the State Librarian include administration of six programs: Administrative Services, Reference Services, Library Development, Library Network Services, Library Services to the Blind and Disabled, and Library Information Technology.

The State Library acts as a catalyst to improve statewide library services through consultation services, coordination of local and regional library information services, and administration of grants-in-aid to public libraries and the seven regional systems of cooperating libraries. Operations are financed primarily by the State General Fund. Federal funding is from the Library Services and Technology Act.

The headquarters and central Talking Book Library for people who are blind or disabled is located in Emporia. All other programs of the State Library are located in the State Capitol.

Goals and Objectives. A goal of Reference Services is to develop specialized public affairs collections

relevant to the needs of state government. An objective to pursue this goal is to:

Provide information resources that meet the needs of State Library users in the format desired.

A goal of the Library Development Program is to offer timely and effective assistance on library and literacy issues to the people of Kansas. An objective to pursue this goal includes:

Responding within 12 hours to telephone queries; making at least 50 on-site consulting visits in FY 2004.

One goal of Network Services is to help librarians provide Kansans with easy access to comprehensive global information resources. An objective to pursue this goal is to:

Increase interlibrary loans by awarding grants to develop and enhance library collections.

The goal of Talking Book Services is to provide a diversity of reading materials for users. One objective is to:

Maintain or increase the level of patron satisfaction with the service.

A goal of the Information Technology Program is to provide technologically current services, which support interlibrary cooperation and communication.

Statutory History. Authority for the establishment and operations of the State Library is found in Article 25 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*.

State Library

					•
	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administrative Services	323,670	333,218	341,383		339,422
State Library Services	682,884	605,269	609,627	91,000	546,376
Library Development	3,106,878	2,795,206	2,993,381	2,659,025	2,828,665
Kansas Library Network Service	787,229	782,419	781,672	120.500	748,074
Srvcs to the Blind & Handicapped	744,279	747,437	753,891	129,508	752,903
Interlibrary Research Sharing Total Expenditures	1,296,855 \$6,941,795	1,297,548 \$6,561,097	1,300,714 \$6,780,668	\$2,879,533	1,300,664 \$6,516,104
Total Expenditures	Ф0,941,793	\$0,501,097	φυ, / ου, υυο	\$2,079,555	\$0,510,104
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,077,172	1,128,867	1,148,746		1,148,746
Contractual Services	895,631	932,409	936,425		870,075
Commodities	133,296	130,783	127,331	91,000	127,331
Capital Outlay	103,345				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,209,444	\$2,192,059	\$2,212,502	\$91,000	\$2,146,152
Aid to Local Governments	4,263,319	3,982,415	4,181,543	2,788,533	3,983,329
Other Assistance	393,542	386,623	386,623		386,623
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,866,305	\$6,561,097	\$6,780,668	\$2,879,533	\$6,516,104
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,866,305	\$6,561,097	\$6,780,668	\$2,879,533	\$6,516,104
Non-expense Items	75,490				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,941,795	\$6,561,097	\$6,780,668	\$2,879,533	\$6,516,104
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	5,386,860	4,962,850	5,182,421	2,879,533	4,917,857
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,554,935	1,598,247	1,598,247		1,598,247
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,941,795	\$6,561,097	\$6,780,668	\$2,879,533	\$6,516,104
TTT 7. 1.1	25.0	27.0	25.0		25.0
FTE Positions	27.0	27.0	27.0		27.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	25.0	27.0	25.0		25.0
Total Positions	27.0	27.0	27.0		27.0
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of children participating in summ	er reading progra	ams	78,000	82,000	82,000
Number of libraries participating in sumn	• • •		315	316	316
Number of requests for information respo	• • •		21,575	19,000	18,000
Number of community literacy programs			102	100	100

Office of the Lieutenant Governor

Mission. The mission of the Office of the Lieutenant Governor is to serve the State of Kansas. The office will assist the Governor in carrying out the executive functions of the state. In doing so, the Office of the Lieutenant Governor will represent the government and the people of the State of Kansas in an appropriate and honest manner.

Operations. The Office of the Lieutenant Governor is directed by the Lieutenant Governor who is jointly elected with the Governor to a four-year term. The Lieutenant Governor becomes the Governor when the Office of the Governor becomes vacant. If the Governor becomes disabled, the Lieutenant Governor serves as the Governor until the Governor is no longer disabled. The Governor can appoint the Lieutenant Governor as the head of a state agency. The primary purpose of the office is to provide effective

representation of the state at meetings and conferences and to carry out tasks assigned by the Governor.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this agency is to administer the affairs of the office in a manner consistent with state law.

Statutory History. Article 1, Section 1 of the *Kansas Constitution* provides for the election of the Lieutenant Governor. Article 1, Section 11 specifies the conditions for succession to the Office of the Governor. The duties of the Lieutenant Governor are found in KSA 75-301, and the membership and duties of the State Election Board are specified in KSA 25-2203. Appointment of the Lieutenant Governor to an administrative position in a state agency is authorized by KSA 75-303. The determination of appropriate compensation is governed by KSA 75-3103.

Office of the Lieutenant Governor

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	76,339	75,551	87,976		81,841
Contractual Services	41,985	39,350	27,531		27,531
Commodities	2,728	3,017	2,721		2,721
Capital Outlay		14,710			
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$121,052	\$132,628	\$118,228	\$	\$112,093
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$121,052	\$132,628	\$118,228	\$	\$112,093
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$121,052	\$132,628	\$118,228	\$	\$112,093
Non-expense Items	, 	, 			,
Total Expenditures by Object	\$121,052	\$132,628	\$118,228	\$	\$112,093
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	121,052	132,628	118,228		112,093
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$121,052	\$132,628	\$118,228	\$	\$112,093
FTE Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this agency.

Kansas Lottery_

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Lottery is to produce the maximum amount of revenue for the State of Kansas while ensuring the integrity of all games.

Operations. Revenues for the sale of lottery tickets are credited to the Lottery Operating Fund. From this fund, transfers are made to the State Gaming Revenues Fund. This law stipulates that a minimum of 30.0 percent of total monthly revenues, except in the case of pull-tab lottery tickets, a minimum of 20.0 percent of total monthly revenues be transferred to the State Gaming Revenues Fund. Monies from the State Gaming Revenues Fund are used to provide receipts to special revenue funds, which are in turn used to finance projects in such areas as corrections and juvenile detention. Current law provides that, first, \$80,000 is transferred to the Gambling Grant Fund. Then 85.0 percent of the balance is transferred to the Economic Development Initiatives Fund, 10.0 percent to the Correctional Institutions Building Fund, and 5.0 percent to the Juvenile Detention Facilities Fund.

General operations of the Kansas Lottery are under the direction of the Executive Director, who is appointed by the Governor subject to Senate confirmation. A six-member Kansas Lottery Commission appointed by the Governor consults with and advises the Executive Director about the operation of the state lottery, establishment of policies, and approval of an annual operating budget. The Commission is required by statute to meet at least four times each year.

Goals and Objectives. One of the goals of the Kansas Lottery is to provide increasing revenues to the State

Gaming Revenues Fund through the sale of lottery products. Objectives associated with this goal include:

Promote ongoing development and improvement of all lottery games to enhance game sales and increase revenue transfers.

Provide courteous and prompt service to internal and external customers.

Create efficiency through constant monitoring and improvement of internal procedures.

Promote continuing efforts to ensure the integrity of lottery products, personnel, retailers, and operations.

Maximize employee productivity through education, involvement, recognition, quality management, and communication.

Provide education to employees, retailers, players, and other external customers of the Kansas Lottery to enhance productivity, utilization of services, and product knowledge.

Statutory History. Article 15 of the *Kansas Constitution* was amended in 1986 to allow the operation of a state lottery. KSA 74-8701 et seq. constitute the Kansas Lottery Act. The Kansas Lottery Commission is created by KSA 74-8709. The Lottery is established by KSA 74-8703, and the powers and duties of the Executive Director are outlined in KSA 74-8704 and KSA 2002 Supp. 74-8706.

Kansas Lottery

	EV 2002	EV 2002	EV 2004	EV 2004	EV 2004
	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Gov. Estimate	FY 2004 Base Budget	FY 2004 Enhanc. Pkg.	FY 2004 Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	7 letuar	Gov. Estimate	Dase Budget	Elinane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Directors Office	642,754	827,855	839,327		839,327
Information Technology	883,429	1,084,934	965,837		965,837
Administration	891,176	909,203	920,898		920,898
Sales	5,144,702	2,111,344	2,152,747		2,152,747
Security	551,654	566,707	572,410		572,410
Cost Of Sales	48,293,164	50,808,437	51,540,157		51,540,157
Marketing	 456 406 050	3,662,257	3,763,281		3,220,481
Total Expenditures	\$56,406,879	\$59,970,737	\$60,754,657	\$	\$60,211,857
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	3,593,496	3,920,614	3,985,080		3,985,080
Contractual Services	17,622,672	16,262,636	15,847,220		15,304,420
Commodities	507,061	595,250	605,550		605,550
Capital Outlay	136,616	179,000	71,850		71,850
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$21,859,845	\$20,957,500	\$20,509,700	\$	\$19,966,900
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	29,166,444	39,013,237	40,244,957		40,244,957
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$51,026,289	\$59,970,737	\$60,754,657	\$	\$60,211,857
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$51,026,289	\$59,970,737	\$60,754,657	\$	\$60,211,857
Non-expense Items	5,380,590				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$56,406,879	\$59,970,737	\$60,754,657	\$	\$60,211,857
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	56,406,879	59,970,737	60,754,657		60,211,857
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$56,406,879	\$59,970,737	\$60,754,657	\$	\$60,211,857
THE D. W.	0.5.0	07.0	0= 0		07.0
FTE Positions Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	86.0	87.0	87.0		87.0
Total Positions	86.0	87.0	87.0		87.0
Total Toshions	00.0	07.0	07.0		07.0
			EV 2002	EV 2002	EW 2004
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Receipts from the sale of lottery tickets		\$18	89,901,181 \$	5205,000,000	\$209,800,000
Receipts transferred to the State Gaming	Revenues Fund	\$6	50,494,603	\$59,000,000	\$60,272,700
Prize payments		\$9	98,963,631 \$	5113,296,400	\$116,863,700
Per capita instant ticket sales			\$75.96	\$82.00	\$83.92

Norton Correctional Facility_

Mission. The mission of the Norton Correctional Facility, as part of the criminal justice system, is to contribute to public safety by exercising reasonable, safe, secure, and humane control of offenders while assisting them to become law-abiding citizens.

Operations. Norton Correctional Facility is a medium/minimum security institution with a capacity of 819. Norton Correctional Facility comprises two units. The Central Unit is located at Norton with a capacity of 705. The East Unit, located in Stockton, is a minimum security facility that houses 112 male inmates who are in a transitional phase as they near the end of their sentences.

The facility provides work crews for maintenance at area lakes and for general clean-up, construction, renovation, or demolition projects as requested by local governments or non-profit organizations. Kansas Correctional Industries also operates a microfilming industry that employs up to 50 inmates. Inmates are offered education and vocational training, a library, recreation, medical services, mental health counseling, and sex offender treatment.

Facility operations are organized under six major programs: Administration, Security, Classification and Programs, Support Services, the East Unit in Stockton, as well as Capital Improvements. The Administration Program provides for the overall management and operation of the facility under the

direction of the Warden. The Security Program provides control and surveillance as well as crisis counseling in accordance with prescribed rules and regulations. Classification and Programs includes recreational activities and religious programming for inmates. Mental health, medical care, and food services are provided through contracts with private vendors. These contracts are coordinated and funded through the Department of Corrections. The Support Services Program includes mechanical services as well as laundry and supply operations. The Capital Improvements Program reflects capital projects that have been appropriated individually for the institution and rehabilitation and repair projects approved by the Secretary of Corrections.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the facility is to provide for the secure and humane confinement of offenders and ensure public safety. The objectives associated with this goal are to:

Limit the number of inmate assaults on staff.

Prevention of inmate escape events.

Statutory History. The general statutory citation for the Department of Corrections is Article 75, Chapter 52 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. Specific statutory citations include KSA 75-52,131(b), which consolidated the Norton and Stockton Correctional Facilities.

Norton Correctional Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
E	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program Administration	027.200	957.012	070 100		870,070
Administration Security	927,200 6,188,538	857,013 6,511,090	878,180 6,689,090		6,533,493
Classification & Programs	1,176,371	1,195,667	1,221,906		1,210,608
Support Services	2,205,319	2,030,795	2,206,715		2,197,300
Stockton Correctional Facility	1,528,957	1,510,758	1,513,602		1,513,602
Capital Improvements	207,626	65,078	1,515,002	1,445,544	1,515,002
Total Expenditures	\$12,234,011	\$12,170,401	\$12,509,493	\$1,445,544	\$12,325,073
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	10,047,853	10,387,735	10,610,645		10,426,225
Contractual Services	1,096,725	1,066,352	1,141,352		1,141,352
Commodities	769,557	639,228	749,987		749,987
Capital Outlay	112,142	12,008	7,509		7,509
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$12,026,277	\$12,105,323	\$12,509,493	\$	\$12,325,073
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	108				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$12,026,385	\$12,105,323	\$12,509,493	\$	\$12,325,073
Capital Improvements	207,626	65,078		1,445,544	
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$12,234,011	\$12,170,401	\$12,509,493	\$1,445,544	\$12,325,073
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$12,234,011	\$12,170,401	\$12,509,493	\$1,445,544	\$12,325,073
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	11,781,718	11,796,681	12,350,635	1,445,544	12,166,215
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	207,626	65,078			
Other Funds	244,667	308,642	158,858		158,858
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$12,234,011	\$12,170,401	\$12,509,493	\$1,445,544	\$12,325,073
FTE Positions	266.0	266.0	266.0		266.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	267.0	267.0	267.0		267.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of escapes			
Number of inmate batteries on staff	1	8	8

Osawatomie State Hospital.

Mission. The mission of the Hospital is to provide inpatient psychiatric care to the people of Kansas. The Hospital is an integral part of the array of state mental health services that provide stabilization and rehabilitation to people with severe mental illness who cannot access these services elsewhere.

Operations. Osawatomie State Hospital is one of three state psychiatric facilities which provide care for Kansans with mental illness. The Hospital serves citizens from 46 eastern and central Kansas counties. In addition, patients are admitted for substance abuse detoxification.

The Hospital provides inpatient services for adult patients ages 18 years and older. An interdisciplinary team uses individual, group, and family therapies; activity and work therapies; and adult education to treat the facility's clients. Medical services provides limited medical care for clients who become physically ill while in the hospital.

The General Administration Program provides the overall management of the facility. The Staff Development and Training Department provides orientation and training for entry level staff and advanced training for direct-care staff. The Ancillary Services Program provides a variety of services, including physical therapy, pharmacy, dental, educational, activity therapy, and chaplaincy. The

Physical Plant and Central Services Program operates the central heating plant; maintains buildings, grounds, and equipment; furnishes dietary and laundry services; and provides adequate supplies for other programs. The Capital Improvements Program provides and maintains buildings and equipment which meet codes and regulations as well as conserve energy.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of the Hospital is to treat persons with psychiatric disorders and return them to the community in the shortest time possible. The agency has established the following objectives to reach this goal:

Reduce the average length of stay of patients.

Maintain or reduce the number of readmissions.

Achieve a seclusion and restraint free environment.

Statutory History. Osawatomie State Hospital was established by the Legislature in 1863. Current statutory authority can be found in KSA 76-1201 et seq. The Mental Health Reform Act (KSA 39-1601 through 39-1612) authorizes the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services to contract for the provision of community mental health services and, concurrently, to reduce institutional populations.

Osawatomie State Hospital

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
General Administration	2,964,917	2,926,493	3,107,761		3,087,961
Psychiatric Services	9,201,622	9,379,706	10,674,703		8,458,159
Staff Education & Research	488,182	390,996	410,920		406,520
Ancillary Services	3,236,422	2,753,012	3,740,617		2,831,517
Medical & Surgical Services	326,174	295,800	327,300		295,800
Trusts & Benefits	4,634	4 202 025	4714615		4 575 715
Physical Plant & Central Services Capital Improvements	4,444,605 1,115,085	4,282,925 97,004	4,714,615		4,575,715
Total Expenditures	\$21,781,641	\$20,125,936	\$22,975,916	\$ 	\$19,655,672
Expenditures by Object	4 - 54 4 4 4 4	1.07.11.	15.01 < 200		4 5 50 5 6 5 6
Salaries and Wages	16,514,114	16,256,146	17,916,300		15,707,656
Contractual Services	1,811,656	1,764,456	2,423,666		1,864,166
Commodities	2,254,083	2,005,830	2,633,450		2,081,350
Capital Outlay	83,869				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$20,663,722	\$20,026,432	\$22,973,416	\$	\$19,653,172
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	2,241	2,500	2,500		2,500
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$20,665,963	\$20,028,932	\$22,975,916	\$	\$19,655,672
Capital Improvements	1,115,678	97,004			
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$21,781,641	\$20,125,936	\$22,975,916	\$	\$19,655,672
Non-expense Items					
Non-expense Items Total Expenditures by Object	\$21,781,641	\$20,125,936	\$22,975,916	\$	\$19,655,672
•	\$21,781,641	\$20,125,936	\$22,975,916	\$	\$19,655,672
Total Expenditures by Object	\$21,781,641 6,272,965	\$20,125,936 5,286,669	\$22,975,916 9,305,027	\$	\$19,655,672 8,225,647
Total Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund				·	
Total Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund					
Total Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund Water Plan Fund				 	
Total Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund Water Plan Fund EDIF				 	
Total Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund Water Plan Fund EDIF Children's Initiatives Fund	6,272,965 	5,286,669 		 	
Total Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund Water Plan Fund EDIF Children's Initiatives Fund Building Funds	6,272,965 1,115,085	5,286,669 97,004	9,305,027 	 	8,225,647
Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund Water Plan Fund EDIF Children's Initiatives Fund Building Funds Other Funds Total Expenditures by Fund	6,272,965 1,115,085 14,393,591 \$21,781,641	5,286,669 97,004 14,742,263 \$20,125,936	9,305,027 13,670,889 \$22,975,916	 	8,225,647 11,430,025 \$19,655,672
Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund Water Plan Fund EDIF Children's Initiatives Fund Building Funds Other Funds Total Expenditures by Fund FTE Positions	6,272,965 1,115,085 14,393,591	5,286,669 97,004 14,742,263	9,305,027 13,670,889	 	8,225,647 11,430,025
Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund Water Plan Fund EDIF Children's Initiatives Fund Building Funds Other Funds Total Expenditures by Fund	6,272,965 1,115,085 14,393,591 \$21,781,641	5,286,669 97,004 14,742,263 \$20,125,936	9,305,027 13,670,889 \$22,975,916	 	8,225,647 11,430,025 \$19,655,672
Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund Water Plan Fund EDIF Children's Initiatives Fund Building Funds Other Funds Total Expenditures by Fund FTE Positions Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	6,272,965 1,115,085 14,393,591 \$21,781,641 477.4	5,286,669 97,004 14,742,263 \$20,125,936 413.9	9,305,027 13,670,889 \$22,975,916 549.4	 \$	8,225,647 11,430,025 \$19,655,672 436.3
Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund Water Plan Fund EDIF Children's Initiatives Fund Building Funds Other Funds Total Expenditures by Fund FTE Positions Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	6,272,965 1,115,085 14,393,591 \$21,781,641 477.4	5,286,669 97,004 14,742,263 \$20,125,936 413.9	9,305,027 13,670,889 \$22,975,916 549.4	 \$	8,225,647 11,430,025 \$19,655,672 436.3
Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund Water Plan Fund EDIF Children's Initiatives Fund Building Funds Other Funds Total Expenditures by Fund FTE Positions Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent Total Positions	6,272,965 1,115,085 14,393,591 \$21,781,641 477.4	5,286,669 97,004 14,742,263 \$20,125,936 413.9	9,305,027 13,670,889 \$22,975,916 549.4 549.4	 \$ 	8,225,647 11,430,025 \$19,655,672 436.3 436.3
Expenditures by Object Expenditures by Fund State General Fund Water Plan Fund EDIF Children's Initiatives Fund Building Funds Other Funds Total Expenditures by Fund FTE Positions Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent Total Positions Performance Measures	6,272,965 1,115,085 14,393,591 \$21,781,641 477.4 477.4	5,286,669 97,004 14,742,263 \$20,125,936 413.9	9,305,027 13,670,889 \$22,975,916 549.4 549.4 FY 2002 Actual		8,225,647 11,430,025 \$19,655,672 436.3 436.3 FY 2004 Estimate

Kansas Parole Board

Mission. The Kansas Parole Board, as part of the criminal justice system, strives to provide public safety by determining the conditions under which offenders may be released from prison in order to maximize their potential to become law-abiding citizens.

Operations. The Kansas Parole Board consists of four members appointed to four-year terms by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate. In addition to making parole decisions concerning inmates who have reached parole eligibility, the Board conducts public comment sessions and parole revocation hearings, issues final discharge from parole supervision, and reviews applications for executive clemency and pardons.

Parole eligibility dates are determined by legislation and do not necessarily indicate release from custody. The Board is required by statute to conduct a parole hearing during the month prior to the month an inmate will be eligible for parole. The hearing is held at the institution where the inmate is housed. The hearing gives the inmate an opportunity to discuss all matters pertinent to parole release, including the parole plan formulated by the inmate.

During the month prior to parole hearings, the Parole Board conducts public comment sessions to obtain additional information pertinent to the parole process. Conducted monthly in the Cities of Topeka, Wichita, and Kansas City, the public comment sessions offer the general public, victims, criminal justice and law enforcement officials, and others an opportunity to offer comments regarding parole eligible offenders.

The Board grants parole only to those inmates judged able and willing to fulfill the obligations of law abiding citizens. Inmates released on parole must abide by the rules and conditions of parole and are supervised by parole officers of the Department of Corrections. Revocation proceedings are initiated by parole officers. If there is sufficient evidence that parole conditions have been violated, the parolee is returned to an institution where a violation hearing is conducted by the Board.

Administrative functions for the Board are conducted by the Department of Corrections. The Parole and Post Release Supervision Program in the Department provides administrative services for the agency. The Kansas Parole Board retains its authority to make parole decisions as an independent state agency.

Goals and Objectives. One of the goals of the agency is to develop effective release planning for high risk inmates. An objective of this goal is to create individualized plans for offenders through appropriate recommendations.

Statutory History. Kansas established its first formal release procedure, administered by the Prison Board, in 1903. The Penal Reform Act of 1973 authorized the transfer of the parole supervision function from the Prison Board to the Secretary of Corrections. The Kansas Adult Authority replaced the Board of Probation and Parole in 1974, and membership of the authority was increased from three to five part-time appointees. In 1979, the status of the authority was increased to full-time. The 1984 Legislature reduced the membership of the authority from five to three members and changed the authority's name to the Kansas Parole Board, effective January 1, 1986. The 1988 Legislature increased the membership to five and the 1997 Legislature reduced it to the current membership of four. Authority for the Board is found in KSA 22-3701, 22-3706, and 22-3707 et seq.

Kansas Parole Board

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	460,932	436,001	452,647		417,308
Contractual Services	62,584	63,201	64,309		64,309
Commodities	1,445	2,055	2,055		2,055
Capital Outlay		1,000	2,430		2,430
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$524,961	\$502,257	\$521,441	\$	\$486,102
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$524,961	\$502,257	\$521,441	\$	\$486,102
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$524,961	\$502,257	\$521,441	\$	\$486,102
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$524,961	\$502,257	\$521,441	\$	\$486,102
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	524,961	502,257	521,441		486,102
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds					
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$524,961	\$502,257	\$521,441	\$	\$486,102
FTE Positions	4.0	4.0	3.8		3.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	4.0	4.0	3.8		3.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of cases referred for individualized released planning	44	50	50
Percent of successful transitions from Mirror Transitional Living Program	60.0 %	65.0 %	70.0 %
Number of parole hearings conducted	1,277	1,038	1,000

Parsons State Hospital & Training Center_

Mission. The mission of the agency is to provide habilitation, rehabilitation, and residential care to persons with developmental disabilities so that they can acquire greater control of their lives.

Operations. The Habilitation and Treatment Program is the central program of the Hospital. Each of the 11 resident cottages is staffed by a team which develops an individualized plan for each resident. The resident's progress with the treatment plan is periodically reviewed and new objectives are established when necessary.

The General Administration Program provides overall management and the Community Service Program coordinates community-based services. The Medical and Surgical Services Program treats illnesses and injuries and works to prevent infectious disease. The Staff Education and Research Program provides training and continuing education for staff as appropriate. The Ancillary Services Program has three functions: (1) to ensure that all school-aged children are enrolled in the Special Education Program accredited by the Kansas State Department of Education; (2) to provide leisure and vocational activities for the residents; and (3) to provide clinical support services for the residents.

The Physical Plant and Central Services Program operates the power plant, maintains the facilities, and provides dietary, laundry, and supply services. The Capital Improvements Program maintains the agency's

buildings so that they meet applicable codes and regulations as well as conserve energy.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of the agency is to support residents of the Hospital and individuals with developmental disabilities living in the community in ways that enhance their quality of life and allow more independent living. The agency has established the following objectives:

Continue to develop and plan individual lifestyle program and placement plans for each individual served by the Center.

Systematically evaluate and monitor treatment and support practices so that only the most efficient and effective are implemented.

Provide professional and paraprofessional training for current staff and others who serve persons with developmental disabilities.

Continue to develop the Dual Diagnosis Treatment and Training Services, a statewide program providing inpatient and outpatient treatment to persons with a diagnosis of both mental retardation and a mental illness.

Statutory History. Current statutes governing the existence and operation of the institution are KSA 76-1401 to 76-1415. The Special Education Program is mandated and governed by KSA 72-901 et seq.

Parsons State Hospital & Training Center

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program			Č	C	
General Administration	1,082,965	991,852	1,022,234		1,022,234
Habilitation & Treatment	12,636,231	12,453,670	12,449,707		12,449,707
Staff Education	235,054	260,307	267,902		267,902
Community Services	59,461	59,200	59,200		59,200
Ancillary Services	1,494,396	1,512,520	1,533,729		1,533,729
Medical & Surgical Services	877,122	806,495	832,726		832,726
Physical Plant & Central Services	4,046,527	3,931,052	4,196,168		4,196,168
Capital Improvements	509,145	60,763			
Total Expenditures	\$20,940,901	\$20,075,859	\$20,361,666	\$	\$20,361,666
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	17,547,723	17,319,597	17,513,118		17,513,118
Contractual Services	1,374,751	1,311,864	1,405,224		1,405,224
Commodities	1,433,520	1,381,635	1,441,324		1,441,324
Capital Outlay	74,098				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$20,430,092	\$20,013,096	\$20,359,666	\$	\$20,359,666
Aid to Local Governments	φ20,120,072	φ 20,012,0 00	φ 2 0,222,000	Ψ 	φ 2 0,222,000
Other Assistance	1,664	2,000	2,000		2,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$20,431,756	\$20,015,096	\$20,361,666	\$	\$20,361,666
Capital Improvements	509,145	60,763	φ=0,001,000	Ψ 	φ=0,001,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$20,940,901	\$20,075,859	\$20,361,666	\$	\$20,361,666
Non-expense Items	Ψ20,>10,>01	Ψ20,072,025	φ20,501,000	Ψ 	φ20,501,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$20,940,901	\$20,075,859	\$20,361,666	\$	\$20,361,666
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	6,481,585	6,142,188	6,866,864		6,866,864
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	509,145	60,763			
Other Funds	13,950,171	13,872,908	13,494,802		13,494,802
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$20,940,901	\$20,075,859	\$20,361,666	\$	\$20,361,666
Total Expenditures by Tund	Ψ20,5-10,501	Ψ20,072,029	Ψ20,201,000	Ψ	Ψ20,201,000
FTE Positions	513.5	455.1	513.5		424.2
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	0.9	0.9	0.9		0.9
Total Positions	514.4	456.0	514.4		425.1
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of residents placed into community settings			28	30	25
Compliance with intermediate care facili	•	v retarded	-		
standards for habilitation and treatme		, 13411404	93.9 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Percent of residents with a person-center	ed plan in place		84.0 %	90.0 %	93.0 %

Pittsburg State University_

Mission. The mission of Pittsburg State University is to provide undergraduate and graduate programs and services primarily to the citizens of Southeast Kansas, but also to others who seek the benefits offered. This is accomplished by a combination of academic programs in Arts and Sciences, Business and Economics, Education, and Technology. The University is equally committed to fulfilling its statewide mission in technology and economic development by facilitating partnerships secondary and postsecondary educational institutions, businesses, and industries. Excellence in teaching is the primary focus.

Operations. Pittsburg State University established in 1903 to serve the higher education needs of Southeast Kansas. The University's programs include instructional services, academic support services, and student services. Instructional services are provided in four undergraduate schools and a graduate school. A two-year program and certificates are offered in a limited number of fields. The College of Technology has been merged with the Vocational Technical Institute to strengthen the quality of technical and vocational programs offered by the University. In order to ensure the highest level of quality in its programs, Pittsburg State University has received accreditation by nationally recognized Among others, the University's organizations. programs are accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education, the American Assembly of Collegiate Schools of Business, and the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology.

Goals and Objectives. One of the goals of the University is to provide the most enriching educational experience possible through excellence in programs and instruction. In order to achieve this goal, the University will strive to:

Enhance the programs and services of the College of Arts and Sciences by strengthening

existing programs and adding new programs that are of value to the region.

Allocate increased resources to faculty development to ensure adequate professional travel, new teaching strategies, and equipment to improve the learning environment.

Provide academic counseling that will enhance student retention and graduation rates.

Pittsburg State University will continue to assist the region and the state through economic development activities and community service. This goal is accomplished by attempting to:

Enhance activities in economic development and technology transfer through the Business and Technology Institute.

Enhance the University's role as the cultural center of Southeast Kansas, especially in providing a performance and fine arts center.

The University also has a goal to maintain a focus on its statewide role in providing technology education. To accomplish this, the University will:

Develop and expand the College of Technology's state-of-the-art facilities, equipment, and curriculum in order to prepare students for careers in the 21st century.

Use the College of Business' American Assembly of Collegiate Schools of Business accreditation, programs, and faculty to enhance its leadership role in the business community.

Statutory History. Pittsburg State University was established by KSA 76-617 et seq. in 1903. That act was repealed in 1970, and the institution is now operated as one of the institutions under the Board of Regents by the authority of KSA 76-711 et seq.

Pittsburg State University

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
E E I D	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program Institutional Support	4,246,388	4,767,090	4,818,315		4,818,315
Instruction	25,654,947	26,285,687	27,033,074		25,741,052
Academic Support	6,208,411	5,882,112	5,947,431		5,947,431
Student Services	6,773,252	6,505,502	6,559,939	 	6,559,939
Research	1,987,014	1,785,571	1,802,386		1,802,386
Public Service	1,856,169	1,799,647	1,817,866		1,817,866
Student Aid	6,850,504	6,465,816	6,474,027		6,474,027
Auxiliary Enterprises	5,081,824	6,090,780	5,433,504		5,433,504
Physical Plant	7,267,213	7,867,344	7,958,819		7,958,819
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	4,235,782	3,363,550	2,388,896	2,697,000	4,155,896
Total Expenditures	\$70,161,504	\$70,813,099	\$70,234,257	\$2,697,000	\$70,709,235
Evnanditures by Object					
Expenditures by Object	42.550.022	42.570.417	44 210 105		44 210 105
Salaries and Wages	43,550,033	43,570,417	44,218,195		44,218,195
Contractual Services	6,744,169	7,711,855	7,351,428		7,351,428
Commodities	3,638,016	4,336,430	4,071,433		4,071,433
Capital Outlay	1,697,794	2,858,824	2,615,356		2,615,356
Debt Service	494,921	439,385	423,896		423,896
Operating Adjustments		(1,297,099)			(1,292,022)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$56,124,933	\$57,619,812	\$58,680,308	\$	\$57,388,286
Aid to Local Governments	3,300				
Other Assistance	6,239,164	5,698,691	5,698,691		5,698,691
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$62,367,397	\$63,318,503	\$64,378,999	\$	\$63,086,977
Capital Improvements	3,863,086	2,919,165	1,960,000	2,697,000	3,727,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$66,230,483	\$66,237,668	\$66,338,999	\$2,697,000	\$66,813,977
Non-expense Items	3,931,021	4,575,431	3,895,258		3,895,258
Total Expenditures by Object	\$70,161,504	\$70,813,099	\$70,234,257	\$2,697,000	\$70,709,235
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	33,437,540	31,826,710	33,118,732	930,000	31,826,710
Water Plan Fund	33,437,340	31,020,710	33,110,732	750,000	31,020,710
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	1,463,310	1,034,165			
Other Funds	35,260,654		27 115 525	1,767,000	20 002 525
	, ,	37,952,224	37,115,525	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	38,882,525
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$70,161,504	\$70,813,099	\$70,234,257	\$2,697,000	\$70,709,235
FTE Positions	806.2	789.7	789.7		789.7
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent		17.6	17.6		17.6
Total Positions	806.2	807.3	807.3		807.3
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Degrees conferred			978	978	978
Percent of undergraduate credit hours taugh	nt by full-time fac	ulty	83.8 %	83.8 %	83.8 %
i creent of undergraduate credit flours taugi	n by full-tille lac	uity	03.0 %	03.0 %	03.0 %

Kansas Racing & Gaming Commission_

Mission. The racing and gaming industries provide a number of economic benefits for Kansans. The Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission is dedicated to protecting the integrity of these industries through the enforcement of Kansas laws and is committed to preserving public trust and confidence.

Operations. The agency is governed by a fivemember commission appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The Governor appoints and the Senate confirms an executive director to administer the day-to-day operations of the racing program and to administer the gaming program. Within the racing program there are several divisions, including administration, licensing, animal health, security, stewards and judges, and legal. The gaming program consists of an administrative division and a compliance and enforcement division.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established by the Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission:

Maintain the integrity of racing through enforcement of the parimutuel laws, criminal statutes, and regulations adopted by the Commission.

Promote the growth of breeding industries and other opportunities for parimutuel racing.

Ensure compliance with tribal-gaming compacts, gaming rules, and internal controls. Investigate alleged violations of the compacts.

Ensure that the gaming facilities are operated in compliance with Tribal-State Compacts.

Audit and verify that the amount of tax received from each organization licensee is correct.

Statutory History. Article 15 of the *Kansas Constitution* was amended in 1986 to permit parimutuel wagering on dog and horse races. The Kansas Parimutuel Racing Act is contained in Article 88 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. The Racing Commission was originally established by KSA 2002 Supp. 74-8803, and its powers and duties are outlined in KSA 2002 Supp. 74-8804.

Four tribal-state gaming compacts were approved during the 1995 Legislative Session. These four compacts were signed by the Governor and later approved by the U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs. Subsequently, the State Gaming Agency was created by executive order in August 1995. Under the Tribal Gaming Oversight Act, enacted during the 1996 Legislative Session, the State Gaming Agency was made a part of the Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission. The Tribal Gaming Oversight Act also established specific criminal gaming violations which had not previously existed.

Since July 1, 1996, the separate agencies of Racing and Gaming were integrated into the Kansas Racing and Gaming Commission. Prior to this action the State Gaming Agency was attached to the Department of Commerce and Housing.

Kansas Racing & Gaming Commission

	FY 2002	FY 2003 Gov. Estimate	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
Expenditures by Program	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Gaming Operations	1,104,704	1,336,883	1,352,128	133,234	1,485,362
Racing Operations	4,763,860	4,872,852	4,866,113	155,254	4,866,113
Total Expenditures	\$5,868,564	\$6,209,735	\$6,218,241	\$133,234	\$6,351,475
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	2,958,131	3,179,584	3,246,731	99,864	3,346,595
Contractual Services	986,413	1,219,646	1,204,646	11,720	1,216,366
Commodities	60,236	84,864	84,864	2,150	87,014
Capital Outlay	13,054	83,641	40,000	19,500	59,500
Debt Service	, 		, 	, 	,
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$4,017,834	\$4,567,735	\$4,576,241	\$133,234	\$4,709,475
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	1,850,730	1,642,000	1,642,000		1,642,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$5,868,564	\$6,209,735	\$6,218,241	\$133,234	\$6,351,475
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$5,868,564	\$6,209,735	\$6,218,241	\$133,234	\$6,351,475
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$5,868,564	\$6,209,735	\$6,218,241	\$133,234	\$6,351,475
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	5,868,564	6,209,735	6,218,241	133,234	6,351,475
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$5,868,564	\$6,209,735	\$6,218,241	\$133,234	\$6,351,475
FTE Positions	64.0	64.0	64.0	3.0	67.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	64.0	64.0	64.0	3.0	67.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Racing fund receipts	\$3,153,305	\$3,023,100	\$3,020,600
Receipts transferred to the Gaming Revenues Fund	\$348,563	\$227,631	\$5,282
Background investigations performed	735	735	735

Rainbow Mental Health Facility_

Mission. The mission of the facility is to diagnose and treat persons with psychiatric disorders, restore them to an optimum level of functioning, and return them to the community in the shortest time possible.

Operations. Rainbow Mental Health Facility, the smallest of Kansas' three state psychiatric facilities, provides care and treatment to mentally ill adults, adolescents, and children. The Hospital serves the adult citizens of Johnson, Wyandotte, Douglas, Jefferson, Leavenworth, Jackson, Atchison, Nemaha, Brown, and Doniphan Counties. Children and adolescents come from the eastern half of Kansas.

The primary program of the facility is the Psychiatric Services Program, which consists of services for adults, adolescents, and children. In all psychiatric services, a comprehensive evaluation and an individual treatment plan are completed for each patient admitted. The plan may include group and individual therapy, family therapy, family groups, parent groups, medication, music, recreation, art, and other activity therapies. The Educational Program is integrated into the facility's treatment programs, and teachers serve as treatment team members. These educational services are contracted through the Kansas City School District.

The Rainbow Mental Health Facility provides services to adults, adolescents, and children. The adult inpatient program provides services to adults in need of full-time inpatient treatment or inpatient evaluation. Patients are screened and referred for admission by community mental health centers. The average stay for adult patients is 27 days. The child and adolescent inpatient program provides services to youth in need of full-time inpatient treatment or inpatient evaluation. The average stay for youth is 35 days.

In addition to the Psychiatric Services Program, Rainbow operates six programs designed to facilitate serving its patients. The General Administration Program provides the overall management of the facility. The Staff Education and Research Program provides orientation and training for entry level staff and clinical and educational services. The Physical Plant and Central Services Program operates the central heating and cooling system; maintains buildings, grounds, and equipment; supervises dietary and laundry services; and provides supplies for other The Capital Improvements Program programs. provides and maintains buildings and equipment that facilitate other programs, meet applicable codes and regulations, and conserve energy.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of the institution is to provide clinically effective treatment specifically designed for each patient. The facility pursues this goal through the following objectives:

Improve patient functioning through inpatient hospitalization.

Provide short-term psychiatric treatment through a comprehensive and integrated range of mental health services that involves the family, community mental health programs, and other community support services.

Provide the latest in medications and short-term psychiatric treatment practices.

Statutory History. Current statutory authority can be found in KSA 76-17a10 et seq. The Hospital is also governed by federal Title XVIII (Medicare) and Title XIX (Medicaid) regulations with which it must comply to receive federal reimbursements.

_Rainbow Mental Health Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
T 15 1 D	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program General Administration	1 225 721	1,160,191			1 104 591
Psychiatric Services	1,335,731 3,413,905	3,251,029	 		1,194,581 3,334,822
Staff Education & Research	2,951	84,935			86,555
Ancillary Services	781,346	1,138,809			1,137,922
Medical Services	28,108	31,200			31,200
Phys Plant &Central Services	1,046,735	1,011,248			1,034,528
Capital Improvements	110,142	6,667			
Total Expenditures	\$6,718,918	\$6,684,079	\$	\$	\$6,819,608
E					
Expenditures by Object	5.016.940	5 022 400			5 155 024
Salaries and Wages	5,016,840	5,032,490			5,155,024
Contractual Services	1,226,422	1,256,312			1,270,507
Commodities	357,394	387,410			394,077
Capital Outlay	7,375				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments	Φζ ζου ο 21	 06 (56 010	 dr		
Subtotal: State Operations	\$6,608,031	\$6,676,212	\$	\$	\$6,819,608
Aid to Local Governments	745	1 200			
Other Assistance	745	1,200			 Φζ 010 ζ00
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,608,776	\$6,677,412	\$	\$	\$6,819,608
Capital Improvements	110,142	6,667		 th	 Φζ 010 ζ00
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,718,918	\$6,684,079	\$	\$	\$6,819,608
Non-expense Items	 ¢	oc (04 070	 o	 o	 ΦC 010 C00
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,718,918	\$6,684,079	\$	\$	\$6,819,608
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	433,101	587,613			3,867,158
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	110,142	6,667			
Other Funds	6,175,675	6,089,799			2,952,450
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,718,918	\$6,684,079	\$	\$	\$6,819,608
ETE D. W.	126.9	112.2			112.2
FTE Positions	126.8	112.3			112.3
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	126.0	110.2			112.2
Total Positions	126.8	112.3			112.3
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Reduction in seclusion/restraint incidents	;		255	250	250
Reduction in seclusion/restraint hours			355	300	300
Percent of satisfaction of patients regarding safety issues			81.0 %	90.0 %	90.0 %

Board of Regents

Mission. The Kansas Board of Regents, through its diverse postsecondary education system, seeks to provide educational opportunities for all of Kansas' citizens to achieve their greatest potential.

Operations. The Board of Regents consists of nine members appointed by the Governor to four-year overlapping terms. It cannot include more than five persons of the same political party. The Board is subdivided into three advisory commissions: one for Regents institutions; one for community colleges, area vocational schools, and technical colleges; and one for higher education coordination.

In general, the Board is responsible for governing the Regents institutions. As part of the restructuring of higher education during the 1999 Legislative Session, the Board was also given responsibility for supervising community colleges, area vocational schools, and technical colleges, as well as the responsibility for administering adult basic education and supplementary education programs and licensing proprietary schools. This responsibility was transferred from the State Board of Education. The governance of the community colleges, area vocational schools, and technical colleges continues to reside with local boards of trustees for the community colleges and local school district boards of trustees, or multi-boards of control, for the area vocational schools and technical colleges. In addition, the 1999 Legislature required the Board to coordinate among institutions and institutional sectors, including Washburn University and the independent colleges and universities.

Goals and Objectives. The Board of Regents recently developed a set of goals to guide its work. The goals

include creating an integrated articulated system of education that promotes success while maintaining standards.

Another goal for the Board is to enable the postsecondary educational institutions to be a more powerful force in the development of economic opportunity workforce training and improvement of life in the state.

Statutory History. Article 6, Section 2, of the *Kansas Constitution* directs the Legislature to provide for a State Board of Regents. KSA 74-3201 et seq. provide for creation of the Board of Regents, and KSA 76-711 et seq. outline the powers and duties of the Board of Regents. Executive Reorganization Order No. 9, approved by the 1975 Legislature, abolished the State Education Commission and transferred its duties to the Board of Regents. The major functions transferred were administration of the Tuition Grant Program, the State Scholarship Program, and the administrative activities pertaining to the Higher Education Loan Guarantee Program.

KSA 72-6503 gives the Kansas Board of Regents responsibility for administering state funds to Washburn University. Prior to FY 1992, this responsibility belonged to the State Department of Education. KSA 74-3201 et seq. established the Kansas Higher Education Coordination Act. The act abolished the Board and reestablished it with expanded powers and duties. It transferred to the Board powers and duties from the State Board of Education relating to postsecondary and adult education. In addition, the act gives the Board responsibility for coordination of higher education.

Board of Regents

	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Gov. Estimate	FY 2004 Base Budget	FY 2004 Enhanc. Pkg.	FY 2004 Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	7 iciuai	Gov. Estimate	Dase Budget	Limane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Administration	2,672,697	7,935,844	12,608,638	614,197	12,463,544
Student Financial Assistance	15,807,739	15,679,607	18,165,153	2,129,338	16,276,883
Postsecondary Education	138,100,771	134,847,215	199,329,340	42,744,910	133,227,503
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	46,994,194	15,000,000	25,000,000	8,000,000	25,000,000
Total Expenditures	\$203,575,401	\$173,462,666	\$255,103,131	\$53,488,445	\$186,967,930
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	2,512,979	3,055,275	3,305,128	494,347	3,305,128
Contractual Services	1,694,152	5,678,206	8,115,301	294,309	7,758,376
Commodities	98,968	149,879	143,275	32,500	143,275
Capital Outlay	221,338	1,068,074	2,745,045	63,500	2,745,045
Debt Service	6,000,693	5,640,000	5,195,000		5,195,000
Operating Adjustments			21,138,834	37,080,792	
Subtotal: State Operations	\$10,528,130	\$15,591,434	\$40,642,583	\$37,965,448	\$19,146,824
Aid to Local Governments	136,642,891	132,876,625	176,535,395	5,393,659	131,784,223
Other Assistance	14,619,801	15,634,607	18,120,153	2,129,338	16,231,883
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$161,790,822	\$164,102,666	\$235,298,131	\$45,488,445	\$167,162,930
Capital Improvements	9,004,325	9,360,000	19,805,000	8,000,000	19,805,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$170,795,147	\$173,462,666	\$255,103,131	\$53,488,445	\$186,967,930
Non-expense Items	32,780,254				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$203,575,401	\$173,462,666	\$255,103,131	\$53,488,445	\$186,967,930
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	134,617,397	129,510,702	197,693,300	45,224,425	124,380,626
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	9,994,178	9,148,277	8,899,277	243,342	14,076,750
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	15,000,000	15,000,000	25,000,000	8,000,000	25,000,000
Other Funds	43,963,826	19,803,687	23,510,554	20,678	23,510,554
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$203,575,401	\$173,462,666	\$255,103,131	\$53,488,445	\$186,967,930
FTE Positions	43.0	54.0	54.0		54.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	3.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	46.0	55.0	55.0		55.0

Administration.

Operations. This program includes expenditures for meetings of the Board of Regents, as well as salaries and other operating costs for the staff employed by the Board. The responsibilities of the central office staff include research and analysis on educational and academic management issues as well as review of institutional budgets, planning and analysis of facility needs, and institutional program review. In addition, the Administration Program is developing a common database for all postsecondary institutions.

Goals and Objectives. One goal for the Administration Program is to provide effective and efficient staff support to the Board of Regents and the postsecondary institutions it governs and coordinates.

The other goal of the program is to design, develop, and implement a public postsecondary data information system within five years.

Statutory History. Article 6, Section 2 of the *Kansas Constitution* directs the Legislature to provide for a State Board of Regents. KSA 74-3201 et seq. provide for the creation of the Board of Regents, and KSA 76-711 et seq. outline the powers and duties of the Board. During the 1999 Legislative Session the Kansas Higher Education Coordination Act was passed. It abolished and then reconstituted the State Board of Regents. The reconstituted Board has additional powers and duties related to the financing of postsecondary educational institutions.

Administration

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,800,650	2,283,137	2,522,355	465,888	2,522,355
Contractual Services	617,111	4,501,227	7,268,587	52,309	7,123,493
Commodities	47,450	88,406	77,651	32,500	77,651
Capital Outlay	206,176	1,063,074	2,740,045	63,500	2,740,045
Debt Service	1,310				
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,672,697	\$7,935,844	\$12,608,638	\$614,197	\$12,463,544
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,672,697	\$7,935,844	\$12,608,638	\$614,197	\$12,463,544
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,672,697	\$7,935,844	\$12,608,638	\$614,197	\$12,463,544
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,672,697	\$7,935,844	\$12,608,638	\$614,197	\$12,463,544
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	2,589,216	2,864,039	2,535,996	612,673	2,390,902
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	83,481	5,071,805	10,072,642	1,524	10,072,642
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,672,697	\$7,935,844	\$12,608,638	\$614,197	\$12,463,544
FTE Positions	28.0	35.8	35.8		35.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	29.0	36.8	36.8		36.8

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Percent of goals met in the development of the postsecondary database	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

Student Financial Assistance_

Operations. The Board of Regents administers various grant and scholarship programs that award approximately \$16.2 million annually. The Board also provides the state's operating grant to Washburn University.

These grant and scholarship programs provide aid to financially needy students attending both public and private institutions in Kansas. The Kansas Comprehensive Grant has three components. Tuition Grant Program provides grants to eligible students attending private Kansas postsecondary institutions to prevent them from being "priced out" of these institutions by higher tuition rates. The Regents Supplemental Grant Program provides assistance to students attending Regents financially needy And the Washburn Tuition Grant institutions. provides funding for eligible Washburn students.

The State Scholarship Program recognizes the academic achievement of outstanding high school students. The Kansas Ethnic Minority Scholarship Program and the Kansas Ethnic Minority Fellowship Program provide awards to ethnic minority students at the undergraduate and graduate levels, respectively, as a means of recruiting and retaining minority students.

The Board also administers programs designed to reduce the shortage of practitioners in certain professional fields. These programs include Scholarships for Osteopathic Medical Education, the Nursing Student Scholarship Program, the Optometry Scholarship Program, and the Teacher Scholarship Program. In general, recipients must practice in the state for one year in exchange for every year they receive a scholarship. Depending on the program, recipients may also be required to practice in underserved areas of the state. Students failing to meet the service requirement must repay the scholarship with interest.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Student Financial Assistance Program is to administer student financial aid programs efficiently and effectively in accordance with statutes, regulations, policies, and procedures. The following objectives are designed to achieve this goal:

Improve service to customers, including students, their families and participating institutions, by improving processes for awarding and distributing financial aid.

Improve administration of the professional service scholarship programs.

Statutory History. KSA 72-6810 et seq. authorize the State Scholarship Program. KSA 74-3265 et seq. authorize the Osteopathic Medical Education Scholarship Program. KSA 72-4400 authorizes the Vocational Education Scholarship Program. KSA 74-3291 et seq. authorize the Nursing Student Scholarship Program. KSA 74-3284 et seq. authorize the Kansas Ethnic Minority Scholarship Program. KSA 74-32,100 et seq. established the Teacher Scholarship Program. KSA 74-32,112 et seq. authorize the Minority Fellowship Program and KSA 74-3278 et seq. the Kansas Distinguished Scholarship Program.

KSA 48-275 et seq. authorize the Kansas National Guard Education Assistance Program, which provides for state payment of tuition and fees for eligible National Guard members. KSA 75-4364 provides tuition and fee waivers for dependents of law enforcement officers who died from injuries sustained in the line of duty. KSA 74-3255 et seq. authorize tuition waivers for students participating in the Kansas Reserve Officers Training Corps. During the 1998 Legislative Session the Tuition Grant and the Regents Supplemental Grant Programs were consolidated into the Kansas Comprehensive Grant Program.

Student Financial Assistance

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services	560,803	50,000	50,000		50,000
Commodities	252				
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$561,055	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$	\$50,000
Aid to Local Governments	266,936				
Other Assistance	14,611,121	15,629,607	18,115,153	2,129,338	16,226,883
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$15,439,112	\$15,679,607	\$18,165,153	\$2,129,338	\$16,276,883
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$15,439,112	\$15,679,607	\$18,165,153	\$2,129,338	\$16,276,883
Non-expense Items	368,627				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$15,807,739	\$15,679,607	\$18,165,153	\$2,129,338	\$16,276,883
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	14,078,043	13,842,734	16,571,622	1,885,996	13,683,352
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	250,000	243,342		243,342	1,000,000
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,479,696	1,593,531	1,593,531		1,593,531
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$15,807,739	\$15,679,607	\$18,165,153	\$2,129,338	\$16,276,883
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of initially eligible applicants	24,476	25,000	25,000
Number of awards made	9,438	8,938	8,938

Postsecondary Education_

Operations. This program implements the Board's responsibilities relating to the distribution of state aid to community colleges, technical schools and colleges, Washburn University, and state universities for specific enhancements, including faculty salary increases. The program provides services to adults without a high school diploma. In addition, the staff aids the Board in the development of coordination activities related to postsecondary education, including Washburn University as well as the independent colleges and universities. Coordination of postsecondary education is being developed.

Goals and Objectives. A goal for the Postsecondary Education Program is to provide adult education and literacy services in order to assist adults in becoming

literate and obtaining the knowledge and skills necessary for employment and self-sufficiency.

A second goal is to assist parents in obtaining the educational skills necessary to contribute to their children's education.

Statutory History. During the 1999 Legislative Session the Kansas Higher Education Coordination Act was passed. It can be found in the KSA 74-3201 et seq. Statutory changes provided for supervision of postsecondary institutions and programs formerly under the State Board of Education, created a higher education coordinating role for the Board, and changed the funding for community colleges and Washburn University.

Postsecondary Education

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object				<i>a </i>	
Salaries and Wages	712,329	772,138	782,773	28,459	782,773
Contractual Services	516,238	1,126,979	796,714	242,000	584,883
Commodities	51,266	61,473	65,624	·	65,624
Capital Outlay	15,162	5,000	5,000		5,000
Debt Service	· 				
Operating Adjustments			21,138,834	37,080,792	
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,294,995	\$1,965,590	\$22,788,945	\$37,351,251	\$1,438,280
Aid to Local Governments	136,375,955	132,876,625	176,535,395	5,393,659	131,784,223
Other Assistance	8,680	5,000	5,000		5,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$137,679,630	\$134,847,215	\$199,329,340	\$42,744,910	\$133,227,503
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$137,679,630	\$134,847,215	\$199,329,340	\$42,744,910	\$133,227,503
Non-expense Items	421,141				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$138,100,771	\$134,847,215	\$199,329,340	\$42,744,910	\$133,227,503
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	117,945,813	112,803,929	178,585,682	42,725,756	108,306,372
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF	9,744,178	8,904,935	8,899,277		13,076,750
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	10,410,780	13,138,351	11,844,381	19,154	11,844,381
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$138,100,771	\$134,847,215	\$199,329,340	\$42,744,910	\$133,227,503
FTE Positions	15.0	18.2	18.2		18.2
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.0				
Total Positions	17.0	18.2	18.2		18.2

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of applicants who receive a GED or Adult H.S. diploma	51.0 %	52.0 %	52.0 %
Percent of participants who achieve citizenship skills	50.0 %	55.0 %	55.0 %

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

Operations. The Board of Regents distributes a lump sum appropriation of funds from the Educational Building Fund to the campuses for rehabilitation and repair. In addition, beginning in FY 1998, the debt service payment for the "Crumbling Classrooms" bond issue has been paid through this program. This program allows the Regents universities to make many

repairs to the aging buildings on the campuses and to construct new facilities, such as the Nursing Education Building at the University of Kansas Medical Center.

Statutory History. Capital improvement projects are authorized individually by appropriation acts of the Legislature.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service	5,999,383	5,640,000	5,195,000		5,195,000
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,999,383	\$5,640,000	\$5,195,000	\$	\$5,195,000
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$5,999,383	\$5,640,000	\$5,195,000	\$	\$5,195,000
Capital Improvements	9,004,325	9,360,000	19,805,000	8,000,000	19,805,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$15,003,708	\$15,000,000	\$25,000,000	\$8,000,000	\$25,000,000
Non-expense Items	31,990,486				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$46,994,194	\$15,000,000	\$25,000,000	\$8,000,000	\$25,000,000
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	4,325				
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	15,000,000	15,000,000	25,000,000	8,000,000	25,000,000
Other Funds	31,989,869				
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$46,994,194	\$15,000,000	\$25,000,000	\$8,000,000	\$25,000,000
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Department of Revenue_

Mission. The mission of the Department is to collect taxes and fees as fairly as possible, administer Kansas law with fairness to all citizens, and provide exemplary service to the customer, the taxpayer.

Operations. The Department is organized into six programs. Administrative Services provides management control, policy direction, strategic planning, legal services, personnel services, information systems support, and administrative support to all parts of the Department. Aid to Local Governments distributes funds to local governments from the sand royalty tax, bingo enforcement tax, the minerals production tax, dealer vehicle fees for full privilege license plates, and taxes on marijuana and controlled substances. Alcoholic Beverage Control regulates the sale and distribution of alcoholic beverages and enforces regulations governing cigarette and tobacco products and bingo games.

Tax Operations administers virtually all state taxes, including personal and corporate income, retail sales and use, estate, minerals, motor fuels, and excise. Property Valuation appraises state property and assists local appraisers in administering assessments and tax laws. Motor Vehicles administers Kansas law relating to vehicle issuance of license plates and certificates of title, motor vehicle dealer licensing, and driver licensing control.

Goals and Objectives. The Department has established the following goals to accomplish its mission:

Encourage and achieve the highest degree of voluntary compliance with Kansas laws.

Provide assistance to Kansas citizens and local governments in an efficient, timely, and courteous manner.

Improve quality customer service and organizational performance.

Foster the personal and professional growth of its personnel.

Utilize progressive technology to improve productivity and efficiency.

Statutory History. The organization, powers, and duties of the Department of Revenue are found in KSA 75-5101 et seq. The current department was formed in 1972 through consolidation of the former Departments of Revenue, Motor Vehicles, Alcoholic Beverage Control, Property Valuation, Ports of Entry, and the Motor Vehicle Reciprocity Commission. KSA 75-5127 authorizes the Secretary of Revenue to organize the Department in the most efficient manner.

Department of Revenue

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	7 Ictuar	Gov. Estimate	Dase Baager	Emiane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Administrative Services	24,128,810	23,208,425	24,253,311	173,526	23,856,001
Aid to Local Governments	6,588,815	4,856,570	4,812,941		4,812,941
Alcoholic Beverage Control	1,963,857	1,940,383	1,903,659		· · ·
Tax Operations	27,753,743	29,006,156	29,584,016	462,220	27,859,172
Property Valuation	5,046,688	5,024,753	5,033,756		4,822,690
Motor Vehicles	17,247,983	17,461,496	17,457,348	369,250	17,507,348
Total Expenditures	\$82,729,896	\$81,497,783	\$83,045,031	\$1,004,996	\$78,858,152
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	45,839,010	44,460,929	46,825,652	462,220	42,815,884
Contractual Services	21,369,844	23,155,168	21,983,603	542,776	21,833,410
Commodities	3,862,368	4,906,445	4,280,275		4,264,757
Capital Outlay	2,408,681	429,671	1,453,560		1,442,160
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$73,479,903	\$72,952,213	\$74,543,090	\$1,004,996	\$70,356,211
Aid to Local Governments	6,624,206	4,856,570	4,812,941		4,812,941
Other Assistance	2,617,947	3,500,000	3,500,000		3,500,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$82,722,056	\$81,308,783	\$82,856,031	\$1,004,996	\$78,669,152
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$82,722,056	\$81,308,783	\$82,856,031	\$1,004,996	\$78,669,152
Non-expense Items	7,840	189,000	189,000		189,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$82,729,896	\$81,497,783	\$83,045,031	\$1,004,996	\$78,858,152
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	34,797,626	31,261,742	33,923,649	462,220	25,213,302
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	47,932,270	50,236,041	49,121,382	542,776	53,644,850
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$82,729,896	\$81,497,783	\$83,045,031	\$1,004,996	\$78,858,152
FTE Positions	1,196.0	1,196.0	1,196.0		1,158.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	· 	3.0	3.0		3.0
Total Positions	1,196.0	1,199.0	1,199.0		1,161.0

Administrative Services_

Operations. The Administrative Services Program provides management support, coordination of policy direction, strategic planning, administrative appeals for aggrieved taxpayers, legal services, information technology support, and personnel services that assist the operating programs in carrying out their respective collection and enforcement responsibilities. program is directed by the Secretary of Revenue and includes a variety of management and administrative services, such as research and revenue analysis, internal auditing, and accounting. The purpose of the program is to improve the efficiency of departmental operations and support operational units in increasing the degree of taxpayer compliance with state laws. The Office of the Secretary, Resource Management, Legal Services, the Office of Policy and Research, and Information Services are all operated under the Division of Administrative Services.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of Administrative Services is to foster a culture based on principle-centered leadership, trust, open communication, teamwork, high performance, skill development, self-motivation, and continuous improvement. One objective to accomplish this goal is to:

Develop and implement a communication plan to keep all personnel and the public informed of policies, changes, or issues affecting them.

Another goal is the use of progressive technology to improve productivity and efficiency in support of quality business processes. An objective for this goal is to:

Maintain existing computer operations while implementing system changes required by legislative mandate or business process changes.

Another goal is to encourage and achieve the highest degree of voluntary compliance by training Department associates to administer the laws and mandates properly.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5101 provides for the organization and powers of the Department of Revenue and the Secretary of Revenue. The Administrative Services Program is organized under KSA 75-5127, allowing the Secretary to organize the Department efficiently.

Administrative Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	11,147,072	9,947,721	10,934,452		10,537,142
Contractual Services	10,785,292	12,503,983	11,937,821	173,526	11,937,821
Commodities	588,924	481,155	450,348		450,348
Capital Outlay	1,607,522	125,566	780,690		780,690
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$24,128,810	\$23,058,425	\$24,103,311	\$173,526	\$23,706,001
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$24,128,810	\$23,058,425	\$24,103,311	\$173,526	\$23,706,001
Capital Improvements	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, 	
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$24,128,810	\$23,058,425	\$24,103,311	\$173,526	\$23,706,001
Non-expense Items		150,000	150,000		150,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$24,128,810	\$23,208,425	\$24,253,311	\$173,526	\$23,856,001
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	8,078,682	4,639,931	6,694,706		3,697,396
Water Plan Fund					3,077,370
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	16,050,128	18,568,494	17,558,605	173,526	20,158,605
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$24,128,810	\$23,208,425	\$24,253,311	\$173,526	\$23,856,001
Total Expenditures by Fund	Ψ24,120,010	Ψ23,200,423	Ψ24,233,311	φ173,320	φ23,030,001
FTE Positions	222.0	223.0	223.0		223.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent		2.0	2.0		2.0
Total Positions	222.0	225.0	225.0		225.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of appeals resolved within 270 days of docketing	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Percent of correspondence or inquiries answered within seven days	87.0 %	85.0 %	90.0 %

Aid to Local Governments_

Operations. This program provides for the distribution of certain state-collected taxes to local governments as aid and tax refunds. A royalty of 15 cents per ton is paid by persons, partnerships, or corporations taking sand from or beneath the bed of any state-owned river. Local governments must use these funds for bank stabilization, soil conservation, or maintenance and operation of flood control systems. After deducting expenses incurred in collecting the tax, 75.0 percent of the balance is deposited in the State Water Plan Fund and the remainder is distributed to affected drainage districts.

Fifty percent of all receipts from the sale of full-privilege license plates to manufacturers and dealers of vehicles is deposited in the County Treasurers' Vehicle Licensing Fee Fund. The amounts due each county treasurer from this fund are paid quarterly, based on the amount received from licensed manufacturers or dealers whose established place of business is located in that county.

The mineral production tax was enacted by the 1983 Legislature and places excise taxes of 8.0 percent of gross value on oil and gas and \$1 per ton on coal. Of the taxes collected, 93.0 percent is deposited in the State General Fund and 7.0 percent in the Special County Mineral Production Tax Fund. These funds are distributed proportionately to the counties where the production occurred. One-half of the distribution is credited to each county general fund and one-half to the school districts in the county.

The drug tax is imposed on marijuana, domestic marijuana plants, and other controlled substances. Of

all monies received from the collection of assessments of delinquent taxes and penalties, 75.0 percent is remitted to county, city, and state law enforcement agencies that were involved in the investigation. Amounts remitted to local governments must be credited to special law enforcement trust funds for use solely for law enforcement and criminal prosecution.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to be accountable for the distribution of aid payments to local governments. An objective for this goal is to:

Ensure that all aid payments are made on or before the scheduled distribution dates.

Statutory History. KSA 70a-101 et seq. provide that anyone taking sand, gravel, oil, gas, and minerals from within or beneath the bed of any river which is the property of the state must pay a royalty. The 1996 Legislature amended KSA 70a-101 et seq. to authorize the removal of sand. KSA 8-145 establishes the County Treasurers' Vehicle Licensing Fee Fund.

The 2000 Legislature removed the previous distribution of 1/3 of bingo tax revenues to cities and counties from KSA 79-4710(b). The 1983 Legislature passed KSA 79-4217, which imposed an excise tax on the production of oil, gas, coal, and salt. The 1987 Legislature amended KSA 79-4217 and deleted salt products from the severance tax statutes. KSA 79-5202 imposes a tax on marijuana, domestic marijuana plants, and other controlled substances, as defined by KSA 79-5201. The local proportionate share of the amounts collected was increased from 50.0 percent to 75.0 percent under KSA 79-5211.

Aid to Local Governments

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	7 Ictuar	Gov. Estimate	Dase Budget	Limane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments	6,588,815	4,856,570	4,812,941		4,812,941
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,588,815	\$4,856,570	\$4,812,941	\$	\$4,812,941
Capital Improvements			ψ 1,01 2 ,> 11		
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,588,815	\$4,856,570	\$4,812,941	\$	\$4,812,941
Non-expense Items				· 	
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,588,815	\$4,856,570	\$4,812,941	\$	\$4,812,941
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6,588,815	4,856,570	4,812,941		4,812,941
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,588,815	\$4,856,570	\$4,812,941	\$	\$4,812,941
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Percent of aid payments distributed on schedule	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %

Alcoholic Beverage Control.

Operations. The Alcoholic Beverage Control Division provides oversight to several regulatory and enforcement activities. The Governor has proposed the relocation of this Division from the Department of Revenue to the Kansas Highway Patrol for FY 2004. The Division's priority is the regulation of the distribution and sale of alcoholic beverages. persons and organizations involved in the sale of alcoholic beverages, including retailers, suppliers, distributors, drinking establishments, salespersons, caterers, and private clubs, must obtain licenses or permits. The Division also monitors the movement of alcoholic beverages, audits alcoholic beverage tax returns, and takes enforcement actions as necessary and conducts criminal tax fraud investigations.

The Division functions through four primary Investigation and Criminal processes. The Enforcement Unit provides the enforcement arm for the agency and performs the following: investigating applicants and inspecting premises for compliance with laws governing alcoholic beverage establishments and sales; conducting inspections of private clubs, establishments, retail liquor drinking stores. hotel/caterers, distributors, bingo licensees, and bingo parlors. Enforcement agents are certified state law enforcement officers. They work closely with local law enforcement agencies. This process also enforces the cigarette laws concerning sales to minors as part of a cooperative effort with other state agencies to decrease access to tobacco products by youth.

The licensee administrative action process focuses the Division's efforts on legal action taken against licensees who violate the state's liquor laws. The licensing and marketing section works directly with license applicants and licensees to ensure only authorized persons or organizations obtain licenses. Once the license is obtained, the field inspectors of the Compliance Section work with licensees to ensure they remain compliant with the laws.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established for this program:

Improve the voluntary compliance with liquor laws, tobacco laws, and bingo laws.

Enforce the tax on illegal drugs.

Investigate alleged tax fraud cases.

Work closely with local law enforcement agencies to uphold the laws.

Maximize technical capabilities to automate and improve the business processes of the agency.

Statutory History. In 1948, Kansas voters amended the state constitution, and the 1949 Legislature enacted the Kansas Liquor Control Act to provide for the regulation of all phases of manufacture, distribution, sale, possession, and traffic in alcoholic liquor and manufacture of beer except 3.2 percent and less (KSA 41-101 et seq.). The 1965 Legislature passed the Kansas Club Law, placing private clubs under the Director of Alcoholic Beverage Control (KSA 41-2601 et seq.). In 1972, the Legislature converted the Office of the Director of Alcoholic Beverage Control from an independent agency to a division of the Department of Revenue (KSA 75-5359). KSA 79-4701 et seq. contain the state bingo laws.

The 1985 Legislature enacted a variety of legislation, including increasing the drinking age for cereal malt beverage from 18 to 21 by 1987 and allowing farm wineries to sell wine to liquor stores. The 1986 Legislature amended the *Kansas Constitution* (Article 15, Section 10) to allow "liquor-by-the-drink." The voters approved this amendment to the constitution in November of that year. Liquor-by-the-drink was made publicly available through properly licensed establishments July 1, 1987.

Alcoholic Beverage Control

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			, and the second	C .	
Salaries and Wages	1,669,198	1,603,049	1,676,548		
Contractual Services	205,087	301,500	200,193		
Commodities	55,718	22,934	15,518		
Capital Outlay	33,854	12,900	11,400		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,963,857	\$1,940,383	\$1,903,659	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,963,857	\$1,940,383	\$1,903,659	\$	\$
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,963,857	\$1,940,383	\$1,903,659	\$	\$
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,963,857	\$1,940,383	\$1,903,659	\$	\$
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,758,435	1,660,358	1,702,127		
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	205,422	280,025	201,532		
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,963,857	\$1,940,383	\$1,903,659	\$	\$
FTE Positions	38.0	38.0	38.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	38.0	38.0	38.0		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of compliance with liquor license selling regulations	80.1 %	82.5 %	NA
Percent of compliance among tobacco licenses in relation to sales to minors	78.9 %	83.0 %	NA
Number of random controlled buy-investigations	543	592	NA

Tax Operations_

Operations. The Tax Operations Program administers virtually all state taxes, including personal and corporate income, retail sales and use, estate, minerals, motor fuels, and excise, such as cigarettes and alcoholic beverages. The program also administers sales and transient guest taxes for local governments. The program is divided into four core business processes: Compliance Management, Customer Relations, Enforcement, and Channel Management, the last referring to the Department's ability to collect effectively from, and provide information to, its customers. In addition, the processing of all tax returns, the distribution of tax receipts, and data processing services are part of Tax Operations.

The Customer Account Resolution (CAR) unit is responsible for collection of delinquent taxes. Accounts unable to be resolved by the CAR are referred to the Civil Tax Enforcement Unit. Remedies include garnishment of wages, seizure of assets, bankruptcy proceedings, as well as other litigation.

Information sharing agreements with the Internal Revenue Service allow the Division's Discovery Unit to utilize the IRS computer tapes to identify taxpayers who have filed a federal tax return but not a state return. Information is also received to allow adjustments to be made to returns audited by the IRS, such as revenue agent reports. The program also administers the Homestead Property Tax and Food Sales Tax Refunds Programs.

Goals and Objectives. A primary goal of the Tax Operations Division is to provide exceptional customer service. This goal will be achieved through the following objectives:

Provide consistent tax information by using established agency policies.

Provide timely and accurate information through a single point of contact.

Adapt service in response to customer feedback.

Another goal is to expand and encourage customer self-service through the following objectives:

Expand service to 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Expand electronic fund transfer capabilities.

Expand credit card payment capabilities.

Another goal is to increase the rate of voluntary compliance with the tax laws through the following objectives:

Provide education to customers on how to comply with tax laws.

Apply strategic decision/risk management processes to support an effective audit selection program.

Develop the ability to handle prosecutorial tasks internally and expeditiously.

Another goal is to reduce accounts receivable and speed resolution through the following strategies:

Apply decision analysis to enable associates to focus on current, collectable cases to allow for more rapid turnover of case inventory.

Implement associate-managed cases and use collection activity statistics to evaluate performance.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5102 through 75-5104 establish the Division of Taxation in the Department of Revenue. The 1997 Kansas Tax Equity and Fairness Act (KSA 79-2968) made a number of changes with respect to tax policy administration. The changes allow the Department to conduct informal conferences to resolve appeals issues requiring the state to pay interest on excess state collections and excess taxpayer payments, as well as to clarify in statute numerous property tax issues.

Tax Operations

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	7 ictuar	Gov. Estimate	Dase Budget	Limane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	18,889,258	18,651,211	19,465,887	462,220	17,741,043
Contractual Services	5,273,556	5,790,726	5,607,779		5,607,779
Commodities	948,810	978,649	932,780		932,780
Capital Outlay	19,738	46,570	38,570		38,570
Debt Service	17,730	40,570	30,370		30,370
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$25,131,3 6 2	\$25,467,156	\$26,045,016	\$462,220	\$24,320,172
Aid to Local Governments	\$23,131,302	φ23,407,130	\$20,043,010	φ 4 02,220	\$2 4 ,320,172
Other Assistance	2,617,473	3,500,000	3,500,000		3,500,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$27,748,835	\$2 8,967,156	\$29,545,016	\$462,220	\$27,820,172
Capital Improvements	φ21,140,033	φ20,907,130	\$27,545,010	φ 4 02,220	\$27,020,172
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$27,748,83 5	\$28,967,156	\$29,545,016	\$462,220	\$27,820,172
Non-expense Items		39,000	39,000	\$ 4 02,220	39,000
Total Expenditures by Object	4,908 \$27,753,743	\$29,006,156	\$29,584,016	\$462,220	\$27,859,172
Total Expenditures by Object	\$21,155,145	\$29,000,150	\$29,504,010	\$402,220	\$21,039,172
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	21,289,727	21,317,326	21,881,825	462,220	18,081,981
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6,464,016	7,688,830	7,702,191		9,777,191
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$27,753,743	\$29,006,156	\$29,584,016	\$462,220	\$27,859,172
FTE Positions	535.0	535.0	535.0		535.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	555.0	333.0	333.0		333.0
Total Positions	535.0	535.0	535.0		535.0
i otal i ushiolis	333.0	333.0	555.0		333.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Average number of days it takes to process electronic non-exception individual income tax refunds	5	5	5
Percent of individual income tax returns that will be received electronically	31.1 %	50.0 %	55.0 %

Property Valuation.

Operations. The Director of the Division of Property Valuation administers the Property Valuation Program. The Director exercises general supervision over administration of the property tax laws. This includes the duty to guide and supervise all local officials in the process.

This program has four functions, one of which is state-assessed valuations. This function values all state-assessed property, including all public utility and motor carrier companies operating to, from, through, or in Kansas. The second function, guidelines and rules, promotes uniformity by providing valuation guidelines and rules to local officials responsible for the valuation and assessment of property for tax purposes. The third function is training and qualifications. It provides on-site and classroom valuation and assessment training for local officials, particularly county appraisers.

The Division of Property Valuation is responsible for accurately maintaining the list of those eligible to serve as county appraisers and county hearing officers. The Division further administers the new registered mass appraiser designation program. The final function prepares the annual sales/assessment ratio study that statistically measures the accuracy and uniformity of appraisals. Preparation of the substantial compliance report that measures appraisals and procedures for compliance is also part of this function.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Property Valuation Division is to provide counties, taxpayers, and staff with clear, useful, and accessible rules for valuing property for tax purposes. An objective for this goal is to:

Achieve customer satisfaction with rules at least 90.0 percent of the time.

Another goal is to provide education for county appraisers and officials, taxpayers, and staff regarding the valuation of property and other tax-related issues. Objectives for this goal are to:

Maintain a "very" or "extremely" satisfied rating on course evaluations from students at least 90.0 percent of the time.

Achieve a satisfaction rating with the annual education program of 95.0 percent or better from students' supervisors.

Another goal of the Division is to ensure that uniform and accurate valuations and assessments occur in order to provide a fair basis for spreading the cost of local services. Objectives for this goal include:

Strive to have 99.0 percent of the residential values in Kansas fall within counties that meet statistical standards.

Strive to have 97.0 percent of the commercial values in Kansas fall within counties that meet statistical standards.

Strive to have 100.0 percent of the counties in substantial compliance with statistical and procedural standards.

Statutory History. A general property tax was enacted by the 1861 Legislature, with administration left to individual counties. The State Tax Commission was created in 1907 to operate a state assessment system, including hearing appeals, sitting as the State Board of Equalization, assessing public service companies and railroads, supervising local assessments. and directing personal property valuations.

Duties of the Tax Commission were transferred to the Commission of Revenue and Taxation in 1939, with property tax administration assigned to the Ad Valorem Division of the Commission. In 1957, the Property Valuation Department was established for ad valorem tax administration and assessment. The Property Valuation Department became a division of the new Department of Revenue under the executive reorganization of 1972.

Property Valuation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	3,553,185	3,479,569	3,637,712		3,426,646
Contractual Services	1,061,239	693,844	673,724		673,724
Commodities	127,466	612,705	99,420		99,420
Capital Outlay	301,895	238,635	622,900		622,900
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,043,785	\$5,024,753	\$5,033,756	\$	\$4,822,690
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$5,043,785	\$5,024,753	\$5,033,756	\$	\$4,822,690
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$5,043,785	\$5,024,753	\$5,033,756	\$	\$4,822,690
Non-expense Items	2,903	, , ,			· · ·
Total Expenditures by Object	\$5,046,688	\$5,024,753	\$5,033,756	\$	\$4,822,690
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	3,670,017	3,644,127	3,644,991		3,433,925
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,376,671	1,380,626	1,388,765		1,388,765
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$5,046,688	\$5,024,753	\$5,033,756	\$	\$4,822,690
-					
FTE Positions	76.0	76.0	76.0		76.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent		1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	76.0	77.0	77.0		77.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of residential valuations meeting requirements	92.0 %	99.0 %	99.0 %
Percent of commercial valuations meeting requirements	75.0 %	97.0 %	97.0 %
Percent of customers indicating overall satisfaction with the information, filing procedure, and guides provided	86.0 %	75.0 %	75.0 %

Motor Vehicles

Operations. The Motor Vehicles Program administers Kansas law relating to vehicle titling and registration, motor vehicle dealer licensing, and driver's licensing control. The Vehicles Administration Subprogram administers the medical review program for driver safety and makes public records available for qualifying individuals and businesses.

The Vehicle Registration Subprogram administers laws requiring the titling and registration of all motor vehicles, including commercial vehicles operating in the state. County treasurers act as agents of the state in processing vehicle titles and registrations. Currently, over 2.5 million vehicles are registered annually and approximately 900,000 titles are issued The subprogram licenses 3,500 motor annually. vehicle dealers, manufacturers, and factory representatives in the state and licenses approximately The subprogram also 5.000 dealer salespersons. administers Kansas laws, other states' laws, and intergovernmental agreements relating to registration reciprocity and prorational fleet registration for the motor carrier industry. The Division provides registration and cab cards for approximately 2,200 Kansas-based motor carriers.

The Driver License and Driver Control Subprogram administers all driver tests and issues appropriate licenses. The subprogram records license suspensions or revocations, driving convictions, accident reports, hearings, traffic citations, and verifications of insurance termination.

Goals and Objectives. One goal is to improve customer service by providing on-line registration

renewals via the Internet. An objective associated with this goal is to:

Develop an on-line system for vehicle owners/lessees to apply for vehicle registration renewals on-line.

Another goal of the Division is to improve customer service by electronic transfer of lien data from lien holders to the VIPS/Mainframe Vehicle System. An objective associated with this goal is to:

Partner with several large lien holders representing at least 35.0 percent of the total lien holder population in acting as a "pilot" for Electronic Lien Filing forms.

Another goal is to improve efficiency at the state and county levels on title and registration documentation. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Maintain errors made by counties at 5.0 percent or less.

Assure titles are delivered within 24 days.

Statutory History. The first Motor Vehicle Registration Law was enacted in 1913. An Office of the State Vehicle Commissioner was created in 1929. In 1931, a Uniform Operators and Chauffeurs Driver Licensing Act was passed. In 1939, duties of the vehicle commissioner were transferred to the State Highway Commission. In 1972, the function was transferred to the Department of Revenue. Basic law governing the Division of Motor Vehicles and appointment of the director is found in KSA 75-5110.

Motor Vehicles

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
		Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	FY 2004 Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estillate	Dase Duuget	Ellianc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
	10 590 207	10 770 270	11 111 052		11 111 052
Salaries and Wages	10,580,297	10,779,379	11,111,053	260.250	11,111,053
Contractual Services	4,044,670	3,865,115	3,564,086	369,250	3,614,086
Commodities	2,141,450	2,811,002	2,782,209		2,782,209
Capital Outlay	445,672	6,000			
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$17,212,089	\$17,461,496	\$17,457,348	\$369,250	\$17,507,348
Aid to Local Governments	35,391				
Other Assistance	474				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$17,247,954	\$17,461,496	\$17,457,348	\$369,250	\$17,507,348
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$17,247,954	\$17,461,496	\$17,457,348	\$369,250	\$17,507,348
Non-expense Items	29				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$17,247,983	\$17,461,496	\$17,457,348	\$369,250	\$17,507,348
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	765				
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	17,247,218	17,461,496	17,457,348	369,250	17,507,348
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$17,247,983	\$17,461,496	\$17,457,348	\$369,250	\$17,507,348
FTE Positions	325.0	324.0	324.0		324.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	325.0	324.0	324.0		324.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of customers served in state operated driver's license offices	685,000	670,000	650,000
Percent of online registration renewals received via the Internet	NA	15.0 %	25.0 %

Revisor of Statutes_

Mission. The Revisor of Statutes provides bill drafting and legal research services for all legislators, committees, and the Legislative Coordinating Council.

Operations. The Office of Revisor of Statutes operates under the supervision of the Legislative Coordinating Council. The agency is responsible for continuous statutory revision, publication of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*, and supervision of the computerized legislative information system involving bill status and bill typing. The Revisor of Statutes also provides staff services to the Interstate Cooperation Commission and acts as secretary to the Legislative Coordinating Council.

Goals and Objectives. This agency's goals include the following:

Strive to prepare bills, resolutions, and other legislative documents to the highest professional standards consistent with the time available for their preparation.

Compile, edit, index, and publish the *Kansas Statutes Annotated* accurately and in a timely manner.

Provide first-rate, professional legal services to the Legislature.

Statutory History. The Office of Revisor of Statutes was established as a separate state agency in 1971. Prior to that time, the office had been a Division of the Legislative Council (predecessor to the Legislative Coordinating Council). Statutes for the Office of Revisor of Statutes are found in KSA 46-1211 et seq.

_Revisor of Statutes

Expenditures by Object				
Salaries and Wages	1,763,311	1,828,595	1,853,019	 1,782,100
Contractual Services	565,642	622,253	567,576	 559,395
Commodities	10,805	10,900	15,750	 17,048
Capital Outlay	15,693	13,000	12,000	 27,313
Debt Service				
Operating Adjustments				
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,355,451	\$2,474,748	\$2,448,345	\$ \$2,385,856
Aid to Local Governments				
Other Assistance				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,355,451	\$2,474,748	\$2,448,345	\$ \$2,385,856
Capital Improvements				
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,355,451	\$2,474,748	\$2,448,345	\$ \$2,385,856
Non-expense Items				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,355,451	\$2,474,748	\$2,448,345	\$ \$2,385,856
Expenditures by Fund				
State General Fund	2,355,451	2,474,748	2,448,345	 2,385,856
Water Plan Fund				
EDIF				
Children's Initiatives Fund				
Building Funds				
Other Funds				
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,355,451	\$2,474,748	\$2,448,345	\$ \$2,385,856
FTE Positions	26.0	26.0	26.0	 26.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent				
Total Positions	26.0	26.0	26.0	 26.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of legislative drafting deadlines met	99.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Days KSA preparation deadline exceeded			
Percent of staff training participation	99.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Legislative documents drafted	2,513	2,600	2,700
Publication documents compiled	8,546	9,000	9,000

Secretary of State_

Mission. The mission of the Secretary of State is to act as custodian of official government documents for the State of Kansas. This includes administering laws relating to elections and legislative matters, corporations, and the Uniform Commercial Code. The Secretary of State also appoints notaries public; maintains a registry of trademarks; maintains files on labor union reports; licenses labor union business agents; supervises the registration of all legislative lobbyists; registers and regulates athlete agents; and files and publishes state administrative rules.

Operations. The Secretary of State holds one of six constitutional state offices and is elected to a four-year term. The Secretary of State serves on the State Board of Canvassers, the State Elections Contest Board, and the State Rules and Regulations Board.

The Secretary of State is responsible for distribution of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and its supplements, Session Laws of Kansas, Kansas Administrative Regulations, and Kansas Register. The Office of the Secretary of State acts as a clearinghouse for information requested by the general public and by county election officers in matters pertaining to election statutes and practices. In addition, the

Secretary of State maintains a supply of Kansas state flags for sale to the general public.

To carry out these and other responsibilities, the Office of the Secretary of State is organized into the following divisions: Administration, Corporations, Elections and Legislative Matters, Legal, and Uniform Commercial Code. Each of the divisions is headed by a deputy assistant Secretary of State.

Statutory History. Article 1, Section 1, of the *Kansas* Constitution provides that there be a Secretary of State elected to a term of four years. Although the constitution makes few specific references to the powers and duties of the Secretary of State, more than 600 statutes prescribe duties and responsibilities to be performed. Laws pertaining to corporations may be found in Chapter 17 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated. Source law for the duties of the Secretary of State with respect to elections is found primarily in Chapter 25 of the statutes, although specific references to elections are contained throughout Kansas law. The portion of the Uniform Commercial Code governing secured transactions and setting forth the obligations of the Secretary of State is found in Article 4, Part 9 of Chapter 84 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

Secretary of State

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program			_	_	
Administration	2,077,147	1,905,828	2,137,942		2,049,906
Corporations	503,035	624,304	676,697		676,697
Elections-Legislative Matters	588,706	444,947	489,004		489,004
Uniform Commercial Code	310,478	291,673	339,088		339,088
Total Expenditures	\$3,479,366	\$3,266,752	\$3,642,731	\$	\$3,554,695
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	2,175,859	2,070,042	2,170,119		2,082,083
Contractual Services	1,131,695	1,000,989	1,090,999		1,090,999
Commodities	140,949	140,050	151,764		151,764
Capital Outlay	30,863	55,671	229,849		229,849
Debt Service			225,615		22,0.,
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,479,366	\$3,266,752	\$3,642,731	\$	\$3,554,695
Aid to Local Governments	Ψο, 17ο,οοο	φ3,200,722	φο,σ-12,7-51	Ψ 	φο,ου-1,ουυ
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$3,479,366	\$3,266,752	\$3,642,731	\$	\$3,554,695
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$3,479,366	\$3,266,752	\$3,642,731	\$	\$3,554,695
Non-expense Items				· 	
Total Expenditures by Object	\$3,479,366	\$3,266,752	\$3,642,731	\$	\$3,554,695
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,781,304	1,631,075	1,722,743		834,707
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,698,062	1,635,677	1,919,988		2,719,988
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$3,479,366	\$3,266,752	\$3,642,731	\$	\$3,554,695
FTE Positions	56.0	56.0	56.0		56.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	56.0	56.0	56.0		56.0

Administration_

Operations. The Administration Division provides administrative services, including accounting, payroll, inventory, purchasing, data processing, microfilm, agency printing, and publications. The Division's statutory duties include appointing notaries public, auditing cemeteries and funeral homes and administering labor union and business agent filings. It also issues commissions of appointment to boards and files regulations and official signatures.

When the Secretary of State's Office relocated to Memorial Hall in January 2000, the Administration Division assumed responsibility for the agency customer service center. The Administration Division publishes the *Kansas Register*, a weekly publication which replaces the use of commercial newspapers to publish official notifications. The register is financed through a fee fund. In addition, the *Kansas*

Administrative Rules and Regulations and the Session Laws of Kansas are published by this division.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of this program is to provide economical and efficient administrative support for other divisions of the Secretary of State. One main objective used in pursuing this goal is to:

Maintain a system to analyze cost efficiencies in the filing and dissemination of records for which the agency is custodian.

Statutory History. The Office of the Secretary of State was created by Article I of the *Kansas Constitution*. Statutory citations for the functions are distributed throughout the Kansas statutes. The Secretary of State is the custodian of documents and is the recording officer for state government.

Administration

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,391,448	1,224,007	1,309,230		1,221,194
Contractual Services	584,079	582,264	681,601		681,601
Commodities	86,553	80,498	84,021		84,021
Capital Outlay	15,067	19,059	63,090		63,090
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,077,147	\$1,905,828	\$2,137,942	\$	\$2,049,906
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,077,147	\$1,905,828	\$2,137,942	\$	\$2,049,906
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,077,147	\$1,905,828	\$2,137,942	\$	\$2,049,906
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,077,147	\$1,905,828	\$2,137,942	\$	\$2,049,906
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,097,838	937,461	1,007,344		119,308
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	979,309	968,367	1,130,598		1,930,598
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,077,147	\$1,905,828	\$2,137,942	\$	\$2,049,906
10th Emporation to by 1 and	+=, -,-,-,-,-	41,500,020	4-,10.,5 1-	*	4- ,0 12 , 2 00
FTE Positions	26.0	26.0	26.0		26.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	26.0	26.0	26.0		26.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Percent of agency transactions posted electronically in a fully integrated agency accounting system	NA	95.0 %	95.0 %

Corporations_

Operations. The Division collects, processes, and provides information on more than 300,000 active and inactive corporations organized or doing business in Kansas. The Office of the Secretary of State reviews proposed articles of incorporation and grants corporate powers to applicants. All corporations must have a resident agent and registered office that can be used to serve subpoenas. The Secretary of State maintains the name and address for public inquiry. Subsequent filings changing corporate status are reviewed to ensure that requirements are met. Corporations created under another state's law and wishing to do business in Kansas must file with the Secretary of State. All corporations domiciled or doing business in Kansas must submit an annual report to the Secretary of State and pay a franchise fee based on the shareholder's equity of the corporation attributable to In addition, the Corporations Division administers a number of similar functions, including registration of trade and service marks, general partnerships, limited partnerships, limited liability partnerships, limited liability companies, cooperative societies, and charitable solicitation certificates.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of this program is to provide accurate and timely information on business organizations located in Kansas. The agency pursues this goal through the following objectives:

Reduce the time required to review and correct the corporate documents filed with the Corporations Division.

Adopt a plan for electronic filing and dissemination of corporate documents, including annual reports.

Reduce the handling and storage of paper documents.

Statutory History. The Kansas Corporation Code has a history dating from before Kansas attained statehood. An extensive recodification occurred in 1972 when the Kansas Legislature amended the code to parallel the existing Delaware Corporation Law. The law pertaining to corporations is located primarily in Chapter 17 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*.

.Corporations

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	368,540	485,009	493,850		493,850
Contractual Services	118,078	115,797	115,774		115,774
Commodities	12,041	12,158	12,523		12,523
Capital Outlay	4,376	11,340	54,550		54,550
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$503,035	\$624,304	\$676,697	\$	\$676,697
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$503,035	\$624,304	\$676,697	\$	\$676,697
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$503,035	\$624,304	\$676,697	\$	\$676,697
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$503,035	\$624,304	\$676,697	\$	\$676,697
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	323,934	448,775	456,874		456,874
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	179,101	175,529	219,823		219,823
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$503,035	\$624,304	\$676,697	\$	\$676,697
FTE Positions	16.0	16.0	16.0		16.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	16.0	16.0	16.0		16.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of documents that will have filing time reduced from six days to five minutes when the collaborative Kansas Business Center			
Program is completed and the corporate core application is re- written	NA	50.0 %	100.0 %

Elections & Legislative Matters

Operations. The Division encourages public understanding of Kansas laws and greater citizen participation in the election process. The Division sells and distributes the *Kansas Statutes Annotated* and its supplements, *Kansas Administrative Regulations* and supplements, *Session Laws of Kansas, House and Senate Journals, Kansas Election Statistics*, and *Kansas Election Laws*. In addition, the program registers legislative lobbyists, files monthly reports, registers voters, and sells Kansas flags.

The Division receives filings of candidates for state and national offices. It is the public repository for different types of documents, including statements of substantial interest required by the Kansas Conflict of Interest Law, papers and petitions of office candidacy, and campaign finance reports required by either the Kansas Campaign Finance Act or the Federal Election Campaign Act. In addition, the Division canvasses and maintains custody of state election returns.

The Division provides technical assistance to county election officers and answers questions from the public regarding election matters. The Division conducts periodic seminars and distributes a newsletter for county election officers to assist with the technical aspects of election administration. The National Voter Registration Act (NVRA) mandates that an application for voter registration be included as a part of the application for motor vehicle drivers' licenses and non-driver identification cards. The law also requires agencies that administer public assistance programs to make voter registration forms available. The Elections and Legislative Matters Division assists county election officers with compliance under the NVRA and ensures that the secretary's duties as the chief state election officer under the NVRA are performed in a

timely, efficient, and lawful manner. The Division also serves as a filing office for enrolled legislation.

The Elections and Legislative Matters Division was responsible for adjusting the FY 2000 federal census figure's in accordance with requirements of the *Kansas Constitution*. In FY 2001, it delivered the adjustment report to the Legislature for redrawing state legislative and U.S. congressional districts.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Elections and Legislative Matters Division is to provide services to the general public which will improve the understanding of Kansas law and the legislative process. The agency pursues this goal through the following objectives:

Increase voter registration and participation in the electoral process.

Increase the public's electronic access to files.

Propose and implement legislation affecting elections, registration, and voting.

Statutory History. Kansas election law is contained primarily in Chapter 25 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*, although specific statutes on elections are contained throughout. PL 98-435 requires the Secretary of State to develop and monitor activities regarding disabled voters' accessibility to polling places in each county. It also mandates the Secretary of State to make available registration and voting aids for the elderly and disabled, including the availability of a telecommunications system that is capable of disseminating voter information to the hearing impaired.

Elections & Legislative Matters

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	212,362	180,705	183,488		183,488
Contractual Services	338,339	214,722	204,789		204,789
Commodities	30,874	35,459	42,807		42,807
Capital Outlay	7,131	14,061	57,920		57,920
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$588,706	\$444,947	\$489,004	\$	\$489,004
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$588,706	\$444,947	\$489,004	\$	\$489,004
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$588,706	\$444,947	\$489,004	\$	\$489,004
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$588,706	\$444,947	\$489,004	\$	\$489,004
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	342,920	227,183	243,951		243,951
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	245,786	217,764	245,053		245,053
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$588,706	\$444,947	\$489,004	\$	\$489,004
FTE Positions	5.0	5.0	5.0		5.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	5.0	5.0	5.0		5.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of online voter registration records electronically transmitted			
to county election officers for instant database amendment	NA	NA	100.0 %

Uniform Commercial Code

Operations. The Division serves as a repository for filings relating to financial transactions secured by interests in personal property. The Secretary of State maintains a file of the financial statements required of commercial transactions where the debtor and creditor agree that certain property will be considered as collateral to secure the debt. Thus, potential creditors can inquire about the status of property proposed as collateral in financial transactions.

Parties who wish to obtain information about these filings may conduct searches electronically or by written request via telecopiers located at various register of deeds offices and by telephone. Parties may access computerized information in various formats.

The ability to determine whether such property has already been "secured" (used as collateral in another contract currently in force) minimizes the possibility of error or outright fraud in credit transactions requiring collateral. It also establishes the priority of claims in the event of default. Inquiries are processed on a daily basis and files updated as new information is received.

The operational costs of the program are financed by the Uniform Commercial Code Fee Fund. Filing fees are assessed with 80.0 percent of the receipts deposited in the Uniform Commercial Code Fee Fund and 20.0 percent in the State General Fund.

Goals and Objectives. The Uniform Commercial Code Program pursues the goal of effective customer service through the following objectives:

Provide opportunities for customer education.

Reduce processing time required to file and search in the UCC database by both paper and electronic filings.

Statutory History. The Uniform Commercial Code was adopted by the 1965 Legislature. The Secretary of State began maintaining the necessary files in January 1966, as authorized and directed by the act. The portion of the code governing secured transactions and setting forth obligations of the Secretary of State in this regard is found in Article 9, Part 4 of Chapter 84 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated. Legislature amended the Uniform Commercial Code by removing the exemption of agricultural products and equipment from filing with the Secretary of State. The 1997 Legislature amended the Code to authorize the Secretary of State to adopt administrative rules governing UCC filings and searches. The 2000 Legislature revised Article 9 of the UCC to be consistent with federal law.

Uniform Commercial Code

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	203,509	180,321	183,551		183,551
Contractual Services	91,199	88,206	88,835		88,835
Commodities	11,481	11,935	12,413		12,413
Capital Outlay	4,289	11,211	54,289		54,289
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$310,478	\$291,673	\$339,088	\$	\$339,088
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$310,478	\$291,673	\$339,088	\$	\$339,088
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$310,478	\$291,673	\$339,088	\$	\$339,088
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$310,478	\$291,673	\$339,088	\$	\$339,088
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	16,612	17,656	14,574		14,574
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	293,866	274,017	324,514		324,514
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$310,478	\$291,673	\$339,088	\$	\$339,088
FTE Positions	9.0	9.0	9.0		9.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	9.0	9.0	9.0		9.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of time two-day turn-around requirement for UCC filings is			
met	70.0 %	80.0 %	100.0 %

Kansas Sentencing Commission

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Sentencing Commission is to develop, implement, maintain, and monitor an equitable, rational, and consistent sentencing system which reduces disparity and ensures public safety. Functioning within the same agency, the Kansas Criminal Justice Coordinating Council has established a mission to analyze and define issues and processes in the criminal justice system, identify alternative solutions, and make recommendations for improvements.

Operations. Membership of the Kansas Sentencing Commission includes the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, two district judges appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Corrections, and the Chairperson of the Parole Board. Additional members include six appointments by the Governor and four members of the Legislature, two of which are from the Senate and appointed by the President of the Senate and two from the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker. The Governor appoints a chairperson from the two district court judges.

The sentencing guidelines developed by the Commission became effective July 1, 1993. Since then, the primary responsibility of the Sentencing Commission has consisted of monitoring and implementing the guidelines. Commission staff forecasts both state adult and juvenile correctional facility populations, conducts criminal justice research studies, and completes tasks assigned by the Governor or specifically requested by Commission members.

During the 1994 Legislative Session, the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council was created. At that time, the Director and staff of the Sentencing Commission were designated to serve as staff for the

Council. Additionally, the Law Enforcement Anti-Drug Abuse Program duties and staff, previously located in the Department of Administration, were transferred to the Sentencing Commission. These responsibilities include administering the U.S. Bureau of Justice Assistance Grant and the Bureau of Justice Statistics Grant. Members of the Kansas Criminal Justice Coordinating Council include the Governor, the Attorney General, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Secretary of Corrections, the Secretary of Social and Rehabilitation Services, and the Director of the Kansas Bureau of Investigation.

Goals and Objectives. The Kansas Sentencing Commission's goal is to develop and maintain a sentencing system that minimizes racial or geographical bias. An objective to meet this goal is to:

Monitor sentencing guidelines, provide training to criminal justice professionals, and conduct criminal justice research studies.

The Kansas Criminal Justice Coordinating Council's goal is to define statewide issues for improvement in the criminal justice system. An objective to meet this goal is to:

Analyze criminal justice issues and make appropriate recommendations.

Statutory History. The Sentencing Commission was created by the 1989 Legislature. The statutory authority for the agency is found in KSA 74-9101 et seq. KSA 74-9501 gave the responsibilities associated with staffing to the Kansas Criminal Justice Coordinating Council and transferred the Law Enforcement Anti-Abuse Program from the Department of Administration to the Commission.

Kansas Sentencing Commission

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	544,702	569,010	576,620	63,291	490,647
Contractual Services	176,301	155,125	183,600		138,174
Commodities	17,413	10,010	11,500		11,500
Capital Outlay	23,681	3,000	3,000		3,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					256,532
Subtotal: State Operations	\$762,097	\$737,145	\$774,720	\$63,291	\$386,789
Aid to Local Governments	2,711,157	5,598,269	3,622,050		340,000
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$3,473,254	\$6,335,414	\$4,396,770	\$63,291	\$726,789
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$3,473,254	\$6,335,414	\$4,396,770	\$63,291	\$726,789
Non-expense Items	4,320,341	4,082,909	3,089,952		992,002
Total Expenditures by Object	\$7,793,595	\$10,418,323	\$7,486,722	\$63,291	\$1,718,791
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	465,578	429,159	448,334	38,271	316,935
Water Plan Fund			· 		
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	7,328,017	9,989,164	7,038,388	25,020	1,401,856
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$7,793,595	\$10,418,323	\$7,486,722	\$63,291	\$1,718,791
FTE Positions	10.0	10.0	10.0	2.0	9.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0
Total Positions	12.0	12.0	12.0	2.0	11.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of adult journal presentence investigation reports entered into database	22,028	22,350	22,700
Number of fiscal effect statements prepared during the legislative session	150	250	250

Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services_

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services (SRS) is to protect children and promote adult self-sufficiency.

Operations. SRS is a cabinet-level department directed by a secretary appointed by the Governor. To accomplish its mission, the Department administers Administration, Integrated Service four programs: Delivery, Health Care Policy, and Capital Improvements. SRS also manages the state psychiatric hospitals and mental retardation facilities. These are budgeted as separate state agencies and are discussed elsewhere in the budget.

Statutory History. The *Kansas Constitution* provides for relief to be given to individuals who have claims upon the aid of society. Until 1936, providing such aid was the responsibility of county governments. The constitution was amended in 1936 to allow the state to participate in relief programs, and in 1937 the State Welfare Department was created. The Department, supervised by a Board of Social Welfare, was empowered to participate in the programs offered by the federal Social Security Act and to establish welfare programs for the care of the needy.

In 1939, the Division of Institutional Management was created in the Department to supervise the operation of

the state hospitals. In 1953, the Department of Social Welfare was reorganized to create two divisions: Social Welfare and Institutional Management. In 1968, the Legislature provided for transfer of the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation from the Board of Vocational Education to the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services.

The 1973 Legislature created SRS to replace the Board of Social Welfare in accordance with Governor's Executive Reorganization Order No. 1 (KSA 75-5301 et seq.). In addition, the 1973 Legislature provided that the state, instead of the counties, would finance the assistance programs. The 1996 Legislature transferred responsibility for administration of longterm care programs for Kansans over the age of 65 from SRS to the Department on Aging (KSA 75-5321a and KSA 75-5945 et seq.). The 1997 Legislature transferred all programs for juvenile offenders, including authority for administration of the state youth centers, from SRS to the Juvenile Justice Authority (KSA 75-7001 et seq.) and renamed them juvenile correctional facilities.

The expenditures and funding of the programs that appear on the following pages do not add to the agency totals presented on the opposite page. They are intended to highlight selected programs.

Department of Social & Rehabilitation Services

	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Gov. Estimate	FY 2004 Base Budget	FY 2004 Enhanc. Pkg.	FY 2004 Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	Actual	Gov. Estillate	Dase Budget	Ellianc, Fkg.	Gov. Rec.
Administration	37,062,808	30,467,055	38,787,012		35,549,757
Integrated Service Delivery	519,551,516	536,337,060	564,423,251	3,428,100	555,622,446
Health Care Policy	1,708,258,135	1,420,228,077	1,504,782,194	108,016,578	1,554,774,742
Debt Service & Capital Improve.	3,773,076	4,528,392	7,862,207		7,862,207
Total Expenditures	\$2,268,645,535	\$1,991,560,584	\$2,115,854,664	\$111,444,678	\$2,153,809,152
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	147,708,842	146,552,968	152,453,752		149,701,379
Contractual Services	151,502,292	139,374,795	141,199,400	908,100	136,927,323
Commodities	2,209,290	1,981,676	2,023,659		2,023,659
Capital Outlay	3,811,013	1,347,098	981,686		981,686
Debt Service			1,381,316		1,381,316
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$305,231,437	\$289,256,537	\$298,039,813	\$908,100	\$291,015,363
Aid to Local Governments	72,668,940	86,256,622	95,219,100	2,000,000	92,625,574
Other Assistance	1,505,049,803	1,607,607,295	1,711,691,361	108,536,578	1,759,263,825
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,882,950,180	\$1,983,120,454	\$2,104,950,274	\$111,444,678	\$2,142,904,762
Capital Improvements	3,773,076	4,528,392	6,480,891		6,480,891
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,886,723,256	\$1,987,648,846	\$2,111,431,165	\$111,444,678	\$2,149,385,653
Non-expense Items	381,922,279	3,911,738	4,423,499		4,423,499
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,268,645,535	\$1,991,560,584	\$2,115,854,664	\$111,444,678	\$2,153,809,152
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	568,403,902	626,353,158	754,006,298	45,197,240	739,066,871
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	19,743,374	24,828,000	24,828,000		27,128,000
Building Funds	3,607,119	4,228,392	7,562,207		7,562,207
Other Funds	1,676,891,140	1,336,151,034	1,329,458,159	66,247,438	1,380,052,074
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,268,645,535	\$1,991,560,584	\$2,115,854,664	\$111,444,678	\$2,153,809,152
FTE Positions	4,041.0	3,981.5	3,981.5		3,981.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	67.7	72.0	72.0		72.0
Total Positions	4,108.7	4,053.5	4,053.5		4,053.5

Administration_

Operations. The purpose of the Administration Program is to be actively involved with the other programs to identify program goals and objectives and implement the operational support to achieve them. Administration includes the offices described below.

Legal Services includes the Department's legal and special investigation services. Human Resources is responsible for personnel operations, organizational development, and the Office of Diversity. Accounting and Administrative Operations is responsible for cash management, internal and external reporting, procurement services, facility management, and agency payables and receivables. The Office of Budget prepares, oversees, and executes the SRS budget. Resource Development maximizes federal funds through grants and manages recoveries and collections. Information Technology Services and maintains information develops, manages, technology projects for SRS. The Office of Public Affairs produces and designs informational materials for the public and media. The Office of Planning and Policy Coordination carries out strategic and business planning for the agency. The Office of Audit, Management Review, and Evaluation provides objective audit, assurance, and consulting services to the agency. The Office of Prevention is the central point of contact for prevention resources to support the development of healthy children and families.

Goals and Objectives. This program's goals include the following:

Improve the quality of services provided.

Increase the cost effectiveness of services provided by the program.

Statutory History. The Administration Program performs various management functions required by law. These are listed in KSA 39-708(c), KSA 75-5310, and KSA 75-5316(a). These functions were centralized into a single unit in 1974. The personnel and Civil Rights/Equal Employment Opportunity functions are administered according to KSA 75-2925 through 75-2926.

_____Administration

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	17,869,808	17,143,188	17,997,284		16,976,698
Contractual Services	13,192,614	11,365,475	19,054,111		16,912,442
Commodities	546,315	389,621	430,083		430,083
Capital Outlay	2,493,484	893,771	565,674		565,674
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$34,102,221	\$29,792,055	\$38,047,152	\$	\$34,884,897
Aid to Local Governments	1,915,879	675,000	739,860		664,860
Other Assistance	1,044,320				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$37,062,420	\$30,467,055	\$38,787,012	\$	\$35,549,757
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$37,062,420	\$30,467,055	\$38,787,012	\$	\$35,549,757
Non-expense Items	388				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$37,062,808	\$30,467,055	\$38,787,012	\$	\$35,549,757
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	13,907,589	12,331,490	15,428,019		14,169,222
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	23,155,219	18,135,565	23,358,993		21,380,535
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$37,062,808	\$30,467,055	\$38,787,012	\$	\$35,549,757
FTE Positions	388.9	390.6	390.6		390.6
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	7.4	5.9	5.9		5.9
Total Positions	396.3	396.5	396.5		396.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Support Service expenditures as a percentage of agency expenditures	1.5 %	1.9 %	1.9 %

Integrated Service Delivery

Operations. The Integrated Service Delivery Program includes Child Support Enforcement, Economic and Employment Support, Rehabilitation Services, Child Welfare, and Field Operations. The Child Support Enforcement Subprogram determines the parentage of children and enforces child support obligations. Support enforcement services recover the state's cost of public assistance and cover children not on public Economic and Employment Support assistance. administers public assistance programs, including Temporary Assistance for Families (TAF), General Assistance, Food Stamps, Low Income Energy Assistance, Funeral Assistance, and Refugee Assistance.

The Rehabilitation Services Subprogram provides disabled Kansans individualized services to achieve employment and independence. Services include counseling, physical and mental restoration, supported employment, job placement, and rehabilitation technology. Specialized services, communication, and job training are provided to deaf and blind Kansans. Disability and blindness determinations are made for most Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) and Supplemental Security Income (SSI) claims.

The Child Welfare Program is responsible for a broad range of services to develop family strengths, prevent the dissolution of families, and ensure the well-being of children.

Privatization of some services begun in FY 1997 resulted in changed roles for SRS staff and new relationships with partners in the private sector. Under this model, SRS case manager assigned to each child or family. The SRS worker delivers some services directly including intake and assessment, child protective services, and family services. Other services, including adoptive placement, family preservation, and foster care are provided by private agencies under contract with SRS.

Field Operations oversees 11 area offices and offices located in each of the state's 105 counties. Area office staff determines eligibility for public assistance, medical assistance, and food stamps; investigates

allegations of abuse and neglect of children and elderly adults; and enforces child support orders. Staff also provides employment counseling and assistance for people with disabilities.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of this program include the following:

Provide customer service through a coordinated system, emphasizing referral of customers to the appropriate resources and programs.

Ensure the safety of children.

Provide permanent families for children.

Statutory History. SRS is authorized to operate federal and state assistance programs under KSA 39-708c. KSA 39-709 sets out the general eligibility rules for financial assistance. The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (PL 104-193) amended many of the federal statutes governing this program. This law combined cash assistance programs into one block grant, imposed work requirements on welfare recipients, and limited lifetime benefits. Kansas' welfare reform program is authorized by KSA 39-7,101 et seq. KSA 39-753 et seq. require SRS to enforce child support orders.

Participation of the state in federal vocational rehabilitation programs is provided for in KSA 72-4308 through KSA 72-4316. The Division of Services for the Blind is authorized by KSA 39-708c. Section 304 of PL 96-265 requires state agencies to make disability determinations in compliance with SSA regulations, performance standards, and other administrative requirements and procedures.

The Child Welfare Division is governed by both state and federal statute. The *Kansas Code for the Care of Children* (KSA 38-1501 et seq.) identifies the responsibilities of the Secretary related to children in need of care. KSA 75-7001 creates the Juvenile Justice Authority and transfers to it all of the state programs for juvenile offenders previously administered by SRS.

Integrated Service Delivery

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	120,700,473	120,810,860	125,273,267		124,268,074
Contractual Services	66,529,835	65,697,649	66,865,839	708,100	66,105,921
Commodities	1,450,666	1,481,992	1,483,513		1,483,513
Capital Outlay	1,225,016	453,327	416,012		416,012
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$189,905,990	\$188,443,828	\$194,038,631	\$708,100	\$192,273,520
Aid to Local Governments	9,533,106	17,981,078	20,429,216		21,362,670
Other Assistance	316,198,978	326,000,416	345,531,905	2,720,000	337,562,757
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$515,638,074	\$532,425,322	\$559,999,752	\$3,428,100	\$551,198,947
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$515,638,074	\$532,425,322	\$559,999,752	\$3,428,100	\$551,198,947
Non-expense Items	3,913,442	3,911,738	4,423,499		4,423,499
Total Expenditures by Object	\$519,551,516	\$536,337,060	\$564,423,251	\$3,428,100	\$555,622,446
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	182,206,414	175,156,225	189,484,256	2,537,154	179,594,693
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	7,550,000	10,300,000	10,300,000		11,600,000
Building Funds					
Other Funds	329,795,102	350,880,835	364,638,995	890,946	364,427,753
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$519,551,516	\$536,337,060	\$564,423,251	\$3,428,100	\$555,622,446
FTE Positions	3,437.0	3,413.5	3,413.5		3,413.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	26.8	43.6	43.6		43.6
Total Positions	3,463.8	3,457.1	3,457.1		3,457.1

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Health Care Policy.

Operations. The Health Care Policy Program includes five subprograms: Medical Policy/Medicaid, Mental Health and Substance Abuse Treatment and Recovery, Community Support Services, the Sex Predator Treatment Program, and the Developmental Disability Council. The Medical Policy/Medicaid Subprogram purchases medical services for adults and children eligible for Medicaid, MediKan, and HealthWave benefits. Medicaid and HealthWave are regulated and partially funded by the federal The MediKan Program is wholly government. administered and funded by the state. Services are delivered through a mix of managed health care and fee for services.

The Mental Health and Substance Abuse Treatment and Recovery Subprogram (MHSATR) contracts with community agencies to provide services to individuals and families who experience mental illness and/or substance abuse. The program emphasizes informed consumer choice and provides services in the least restrictive environment. MHSATR awards state and federal funds to nonprofit programs and evaluates the effectiveness of services. It oversees the three state psychiatric hospitals as well as the licensure and contract funding of community mental health centers.

The Community Support Services Subprogram administers a system of community-based services for people with severe disabilities. Services are coordinated through partnerships with developmental disabilities organizations and provided through community service providers. Federal, state, local, and private sources finance services, including independent living counseling, attendant care, and family respite care. The federal government waives some Medicaid rules allowing states to be reimbursed for community based services, if they can be provided at a lower cost than institutional care. Kansas operates waiver programs for individuals with head injuries, physical disabilities, developmental disabilities, and for those dependent on medical equipment. The program oversees the two state hospitals for the developmentally disabled.

The Developmental Disability Council is a federally funded council that advocates for services to keep disabled individuals in the community.

The Sex Predator Treatment Program provides longterm care and treatment for civilly committed sexually violent predators.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of the program include the following:

Maintain and improve the health of eligible children and adults while maintaining or reducing the rate of growth in expenditures.

Administer an effective community-based system of supports for individuals with mental illness, substance abuse, physical disabilities, and developmental disabilities.

Statutory History. The statute that gives the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services authority to administer a medical assistance program is KSA 39-708c(a). KSA 39-709 and 39-708c specify eligibility criteria for the program and require the Secretary of SRS to develop a state plan to comply with federal requirements. Federal requirements concerning the Medicaid Program are contained in Title XIX of the Social Security Act. The 1998 Legislature enacted legislation authorizing implementation of the HealthWave insurance program for uninsured children in Kansas.

The management structure of MHSATR is outlined in KSA 75-5308d, 75-5308e, and 75-5316a. The Treatment Act for Mentally Ill Persons (KSA 59-2901) sets the methods by which mentally ill patients are provided both voluntary and involuntary mental health treatments. KSA 65-4411 et seq. describe the distribution of state aid to community facilities for the developmentally disabled. The Developmentally Disabilities Reform Act is found in KSA 39-1801 et seq. The authority regarding substance abuse treatment can be found in KSA 65-4001.

___Health Care Policy

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	7 Ictuar	Gov. Estimate	Buse Budget	Emiane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	9,138,561	8,598,920	9,183,201		8,456,607
Contractual Services	71,779,843	62,311,671	55,279,450	200,000	53,908,960
Commodities	212,309	110,063	110,063		110,063
Capital Outlay	92,513				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$81,223,226	\$71,020,654	\$64,572,714	\$200,000	\$62,475,630
Aid to Local Governments	61,219,955	67,600,544	74,050,024	2,000,000	70,598,044
Other Assistance	1,187,806,505	1,281,606,879	1,366,159,456	105,816,578	1,421,701,068
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,330,249,686	\$1,420,228,077	\$1,504,782,194	\$108,016,578	\$1,554,774,742
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,330,249,686	\$1,420,228,077	\$1,504,782,194	\$108,016,578	\$1,554,774,742
Non-expense Items	378,008,449				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,708,258,135	\$1,420,228,077	\$1,504,782,194	\$108,016,578	\$1,554,774,742
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	372,289,899	438,865,443	549,094,023	42,660,086	545,302,956
Water Plan	· · · · ·				· · · · · ·
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	12,193,374	14,528,000	14,528,000		15,528,000
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,323,774,862	966,834,634	941,160,171	65,356,492	993,943,786
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,708,258,135	\$1,420,228,077	\$1,504,782,194	\$108,016,578	\$1,554,774,742
FTE Positions	215.1	177.4	177.4		177.4
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	33.5	22.5	22.5		22.5
Total Positions	248.6	199.9	199.9		199.9

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

Operations. The Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services is responsible for operation and maintenance of the Rehabilitation Center for the Blind in Topeka and the Chanute State Office Building. In addition, all systemwide capital improvements and rehabilitation and repair projects for the state hospitals are included in this budget. Capital improvements specific to each state hospital are contained in the budgets of the respective institutions. State office building and rehabilitation and repair funding comes from rents charged to agencies and programs occupying the building space. The majority of the rehabilitation and repair projects in the state hospitals are financed from the State Institutions Building Fund.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to maintain facilities in a sound and operable condition.

Statutory History. Article 7, Section 6 of the *Kansas Constitution* authorizes the deposit of funds received from a permanent property tax levy in the State Institutions Building Fund. The constitution authorizes expenditures from this fund for institutions caring for those who are mentally ill, retarded, blind, tubercular, or deaf. It also authorizes the use of these funds for children who are dependent, neglected, or delinquent and in need of institutional care or treatment. Finally, the fund can be used for institutions that primarily provide vocational rehabilitation for disabled persons.

Debt Service & Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	1 10 10 10	Go () Estimate	Dage Dauget	2	33111001
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service			1,381,316		1,381,316
Operating Adjustments					· · ·
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$1,381,316	\$	\$1,381,316
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$	\$	\$1,381,316	\$	\$1,381,316
Capital Improvements	3,773,076	4,528,392	6,480,891		6,480,891
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$3,773,076	\$4,528,392	\$7,862,207	\$	\$7,862,207
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$3,773,076	\$4,528,392	\$7,862,207	\$	\$7,862,207
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	3,607,119	4,228,392	7,562,207		7,562,207
Other Funds	165,957	300,000	300,000		300,000
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$3,773,076	\$4,528,392	\$7,862,207	\$	\$7,862,207
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Disability Determination Services _____

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	4,154,358	4,759,947	4,839,177		4,839,177
Contractual Services	3,500,036	3,791,403	3,809,196		3,791,403
Commodities	127,448	145,056	145,056		145,056
Capital Outlay	41,848	54,404	54,404		54,404
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$7,823,690	\$8,750,810	\$8,847,833	\$	\$8,830,040
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	3,464,857	3,826,466	3,826,466		3,826,466
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$11,288,547	\$12,577,276	\$12,674,299	\$	\$12,656,506
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$11,288,547	\$12,577,276	\$12,674,299	\$	\$12,656,506
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$11,288,547	\$12,577,276	\$12,674,299	\$	\$12,656,506
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	11,724	10,440	10,440		10,440
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	11,276,823	12,566,836	12,663,859		12,646,066
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$11,288,547	\$12,577,276	\$12,674,299	\$	\$12,656,506
FTE Positions	122.4	122.4	122.4		122.4
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	123.4	123.4	123.4		123.4

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Average number of days to process federal disability claims	64	62	61
Percent of accurate determinations for federal disability cases	94.0 %	95.0 %	96.0 %

Child Support Enforcement

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			· ·	C	
Salaries and Wages	1,752,465	1,616,497	1,737,439		1,641,870
Contractual Services	22,121,149	21,823,894	21,159,996	208,100	21,154,025
Commodities	26,881	28,113	28,113		28,113
Capital Outlay	3,409	4,022	4,022		4,022
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$23,903,904	\$23,472,526	\$22,929,570	\$208,100	\$22,828,030
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	69,673	100,000	100,000		100,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$23,973,577	\$23,572,526	\$23,029,570	\$208,100	\$22,928,030
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$23,973,577	\$23,572,526	\$23,029,570	\$208,100	\$22,928,030
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$23,973,577	\$23,572,526	\$23,029,570	\$208,100	\$22,928,030
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	132			202,754	
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	23,973,445	23,572,526	23,029,570	5,346	22,928,030
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$23,973,577	\$23,572,526	\$23,029,570	\$208,100	\$22,928,030
FTE Positions	38.5	38.5	38.5		38.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	38.5	38.5	38.5		38.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of cases with a child support obligation	62.1 %	63.1 %	69.1 %
Percent of current child support collected	54.7 %	55.7 %	56.7 %

Rehabilitation Services_

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Dasc Budget	Eiliane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rcc.
Salaries and Wages	1,738,185	1,772,880	1,903,474		1,805,098
Contractual Services	1,007,317	932,730	1,011,034		943,583
Commodities	92,855	72,573	72,573		72,573
Capital Outlay	309,883	17,943	17,943		17,943
Debt Service	309,883	17,943	17,943		17,943
Operating Adjustments					
	¢2 149 240	¢2 706 126	\$3,005,024	\$ 	¢2 920 107
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,148,240	\$2,796,126		\$	\$2,839,197
Aid to Local Governments	2,098,518	3,702,061	3,849,676		3,483,130
Other Assistance	15,904,677	14,576,702	14,702,314		14,702,314
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$21,151,435	\$21,074,889	\$21,557,014	\$	\$21,024,641
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$21,151,435	\$21,074,889	\$21,557,014	\$	\$21,024,641
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$21,151,435	\$21,074,889	\$21,557,014	\$	\$21,024,641
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	4,271,217	4,394,353	4,635,701		4,463,611
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	16,880,218	16,680,536	16,921,313		16,561,030
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$21,151,435	\$21,074,889	\$21,557,014	\$	\$21,024,641
FTE Positions	48.1	43.6	43.6		43.6
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	49.1	44.6	44.6		44.6

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of rehabilitated clients gaining competitive employment	91.0 %	91.0 %	92.0 %
Number of clients rehabilitated	1,866	1,975	2,074
Number of new certified sign language interpreters certification	26	20	20

Temporary Assistance to Families

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services	135,711	317,875	317,875		317,875
Commodities	34,896				
Capital Outlay	15,022				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$185,629	\$317,875	\$317,875	\$	\$317,875
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	57,077,825	65,286,476	69,535,457		71,798,493
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$57,263,454	\$65,604,351	\$69,853,332	\$	\$72,116,368
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$57,263,454	\$65,604,351	\$69,853,332	\$	\$72,116,368
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$57,263,454	\$65,604,351	\$69,853,332	\$	\$72,116,368
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	30,293,120	29,821,027	30,293,070		29,821,028
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	26,970,334	35,783,324	39,560,262		42,295,340
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$57,263,454	\$65,604,351	\$69,853,332	\$	\$72,116,368
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of Temporary Assistance to Families cases closed because of employment	39.1 %	42.60 %	42.6 %
Percent of Temporary Assistance to Families cases reopening within 12 months of closure	34.7 %	34.5 %	34.0 %

General Assistance_____

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	5,972,720	6,900,000	8,017,890		7,305,261
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$5,972,720	\$6,900,000	\$8,017,890	\$	\$7,305,261
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$5,972,720	\$6,900,000	\$8,017,890	\$	\$7,305,261
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$5,972,720	\$6,900,000	\$8,017,890	\$	\$7,305,261
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	5,960,000	6,900,000	8,017,890		7,305,261
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	12,720				
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$5,972,720	\$6,900,000	\$8,017,890	\$	\$7,305,261
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

____Field Operations

	EV 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	FY 2002 Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Dase Dudget	Eiliane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	104,675,905	104,754,618	108,326,637		108,326,637
Contractual Services	21,920,415	23,124,303	23,039,624		22,803,288
Commodities	818,183	822,525	819,505		819,505
	,	*			,
Capital Outlay	610,561	278,267	240,952		240,952
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments	 *100.00 = 064	 4440 0 = 0 = 44	 4122 124 E10		 4122 100 202
Subtotal: State Operations	\$128,025,064	\$128,979,713	\$132,426,718	\$	\$132,190,382
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	2,062				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$128,027,126	\$128,979,713	\$132,426,718	\$	\$132,190,382
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$128,027,126	\$128,979,713	\$132,426,718	\$	\$132,190,382
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$128,027,126	\$128,979,713	\$132,426,718	\$	\$132,190,382
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	51,713,889	52,052,781	53,563,386		53,467,596
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	76,313,237	76,926,932	78,863,332		78,722,786
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$128,027,126	\$128,979,713	\$132,426,718	\$	\$132,190,382
FTE Positions	3,042.0	3,024.0	3,024.0		3,024.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	8.8	27.8	27.8		27.8
Total Positions	3,050.8	3,051.8	3,051.8		3,051.8

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Addiction Services_

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	371,009	467,929	503,458		503,458
Contractual Services	688,437	189,041	189,041		189,041
Commodities	7,326	10,185	10,185		10,185
Capital Outlay	28,116				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,094,888	\$667,155	\$702,684	\$	\$702,684
Aid to Local Governments	8,115,842				
Other Assistance	7,244,078	19,892,514	20,428,143		20,428,143
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$16,454,808	\$20,559,669	\$21,130,827	\$	\$21,130,827
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$16,454,808	\$20,559,669	\$21,130,827	\$	\$21,130,827
Non-expense Items	17,984				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$16,472,792	\$20,559,669	\$21,130,827	\$	\$21,130,827
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	3,056,730	2,286,739	2,362,986		2,362,986
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	13,416,062	18,272,930	18,767,841		18,767,841
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$16,472,792	\$20,559,669	\$21,130,827	\$	\$21,130,827
FTE Positions	8.0	11.0	11.0		11.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0				
Total Positions	9.0	11.0	11.0		11.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of consumers served by state funded substance abuse providers	14,111	14,500	14,750
Amount of income earned by clients after receiving substance abuse treatment	\$800	\$850	\$900
Percent of youth using alcohol in the past 30 days	32.9 %	31.8 %	30.8 %
Percent of youth using tobacco in the past 30 days	14.8 %	13.0 %	11.1 %
Percent of youth using marijuana in the past 30 days	10.1 %	9.6 %	9.1 %

Mental Health Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	714,688	711,590	746,672		686,667
Contractual Services	886,724	270,807	270,807		329,193
Commodities	21,479				
Capital Outlay	6,136				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,629,027	\$982,397	\$1,017,479	\$	\$357,474
Aid to Local Governments	40,418,483	56,157,261	59,849,261	2,000,000	58,118,011
Other Assistance	12,426,267				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$54,473,777	\$57,139,658	\$60,866,740	\$2,000,000	\$58,475,485
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$54,473,777	\$57,139,658	\$60,866,740	\$2,000,000	\$58,475,485
Non-expense Items	11,139				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$54,484,916	\$57,139,658	\$60,866,740	\$2,000,000	\$58,475,485
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	38,966,414	34,946,828	41,159,939	2,000,000	38,860,100
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	5,980,000	8,228,000	8,228,000		8,228,000
Building Funds					
Other Funds	9,538,502	13,964,830	11,478,801		11,387,385
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$54,484,916	\$57,139,658	\$60,866,740	\$2,000,000	\$58,475,485
FTE Positions	13.8	14.8	14.8		14.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	15.8	15.8	15.8		15.8

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of consumers with severe and persistent mental illness treated by community mental health centers	13,427	13,500	13,500
Number of children with severe emotional disturbance treated by community mental health centers	10,900	11,000	11,100

HealthWave_____

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
E and it and to Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	25.070				
Contractual Services	25,870				
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$25,870	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	43,187,925	45,925,940	46,254,590	12,025,000	56,991,390
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$43,213,795	\$45,925,940	\$46,254,590	\$12,025,000	\$56,991,390
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$43,213,795	\$45,925,940	\$46,254,590	\$12,025,000	\$56,991,390
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$43,213,795	\$45,925,940	\$46,254,590	\$12,025,000	\$56,991,390
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	10,672,230	11,175,340	11,266,968	4,091,526	13,685,963
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	1,413,374	1,000,000	1,000,000		2,000,000
Building Funds					
Other Funds	31,128,191	33,750,600	33,987,622	7,933,474	41,305,427
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$43,213,795	\$45,925,940	\$46,254,590	\$12,025,000	\$56,991,390
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of children enrolled in a health insurance program as a result			
of HealthWave outreach	31,000	28,000	30,000

_Regular Medical

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services	24,270				
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$24,270	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	824,590,018	919,165,057	996,189,042	76,195,578	1,041,068,083
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$824,614,288	\$919,165,057	\$996,189,042	\$76,195,578	\$1,041,068,083
Capital Improvements	· · ·				
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$824,614,288	\$919,165,057	\$996,189,042	\$76,195,578	\$1,041,068,083
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$824,614,288	\$919,165,057	\$996,189,042	\$76,195,578	\$1,041,068,083
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	270,206,874	311,627,281	341,425,717	28,408,149	352,112,379
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	4,800,000	4,800,000	4,800,000		4,800,000
Building Funds					
Other Funds	549,607,414	602,737,776	649,963,325	47,787,429	684,155,704
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$824,614,288	\$919,165,057	\$996,189,042	\$76,195,578	\$1,041,068,083
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FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Developmental Disability Waiver_____

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	189,467,567	192,216,298	195,204,826	11,189,000	205,172,612
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$189,467,567	\$192,216,298	\$195,204,826	\$11,189,000	\$205,172,612
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$189,467,567	\$192,216,298	\$195,204,826	\$11,189,000	\$205,172,612
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$189,467,567	\$192,216,298	\$195,204,826	\$11,189,000	\$205,172,612
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,334,693	24,842,697	78,036,472	5,407,320	74,242,406
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	188,132,874	167,373,601	117,168,354	5,781,680	130,930,206
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$189,467,567	\$192,216,298	\$195,204,826	\$11,189,000	\$205,172,612
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Average monthly persons with developmental disabilities receiving			
community services	5,539	5,650	5,617

Physically Disabled Waiver

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services	201				
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$201	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	60,528,213	57,102,769	61,155,777	5,000,000	58,185,610
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$60,528,414	\$57,102,769	\$61,155,777	\$5,000,000	\$58,185,610
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$60,528,414	\$57,102,769	\$61,155,777	\$5,000,000	\$58,185,610
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$60,528,414	\$57,102,769	\$61,155,777	\$5,000,000	\$58,185,610
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	457,405	6,217,009	24,329,975	2,000,000	19,615,404
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	60,071,009	50,885,760	36,825,802	3,000,000	38,570,206
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$60,528,414	\$57,102,769	\$61,155,777	\$5,000,000	\$58,185,610
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2001 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate
Average monthly persons with physical disabilities receiving			
community services	3,747	3,874	3,900

Child Care & Early Childhood Development_____

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	454,803	437,470	435,181		421,298
Contractual Services	2,941,127	4,684,553	4,690,944		4,690,944
Commodities	7,053	13,609	13,609		13,609
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,402,983	\$5,135,632	\$5,139,734	\$	\$5,125,851
Aid to Local Governments	4,933,531	8,455,368	10,155,368		10,155,368
Other Assistance	3,833,842				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$12,170,356	\$13,591,000	\$15,295,102	\$	\$15,281,219
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$12,170,356	\$13,591,000	\$15,295,102	\$	\$15,281,219
Non-expense Items	2,155,650				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$14,326,006	\$13,591,000	\$15,295,102	\$	\$15,281,219
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	25,655	31,032	31,032		30,440
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	14,300,351	13,559,968	15,264,070		15,250,779
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$14,326,006	\$13,591,000	\$15,295,102	\$	\$15,281,219
FTE Positions	28.2	10.0	10.0		10.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.0				
Total Positions	30.2	10.0	10.0		10.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of children in Early Head Start demonstrating developmental growth	87.0 %	88.0 %	90.0 %
Percent of early education teachers participating in professional development	81.0 %	85.0 %	85.0 %

_Family Preservation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	10,554,275	9,593,118	11,449,572	1,520,000	9,964,083
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$10,554,275	\$9,593,118	\$11,449,572	\$1,520,000	\$9,964,083
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$10,554,275	\$9,593,118	\$11,449,572	\$1,520,000	\$9,964,083
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$10,554,275	\$9,593,118	\$11,449,572	\$1,520,000	\$9,964,083
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	3,045,555		1,243,770	1,520,000	267,909
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund		2,293,781	2,750,000		2,243,770
Building Funds					
Other Funds	7,508,720	7,299,337	7,455,802		7,452,404
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$10,554,275	\$9,593,118	\$11,449,572	\$1,520,000	\$9,964,083
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of families referred to family preservation services	3,812	731	3,081
Percent of families that remain intact 12 months after receiving family preservation services	95.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %

Foster Care Contract

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	91,940,259	88,003,683	94,324,669	1,200,000	87,192,502
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$91,940,259	\$88,003,683	\$94,324,669	\$1,200,000	\$87,192,502
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$91,940,259	\$88,003,683	\$94,324,669	\$1,200,000	\$87,192,502
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$91,940,259	\$88,003,683	\$94,324,669	\$1,200,000	\$87,192,502
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	37,785,517	33,337,435	38,139,332	480,000	33,235,967
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund		456,219			
Building Funds					
Other Funds	54,154,742	54,210,029	56,185,337	720,000	53,956,535
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$91,940,259	\$88,003,683	\$94,324,669	\$1,200,000	\$87,192,502
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Average number of children in foster care each month	3,264	3,157	3,136
Percent of children in foster care experiencing four or fewer placement changes	92.0 %	92.0 %	92.0 %
Percent of children returning home who do not reenter foster care	86.0 %	80.0 %	80.0 %

___Adoption Contract

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
Euman dituma hu Ohiaat	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	28,156,398	33,561,332	35,311,017		34,421,790
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$28,156,398	\$33,561,332	\$35,311,017	\$	\$34,421,790
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$28,156,398	\$33,561,332	\$35,311,017	\$	\$34,421,790
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$28,156,398	\$33,561,332	\$35,311,017	\$	\$34,421,790
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	15,349,323	15,670,018	16,871,993		16,261,271
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	12,807,075	17,891,314	18,439,024		18,160,519
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$28,156,398	\$33,561,332	\$35,311,017	\$	\$34,421,790
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of children placed with adoptive families within 180 days of referral	15.0 %	55.0 %	55.0 %
Percent of adoptions finalized within 12 months of placement	90.0 %	90.0 %	90.0 %
Percent of children aging out of foster care and adoption receiving independent living services	57.0 %	80.0 %	80.0 %

Board of Tax Appeals_

Mission. The mission of the Board of Tax Appeals is to resolve disputes in an impartial and timely manner regarding any tax issue between various taxing authorities and the taxpayers of the state, as well as to authorize various taxing subdivisions to exceed budget limitations and/or issue no-fund warrants.

Operations. The Board of Tax Appeals currently consists of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. However, the Governor is proposing that the Board be reduced from five members to three members in January 2003. Board members serve staggered, four-year terms.

The statutory duties of the Board include hearing appeals arising from property taxes paid under protest, equalization appeals, tax exemptions, and tax grievances. The Board hears appeals resulting from the orders of the Director of Taxation involving sales tax, compensating use taxes, income tax, homestead tax refunds, drug tax assessments, and liquor enforcement tax. The Board also hears appeals resulting from the orders of the Director of Property Valuation regarding reappraisal appeals, agriculture use values, state-assessed properties, and valuation guides.

It also has the authority to approve the issuance of nofund warrants and certain general obligation bonds for local governments. Industrial revenue bond applicants must file specified information with the Board concerning issuance of the bonds, the valuation of property purchased or acquired, and tax exemption applications.

Based on present trends, the Board of Tax Appeals anticipates the majority of its cases will be related to exemptions from taxation and valuation appeals. The creation of the Small Claims Division in 1998 requires all single-family residential property owners to go through the Small Claims Division as of July 1, 2000.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Board of Tax Appeals is to hear and determine tax appeals brought before the Board in an expeditious and conscientious manner. The objectives established to reach this goal include the following:

Reduce the current number of open cases by hearing them as soon as possible after receipt, deciding the cases once they have been fully submitted, and issuing orders setting forth the Board's decision.

Reduce the number of cases actually scheduled for hearing and reduce the time between the time an appeal is filed and a hearing is held by holding status conferences.

Be more responsive to the people of Kansas by ensuring a fair hearing to all Kansas taxpayers; continuing to travel to outlying areas to hear appeals on single-family residential, agricultural land, and small commercial properties; and decreasing the time from the date an appeal is filed with the Board to the date an order is certified.

Continue to develop the Small Claims Division into a functional part of the agency that will hear and decide matters within its jurisdiction in a just, courteous, and expeditious manner in compliance with law.

Statutory History. Authority for the Board is found under KSA 74-2433 et seq. In 1957, the Legislature created the Board of Tax Appeals and a new state Board of Tax Appeals was created in 1969. During the 1998 Legislative Session, the Small Claims Division was created and Board members' educational requirements were amended. Also, Board members were placed under the Supreme Court rules of judicial conduct.

_Board of Tax Appeals

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,511,137	1,275,717	1,437,461		1,127,527
Contractual Services	369,046	370,838	397,212	36,000	397,212
Commodities	16,623	23,827	22,254		22,254
Capital Outlay	27,074	167,937			
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$1,923,880	\$1,838,319	\$1,856,927	\$36,000	\$1,546,993
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,923,880	\$1,838,319	\$1,856,927	\$36,000	\$1,546,993
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,923,880	\$1,838,319	\$1,856,927	\$36,000	\$1,546,993
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,923,880	\$1,838,319	\$1,856,927	\$36,000	\$1,546,993
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,915,645	1,823,819	1,842,427	36,000	1,232,493
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	8,235	14,500	14,500		314,500
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,923,880	\$1,838,319	\$1,856,927	\$36,000	\$1,546,993
FTE Positions	31.0	27.0	28.0		26.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	31.0	27.0	28.0		26.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Total filings	7,705	7,654	7,540
Cases closed	8,171	9,080	8,500
Active cases	4,120	4,500	4,200

Topeka Correctional Facility_

Mission. The mission of Topeka Correctional Facility, as part of the criminal justice system, contributes to public safety by exercising reasonable, safe, secure, and humane control of offenders while actively encouraging and assisting them to become law-abiding citizens.

Operations. The Topeka Correctional Facility (TCF) has an operating capacity of 610 inmates, including 62 maximum custody and 548 medium custody inmates. Facility operations are organized under eight major budgetary programs: Administration, Security, Classification and Programs, Inmate Transportation, Testing and Psychiatric Evaluation, Support Services, West Unit, and Capital Improvements.

The Administration Program provides for overall management and operation of the institution and includes financial management, planning, personnel administration. The Security Program's primary function is to minimize escapes from the institution, minimize acts of physical violence by inmates, and provide staff with a safe working environment. Correctional officers control internal and external movement of inmates; monitor activities; supervise work details; investigate incidents relating to the security, safety, and well-being of the institution, inmates, and staff; and perform miscellaneous duties. Classification and Programs maintains all the records regarding work assignments, progress reviews, attitudinal and adjustment counseling, probation/parole counseling, and other matters regarding the inmates. The Inmate Transportation Program provides for the movement of inmates among the various correctional

facilities. The Testing and Psychiatric Evaluation Program provides an evaluation summary of the psychiatric, psychological, social substance abuse, educational, and medical evaluation for each offender committed to the custody of the Secretary of Corrections. The Support Services Program includes such activities as laundry and supply as well as facilities operations and physical plant maintenance. Both food service as well as medical and mental health services are contracted by the Department of Corrections with private firms.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the facility is to provide for the secure and humane confinement of offenders and provide for public safety. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Limit the number of inmate assaults on staff.

Limit the number of inmate escapes.

Statutory History. The general statutory citation for the Department of Corrections and the correctional institutions under its control is Article 75, Chapter 52 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. Specific statutory citations include KSA 75-2505, which provides that Topeka Correctional Facility operate under the general supervision and management of the Secretary of Corrections; KSA 75-5210 and 75-5211, which deal with the treatment of inmates and the types of programs that the Secretary of Corrections must establish; and KSA 75-5252, which prescribes the duties and responsibilities of the wardens of the correctional institutions.

Topeka Correctional Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program			C	C	
Administration	1,314,187	1,226,484	1,269,593		1,258,261
Security	5,080,087	5,771,042	6,076,112		5,962,813
Classification And Programs	1,274,959	1,367,825	1,490,696		1,477,326
Support Services	2,332,260	2,752,981	2,546,444		2,535,569
West Unit	679,405				
Capital Improvement	1,461,603	154,401			
Total Expenditures	\$12,142,501	\$11,272,733	\$11,382,845	\$	\$11,233,969
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	8,800,719	9,177,961	9,667,323		9,518,447
Contractual Services	1,007,924	926,173	984,296		984,296
Commodities	825,067	735,959	694,226		694,226
Capital Outlay	47,154	278,239	37,000		37,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$10,680,864	\$11,118,332	\$11,382,845	\$	\$11,233,969
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	34				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$10,680,898	\$11,118,332	\$11,382,845	\$	\$11,233,969
Capital Improvements	1,461,603	154,401			
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$12,142,501	\$11,272,733	\$11,382,845	\$	\$11,233,969
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$12,142,501	\$11,272,733	\$11,382,845	\$	\$11,233,969
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	10,532,798	10,293,956	10,562,724		10,198,848
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	1,461,603	154,401			
Other Funds	148,100	824,376	820,121		1,035,121
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$12,142,501	\$11,272,733	\$11,382,845	\$	\$11,233,969
FTE Positions	248.0	248.0	248.0		248.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Total Positions	251.0	251.0	251.0		251.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of escapes			
Number of assaults on staff	14	20	20

Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility_____

Mission. The mission of the Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility is to promote public safety, hold male offenders accountable for their behavior, and improve the offender's ability to live more productively and responsibly in the community. The facility maintains conditions of confinement that are secure, humane, and habilitative, and it operates within the expectations of community norms and offender needs.

Operations. The Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility is a state institution for the incarceration and rehabilitation of youth, generally between the ages of 13 and 23, whom the courts have found to be juvenile offenders or felons. With implementation of the sentencing matrix on July 1, 1999, convicted juveniles are placed in the Facility by court order. Sentences are determined by the court, and the Facility's Superintendent no longer has the authority to release juveniles to regulate population levels. Juvenile offenders are placed in the juvenile correctional facility for serious offenses with longer stays.

This 276-bed, secured juvenile facility is located on approximately 60 acres in the northwest area of Topeka. The Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility is the most secure juvenile correctional facility in the state. It serves the citizens of Kansas by maintaining custody of the juveniles while providing services and programs to habilitate and enable offenders to return to their communities as productive citizens. An on-site educational program is provided under contract with USD 609. The Administration Program as well as the Physical Plant and Central Services Program provide

the support needed to operate the institution efficiently.

Goals and Objectives. Goals of the Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility include the following:

Maintain a high standard of professionalism in providing juvenile correctional services and programs so as to ensure a controlled, healthy, safe, and secure environment for the habilitation of offenders.

Improve the juveniles life skills and competency to function in a complex and technical society.

Statutory History. The Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility was established in 1879 as the State Reform School and as the first institution for juvenile rehabilitation in the state. In 1901 the school was renamed the State Industrial School for Boys. In 1971, younger offenders who had been adjudicated delinquent or miscreant were transferred to the Atchison facility. In 1974, the name of the institution was changed to the Youth Center at Topeka. The current name, Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility, was established during the 1997 Legislative Session (KSA 76-2101). On July 1, 1997, responsibility for the juvenile correctional facilities in Kansas was transferred from the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services to the Juvenile Justice Authority (KSA 75-7001 et seq.). In 2000 the Legislature approved construction of a 225-bed facility adjacent to the current facility, which brings the capacity of the institution to 441. Completion of the new facility is slated for March 2004.

Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
General Administration	1,230,805	1,221,293	1,247,594	16,568	1,223,350
Kansas Juvenile Corr. Complex			3,500,000		1,325,000
Education Services	2,527,601	2,572,725	2,656,356	1,602	2,656,356
Juvenile Correctional Services	4,774,288	4,949,958	4,990,854	492,063	4,990,854
Ancillary Services	1,982,304	1,872,709	1,891,281	21,803	1,638,095
Physical Plant & Central Services	2,111,807	1,997,238	2,032,665	9,044	2,013,073
Capital Improvements	28,010,669	27,333			
Total Expenditures	\$40,637,474	\$12,641,256	\$16,318,750	\$541,080	\$13,846,728
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	7,890,042	8,183,751	10,160,798	541,080	9,095,501
Contractual Services	4,127,497	4,058,905	5,456,265	·	4,206,796
Commodities	465,154	363,267	688,687		531,431
Capital Outlay	144,112	8,000	13,000		13,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$12,626,805	\$12,613,923	\$16,318,750	\$541,080	\$13,846,728
Aid to Local Governments	φ12,020,000	Ψ12,013,725	φ10,210,720	φε-11,000	φ12,040,720
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$12,626,805	\$12,613,923	\$16,318,750	\$541,080	\$13,846,728
Capital Improvements	851,993	27,333			
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$13,478,798	\$12,641,256	\$16,318,750	\$541,080	\$13,846,728
Non-expense Items	27,158,676		φ 10,010,70	ψ ε 11, 000	φ10,010,720
Total Expenditures by Object	\$40,637,474	\$12,641,256	\$16,318,750	\$541,080	\$13,846,728
Evnanditures by Fund					
Expenditures by Fund State General Fund	11 021 220	12 102 224	15 010 706	541,080	13,171,684
	11,921,228	12,103,324	15,818,706		13,1/1,084
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	051.002	27.222			
Building Funds	851,993	27,333	 500.044		
Other Funds	27,864,253	510,599	500,044	 * 11 000	675,044
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$40,637,474	\$12,641,256	\$16,318,750	\$541,080	\$13,846,728
FTE Positions	226.0	226.0	451.0		394.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	226.0	226.0	451.0		394.0
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of offenders who showed improve academic instruments	rement on standar	dized	56.0 %	60.0 %	60.0 %
Percent of juveniles who successfully con	mplete conditional	l release	69.0 %	50.0 %	50.0 %
Number of juvenile offender escapes			8		

Department of Transportation

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Department of Transportation (KDOT) is to provide a statewide transportation system to meet the needs of Kansas.

Operations. The Department of Transportation has administrative and planning responsibilities for aviation, highways, public transportation, railroads, and waterways. The agency focuses on highway planning, design, construction, reconstruction, and maintenance; however, emphasis is also placed on rail and aviation transportation modes. The Department is directed by the Secretary of Transportation, who is appointed by the Governor. A 12-member Highway Advisory Commission, which consists of two members appointed by the Governor from each of six highway districts, advises the Secretary regarding system improvement. Aviation and rail advisory groups have also been formed administratively.

The Department is funded through state-imposed special user fees and fuel taxes, a portion of the state sales tax, interest on investments of highway related revenues, and federal funds. The current funding structure established by the 1999 Legislature provides a phased four-cent motor fuels tax increase and increases in the sales tax transfer. The 1999 Legislature also provided \$995.0 million in additional

bond authority. Another \$277.0 million in bonding authority was approved by the 2001 Legislature. That revenue stream along with projected federal funding will finance the Comprehensive Transportation Program from FY 2000 through FY 2009.

The State of Kansas includes over 133,000 miles of public roads and highways. Of those miles, over 10,000 are maintained by the Department of Transportation, 238 by the Kansas Turnpike Authority, and local governments maintain over 122,000 miles. There are also 236 miles located on the grounds of state parks and in other areas. Of the miles of highways maintained by the state, 635 are on the interstate highway system.

Statutory History. The Department of Transportation was created by the 1975 Legislature to replace the State Highway Commission, which had been established in 1929. Article 50, Chapter 75 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated* establishes and provides for administration of the Department. Article 4, Chapter 68 prescribes the powers and duties of the Secretary of Transportation. The fuel tax laws are contained in Article 34, Chapter 79. Vehicle registration fees and motor vehicle laws are contained in Chapter 8.

Department of Transportation

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Management	50,339,199	57,544,236	66,157,032		65,556,568
Local Support	183,527,238	184,454,249	184,122,923		184,061,023
Maintenance	250,694,289	283,761,899	303,088,929		299,070,857
Construction	680,615,294	985,797,994	927,426,431		923,908,251
Total Expenditures	\$1,165,176,020	\$1,511,558,378	\$1,480,795,315	\$	\$1,472,596,699
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	86,038,272	87,471,133	89,585,701		87,738,572
Contractual Services	32,125,144	32,369,742	35,813,034		35,813,034
Commodities	27,427,343	29,729,251	31,469,542		31,469,542
Capital Outlay	20,189,828	17,536,782	27,634,462		24,801,155
Debt Service	69,543,368	72,389,823	69,879,949		69,879,949
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$235,323,955	\$239,496,731	\$254,382,688	\$	\$249,702,252
Aid to Local Governments	175,977,986	178,569,330	179,649,677		179,649,677
Other Assistance	1,996,749	1,400,000	1,400,000		1,400,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$413,298,690	\$419,466,061	\$435,432,365	\$	\$430,751,929
Capital Improvements	743,473,173	1,078,130,805	1,028,964,027		1,025,445,847
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,156,771,863	\$1,497,596,866	\$1,464,396,392	\$	\$1,456,197,776
Non-expense Items	8,404,157	13,961,512	16,398,923		16,398,923
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,165,176,020	\$1,511,558,378	\$1,480,795,315	\$	\$1,472,596,699
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Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	94,288,021		139,200,000		
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,070,887,999	1,511,558,378	1,341,595,315		1,472,596,699
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,165,176,020	\$1,511,558,378	\$1,480,795,315	\$	\$1,472,596,699
FTE Positions	3,247.5	3,247.5	3,247.5		3,247.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Total Positions	3,250.5	3,250.5	3,250.5		3,250.5

Management_

Operations. The Department of Transportation consists of a central headquarters and six geographical districts. The districts are further divided into maintenance areas and subareas throughout the 105 counties. The agency management structure is organized into an Office of the Secretary and six divisions. The Department is headed by a Secretary appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate. The Secretary, with approval of the Governor, appoints the State Transportation Engineer and division directors.

The program performs several functions for the agency. First, it establishes the goals and policy direction for the agency, and it provides management planning. Second, the program provides general administrative services, such as financial control and computer support. Third, the program is responsible for transportation data collection and analysis. Fourth, it provides aviation and rail policy development and public transportation planning. Fifth, it coordinates

public outreach through media, legislative, and intergovernmental relations.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Management Program is to foster transportation programs that advance all modes of transportation. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Provide a program detailing the specific surface transportation projects that are required to facilitate the successful completion of the Kansas Comprehensive Transportation Program.

Improve public-use airports through state financial and planning assistance.

Statutory History. KSA 75-5015 authorizes the Secretary of Transportation to organize the Department in a manner considered most efficient and in accordance with other provisions of law.

_Management

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	28,481,287	28,506,706	29,122,384		28,521,920
Contractual Services	14,030,556	16,035,693	18,181,784		18,181,784
Commodities	1,424,848	1,612,876	1,651,340		1,651,340
Capital Outlay	4,228,708	3,880,371	5,618,156		5,618,156
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$48,165,399	\$50,035,646	\$54,573,664	\$	\$53,973,200
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	602,396	400,000	400,000		400,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$48,767,795	\$50,435,646	\$54,973,664	\$	\$54,373,200
Capital Improvements	1,851				
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$48,769,646	\$50,435,646	\$54,973,664	\$	\$54,373,200
Non-expense Items	1,569,553	7,108,590	11,183,368		11,183,368
Total Expenditures by Object	\$50,339,199	\$57,544,236	\$66,157,032	\$	\$65,556,568
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	50,339,199	57,544,236	66,157,032		65,556,568
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$50,339,199	\$57,544,236	\$66,157,032	\$	\$65,556,568
FTE Positions	574.5	574.5	574.5		574.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Total Positions	577.5	577.5	577.5		577.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of bridges on the state highway system that are safe	86.0 %	86.0 %	86.0 %
Percent of roadway miles on the state highway system with desirable levels of service during peak hours of travel	95.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %
Percent of the state highway system miles that are classified as "good" or "acceptable"	91.0 %	92.0 %	92.0 %
Number of major modification project miles completed	108	158	139
Number of substantial maintenance project miles resurfaced	1,411	1,338	1,242
Number of priority bridge projects completed	28	47	49
Number of public-use airports improved	25	23	22

Local Support.

Operations. The Local Support Program provides planning and financial assistance for preservation and improvement of local roads, streets, and bridges; capital and operating assistance for rural public transportation and specialized transportation of the elderly and disabled; improvement of rail facilities and service or measures to soften the effect of abandonment of rail service; improvement of publicuse aviation facilities; transportation planning by local organizations; and highway safety activities designed to reduce traffic accidents and fatalities.

The largest portion of local aid represents state-shared revenues distributed to cities, counties, and townships for road, bridge, and street improvements. Local governments receive 35.4 percent of net motor fuel tax collections and 100.0 percent of the motor carrier property tax revenues through the Special City and County Highway Fund and the County Equalization and Adjustment Fund. As motor fuel tax rates increase consistent with the 1999 Comprehensive Transportation Program, the percentage of net motor fuel tax collections received by local governments correspondingly began to decrease in FY 2002 and will continue to decrease until FY 2004, at which time the percentage will be 33.63.

The Special City and County Highway Fund is distributed 57.0 percent to counties and 43.0 percent to cities. Funds are allocated to counties on the basis of

registration fees collected, average daily vehicle miles (excluding interstate miles) traveled in the county, and total road mileage. The amount distributed to cities is based on population.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Local Support Program is to assist in providing a local transportation system that is safe, efficient, and reliable. An objective associated with this goal is to:

Provide federal financial and state planning assistance to local governments to improve transportation.

Statutory History. KSA 68-402 authorizes the Secretary of Transportation to enter into all contracts and agreements necessary to cooperate with federal agencies in the procurement of federal aid. KSA 68-402b authorizes counties, cities, and other political subdivisions to enter into contracts with the Secretary of Transportation for federal funds and establishes the procedures for their distribution. Distribution of state funds from the Special City and County Highway Fund and the County Equalization and Adjustment Fund is provided in KSA 79-3425 and 79-3425(c), respectively. KSA 75-5025 et seg. authorize the Secretary to accept and utilize federal funds for railroad revitalization. KSA 75-5033 provides \$6.0 million annually for public transportation for the elderly and disabled.

Local Support

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	3,087,761	2,941,187	3,002,225		2,940,325
Contractual Services	2,749,539	2,840,046	2,530,547		2,530,547
Commodities	35,682	58,156	59,340		59,340
Capital Outlay	65,200	90,150	79,134		79,134
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,938,182	\$5,929,539	\$5,671,246	\$	\$5,609,346
Aid to Local Governments	172,988,854	175,209,330	176,289,677		176,289,677
Other Assistance	1,394,353	1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$180,321,389	\$182,138,869	\$182,960,923	\$	\$182,899,023
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$180,321,389	\$182,138,869	\$182,960,923	\$	\$182,899,023
Non-expense Items	3,205,849	2,315,380	1,162,000		1,162,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$183,527,238	\$184,454,249	\$184,122,923	\$	\$184,061,023
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund			11,200,000		
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	183,527,238	184,454,249	172,922,923		184,061,023
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$183,527,238	\$184,454,249	\$184,122,923	\$	\$184,061,023
FTE Positions	57.0	57.0	57.0		57.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	57.0	57.0	57.0		57.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of programmed local road and street projects contracted in the programmed year	71.0 %	75.0 %	80.0 %
Percent change in the annual ridership for rural public transportation operations in Kansas	23.0 %	3.0 %	3.0 %
Average number of days to complete a traffic study	30	30	30
Injuries per million vehicle miles	1	1	1
Percent of injuries related to alcohol	9.0 %	9.0 %	9.0 %
Percent of Kansas drivers and passengers using seat belts	60.0 %	60.0 %	60.0 %

Maintenance_

Operations. The Maintenance Program contains all regular and substantial highway and bridge maintenance functions performed by the state. Regular maintenance activities are designed to preserve, repair, and restore the roadway system to its designed or accepted standards. System elements include travelway surfaces, shoulders, roadsides, drainage facilities, bridges, signs, and markings. Also included are such traffic services as lighting and signal operation, snow and ice removal, and operation of roadside rest areas.

Maintenance activities are undertaken to offset the effects of deterioration, damage, and vandalism. Deterioration includes the effects of aging, material fatigue, and design and construction weaknesses. Activities also include repair of buildings and equipment essential to perform maintenance activities. Substantial maintenance projects are completed by contract and are based on statewide need. The project selection criterion includes a formula for ranking projects.

Funds are also provided to cities to assist in maintenance of routes designated as highway connecting links. Costs for maintenance of these links are apportioned between the Department of Transportation and the city as determined by agreement. The Department of Transportation reimburses cities and counties at the rate of \$3,000 per lane-mile for links they maintain. The Department of Transportation sets aside approximately \$3.0 million annually for substantial maintenance projects on connecting links to be matched with city funding on a

50/50 or 25/75 basis, depending on city size, up to \$200,000 per resurfacing project.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Maintenance Program is to maintain a state highway system that is safe and reliable. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Provide routine maintenance through the state workforce to ensure a safe and usable State Highway System.

Minimize the need for major reconstruction or renovation on the State Highway System through resurfacing and other contract actions.

Statutory History. KSA 68-407 empowers the Secretary of Transportation to perform all work or enter into any contract in accordance with the construction. improvement, reconstruction, maintenance of the state highway system. KSA 68-406 and 68-412 provide for the designation and improvement of city connecting links. KSA 68-416 requires the Secretary to apportion annually and distribute quarterly to cities \$3,000 per lane-mile for the maintenance of city connecting links. KSA 68-416a provides for the designation of responsibilities for maintenance of city connecting links. KSA 8-1337 and KSA 8-1338 assign authority to the Secretary of Transportation to set speed limits. KSA 68-404 and 68-415 provide for the Secretary to control entrances on state highways, and KSA 8-1911 provides authority to the Secretary to issue oversize or overweight permits to commercial motor carriers.

_Maintenance

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Dasc Dudget	Eimane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	54,469,224	56,023,240	57,461,092		56,276,327
Contractual Services	14,971,917	13,251,503	14,858,203		14,858,203
Commodities	25,966,813	28,058,219	29,758,862		29,758,862
Capital Outlay	15,895,920	13,566,261	21,937,172		19,103,865
Debt Service	13,693,920	13,300,201	21,937,172		19,103,603
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$111,303,874	\$110,899,223	\$124,015,329	\$ 	\$119,997,257
Aid to Local Governments	2,989,132	3,360,000	3,360,000	φ	3,360,000
Other Assistance	2,969,132	3,300,000	3,300,000		3,300,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$114,293,006	\$114,259,223	\$127,375,329	\$	\$123,357,257
Capital Improvements	135,692,409	168,747,000	174,925,000		174,925,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$249,985,415	\$283,006,223	\$302,300,329	\$	\$298,282,257
Non-expense Items	708,874	755,676	788,600	φ	788,600
*	\$250,694,289	\$283,761,899	\$303,088,929	\$ 	\$2 99,070,857
Total Expenditures by Object	\$250,094,269	\$205,701,099	\$303,000,929	\$	\$299,070,057
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	250,694,289	283,761,899	303,088,929		299,070,857
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$250,694,289	\$283,761,899	\$303,088,929	\$	\$299,070,857
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FTE Positions	1,555.0	1,555.0	1,555.0		1,555.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	· 	· 	´ ==		
Total Positions	1,555.0	1,555.0	1,555.0		1,555.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of lane miles of asphalt roadway on the state highway system that are repaired during the year	16.0 %	16.0 %	16.0 %
Percent of shoulder miles on the state highway system that are repaired	40.0 %	38.0 %	38.0 %
Lane miles of state highway system repaired	3.500	3,435	3.434

Construction_

Operations. The Construction Program of the Department of Transportation consists of those functions necessary to construct new highways. Program activities include right-of-way purchase, design, construction supervision, materials testing, agency facilities construction and remodeling, and payment of principal and interest on construction financed through the issuance of bonds. In addition, federal aid to local governments is included in this Highway Construction projects are program. classified either priority bridges, major modification, or system enhancement.

Projects under the Priority Bridge Program are designed to replace or rehabilitate substandard bridges. Substandard bridges are those in deteriorated condition or with deficiencies in load carrying capacity, width, or traffic service. Special consideration is given to replacing cribbed bridges, which are bridges with temporary structural supports to keep them in use. Bridges with vertical clearance deficiencies will be replaced at the rate of one bridge every other year until all the critical bridges are replaced.

In addition to the core bridge rehabilitation and replacement category, two priority bridge set-aside categories have been established to meet current needs more effectively. The two set-asides include the bridge deck replacement category and the culverts-bridges category.

The projects under the Major Modification Program are designed to improve safety and service of the existing roadway system. In addition to this roadway program, a number of projects are financed each year with major modification funds that are set aside for this purpose. These include Economic Development; Geometric Improvement; Railroad/Highway Crossing; Railroad Grade Separations; Hazard Elimination (HES); Guard Fence Upgrades; Corridor Management; Railroad Crossing Surfacing; Local Partnership

Railroad Grade Separation; and Intelligent Transportation Systems.

The System Enhancement Program was established to improve safety, relieve congestion, improve access, and enhance economic development. The categories are corridor improvements, bypass construction, and interchange/separation improvements. Projects must be on the State Highway System or a logical addition to the State Highway System.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Construction Program is to provide quality construction projects which enhance transportation in Kansas. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Prepare projects for construction according to planned program schedules.

Ensure highway construction projects are completed in accordance with established specifications and schedules.

Statutory History. KSA 68-404 et seq. authorize the Secretary of Transportation to investigate all highway conditions and expend funds from the State Highway Fund and other appropriate sources in order to maintain or improve the state highway system. KSA 68-407 gives the Secretary the authority to enter into all contracts necessary for construction, improvement, or maintenance of highways.

The selection of consultants, their prequalifications, and quality control of services are addressed in KSA 75-5801 et seq. KSA 68-412 authorizes acquisition of right-of-way when the land is required for operation of the Department of Transportation or the improvement of the state transportation system. The authority for the Department to own, construct, or maintain buildings is found in the *Kansas Constitution*, Article II, and KSA 68-404, 68-413, and 68-416.

_Construction

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services	373,132	242,500	242,500		242,500
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service	69,543,368	72,389,823	69,879,949		69,879,949
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$69,916,500	\$72,632,323	\$70,122,449	\$	\$70,122,449
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$69,916,500	\$72,632,323	\$70,122,449	\$	\$70,122,449
Capital Improvements	607,778,913	909,383,805	854,039,027		850,520,847
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$677,695,413	\$982,016,128	\$924,161,476	\$	\$920,643,296
Non-expense Items	2,919,881	3,781,866	3,264,955		3,264,955
Total Expenditures by Object	\$680,615,294	\$985,797,994	\$927,426,431	\$	\$923,908,251
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	94,288,021		128,000,000		
Water Plan	, , , <u></u>		, , ,		
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	586,327,273	985,797,994	799,426,431		923,908,251
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$680,615,294	\$985,797,994	\$927,426,431	\$	\$923,908,251
	4.055.3	4.056.3	4.041.0		4.041.0
FTE Positions	1,061.0	1,061.0	1,061.0		1,061.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	1,061.0	1,061.0	1,061.0		1,061.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of project miles designed	108	161	146
Number of bridge projects designed	110	146	136
Number of major modification miles completed	135	130	136
Number of substantial maintenance miles resurfaced	1,298	1,387	1,306
Number of priority bridge projects completed	43	41	40

State Treasurer_

Mission. The mission of the State Treasurer is to manage public funds to ensure sound financial practices. The agency will partner with Kansas citizens in the pursuit of their financial security.

Operations. The State Treasurer is one of six state officials elected every four years. The Treasurer is responsible for the timely receipt and deposit of all revenues and, as a member of the Pooled Money Investment Board, assists in the investment of state funds to provide optimum levels of safety, liquidity, and yield. In addition, the Treasurer serves on the Committee on Surety Bonds and Insurance, which assures appropriate insurance coverage for the State of Kansas. In 1993, the Treasurer statutorily became a member of the KPERS Board of Trustees.

The Treasurer registers all municipal bonds issued in the state and acts as both registrar and paying agent for the majority of those municipal issues. The agency administers the unclaimed property program and distributes monies from the state treasury to local governments, primarily local ad valorem tax reduction aid and county and city revenue sharing aid. The Office of the State Treasurer is organized into five programs: Administration, Municipal Bond Services, Cash Management Services, Unclaimed Property, and Postsecondary Education Savings. The Pooled Money Investment Board, an independent five-member board, is also included in the Office of the State Treasurer's budget.

Statutory History. The primary responsibilities of the State Treasurer are covered in Chapters 10, 12, 58, and 75 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. The Treasurer is a member of the Pooled Money Investment Board by KSA 75-4222 and the Committee on Surety Bonds and Insurance by KSA 75-4101. KSA 74-4905 provides for KPERS board membership for the State Treasurer.

The State Treasurer was established as an elected official in Article I of the *Kansas Constitution*. In 1972, Article I was amended to eliminate the position of State Treasurer as a constitutional office. The office continued as an elective one and, in 1979, KSA 25-101b was amended to change the Treasurer's term from two to four years.

_State Treasurer

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administration	727,061	709,708	785,344		705,848
Municipal Bond Services	420,610	473,224	487,793		487,793
Cash Management Services	113,101,580	66,815,291	134,802,640		23,878,640
Pooled Money Investment Board	688,950	737,776	715,590		715,590
Unclaimed Property	8,982,717	9,707,618	9,950,870		9,950,870
Postsecondary Education Savings	236,590	237,500	237,500		237,500
Total Expenditures	\$124,157,508	\$78,681,117	\$146,979,737	\$	\$35,976,241
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	2,164,883	2,225,714	2,320,723		2,241,227
Contractual Services	1,100,479	1,287,473	1,318,307		1,318,307
Commodities	58,912	81,300	70,964		70,964
Capital Outlay	34,940	70,419	61,800		61,800
Debt Service	· 				
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$3,359,214	\$3,664,906	\$3,771,794	\$	\$3,692,298
Aid to Local Governments	112,341,467	66,016,211	134,007,943		23,083,943
Other Assistance	8,456,827	9,000,000	9,200,000		9,200,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$124,157,508	\$78,681,117	\$146,979,737	\$	\$35,976,241
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$124,157,508	\$78,681,117	\$146,979,737	\$	\$35,976,241
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$124,157,508	\$78,681,117	\$146,979,737	\$	\$35,976,241
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,463,800	1,483,788	1,555,041		
Water Plan Fund	, , , ,	, , ,	, , ,		
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	122,693,708	77,197,329	145,424,696		35,976,241
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$124,157,508	\$78,681,117	\$146,979,737	\$	\$35,976,241
FTE Positions	55.5	55.5	55.5		55.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	55.5	55.5	55.5		55.5

Administration_

Operations. The Administration Program provides management and direction for all activities of the State Treasurer's Office. The program establishes policy, assigns and directs the work of the agency, determines priorities, allocates available resources on the basis of those priorities, and requires internal reviews of operations and procedures. Management functions include personnel, payroll, and budgeting. The program also maintains the management information system and provides general office support.

The program also manages information resources and provides general office support, such as reception, purchasing, accounts receivable, and telephone and fax communications support. Information resource management encompasses computer hardware and software acquisition, installation, maintenance. application development, application design and implementation, communications, and training. The Agricultural Production Loan Deposit Program, which was established by the 2000 Legislature, was implemented as part of the Administration Program on July 1, 2000.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Administration Program is to provide statewide

leadership in the area of public finance. This goal is pursued through the following objectives:

Share financial expertise with the Legislature and other state agencies.

Serve as a liaison with the financial community and government leaders on the national, state, and local levels.

A second goal is to implement cost effective and efficient automation solutions and provide office support services. Achieving this goal is accomplished through the following objective:

Alleviate rising hardware and software maintenance costs by ensuring that the appropriate capability of computer systems is properly maintained.

Statutory History. The Office of State Treasurer was created in Article I of the *Kansas Constitution*. In 1972, the Treasurer was changed from a constitutional to a statutory office. It continues as an elective position. In 1979, KSA 25-101b was amended to change the Treasurer's term from two years to four.

Administration

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
E LOUI	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	40.4.400				
Salaries and Wages	606,433	515,480	624,397		544,901
Contractual Services	97,047	148,075	126,847		126,847
Commodities	12,580	25,640	14,000		14,000
Capital Outlay	11,001	20,513	20,100		20,100
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$727,061	\$709,708	\$785,344	\$	\$705,848
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$727,061	\$709,708	\$785,344	\$	\$705,848
Capital Improvements	·	·	·		,
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$727,061	\$709,708	\$785,344	\$	\$705,848
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$727,061	\$709,708	\$785,344	\$	\$705,848
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	717,625	689,458	764,344		
Water Plan Fund	·				
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	9,436	20,250	21,000		705,848
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$727,061	\$709,708	\$785,344	\$	\$705,848
Total Expenditures by Tunu	Ψ121,001	Ψ102,100	φιουμοιι	Ψ	Ψ702,040
FTE Positions	12.3	12.3	12.6		12.6
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	12.3	12.3	12.6		12.6

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of in-house training sessions	3	6	3
Number of staff trained			

Cash Management Services_

Operations. The Cash Management Services Program receives money collected by all state agencies, verifies the amounts received, and deposits checks and cash daily to the state's bank accounts. This program also estimates and finalizes amounts available for investment.

This program consists of two subprograms: Aid to Local Governments and Item Processing. Through the Aid to Local Governments Subprogram, the Treasurer distributes monies to city and county governments according to statutory provisions. These include Local Ad Valorem Tax Reduction Aid, County and City Revenue Sharing Aid, Local Alcoholic Liquor Aid, Taylor Grazing Aid, Racing Admissions Tax Aid, and Rental Motor Vehicle Excise Tax Aid.

The Item Processing Subprogram receives, records, and deposits all state monies accurately and timely and records all disbursements made through the warrant writing process.

Goals and Objectives. A major goal is to ensure that money deposited in any bank is secured by proper collateralization or federal deposit insurance coverage.

Another goal is to maintain an accurate accounting of receipts and disbursements in the state treasury and to be responsible for the custody and security of all monies and securities in the state treasury. Objectives related to this goal are to:

Balance each day's warrants presented for payment on the day received and, on the next

business day, return all items that for any reason cannot be paid as presented.

Deposit all items on the day of receipt.

Ensure that all financial institutions that receive state deposits meet statutory pledging requirements.

Another goal is to improve the state's cash management practices. Objectives related to this goal are to:

Maintain and communicate a reliable and timely cashflow forecasting process to use in the investment of idle pool funds.

Maintain an ongoing coordinated cash management program.

Statutory History. KSA 75-604 entrusts the State Treasurer with general custody of public monies paid into the treasury, while KSA 75-603 requires accurate accounting of receipts and disbursements. The State Monies Law (KSA 75-4201 et seq.) relates to the designation of banks and pledging of securities. In 1992, KSA 75-628 charged the State Treasurer with responsibility for the review and improvement of cash management practices in all state agencies. Authority to distribute aid to local governments is provided by various statutes: local ad valorem tax reduction aid, KSA 79-2959; county and city revenue sharing aid, KSA 79-2964 et seq.; and local alcoholic liquor fund aid, KSA 79-41a01 et seq.

Cash Management Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	337,882	346,592	353,143		353,143
Contractual Services	402,702	436,110	427,093		427,093
Commodities	6,887	7,411	7,411		7,411
Capital Outlay	12,642	8,967	7,050		7,050
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$760,113	\$799,080	\$794,697	\$	\$794,697
Aid to Local Governments	112,341,467	66,016,211	134,007,943		23,083,943
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$113,101,580	\$66,815,291	\$134,802,640	\$	\$23,878,640
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$113,101,580	\$66,815,291	\$134,802,640	\$	\$23,878,640
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$113,101,580	\$66,815,291	\$134,802,640	\$	\$23,878,640
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	746,175	794,330	790,697		
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	112,355,405	66,020,961	134,011,943		23,878,640
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$113,101,580	\$66,815,291	\$134,802,640	\$	\$23,878,640
FTE Positions	10.0	10.0	10.0		10.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	10.0	10.0	10.0		10.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of items received by 2:00 p.m. deposited the same day	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Administrative cost per item deposited	\$0.094	\$0.096	\$0.096
Administrative cost per warrant issued	\$0.065	\$0.065	\$0.065
Annual number of warrants presented	3,387,806	3,300,000	3,300,000

Pooled Money Investment Board

Operations. The five-member Pooled Money Investment Board manages a large pool of money consisting of cash available from hundreds of state funds, commingled for purposes of cash management and investment. In addition, the program is responsible for providing depositories for state and special monies in demand deposit and interest-bearing accounts. The Investment Program consists of the Pooled Money Investment Portfolio, which includes investments with Kansas banks, the KDOT portfolio, the Health Care Stabilization Fund portfolio, and various other special funds. The Board's responsibilities further include the active management and administration of the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of this program is to maximize the interest earnings of the State General Fund, state agencies, and local governments participating in the Municipal Investment Pool through the use of investments that provide an optimal balance of safety, liquidity, and yield. Objectives associated with this goal are to:

Ensure the safety of assets while maximizing the yield on investments.

Use progressive cashflow forecasting and effective management techniques.

Statutory History. In 1974, the Legislature created the Pooled Money Investment Board to replace the State Board of Treasury Examiners. The State Monies Law (KSA 75-4201 et seg.) establishes the Board and its responsibilities. In 1996, the statute was amended to change the membership of the Board. The 1997 Legislature reduced the number of members from six to five. Significant changes were made to the State Monies Law in 1992. Investment authority was broadened to include investments in United States government securities (U.S. treasuries and federal agencies). High-grade commercial paper was added during the 1996 Legislative Session. Late in FY 1996, the Board combined the investment portfolio of the Municipal Investment Pool with the Pooled Money Investment Portfolio to manage more effectively and match cashflows closely.

Pooled Money Investment Board

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	421,567	426,340	399,688		399,688
Contractual Services	254,350	290,136	300,502		300,502
Commodities	10,310	10,700	10,900		10,900
Capital Outlay	2,723	10,600	4,500		4,500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$688,950	\$737,776	\$715,590	\$	\$715,590
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$688,950	\$737,776	\$715,590	\$	\$715,590
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$688,950	\$737,776	\$715,590	\$	\$715,590
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$688,950	\$737,776	\$715,590	\$	\$715,590
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	688,950	737,776	715,590		715,590
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$688,950	\$737,776	\$715,590	\$	\$715,590
FTE Positions	7.0	7.0	7.0		7.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	7.0	7.0	7.0		7.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Interest earned on the idle portfolio: All funds (in millions)	\$117.2	\$80.9	\$92.0
Average rate of return on the idle portfolio	2.75 %	1.9 %	2.9 %
Yield on idle portfolio in excess of average yield of comparable U.S. Treasury mutual funds	0.1 %	0.1 %	0.1 %

Unclaimed Property_

Operations. The Unclaimed Property Division administers disposition of unclaimed property in accordance with the Uniform Unclaimed Property Act enacted by the 1979 Legislature. The act designates the State Treasurer as administrator of the act. It provides that the State Treasurer take possession of specified types of unclaimed intangible property and safe deposit box contents, become the custodian in perpetuity, and attempt to return the property and safe deposit box contents.

Each year financial institutions and other businesses report the names of people with accounts, stocks, dividends, and other assets that have been abandoned for five years. They also report wages that remain unclaimed after one year. Attempts are made to locate owners through the use of various forms of media, including free television and radio appearances, the Internet through the agency's website, public relations efforts, and a booth at the State Fair. The Division's traveling system appears at other events around the state regularly.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of this program is to increase the accuracy of reporting and remitting unclaimed property to the State Treasurer, as well as increasing the number of holders reporting unclaimed property, thereby increasing monies to the State General Fund. The related objectives are to:

Attain a net increase in the number of holders reporting unclaimed property through institution of a voluntary compliance program involving Kansas holders who may not be in compliance with the act's reporting and remittance requirements.

Increase the number of reciprocal exchanges of unclaimed property with other states.

Enhance electronic transmission capabilities for reporting and remitting unclaimed property and encourage all large holders of unclaimed property to remit funds through the electronic funds transfer system.

Another goal is to expedite and increase the return of various forms of unclaimed assets to the rightful owners. Objectives include the following:

Maintain a statewide traveling system in an attempt to locate owners.

Decide all claims for abandoned property delivered to the State Treasurer within 30 days after filing the claim.

Explore new strategies for identifying potential owners of unclaimed property.

Use free television, free print media, and the Internet to reach potential owners of unclaimed property.

Statutory History. The Uniform Unclaimed Property Act (KSA 58-3934 et seq.) was originally passed in 1979 and has been amended several times. The 1994 Legislature made comprehensive changes that brought the act into compliance with the recently-adopted model uniform code for unclaimed property. The amendments also enhanced authority to locate property and granted more flexibility in finding property owners.

Unclaimed Property

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
T 1 011	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	•00 • 10	400 740	400.000		400.000
Salaries and Wages	380,268	480,513	490,020		490,020
Contractual Services	126,650	194,014	225,047		225,047
Commodities	17,301	21,500	21,653		21,653
Capital Outlay	1,671	11,591	14,150		14,150
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$525,890	\$707,618	\$750,870	\$	\$750,870
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	8,456,827	9,000,000	9,200,000		9,200,000
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$8,982,717	\$9,707,618	\$9,950,870	\$	\$9,950,870
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$8,982,717	\$9,707,618	\$9,950,870	\$	\$9,950,870
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$8,982,717	\$9,707,618	\$9,950,870	\$	\$9,950,870
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	8,982,717	9,707,618	9,950,870		9,950,870
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$8,982,717	\$9,707,618	\$9,950,870	\$	\$9,950,870
FTE Positions	13.5	13.5	13.5		13.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	15.5	15.5	13.3		13.5
Total Positions	13.5	13.5	13.5		13.5

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of active holders			
Value of unclaimed property receipts to State General Fund (in millions)	\$16.7	\$14.5	\$15.0
Number of claims sent to potential claimants	57,194	92,000	93,000
Number of claims approved			
Amount of claims returned to rightful owners (in millions)	\$8.5	\$9.0	\$9.2

Municipal Bond Services_

Operations. The Municipal Bond Services Program is responsible for the registration of all municipal bonds issued in the state. This program is also a registrar and paying agent for the majority of all municipal issues as well as state issues. As registrar and transfer agent for approximately 87.2 percent of the outstanding municipal bond issues in the state, the State Treasurer maintains records on over 31,000 bondholders to permit prompt and accurate processing of transactions, as well as timely payments of principal and interest to owners. This program services 71 bearer issues and over 2,000 registered issues. When the State Treasurer is named the fiscal agent, a fee is charged to the issuing municipality for the service provided. Under current law, amounts are received and deposited in the state treasury and credited to the Bond Services Fee Fund.

Goals and Objectives. The main goal of the program is to register municipal bonds in a timely and accurate manner and operate a cost effective bond servicing program providing transfer and paying agent services

for registered bonds and paying agent services for bearer bonds. Objectives include the following:

Register all bond issues by the end of the next working day following receipt from the Attorney General of an approved transcript of proceedings.

Process all payments of interest on bearer and registered bonds promptly and accurately and deposit monies received into the state's bank account on the day it is received.

Process accurately all routine transfers of ownership of registered-form bonds within three working days of receipt.

Statutory History. This program is authorized by Chapter 10 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. In 1983, the Legislature enabled municipalities to issue registered bonds (KSA 10-103) and enacted the Kansas Bond Registration Law (KSA 10-601 et seq.).

Municipal Bond Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	299,753	324,519	330,406		330,406
Contractual Services	106,773	124,837	131,887		131,887
Commodities	8,164	10,720	11,000		11,000
Capital Outlay	5,920	13,148	14,500		14,500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$420,610	\$473,224	\$487,793	\$	\$487,793
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$420,610	\$473,224	\$487,793	\$	\$487,793
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$420,610	\$473,224	\$487,793	\$	\$487,793
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$420,610	\$473,224	\$487,793	\$	\$487,793
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	420,610	473,224	487,793		487,793
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$420,610	\$473,224	\$487,793	\$	\$487,793
FTE Positions	10.2	10.2	10.2		10.2
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	10.2	10.2	10.2		10.2

	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Average number of hours required to register a bond issue	10	10	10
Number of bondholder accounts maintained	31,007	31,200	31,300
Average cost per bond holder account	\$13.57	\$15.24	\$15.52

Postsecondary Education Savings

Operations: The Kansas Postsecondary Education Savings Program was created by the 1999 Kansas Legislature. The purpose of the program is to provide for the establishment of family higher education savings accounts. The accounts may be used to pay qualified educational expenses at accredited higher education institutions in Kansas and other states. The program allows tax advantages under both state and federal laws.

The State Treasurer selected American Century Investments as the program manager through a negotiated bid process. American Century is responsible for marketing the program, opening and administering customer accounts. managing investments, and reporting to customers and the Treasurer. It is the responsibility of the Treasurer to ensure that the program complies with the federal Internal Revenue Service Code, Section 529, that allows state agencies to implement these programs. A Director in the Treasurer's office works closely with the program manager and promotes the program throughout the state.

July 1, 2000, was the official launch of the program, and deposits were accepted on that date. Any person (the account owner) can open an account for any other person (the beneficiary) and is not restricted to family members. When the account owner opens the account, a beneficiary is named, an investment track is chosen (conservative, moderate, or aggressive), and the year of graduation is selected. The program manager will invest the funds based on these decisions. After the account is opened, the owners do not have control over the investment strategy but do have control over the account in the following ways: (1) they can close the account after a two-year waiting period; however, the withdrawal would be subject to a 10.0 percent penalty on any earnings and could be subject to taxation; (2) they can transfer the account to another beneficiary who is related to the original beneficiary; or (3) they can direct the program manager to pay educational expenses for the beneficiary.

If the beneficiary dies, becomes disabled, or receives a scholarship, the account owner can withdraw all or part of the funds with no penalty, or funds can be transferred to a family member of the original beneficiary.

There are federal and state tax benefits to persons who open these accounts. Both federal and state taxes on the earnings derived from the investments are deferred until the money is withdrawn. At that time, the tax due is calculated at the beneficiary's rate, which should be lower than that of the account owner. An additional benefit to Kansas residents is the ability to deduct from taxable income deposits of up to \$2,000 annually for each beneficiary. A married couple filing jointly can deduct up to \$4,000 annually for each beneficiary.

Goals and Objectives. The main goal of the program is to provide oversight and monitor the success of the program through a number of service, performance, marketing, and satisfaction benchmarks.

A second program goal is to provide an annual report to the Legislature.

A third program goal is to develop, implement, and maintain a payroll deduction program for state employees.

The final program goal is to promote the program through speaking engagements and presentations throughout Kansas.

Statutory History. The program was authorized by KSA 75-640 et seq. enacted by the 1999 Kansas Legislature. HB 2655 passed by the 2000 Legislature further clarified the original act.

Postsecondary Education Savings

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	118,980	132,270	123,069		123,069
Contractual Services	112,957	94,301	106,931		106,931
Commodities	3,670	5,329	6,000		6,000
Capital Outlay	983	5,600	1,500		1,500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$236,590	\$237,500	\$237,500	\$	\$237,500
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$236,590	\$237,500	\$237,500	\$	\$237,500
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$236,590	\$237,500	\$237,500	\$	\$237,500
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$236,590	\$237,500	\$237,500	\$	\$237,500
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	236,590	237,500	237,500		237,500
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$236,590	\$237,500	\$237,500	\$	\$237,500
FTE Positions	2.5	2.5	2.3		2.3
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	2.5	2.5	2.3		2.3

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of shareholders who are Kansas residents	49.2 %	37.1 %	49.2 %
Total number of accounts	35,197	48,399	50,800
Total number of requests for enrollment kits	28,580	29.500	31,000

University of Kansas

Mission. The University of Kansas' mission is to continue to be a major comprehensive research and teaching university that serves as a center for learning, scholarship, and creative endeavor. The University also intends to continue to provide programs that represent excellence in graduate and professional education and the highest achievements in research internationally.

Operations. The University of Kansas is a major educational and research institution with more than 27,000 students and 1,900 faculty members. Academic programs, arts facilities, and public programs provide cultural enrichment opportunities for the larger community. Educational, research, and service programs are offered throughout the state, including the main campus in Lawrence, the KU health-related degree programs and services in Kansas City and Wichita, as well as the Regents Center and other sites in the Kansas City metropolitan area, Topeka, and Parsons.

Research is an integral part of the University's educational process. KU has more than 40 special research facilities, in addition to individual academic departments and schools. The National Science Foundation classifies KU as a major university receiving substantial research support. The University's private support comes primarily through the KU Endowment Association. Among public university endowment associations, KUEA ranks 13th in size of endowment and life-income assets.

The University belongs to the American Association of Universities, a select group of 58 higher education institutions in the United States and Canada. Members are chosen on a basis of national significance in graduate studies and research. The University's library system, contains more than 3.4 million volumes, 32,000 current subscriptions, more than 1.0

million government publications, more than 250,000 maps, and extensive manuscript and photographic holdings.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established by the University:

Protect and enhance the overall quality of the institution at every level.

Strengthen further the instructional mission.

Strengthen further the research mission.

Strengthen further the services provided to external constituencies in Kansas and elsewhere.

Strengthen further faculty resources.

The University of Kansas also strives, as do other Regents institutions, to increase the involvement of full-time faculty in undergraduate instruction, improve the retention rate of undergraduate students, increase the undergraduate student graduation rate, increase external grant funding for research, minimize administrative expenses, maximize the use of instructional space, and improve educational services to the Kansas City area through the Regents Center.

Statutory History. The establishment of the University of Kansas was authorized by Article 6 of the *Kansas Constitution*, which states that "...provision shall be made by law for the establishment...of a state university, for the promotion of literature and the arts and sciences..." Acting under this authority, the Legislature of 1864 established and organized the University of Kansas. Under current law, the institution operates as one of the universities under the control of the Kansas Board of Regents (KSA 76-711, et seq).

University of Kansas

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
- · · · · ·	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	20.014.060	07.726.210	20.040.666		20.040.666
Institutional Support Instruction	29,914,960	27,736,318	28,049,666		28,049,666
	159,535,825	149,934,936	152,510,944		147,348,703
Academic Support Student Services	41,432,461 20,972,316	42,515,422 20,961,314	42,886,999 21,146,661		42,886,999 21,146,661
Research	43,415,442	19,174,909	19,312,684		19,307,684
Public Service	6,802,719	3,859,666	3,909,502		3,909,502
Student Aid	91,259,584	98,837,548	98,837,582		98,837,582
Auxiliary Enterprises	35,019,982	34,273,692	34,731,638		34,731,638
Physical Plant	31,029,651	29,827,039	30,139,545		30,139,545
Debt Service & Capital Improvements	93,989,665	18,942,637	8,145,066	6,928,000	10,945,066
Total Expenditures	\$553,372,605	\$446,063,481	\$439,670,287	\$6,928,000	\$437,303,046
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Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	269,696,404	225,634,063	228,903,248		228,903,248
Contractual Services	57,355,523	78,147,135	74,838,638		74,838,638
Commodities	18,568,042	21,996,359	21,099,393		21,094,393
Capital Outlay	8,362,551	11,154,276	11,154,276		11,154,276
Debt Service	1,706,394	2,818,874	2,609,652		2,609,652
Operating Adjustments	1,700,374	(5,340,655)	2,007,032		(5,162,241)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$355,688,914	\$334,410,052	\$338,605,207	\$	\$333,437,966
Aid to Local Governments	фэээ,000,714	φ334,410,032	φ330,003,207	ு 	φ333,437,900
Other Assistance	95,929,658	94,000,000	94,000,000		94,000,000
				\$	\$427,437,966
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$451,618,572	\$428,410,052	\$432,605,207		
Capital Improvements	52,445,255	16,123,763	5,535,414	6,928,000	8,335,414
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$504,063,827	\$444,533,815	\$438,140,621	\$6,928,000	\$435,773,380
Non-expense Items	49,308,778	1,529,666	1,529,666	 \$< 020 000	1,529,666
Total Expenditures by Object	\$553,372,605	\$446,063,481	\$439,670,287	\$6,928,000	\$437,303,046
Eumanditumas by Eund					
Expenditures by Fund State General Fund	138,257,795	131,222,584	126 204 925	4,128,000	131,222,584
			136,384,825		
Water Plan Fund	50,001	45,000	45,000		40,000
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund	2.012.202	 5 (10 042			
Building Funds	3,012,282	5,618,043			
Other Funds	412,052,527	309,177,854	303,240,462	2,800,000	306,040,462
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$553,372,605	\$446,063,481	\$439,670,287	\$6,928,000	\$437,303,046
FTE Positions	4,180.3	4,180.3	4 190 2		4,180.3
			4,180.3		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	392.2	392.2	392.2		392.2
Total Positions	4,572.6	4,572.6	4,572.6		4,572.6
Performance Measures			FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
			Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Five-year graduation rate			52.0 %	52.0 %	52.0 %
Percent of credit hours taught by faculty			75.8 %	75.0 %	75.0 %
research of credit flours laught by faculty			13.0 %	73.0 %	73.0 %

University of Kansas Medical Center_____

Mission. The University of Kansas Medical Center's mission is to serve the health care needs of the citizens of Kansas, the region, and the nation. This mission is met by providing educational opportunities for careers in the health professions; comprehensive services to maintain health and wellness; ongoing support of the state and the nation's health services systems; and continued development of medical knowledge through education and research.

Operations. The University of Kansas Medical Center was established in 1905 when several proprietary medical schools merged to form a four-year school directed by the University of Kansas. The Medical Center presently maintains campuses in Kansas City and Wichita.

In Kansas City, the Medical Center currently maintains the School of Medicine, which offers basic science and clinical education, the School of Nursing, the School of Allied Health, and the Office of Graduate Studies. The Wichita campus includes a unit of the School of Medicine, which provides clinical training for third- and fourth-year medical students.

The four-year curriculum of the School of Medicine includes two years of preclinical basic science courses and two years of clinical experience/patient care under the direction of a physician. The School also provides graduate medical education which extends from three to six years, depending on the specialty. The School of Nursing offers degree programs at the baccalaureate, masters, and doctoral levels. It also participates in the Kansas Primary Nurse Practitioner Program with Wichita, Pittsburg, and Fort Hays State Universities. The institutions share core classes over a computer network and two-way audio-visual equipment, while the clinical experience is completed in the community. The School of Allied Health educates medical support personnel. Certificate and degree programs are offered in such areas as nutrition, medical technology, and physical and occupational The University of Kansas School of therapy. Medicine in Wichita was developed as a communitybased program for medical students and residents. It draws on the resources of area hospitals.

The health care market continues to change with the development of major health care alliances and a movement toward managed care. An increasing emphasis on delivery of health care services on an outpatient or short-term inpatient basis, rather than the traditional extended inpatient service, has had a profound effect on the operations of the Medical In recent years, the Medical Center has Center. formed affiliations and networks with hospitals in Kansas City and across the state and formed University Affiliated Health Care, Inc. to serve as one point of contact for negotiation of managed care Although these administrative changes contracts. improved the Hospital's financial standing, further In response, the 1998 changes were sought. Legislature established the KU Hospital Authority. Governance of the Hospital comes through this Authority's 14-member Board of Directors rather than the Board of Regents.

Another large component of the Medical Center's mission and operations is research. The University has received national recognition for many of its research programs and external funding support continues to grow. The newly-renovated Biomedical Research Center accommodates laboratories and offices of faculty and researchers to conduct medical research in a variety of areas.

Goals and Objectives. The following goals have been established by the Medical Center:

Provide quality education in the health care professions.

Provide clinical training experiences and research opportunities for multiple health care professions.

Conduct research to advance knowledge and to promote excellence in patient care.

Statutory History. The University of Kansas Medical Center was established in 1905 by the Kansas Legislature (KSA 76-711 et seq.). The 1998 Legislature established the KU Hospital Authority (KSA 2002 Supp. 76-3301, et seq.).

_University of Kansas Medical Center

Expenditures by Program Institutional Support 23,326,346 28,174,968 32,955,014 28,962,855 Kansas City Campus 93,153,170 96,548,745 96,293,371 96,293,371 Research 56,332,546 37,229,201 36,709,070 35,709,070 Wichita Campus 19,943,600 19,951,546 20,204,740 20,204,740 Student Aid & Awards 4,534,035 3,593,814 822,927 2,989,691 Auxiliary Enterprises 1,306,459 1,413,264 1,062,782 1,062,782 Physical Plant 20,063,911 17,733,605 17,889,067 17,889,067 Capital Improvements 16,331,876 8,184,363 1,486,708 17,346,112 \$207,410,284 Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 149,218,967 146,310,684 148,677,903 148,677,903 Contractual Services 34,527,657 34,221,352 33,710,083 33,710,083 Commodities 8,438,655 8,504,761 8,410,316 8,410,316 Capital Outlay 6,049,757 11,916,351 10,165,628 9,165,628 Debt Service 379,172 397,028 386,708 386,708 Operating Adjustments 518,614,208 \$197,298,243 \$201,350,638 \$ \$196,358,479 Subtotal: State Operations \$198,614,208 \$197,298,243 \$201,350,638 \$ \$196,358,479 Subtotal: State Operations 2,118,089 Other Assistance 7,536,360 7,743,928 4,973,041 7,139,805 7,13
Institutional Support 23,326,346 28,174,968 32,955,014 — 28,962,855 Kansas City Campus 93,153,170 96,548,745 96,293,371 — 96,293,371 Research 56,332,546 37,229,201 36,709,070 — 35,709,070 Wichita Campus 19,943,600 19,951,546 20,204,740 — 20,204,740 Student Aid & Awards 4,534,035 3,593,814 822,927 — 2,989,691 Auxiliary Enterprises 1,306,459 1,413,264 1,062,782 — 1,062,782 Physical Plant 20,063,911 17,733,605 17,889,067 — 17,889,067 Capital Improvements 16,331,876 8,184,363 1,486,708 17,346,112 \$207,410,284 Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 149,218,967 146,310,684 148,677,903 — 148,677,903 Contractual Services 34,527,657 34,221,352 33,710,083 — 33,710,083 Commodities 8,438,655 8,504,761 8,410,316 — <
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Student Aid & Awards 4,534,035 3,593,814 822,927 2,989,691 Auxiliary Enterprises 1,306,459 1,413,264 1,062,782 1,062,782 Physical Plant 20,063,911 17,733,605 17,889,067 17,889,067 Capital Improvements 16,331,876 8,184,363 1,486,708 17,346,112 4,298,708 Total Expenditures \$234,991,943 \$212,829,506 \$207,423,679 \$17,346,112 \$207,410,284 Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 149,218,967 146,310,684 148,677,903 148,677,903 Contractual Services 34,527,657 34,221,352 33,710,083 33,710,083 Commodities 8,438,655 8,504,761 8,410,316 8,410,316 Capital Outlay 6,049,757 11,916,351 10,165,628 9,165,628 Debt Service 379,172 397,028 386,708 386,708 Operating Adjustments (4,051,933) <td< td=""></td<>
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Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages 149,218,967 146,310,684 148,677,903 148,677,903 Contractual Services 34,527,657 34,221,352 33,710,083 33,710,083 Commodities 8,438,655 8,504,761 8,410,316 8,410,316 Capital Outlay 6,049,757 11,916,351 10,165,628 9,165,628 Debt Service 379,172 397,028 386,708 386,708 Operating Adjustments (4,051,933) (3,992,159) Subtotal: State Operations \$198,614,208 \$197,298,243 \$201,350,638 \$ \$196,358,479 Aid to Local Governments 2,118,089
Salaries and Wages 149,218,967 146,310,684 148,677,903 148,677,903 Contractual Services 34,527,657 34,221,352 33,710,083 33,710,083 Commodities 8,438,655 8,504,761 8,410,316 8,410,316 Capital Outlay 6,049,757 11,916,351 10,165,628 9,165,628 Debt Service 379,172 397,028 386,708 386,708 Operating Adjustments (4,051,933) (3,992,159) Subtotal: State Operations \$198,614,208 \$197,298,243 \$201,350,638 \$ \$196,358,479 Aid to Local Governments 2,118,089
Salaries and Wages 149,218,967 146,310,684 148,677,903 148,677,903 Contractual Services 34,527,657 34,221,352 33,710,083 33,710,083 Commodities 8,438,655 8,504,761 8,410,316 8,410,316 Capital Outlay 6,049,757 11,916,351 10,165,628 9,165,628 Debt Service 379,172 397,028 386,708 386,708 Operating Adjustments (4,051,933) (3,992,159) Subtotal: State Operations \$198,614,208 \$197,298,243 \$201,350,638 \$ \$196,358,479 Aid to Local Governments 2,118,089
Contractual Services 34,527,657 34,221,352 33,710,083 33,710,083 Commodities 8,438,655 8,504,761 8,410,316 8,410,316 Capital Outlay 6,049,757 11,916,351 10,165,628 9,165,628 Debt Service 379,172 397,028 386,708 386,708 Operating Adjustments (4,051,933) (3,992,159) Subtotal: State Operations \$198,614,208 \$197,298,243 \$201,350,638 \$ \$196,358,479 Aid to Local Governments 2,118,089
Commodities 8,438,655 8,504,761 8,410,316 8,410,316 Capital Outlay 6,049,757 11,916,351 10,165,628 9,165,628 Debt Service 379,172 397,028 386,708 386,708 Operating Adjustments (4,051,933) (3,992,159) Subtotal: State Operations \$198,614,208 \$197,298,243 \$201,350,638 \$ \$196,358,479 Aid to Local Governments 2,118,089
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Debt Service 379,172 397,028 386,708 386,708 Operating Adjustments (4,051,933) (3,992,159) Subtotal: State Operations \$198,614,208 \$197,298,243 \$201,350,638 \$ \$196,358,479 Aid to Local Governments 2,118,089
Operating Adjustments (4,051,933) (3,992,159) Subtotal: State Operations \$198,614,208 \$197,298,243 \$201,350,638 \$ \$196,358,479 Aid to Local Governments 2,118,089
Subtotal: State Operations \$198,614,208 \$197,298,243 \$201,350,638 \$ \$196,358,479 Aid to Local Governments 2,118,089
Aid to Local Governments 2,118,089
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Capital Improvements 10,619,344 7,787,335 1,100,000 17,346,112 3,912,000
Total Reportable Expenditures \$218,888,001 \$212,829,506 \$207,423,679 \$17,346,112 \$207,410,284
Non-expense Items 16,103,942
Total Expenditures by Object \$234,991,943 \$212,829,506 \$207,423,679 \$17,346,112 \$207,410,284
Expenditures by Fund
State General Fund 104,000,291 99,479,412 101,304,807 14,534,112 99,479,412
Water Plan Fund
EDIF
Children's Initiatives Fund 1,250,000 2,235,724 1,250,000 250,000
Building Funds 1,908,599 2,003,231
Other Funds 127,833,053 109,111,139 104,868,872 2,812,000 107,680,872
Total Expenditures by Fund \$234,991,943 \$212,829,506 \$207,423,679 \$17,346,112 \$207,410,284
TTE D '
FTE Positions 2,352 2,284 2,284
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent
Total Positions 2,352.3 2,283.8 2,283.8 2,283.8
FY 2002 FY 2003 FY 2004
Performance Measures Actual Actual Estimate
Telemedicine consultations 734 900 900
Percent of students passing professional exam on first try:
School of Medicine—Fourth Year 93.0 % 95.0 % 95.0 %
School of Nursing 87.0 % 89.0 % 92.0 %

Commission on Veterans' Affairs

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs is to provide Kansas veterans, their relatives, and dependents with information, advice, direction, and assistance through the coordination of programs and services in the fields of education, health, vocational guidance and placement, and economic security.

Operations. The Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs was established by the 1986 Legislature. The Commission is composed of five members who have served in the armed forces. The Governor appoints one commissioner from each of the four federal legislative districts and one "at large." Members are appointed to four-year terms. The Commission designates an Executive Director to administer the activities of the agency. The Commission serves veterans in all Kansas counties from 14 field offices, six Service Organization offices, and a Central Office located in Topeka.

The Commission provides information and assistance to veterans and their eligible dependents. The Commission establishes and supervises the policies of the Kansas Soldiers' Home, Kansas Veterans' Home, and the State Veterans' Cemeteries Program. The Commission is designated to be the State Approving Agency for the purpose of approving programs in accordance with Title 38 of the *U. S. Code* and Chapter 1606 of Title 10, *U. S. Code*.

Goals and Objectives. The Commission has developed the following goals:

Enhance the quality of all services offered to veterans and their eligible dependents.

Improve the quality of life of all veterans and their dependents who are under the state's care.

Strengthen all partnerships with Veterans' Service Organizations, the Department of Veterans' Affairs, and other state and local organizations that serve to improve the condition of veterans.

Execute all tasks in a timely manner.

Serve people with dignity and respect.

Statutory History. The Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs is a consolidation of several programs dating back to 1937. The Commission assumed its present form in 1953, when the Legislature combined the Veterans' Services Program and the Kansas Soldiers' Home under the Kansas Veterans' Commission (KSA 73-1207). Commission was transferred to the Veterans' Department of Human Resources by Executive Reorganization Order No. 14 of 1976. The 1986 Legislature (KSA 73-1219) established the Commission as an independent agency with supervision of the Kansas Soldiers' Home. The 1989 Legislature combined the Kansas Soldiers' Home with the Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs.

The 1997 Legislature also passed KSA 76-1951 et seq., which created the Kansas Veterans' Home on the grounds of the former Winfield State Hospital located in Winfield, Kansas. The 1999 Legislature passed KSA 73-1232, which authorized the Commission to establish and maintain a state system of veterans' cemeteries.

_____ Commission on Veterans' Affairs

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
7	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	2.074.057	2 1 1 1 60 6	2564255	00.556	2 2 6 2 5 5 2
Veterans' Services	2,074,057	2,141,606	2,564,355	90,556	2,268,552
Kansas Veterans' Home	4,930,943	5,581,557	5,508,388	 504.026	5,891,586
Kansas Soldiers' Home	5,229,526	5,133,924	5,104,557	594,836	5,031,579
Capital Improvements	3,276,202	9,276,733	8,927,795	1,547,375	7,266,640
Total Expenditures	\$15,510,728	\$22,133,820	\$22,105,095	\$2,232,767	\$20,458,357
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	9,487,930	10,032,230	10,264,374	685,392	10,419,275
Contractual Services	1,648,874	1,733,511	1,776,655		1,629,149
Commodities	1,024,982	1,018,706	1,063,631		1,030,653
Capital Outlay	72,302	72,302	72,302		112,302
Debt Service	, 	, 	,		,
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$12,234,088	\$12,856,749	\$13,176,962	\$685,392	\$13,191,379
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	438	338	338		338
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$12,234,526	\$12,857,087	\$13,177,300	\$685,392	\$13,191,717
Capital Improvements	3,276,202	9,276,733	8,927,795	1,547,375	7,266,640
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$15,510,728	\$22,133,820	\$22,105,095	\$2,232,767	\$20,458,357
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$15,510,728	\$22,133,820	\$22,105,095	\$2,232,767	\$20,458,357
				. , ,	
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	3,998,054	4,296,134	5,013,187	685,392	4,723,604
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	242,395	742,792	1,890,155	1,547,375	250,000
Other Funds	11,270,279	17,094,894	15,201,753		15,484,753
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$15,510,728	\$22,133,820	\$22,105,095	\$2,232,767	\$20,458,357
	. , , .	. , , .	. , , ,	- , , ,	, , , ,
FTE Positions	558.8	558.8	558.8	1.0	558.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	4.5	4.5	4.5		4.5
Total Positions	563.3	563.3	563.3	1.0	563.3

Veterans' Services

Operations. The Veterans' Services Program provides information, advice, direction, and assistance to Kansas veterans and their eligible dependents through 21 offices located throughout the state. In addition to the Agency Central Office in Topeka, services are coordinated through 14 field offices and six state Service Organization offices within Kansas.

The six Service Organization offices are operated through a joint employment relationship with both the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and each office is staffed with a state Veterans' Services representative. In addition to providing the same services as the field offices, the Service Organization offices assist veterans by acting as their advocates to appeal veterans benefit claims denied by the Veterans' Administration. To participate in the appeals process above the regional level, advocates must be accredited with a National Veterans' Service Organization. Two Service Organization offices are located at each VA Medical Center in Kansas.

The Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs is also the "State Approving Agency" for the federal Department of Veterans' Affairs. This program determines whether an educational institution or training establishment is qualified to provide education or training in accordance with federal law. Currently, more than 120 schools and training establishments are evaluated each year for approval.

The 1999 Legislature authorized the Commission to establish and maintain a state system of veterans'

cemeteries. A veterans' cemetery has been in operation at the Kansas Soldiers' Home since 1890 and is currently being expanded. Other proposed sites for establishment of state veterans' cemeteries include the Kansas Veterans' Home at Winfield, Ft. Riley, and WaKeeney.

Goals and Objectives. The Commission has established the following goals for the Veterans' Services Program:

Improve assistance to veterans in the submission of benefit claims to the Veterans' Administration.

Ensure the highest quality approval of education and training establishments in Kansas.

Evaluate all applications by educational institutions or training establishments for new or revised programs.

Improve the joint employment relationship with the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars to ensure effective and efficient administration.

Statutory History. The Veterans' Services Agency was created in 1937 as a Division of the Department of Social Welfare to assist veterans and survivors in obtaining federal benefits. The 1953 Legislature combined the Veterans' Services Agency and the Kansas Soldiers' Home under the Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs (KSA 73-1207). KSA 73-1232 authorized the Commission to establish a system of state veterans' cemeteries.

_Veterans' Services

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,807,590	1,797,330	2,097,604	90,556	1,901,801
Contractual Services	233,672	308,806	416,356		316,356
Commodities	32,795	35,470	50,395		50,395
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$2,074,057	\$2,141,606	\$2,564,355	\$90,556	\$2,268,552
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$2,074,057	\$2,141,606	\$2,564,355	\$90,556	\$2,268,552
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$2,074,057	\$2,141,606	\$2,564,355	\$90,556	\$2,268,552
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$2,074,057	\$2,141,606	\$2,564,355	\$90,556	\$2,268,552
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,653,553	1,790,541	2,223,587	90,556	1,927,784
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	420,504	351,065	340,768		340,768
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$2,074,057	\$2,141,606	\$2,564,355	\$90,556	\$2,268,552
FTE Positions	56.0	56.0	56.0		56.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	4.5	4.5	4.5		4.5
Total Positions	60.5	60.5	60.5		60.5

Performance Measures

The agency has not developed performance measures for this program.

Kansas Soldiers' Home_

Operations. The Kansas Soldiers' Home provides a residence for honorably discharged veterans and their eligible dependents who, because of age, infirmity, and/or disability, are incapable of self-support. The Home is a self-contained community with its own water and sewage systems, chapel, fire department, general store, recreational facilities, auditorium, and cemetery.

Three levels of care are provided. The least restrictive residential level of care is independent living in cottages that are available to any eligible veteran and the veteran's spouse. Residents desiring independent living but requiring minimal care reside in one of three domiciliary units. The nursing care center accepts residents who are not acutely ill and not in need of hospital care, but who require skilled nursing care and related medical services. In addition to residential facilities and staff nursing personnel, other medical and health services are available to all residents who reside at the facility. These services include physician; podiatry; dental; speech, occupational, and physical therapy; and pharmacist services.

In FY 2000, the Commission opened a Community-Based Outpatient Clinic as a contract health care provider for the U. S. Department of Veterans' Affairs. The Clinic, located at the Kansas Soldiers' Home, provides health care to over 3,000 veterans. Previously, these veterans traveled to the VA Medical

Centers in Wichita, Oklahoma, and southeastern Colorado for health care.

Goals and Objectives. The major goal of the Kansas Soldiers' Home is the operation of a licensed, quality facility offering long-term (nursing) care, domiciliary care, and unassisted living care. The Home offers top quality care and is staffed by professionally and technically proficient personnel.

Statutory History. The Kansas Soldiers' Home at Fort Dodge was established in 1889. KSA 76-1901 et seq. set forth the criteria for establishment and facility operations. The 1953 Legislature combined the Veterans Services Program and the Kansas Soldiers' Home under the Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs (KSA 73-1207). The Commission was transferred to the Department of Human Resources by Executive Reorganization Order No. 14 in 1976.

The 1986 Legislature (KSA 73-1219) established the Commission as an independent agency with supervisory control of the Kansas Soldiers' Home. The 1989 Legislature combined the Kansas Soldiers' Home with the Commission on Veterans' Affairs. The Commission on Veterans' Affairs, through the Executive Director, continues to be the appointing authority of all positions at the Kansas Soldiers' Home and executes all policies, instructions, and directives established by the Commission.

Kansas Soldiers' Home

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	3,851,282	3,952,397	3,878,030	594,836	3,878,030
Contractual Services	624,583	436,917	451,917		451,917
Commodities	753,561	744,610	774,610		701,632
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,229,426	\$5,133,924	\$5,104,557	\$594,836	\$5,031,579
Aid to Local Governments	· · · ·	· · · · ·	· · ·	·	
Other Assistance	100				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$5,229,526	\$5,133,924	\$5,104,557	\$594,836	\$5,031,579
Capital Improvements	· · · · ·	· · ·	· · ·	·	· · · · ·
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$5,229,526	\$5,133,924	\$5,104,557	\$594,836	\$5,031,579
Non-expense Items			· · · ·		
Total Expenditures by Object	\$5,229,526	\$5,133,924	\$5,104,557	\$594,836	\$5,031,579
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,238,020	1,397,388	1,432,652	594,836	1,359,674
Water Plan	· · · · ·			·	
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	3,991,506	3,736,536	3,671,905		3,671,905
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$5,229,526	\$5,133,924	\$5,104,557	\$594,836	\$5,031,579
FTE Positions	146.8	146.8	146.8	1.0	146.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	146.8	146.8	146.8	1.0	146.8

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Average daily census at the Soldiers' Home	252	252	252
Functional capacity	270	270	270
Assisted living	90	90	90
Nursing home	87	87	87
Cottages (60)	93	93	93

Kansas Veterans' Home-

Operations. The Kansas Veterans' Home provides long-term skilled nursing care and domiciliary care to Kansas veterans and their dependents through an integrated and core value driven health care system. The Kansas Veterans' Home was established in 1997 at the site of the former Winfield State Hospital and Training Center. After renovation of the campus is completed, the Kansas Veterans' Home will offer three levels of care to 347 veterans. Long-term nursing care, Alzheimer (dementia), and domiciliary care will be provided in the four main buildings.

Approximately 65.0 percent of the capacity will be for long-term care and 35.0 percent for domiciliary care.

Goals and Objectives. The major goal of the Kansas Veterans' Home is the establishment of a licensed, quality nursing care and domiciliary care facility. This facility is staffed by technically proficient personnel and offers top quality care.

Statutory History. The Kansas Veterans' Home at Winfield was established by KSA 76-1951 et seq.

Kansas Veterans' Home

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Tietaai	Gov. Estimate	Buse Budget	Emiliane. 1 kg.	Gov. Itee.
Salaries and Wages	3,829,058	4,282,503	4,288,740		4,639,444
Contractual Services	790,619	987,788	908,382		860,876
Commodities	238,626	238,626	238,626		278,626
Capital Outlay	72,302	72,302	72,302		112,302
Debt Service	72,302	72,302	72,302		112,302
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$4,930,605	\$5,581,219	\$5,508,050	\$	\$5,891,248
Aid to Local Governments	Ψ-1,250,005	φ5,501,217	φ5,500,050	Ψ	Ψ5,071,240
Other Assistance	338	338	338		338
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$4,930,943	\$5,581,557	\$5,508,388	\$	\$5,891,586
Capital Improvements	Ψ-1,250,2-15	φυ,υσι,υυγ	Ψε,εσο,εσο	Ψ	Ψε,σ>1,εσσ
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$4,930,943	\$5,581,557	\$5,508,388	\$	\$5,891,586
Non-expense Items	Ψ-1,250,2-15	φυ,υσι,υυγ	ψε,εσο,εσο	Ψ	Ψε,σ>1,εσσ
Total Expenditures by Object	\$4,930,943	\$5,581,557	\$5,508,388	\$	\$5,891,586
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,106,481	1,108,205	1,356,948		1,436,146
Water Plan					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	42,704				
Other Funds	3,781,758	4,473,352	4,151,440		4,455,440
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$4,930,943	\$5,581,557	\$5,508,388	\$	\$5,891,586
FTE Positions	356.0	356.0	356.0		356.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	356.0	356.0	356.0		356.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Ending census at the Veterans' Home	21	121	121
Total beds	184	184	184
Assisted living	80	80	80
Nursing home	104	104	104

Capital Improvements _

Operations. The Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs establishes and supervises the policies and operations of the Kansas Soldiers' Home and the Kansas Veterans' Home. The capital improvements and rehabilitation and repair projects for these homes are included in this budget. The majority of the rehabilitation and repair projects at the homes are financed through the State Institutions Building Fund (SIBF). KSA 73-1232 authorizes the Commission to establish a system of state veterans' cemeteries. The capital improvement expenditures for these cemeteries are also included in this program. Initial planning expenditures for the cemeteries are financed through the SIBF. After construction is complete, these funds will be reimbursed so the costs of construction will be funded through the federal Veterans Administration.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of this program are to maintain the homes in a sound and operable condition and to construct four state veterans' cemeteries at Fort Dodge, Fort Riley, WaKeeney, and Winfield.

Statutory History. Article 7, Section 6 of the *Kansas Constitution* authorizes the deposit of funds received from a permanent property tax levy in the State Institutions Building Fund. The constitution authorizes expenditures from this fund for capital improvements and rehabilitation and repair projects at these state institutions of care. KSA 73-1232 authorized the Kansas Commission on Veterans' Affairs to establish and maintain a state system of veterans' cemeteries.

.Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Capital Improvements	3,276,202	9,276,733	8,927,795	1,547,375	7,266,640
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$3,276,202	\$9,276,733	\$8,927,795	\$1,547,375	\$7,266,640
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$3,276,202	\$9,276,733	\$8,927,795	\$1,547,375	\$7,266,640
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	199,691	742,792	1,890,155	1,547,375	250,000
Other Funds	3,076,511	8,533,941	7,037,640		7,016,640
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$3,276,202	\$9,276,733	\$8,927,795	\$1,547,375	\$7,266,640
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures

There are no performance measures for this program.

Kansas Water Office

Mission. The Kansas Water Office works to achieve proactive solutions for water resource issues of the state and to ensure good quality water to meet the needs of the people and the environment of Kansas. The Office evaluates and develops public policies, coordinating the water resource operations of agencies at all levels of government.

Operations. The Kansas Water Office is the water planning and marketing agency for the state. The Water Office is administered by a director, who is appointed by the Governor for a four-year term. The Governor also makes appointments to a 23-member Kansas Water Authority, which advises the director of the Water Office in water-related topics.

The Kansas Water Office develops and implements the Kansas Water Plan. The plan outlines the policies for management, conservation, and development of water resources of the state. A State Water Plan was adopted during the 1963 Legislative Session. Since its adoption, the Water Office and the Water Authority have emphasized implementation, evaluation, and revision of the Water Plan. The State Water Plan Fund receives transfers from the State General Fund and the EDIF. Other receipts come from assessments in water consumption and fertilizer purchases.

The Water Office also administers the State Water Plan Storage Act. Through this act, the agency has acquired storage in federal reservoirs for the purpose of reselling it to municipal and industrial water users. Another function of the Water Office is to administer the State Water Assurance Act, which authorizes the establishment of local water assurance districts.

Goals and Objectives. In conjunction with the Kansas Water Authority the primary responsibilities are to develop the state's water policy and coordinate water resource programs and initiatives of local, state, and federal agencies. To achieve these goals the Kansas Water Office plans to:

Prepare an annual report to the Governor and Legislature which implements the Water Plan and any new or amendatory legislation. Collect, compile, and assess the conditions of water resources and administer municipal and industrial public water supply programs and other water management programs to ensure an adequate and safe supply of water for all Kansans.

Provide information and conduct educational activities so Kansans can make wise and prudent water resource decisions.

Coordinate state planning with local and national planning to safeguard the interests of the state and resolve conflicts.

Statutory History. The Kansas Water Office and the Kansas Water Authority were created by the 1981 Legislature (KSA 74-2608 et seq.) as successors to the Kansas Water Resources Board. Statutory milestones include adoption of a constitutional amendment in 1958 to permit state expenditures for water resource development; enactment of the State Water Resource Planning Act in 1963 (KSA 82a-901 et seq.); enactment of the State Water Plan Storage Act in 1974 (KSA 82a-1301 et seq.); enactment of the Water Transfer Act in 1983 (KSA 82a-1501 et seq.); and approval of the State Water Plan in 1985 (KSA 82a-906).

Enactments in 1986 authorized the Water Assurance Program, amended the State Water Plan Storage Act, altered the membership of the Water Authority, and established a program for water conservation planning (KSA 82a-1331, et seq., 82a-915, et seq., and 82a-927, respectively). The 1989 Legislature (KSA 82a-951, et seq.) established the State Water Plan Fund to provide a permanent source of funding for projects and programs recommended in the State Water Plan. The 1991 Legislature created the Water Marketing Fund to which direct deposits are made from water sales. In 1994, the Legislature gave the agency expanded authority to issue bonds for the purchase of water storage (KSA 82a-1360). In 2001, the agency's responsibilities were expanded to include the Multipurpose Small Lakes Program Act (KSA 82a-1602 et seq.).

Kansas Water Office

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
T 15 1 T	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	5.05 0.000	. 100			
Water Resources	7,270,229	6,480,666	6,267,630		6,016,189
Kansas Water Authority	20,671	22,101	25,000		25,000
Total Expenditures	\$7,290,900	\$6,502,767	\$6,292,630	\$	\$6,041,189
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,337,358	1,335,388	1,380,750		1,259,200
Contractual Services	4,790,859	4,708,888	4,462,132		4,332,241
Commodities	666,514	19,225	17,719		17,719
Capital Outlay	52,236	46,592	17,800		17,800
Debt Service	,	, 	,		
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$6,846,967	\$6,110,093	\$5,878,401	\$	\$5,626,960
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$6,846,967	\$6,110,093	\$5,878,401	\$	\$5,626,960
Capital Improvements				· 	
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,846,967	\$6,110,093	\$5,878,401	\$	\$5,626,960
Non-expense Items	443,933	392,674	414,229	·	414,229
Total Expenditures by Object	\$7,290,900	\$6,502,767	\$6,292,630	\$	\$6,041,189
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,375,320	1,283,892	1,372,998		1,251,448
Water Plan Fund	2,754,949	2,385,996	2,386,950		2,257,059
EDIF	· · · · ·				
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	3,160,631	2,832,879	2,532,682		2,532,682
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$7,290,900	\$6,502,767	\$6,292,630	\$	\$6,041,189
•	•	, ,	•		•
FTE Positions	22.5	22.5	22.5		22.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	0.5	0.5	0.5		0.5
Total Positions	23.0	23.0	23.0		23.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of guidelines achieved from State Water Plan assessments	41	84	48
Number of stream gauging stations in the Kansas Stream Gauging Network	85	71	71
Number of public water supply conservation plans developed and approved	43	43	45

Wichita State University_

Mission. The mission of Wichita State University is to provide comprehensive educational opportunities in an urban setting. Through teaching, scholarship, and public service, the University seeks to equip both students and the larger community with the educational and cultural tools they need to thrive in a complex world and to achieve both individual responsibility in their own lives and effective citizenship in the local, national, and global community.

Operations. Wichita State University began as Fairmount College in 1895 under management of the Congregational Church. The institution became the Municipal University of Wichita under the City of Wichita in 1926. In 1964 the University became an institution under the State Board of Regents.

The University is an urban institution with the primary goal of service to the citizens of the 13-county area surrounding the City of Wichita and Sedgwick County. The University especially attempts to serve the citizens residing in the urban area. The student body of the University is predominantly part-time and beyond the traditional college age. The University operates both day and evening programs for those students who, because of age, family responsibilities, or economic or job constraints, must obtain a college education on a part-time basis.

Building on a strong tradition in the arts and sciences, the University offers programs in business, education, engineering, fine arts, and health professions, as well as in the liberal arts and sciences. Degree programs range from the associate to the doctoral level and encompass 250 fields of study; non-degree programs are designed to meet the specialized educational and training needs of individuals and organizations in South Central Kansas.

Scholarship, including research, creative activity, and artistic performance, is designed to advance the

University's goals of providing high quality instruction, making original contributions to knowledge and human understanding, and serving as an agent of community service. This activity is a basic expectation of all faculty members of WSU.

Public and community service seek to foster the cultural, economic, and social development of a diverse metropolitan community and the state. The University's service constituency includes artistic and cultural agencies, businesses, as well as community, educational, governmental, health, and labor organizations.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of Wichita State University is to provide a high quality education for its students. To achieve this goal, its objectives are to:

Provide quality teaching and learning opportunities in all undergraduate, graduate, and continuing education programs.

Utilize scholarship, research, creative activity, and artistic performance to advance the instructional mission.

The University strives to serve as an agent for community service. An objective of this goal it to:

Cultivate the cultural, economic, and social development of the diverse metropolitan community in Wichita and the state through University public and community service activities.

Another goal of the University is to make original contributions to knowledge and human understanding.

Statutory History. Wichita State University was made a state university by the 1963 Legislature in KSA 76-3a01 and KSA 76-711 et seq.

_Wichita State University

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program	10.540.050	10 (20 012	10.524.205		10.72 < 20.7
Institutional Support	10,549,959	10,639,013	10,736,305		10,736,305
Instruction	49,235,726	46,661,358	48,712,529		46,195,062
Academic Support	19,542,532	17,715,506	17,857,564		17,857,564
Student Services	16,549,597	10,076,861	10,167,624		10,167,624
Research Public Service	13,479,992	16,569,273	16,607,038		16,607,038
	12,621,716	13,018,184	13,081,708		13,081,708
Student Aid	13,607,691	13,264,940	13,264,940		13,264,940
Auxiliary Enterprises	14,863,586	3,757,795	3,451,795		3,451,795
Physical Plant Debt Service & Capital Improvements	17,014,394 5,837,148	16,886,035 3,682,851	17,061,821 1,597,000	490,586	17,061,821 1,597,000
	\$173,302,341			\$490,586	\$150,020,857
Total Expenditures	\$175,502,541	\$152,271,816	\$152,538,324	\$490,580	\$150,020,057
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	96,428,338	95,594,625	96,645,377		96,645,377
Contractual Services	25,322,882	22,529,840	21,676,102		21,676,102
Commodities	5,695,006	12,618,724	12,618,724		12,618,724
Capital Outlay	5,387,496	6,844,445	6,444,445		6,444,445
Debt Service	1,024,289	998,000	967,000		967,000
Operating Adjustments	1,024,207	(2,555,345)	707,000		(2,517,467)
Subtotal: State Operations	\$133,858,011	\$136,030,289	\$138,351,648	\$	\$135,834,181
Aid to Local Governments	\$155,656,011	\$130,030,269	\$130,331,040	φ	\$155,654,161
Other Assistance	12 694 051	12 606 676	12 606 676		12 606 676
	13,684,951	12,606,676	12,606,676	 ¢	12,606,676
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$147,542,962	\$148,636,965	\$150,958,324	\$	\$148,440,857
Capital Improvements	4,518,330	2,684,851	630,000	490,586	630,000
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$152,061,292	\$151,321,816	\$151,588,324	\$490,586	\$149,070,857
Non-expense Items	21,241,049	950,000	950,000		950,000
Total Expenditures by Object	\$173,302,341	\$152,271,816	\$152,538,324	\$490,586	\$150,020,857
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	65,699,384	62,738,280	65,255,747	490,586	62,738,280
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	2,062,267	2,081,922			
Other Funds	105,540,690	87,451,614	87,282,577		87,282,577
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$173,302,341	\$152,271,816	\$152,538,324	\$490,586	\$150,020,857
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$173,302,341	\$152,271,610	\$152,556,524	\$ 490,300	\$150,020,057
FTE Positions	1,668	1,668	1,668		1,668
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	69	69	69		69
Total Positions	1,736.3	1,736.3	1,736.3		1,736.3
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Undergraduate graduation rate			12.95 %	13.0 %	13.0 %
External funding for research teaching an millions)	d service activitie	s (in	\$30.1	\$30.1	\$30.1
Number of degrees conferred			2,573	2,624	2,676
Transcrior degrees comerce			2,515	2,027	2,070

Department of Wildlife & Parks_

Mission. The Department's mission is to conserve and enhance Kansas' natural heritage, its wildlife, and its habitats to assure future generations the benefits of the state's diverse, living resources. The Department also strives to provide the public with opportunities for use and appreciation of the natural resources of Kansas consistent with the conservation of those resources.

Operations. Oversight of the Department is the responsibility of the Secretary of Wildlife and Parks. The Secretary and support staff are located in Topeka. General administrative responsibilities are handled by the Assistant Secretary for Administration who, by law, is located in Topeka. General field responsibilities are managed by the Assistant Secretary for Operations who, by law, is located in Pratt. The Department of Wildlife and Parks Commission offers advice on outdoor recreation and natural resources

protection and approves all fees, rules, and regulations. The Department is responsible for managing and protecting the outdoor recreational opportunities and natural resources of the state. The programs used to fulfill the Department's direct responsibilities are Parks, Law Enforcement, and Fisheries, Wildlife, and Through these programs the Public Lands. Department manages lands and waters, enforces wildlife laws, manages and researches wildlife environmental attention on resources. focuses protection, provides both required and voluntary outdoor educational programs, and oversees various federal and state mandates, such as acts relating to threatened and endangered species.

Statutory History. The Department of Wildlife and Parks' powers and authorities can be found in KSA 32-801 through 32-808.

Department of Wildlife & Parks

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program			= 400 440		
Administration	7,787,616	7,656,100	7,498,419		7,477,191
Grants-in-Aid	1,608,694	1,435,000	1,585,000		1,585,000
Law Enforcement	5,164,703	5,070,664	5,035,178		5,035,178
State Parks	8,703,137	8,143,345	8,308,310		8,308,310
Fisheries & Wildlife	13,982,590	14,844,451	14,221,953		14,221,953
Capital Improvements	6,704,734	12,042,216	6,794,710	 ø	6,554,710
Total Expenditures	\$43,951,474	\$49,191,776	\$43,443,570	\$	\$43,182,342
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	20,073,450	20,371,716	20,656,552		20,656,552
Contractual Services	8,270,905	9,166,157	8,849,609		8,828,381
Commodities	4,146,472	3,648,400	3,528,730		3,528,730
Capital Outlay	3,132,059	2,528,287	2,028,969		2,028,969
Debt Service	· · ·	· · ·			
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$35,622,886	\$35,714,560	\$35,063,860	\$	\$35,042,632
Aid to Local Governments	1,445,600	1,435,000	1,585,000		1,585,000
Other Assistance	171,543	, , ,	, , ,		
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$37,240,029	\$37,149,560	\$36,648,860	\$	\$36,627,632
Capital Improvements	6,704,734	12,042,216	6,794,710	· 	6,554,710
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$43,944,763	\$49,191,776	\$43,443,570	\$	\$43,182,342
Non-expense Items	6,711				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$43,951,474	\$49,191,776	\$43,443,570	\$	\$43,182,342
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	4,590,990	3,190,794	3,340,819		3,159,583
Water Plan Fund	49,979	50,000	150,000		40,000
EDIF	77,777	30,000	130,000		40,000
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	39,310,505	45,950,982	39,952,751		39,982,759
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$43,951,474	\$49,191,776	\$43,443,570	\$ 	\$43,182,342
Total Expenditures by Fund	φ43,731,474	φ49,191,770	φ 4 3,443,370	φ	φ 4 3,102,342
FTE Positions	406.5	406.5	406.5		406.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	406.5	406.5	406.5		406.5

Administration_

Operations. The Administration Program is responsible for overall management of the Department and includes two divisions. The Administrative Services Division provides general support, including business and fiscal management, licensing, data processing, and management of the Pratt Operations Oversight of these functions is the facility. responsibility of the Assistant Secretary Administration. Direct management is provided by the Director of the Administrative Services Division. The Executive Services Division consists of the Office of the Secretary of Wildlife and Parks, engineering, personnel, budget, policy and planning, educational development, environmental services, and public information.

Goals and Objectives. The Administrative Services Division seeks to provide effective agency support. This goal is accomplished through the following objectives:

Provide accurate, timely, and efficient fiscal management, information, and administrative support.

Coordinate and manage the Department's motor pool operations, payroll functions, and contractual agreements.

The Executive Services Division seeks to establish sound management at all levels of operation. This is accomplished through the following objectives:

Implement quality management principles.

Provide technical fisheries and wildlife input to sponsoring groups, propose land use and development projects, and assess the probable effects of such activities on the state's fish and wildlife resources.

Administer the agency's permitting authority.

Investigate pollution events affecting fish and wildlife resources comprehensively and rapidly and prevent destruction of habitats and/or populations.

Process employee personnel transactions within 30 days of receipt.

Complete 75.0 percent of engineering projects by the original completion date.

Statutory History. The Department of Wildlife and Parks' powers can be found in KSA 32-801 through 32-808.

Department of Wildlife & Parks **Administration**

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	4.205.450	4.254.052	4.0<0.504		1 2 4 2 7 2 1
Salaries and Wages	4,295,179	4,254,052	4,362,794		4,362,794
Contractual Services	2,434,098	2,562,866	2,570,770		2,549,542
Commodities	592,646	466,157	403,475		403,475
Capital Outlay	451,119	373,025	161,380		161,380
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$7,773,042	\$7,656,100	\$7,498,419	\$	\$7,477,191
Aid to Local Governments	6,000				
Other Assistance	1,963				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$7,781,005	\$7,656,100	\$7,498,419	\$	\$7,477,191
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$7,781,005	\$7,656,100	\$7,498,419	\$	\$7,477,191
Non-expense Items	6,611				
Total Expenditures by Object	\$7,787,616	\$7,656,100	\$7,498,419	\$	\$7,477,191
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	1,178,988	1,427,272	1,456,359		1,445,131
Water Plan Fund	49,979	50,000	50,000		40,000
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6,558,649	6,178,828	5,992,060		5,992,060
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$7,787,616	\$7,656,100	\$7,498,419	\$	\$7,477,191
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FTE Positions	93.5	93.5	93.5		93.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	93.5	93.5	93.5		93.5
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of new wildlife habitat impact pr	rojects reviewed		740	750	750
Number of permits and licenses issued: Deer permits Fishing licenses (resident and non-res	ridont)		193,920	195,000	1,760,000
Hunting licenses (resident and non-re			100 520	107.000	2 009 000
Daily park use permits	sident)		188,538	197,000	2,008,000
Annual park use permits			372,359	380,000 65,000	380,000
Aimuai park use periints			61,111	03,000	65,000
Number of students certified through edu	cation programs	in:			
Hunting			13,522	13,000	13,000
Boating			1,000	1,500	1,500
Personal water craft			5,750	6,500	6,500
Furharvester			235	400	400
Kansas Wildlife & Parks magazine circu	lation		24,000	25,000	26,000

Grants-in-Aid

Operations. The Department of Wildlife and Parks' Grants-in-Aid Program provides funding and grant assistance to eligible local outdoor recreation agencies. Specific grant programs for local groups that are administered by the Department include the Land and Water Conservation Grant Program, Community Lake Assistance Program, Outdoor Wildlife Learning Sites, and Local Shooting Range Development. Other assistance is provided to individuals through the Youth in the Outdoors Program, Wildscape, the Americorps Program, and the National Recreational Trails Program. Grants-in-Aid is financed by a variety of state and federal sources.

Since 1965, Kansas has received over \$40.0 million in federal aid as matching funds for state and local

projects. Of the \$40.0 million, approximately 70.0 percent has been distributed to local governments with the remaining 30.0 percent distributed to other groups and individuals.

Goals and Objectives. The agency has established the following goals for this program:

Maintain compliance with federal guidelines for program administration.

Utilize all funds for state and local recreation projects.

Statutory History KSA 32-825 designates the Department as the state agency that applies for, accepts, administers, and disburses federal assistance.

_Grants-in-Aid

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments	1,439,600	1,435,000	1,585,000		1,585,000
Other Assistance	169,094				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$1,608,694	\$1,435,000	\$1,585,000	\$	\$1,585,000
Capital Improvements					
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$1,608,694	\$1,435,000	\$1,585,000	\$	\$1,585,000
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$1,608,694	\$1,435,000	\$1,585,000	\$	\$1,585,000
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	1,608,694	1,435,000	1,585,000		1,585,000
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$1,608,694	\$1,435,000	\$1,585,000	\$	\$1,585,000
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Number of grant programs	5	5	5

Number of local outdoor recreation grants approved for the Land and Water Conservation Grant Program

Law Enforcement_

Operations. The Wildlife and Parks Law Enforcement Program provides for the oversight and enforcement of all wildlife laws, boating laws, Department regulations, and the Hunter Safety Act. Oversight of this program is the responsibility of the Assistant Secretary for Operations. Direct management of this program is provided by the Director for the Law Enforcement Division. Law enforcement personnel also enforce many federal regulations, such as the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, the Endangered Species Act, and the Black Bass Act.

The personnel assigned to the Wildlife and Parks Law Enforcement Program are responsible for enforcing all hunting, fishing, and boating laws in the state. The Special Investigations Unit performs investigations as directed by the Secretary. Assisting in education efforts is a secondary duty of personnel assigned to this program.

Goals and Objectives. Through its Law Enforcement Program, the Department seeks to provide oversight and protection of the state's natural resource areas. The following are objectives of this program:

Maintain a compliance rate for wildlife laws and regulations at 90.0 percent or higher.

Perform 900 wildlife license and permit checks per Conservation Officer annually.

Statutory History. KSA 32-808 grants authority over the conservation and protection of the state's natural resources dealing with wildlife and its habitats. As part of this authority, the Department establishes and enforces open and closed seasons and bag limits on wildlife. The Department also conducts investigations regarding the conservation of threatened and endangered species.

Law Enforcement

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	Tietaai	30 V. Estimate	Buse Buager	Zimane. 1 kg.	301.166.
Salaries and Wages	3,550,232	3,795,656	3,834,887		3,834,887
Contractual Services	282,954	388,512	409,839		409,839
Commodities	427,939	311,517	330,832		330,832
Capital Outlay	903,578	574,979	459,620		459,620
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$5,164,703	\$5,070,664	\$5,035,178	\$	\$5,035,178
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$5,164,703	\$5,070,664	\$5,035,178	\$	\$5,035,178
Capital Improvements			· · · · ·		
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$5,164,703	\$5,070,664	\$5,035,178	\$	\$5,035,178
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$5,164,703	\$5,070,664	\$5,035,178	\$	\$5,035,178
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	5,164,703	5,070,664	5,035,178		5,035,178
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$5,164,703	\$5,070,664	\$5,035,178	\$	\$5,035,178
FTE Positions	78.0	78.0	78.0		78.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	78.0	78.0	78.0		78.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
Number of public contacts	146,652	172,500	172,500
Number of wildlife license, boating safety, and registration checks per Conservation Officer	1,113	1,250	1,250
Compliance rate with laws and regulations for: Wildlife Boating	95.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %
	85.0 %	85.0 %	85.0 %

State Parks_

Operations. The Parks Program is responsible for managing 24 state parks and the Prairie Spirit Rail Trail. Oversight of this program is the responsibility of the Assistant Secretary for Operations. Direct management is provided by the Director for the Parks Division. To manage park facilities more effectively, the state is divided into three regions, each managed by a Regional Supervisor.

This program also is responsible for administering Local Government Outdoor Recreation Grants. An evaluation committee reviews and prioritizes the applications according to statewide needs. However, the Department provides support and technical assistance with the application procedure.

Goals and Objectives. It is a goal of the Department to manage, protect, and administer effectively all state

parks to provide a diversity of recreational experiences. This goal is accomplished through the following objectives:

Provide improved maintenance for existing facilities.

Utilize consistent, statistically valid user surveys to evaluate customer service and demand.

Evaluate continually and use employees to maintain proper efficiency.

Statutory History. KSA 32-807 authorizes the Department to operate a state park system. The development and operation of recreational trails are contained in KSA 58-3211 et seq.

____State Parks

	FW 2002	ET 2002	EH 2004	FT 2004	ET 2004
	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
Form and the contract	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	5 426 060	5 550 400	5 606 06 7		5 606 067
Salaries and Wages	5,436,869	5,550,402	5,606,867		5,606,867
Contractual Services	1,406,238	1,355,415	1,354,563		1,354,563
Commodities	1,084,589	902,059	905,711		905,711
Capital Outlay	775,291	335,469	441,169		441,169
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$8,702,987	\$8,143,345	\$8,308,310	\$	\$8,308,310
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	50				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$8,703,037	\$8,143,345	\$8,308,310	\$	\$8,308,310
Capital Improvements	· · ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$8,703,037	\$8,143,345	\$8,308,310	\$	\$8,308,310
Non-expense Items	100			·	
Total Expenditures by Object	\$8,703,137	\$8,143,345	\$8,308,310	\$	\$8,308,310
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	3,063,007	1,728,650	1,884,460		1,714,452
Water Plan Fund	· · · ·				
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	5,640,130	6,414,695	6,423,850		6,593,858
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$8,703,137	\$8,143,345	\$8,308,310	\$	\$8,308,310
Total Expenditures by Tuna	φο, 7 σο, 10 7	ψο,115,515	φο,ουο,ο10	Ψ	φο,500,510
FTE Positions	107.0	107.0	107.0		107.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	107.0	107.0	107.0		107.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Percent of campers satisfied			
Percent of day users satisfied	85.0 %	85.0 %	90.0 %
Percent of campsites utilized	79.0 %	80.0 %	82.0 %
Number of days parks open	300	280	280
Number of volunteer hours	45,000	50,000	55,000

Fisheries & Wildlife_

Operations. The Fisheries, Wildlife, and Public Lands Program is responsible for management of all wildlife and fish resources on public and private lands, including state fishing lakes and wildlife areas. This program also is responsible for research and technical analysis, evaluation of fish and wildlife populations, statewide regulatory efforts, and other functions, including fish production and stocking statewide. In addition, this program develops wildlife management plans to improve the quality of hunting and fishing in the state and addresses nongame wildlife concerns. A comprehensive wildlife management process is prepared every five years, then used to review and revise these management plans. Oversight of this program is the responsibility of the Assistant Secretary for Operations. This program is directly managed by the Director of the Fisheries, Wildlife, and Public Lands Division.

The Fisheries, Wildlife, and Public Lands Program provides technical assistance to other programs in the Department. This program also evaluates grant proposals submitted by local organizations for development of community lake recreation opportunities. It also evaluates grant applications for establishing local Outdoor Wildlife Learning Sites. Another responsibility is to ensure compliance with the Threatened and Endangered Species Act.

Goals and Objectives. The goals of the Fisheries, Wildlife, and Public Lands Program are to protect, enhance, and manage the fisheries and wildlife resources in Kansas and to plan and implement a system of recreational use opportunities. The objectives are as follows:

Provide the number, size, and species of fish requested for statewide stocking, while maintaining adequate stocks of forage and brood fish.

Maintain the continuity of fisheries and wildlife population databases and user performance surveys.

Enhance the status and habitats of nongame species with emphasis placed on promoting appreciation for threatened and endangered species.

Increase the number of days spent hunting, fishing, and observing wildlife.

Reverse the trend of deteriorating quantity and quality of wildlife habitat.

Develop and implement a comprehensive management approach to all wildlife related issues.

Protect and enhance those species classified as threatened, endangered, or in need of conservation.

Statutory History. The Department, by law, is granted authority over the conservation of the natural resources of the state in regard to wildlife and habitat. In addition, KSA 32-958 et seq. direct the Department to conduct investigations and establish programs for conserving nongame, threatened and endangered species, and all other wildlife.

Department of Wildlife & Parks Fisheries & Wildlife

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
Englanditures has Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	6 701 170	6 771 606	6 952 004		6 952 004
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services	6,791,170	6,771,606 4,859,364	6,852,004		6,852,004 4,514,437
	4,147,615		4,514,437		
Commodities	2,041,298	1,968,667	1,888,712		1,888,712
Capital Outlay Debt Service	1,002,071	1,244,814	966,800		966,800
Operating Adjustments	 ¢12 002 154	 ¢14 044 4 5 1	 ¢14 221 052	 ø	 ¢14 221 052
Subtotal: State Operations Aid to Local Governments	\$13,982,154	\$14,844,451	\$14,221,953	\$	\$14,221,953
Other Assistance	126				
	436	 ¢14 044 451	e14 221 052	 ø	 ¢14 221 052
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$13,982,590	\$14,844,451	\$14,221,953	\$	\$14,221,953
Capital Improvements	 ¢12 002 500	 ¢1.4.0.44.4.51	 414 221 052	 ø	 ¢14 221 052
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$13,982,590	\$14,844,451	\$14,221,953	\$	\$14,221,953
Non-expense Items	 ¢12 002 500	 ¢1.4.0.44.4.51	 414 221 052	 ø	 ¢14 221 052
Total Expenditures by Object	\$13,982,590	\$14,844,451	\$14,221,953	\$	\$14,221,953
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund					
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	13,982,590	14,844,451	14,221,953		14,221,953
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$13,982,590	\$14,844,451	\$14,221,953	\$	\$14,221,953
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FTE Positions	128.0	128.0	128.0		128.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	128.0	128.0	128.0		128.0
Performance Measures			FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of surveys conducted:					
Wildlife population			30	30	30
Hunter			10	10	10
Landowner					
Angler			12	14	14
Percent satisfied with associated manager	ment program:				
Deer hunters	- -		79.0 %	80.0 %	80.0 %
Landowners (deer)			55.0 %	60.0 %	60.0 %
Turkey hunters			75.0 %	70.0 %	70.0 %
Landowners (turkey)			65.0 %	70.0 %	70.0 %
Anglers			75.0 %	75.0 %	75.0 %
Number of acres affected by Upland Gam	95,000	100,000	115,000		
Number of acres in Walk-in Hunting Program			909,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

Capital Improvements_

Operations. The Capital Improvements Program for the Department of Wildlife and Parks provides funding for repair and construction projects at state-owned or administered areas under the jurisdiction of the Department. The Capital Improvements Program encompasses five major functions: planning, designing, budgeting, preliminary engineering and/or architecture, and construction. Large improvement projects are generally constructed through contracts awarded to private contractors on a competitive bid basis. Smaller capital projects are constructed using agency equipment and staff.

In 1998, the Governor proposed a \$10.0 million initiative to improve the infrastructure of Kansas' parks. His initiative, *Parks 2000*, was the result of input and feedback from the Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks Commission. The Commission continues to provide input on ways to replace or

rehabilitate structures, provide enhanced camping facilities, and improve access to Kansas' park system.

Goals and Objectives. A primary goal is to provide facilities that meet the needs of Kansas citizens. It will be pursued through the following objectives:

Maintain or improve the physical structure of all agency facilities.

Construct agency facilities, as needed, which address the expectations of park patrons.

Construct agency facilities, as needed, to address the expectations of new user groups.

Statutory History. The Secretary of the Department is granted authority over conservation of the natural resources of the state by KSA 32-807.

Capital Improvements

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages					
Contractual Services					
Commodities					
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance					
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Capital Improvements	6,704,734	12,042,216	6,794,710		6,554,710
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$6,704,734	\$12,042,216	\$6,794,710	\$	\$6,554,710
Non-expense Items					
Total Expenditures by Object	\$6,704,734	\$12,042,216	\$6,794,710	\$	\$6,554,710
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	348,995	34,872			
Water Plan Fund			100,000		
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds					
Other Funds	6,355,739	12,007,344	6,694,710		6,554,710
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$6,704,734	\$12,042,216	\$6,794,710	\$	\$6,554,710
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of structures in need of major repair or replacement	4	6	3
Percent of dams repaired			
Number of miles of roadway in need of resurfacing	60	60	60
Number of bridges repaired or replaced	1	3	1

Winfield Correctional Facility_

Mission. The mission of Winfield Correctional Facility, as part of the criminal justice system, is to contribute to public safety by exercising reasonable, safe, secure, and humane control of offenders while actively assisting them to become law-abiding citizens.

Operations. The Winfield Correctional Facility is a 522-bed facility which provides housing for minimum security male inmates. The facility serves a prerelease function designed to provide a smooth transition from an institutional setting to the community for inmates expected to be parolled in the near future. The Pre-release Program offers participants opportunities to learn and practice a variety of social skills in a less restricted setting which will enable them to reenter the communities to which they are being parolled.

The institution operates six major budget programs: Administration, Security, Classification and Programs, Support Services, Capital Improvements, and the Wichita Work Release Facility.

The Administration Program provides for the overall management and operation of the institution and includes financial management, planning, and personnel administration. The Security Program's primary function is to minimize escapes from the institution, minimize acts of physical violence by inmates, and provide staff with a safe working environment. Corrections officers control the internal and external movement of inmates; monitor activities; supervise work details; investigate incidents relating to the security, safety, and well-being of the institution, inmates, and staff; and perform miscellaneous duties.

Classification and Programs maintains all the records regarding work assignments, progress reviews, attitudinal and adjustment counseling, probation/parole counseling, and other matters regarding the inmates. The Support Services Program includes such activities as laundry and supply, facilities operations, and physical plant maintenance. Food Service operations were privatized in FY 1997 and moved to the Department of Corrections' budget. Medical and mental health services are provided under a Department of Corrections contract with a private firm.

The Wichita Work Release Facility became part of Winfield Correctional Facility on September 1, 1996. Prior to FY 1997, the Wichita Work Release Facility was part of the Facilities Operations Program in the Department of Corrections. The facility affords selected inmates the opportunity for community reintegration prior to actual release from custody. Inmates housed at the facility become gainfully employed on a full-time basis in the community. The residential-style facility has a capacity of 198 male and female inmates.

Goals and Objectives. The facility is to provide for the secure and humane confinement of offenders as well as for public safety. The objectives associated with this goal are to:

Limit the number of inmate assaults on staff.

Limit the number of inmate escapes.

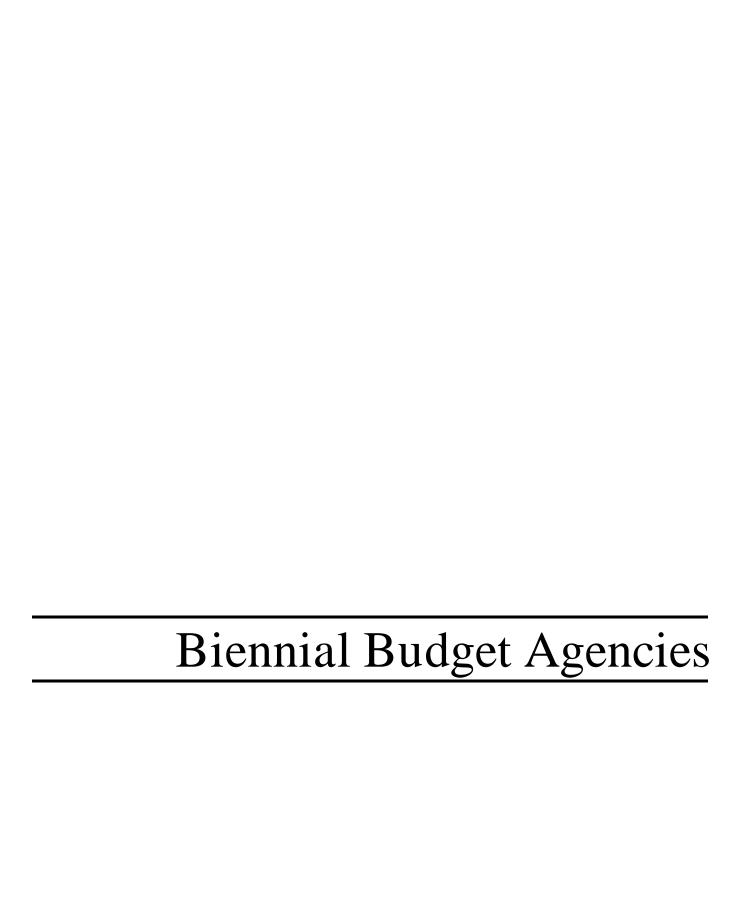
In addition, a separate goal of the Wichita Work Release Facility is to provide for the confinement, control, and rehabilitation of adult felons.

Statutory History. The Winfield Correctional Facility operates under the authority of the Secretary of Corrections as specified in the provisions of KSA 75-52,117.

Winfield Correctional Facility

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Program					
Administration	677,555	660,315	717,076		711,437
Security	3,847,077	4,004,081	4,080,470		3,993,168
Classification & Programs	987,535	985,461	1,001,899		992,925
Wichita Work Release Facility	1,821,975	1,882,351	1,923,097		1,906,407
Support Services	2,555,074	2,234,964	2,392,250		2,383,108
Capital Improvements	142,211	156,952			
Total Expenditures	\$10,031,427	\$9,924,124	\$10,114,792	\$	\$9,987,045
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	7,788,571	7,985,359	8,119,568		7,991,821
Contractual Services	1,218,981	1,202,833	1,240,527		1,240,527
Commodities	796,573	555,723	677,440		677,440
Capital Outlay	83,885	23,257	77,257		77,257
Debt Service		, 	·		,
Operating Adjustments					
Subtotal: State Operations	\$9,888,010	\$9,767,172	\$10,114,792	\$	\$9,987,045
Aid to Local Governments					
Other Assistance	1,206				
Subtotal: Operating Expenditures	\$9,889,216	\$9,767,172	\$10,114,792	\$	\$9,987,045
Capital Improvements	142,211	156,952			
Total Reportable Expenditures	\$10,031,427	\$9,924,124	\$10,114,792	\$	\$9,987,045
Non-expense Items				· 	
Total Expenditures by Object	\$10,031,427	\$9,924,124	\$10,114,792	\$	\$9,987,045
Expenditures by Fund					
State General Fund	9,752,449	9,582,620	9,927,412		9,799,665
Water Plan Fund					
EDIF					
Children's Initiatives Fund					
Building Funds	142,211	156,952			
Other Funds	136,767	184,552	187,380		187,380
Total Expenditures by Fund	\$10,031,427	\$ 9,924,124	\$10,114,792	\$	\$ 9,987,045
Total Expenditures by Fund	φ10,031,427	φ9,924,124	φ10,11 4 ,7 <i>72</i>	φ	φ2,207,043
FTE Positions	201.0	201.0	201.0		201.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0
Total Positions	203.0	203.0	203.0		203.0

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Number of escapes			
Number of assaults on staff			



Abstracters' Board of Examiners

Mission. The mission of the Abstracters' Board of Examiners is to regulate in a fair and equitable manner the individuals and firms that compile and sell abstracts of Kansas real estate. In addition, the Board strives to protect the citizens of the State of Kansas against fraudulent and improper land title transfers.

Operations. The Abstracters' Board of Examiners is a three-member board appointed by the Governor for overlapping three-year terms. An executive secretary is appointed by the Board to administer its activities. The Board licenses all individuals or firms selling abstracts of title to Kansas real estate. In order to obtain a license a person, firm, or corporation must pass an examination conducted by the Board and file a bond and a policy of insurance with the Board. In the case of a firm or corporation, the examination needs to be taken by an active manager of the firm.

Professional abstracters search county and court records for transactions that affect land title, such as mortgages, easements, or judgments against any party having an interest in the property. A record of the transactions is condensed into a form acceptable to the buyer's attorney, who writes an opinion on the title. A licensee must be bonded for a minimum of \$25,000 to protect against the loss or destruction of public records and must have at least \$25,000 in errors and omissions insurance.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Abstracters' Board of Examiners is to ensure that all license holders meet the minimum standards prescribed by law. An objective associated with this goal is to:

Continue to test new applicants for licensure and to provide training to existing licensees.

Statutory History. The Abstracters' Board of Examiners is authorized by KSA 74-3901 et seq. to administer the Kansas Abstracters Act (KSA 58-2801 et seq.), which provides for the regulation of both individuals and firms who compile and sell abstracts of Kansas real estate.

Abstracters' Board of Examiners

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	16,668	17,306	17,340		17,340
Contractual Services		2,419	2,693		2,693
Commodities		560	650		650
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(1,220)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$16,668	\$20,285	\$20,683	\$	\$19,463
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		_
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	17,352		17,352		
Contractual Services	2,876		2,876		
Commodities	650		650		
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
			#20.050		
Total Expenditures	\$20,878	\$	\$20,878		
Total Expenditures FTE Positions	\$20,878 	\$	\$20,878 		
-	\$20,878 	\$ 	ŕ		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of operative licenses issued	198	195	192	189
Number of employee licenses issued	284	281	278	275
Number of examinations conducted	2	2	2	2

Board of Accountancy

Mission. The mission of the Board of Accountancy is to provide the public with a high degree of confidence in those persons certified as public accountants through the use of screening examinations, licensure, continuing education, continuing oversight, and regulation.

Operations. The Board of Accountancy governs the practice of certified public accountants (CPAs) and the six remaining licensed municipal public accountants (LMPAs) in Kansas. The Board of Accountancy is composed of seven members appointed by the Governor for three-year overlapping terms. Five members of the Board must be licensed CPAs practicing in Kansas, and two members represent the general public.

All state boards of accountancy use the uniform CPA examination and grading service of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. To qualify for the examination, an applicant must have at least a baccalaureate degree with a concentration in accounting and 150 hours of course specific education. Examinations are given the first Wednesday and Thursday of May and November in Wichita.

To remain licensed, CPAs must complete 80 hours of continuing professional education in a biennial period and verify completion of a peer review of their work every three years. Accounting and ethical standards are promulgated by the Board to ensure competency in the practice of accounting. Complaints are investigated by the Board. The Board, in accordance with the Kansas Administrative Procedure Act, may take disciplinary actions against CPAs and LMPAs following hearings.

The Board of Accountancy is funded entirely through the collection of fees for CPA license renewals, firm registrations, reciprocal CPA certificates and licenses, and CPAs who have been authorized to practice in Kansas by notification procedures. The Board is located in Topeka.

Goals and Objectives. One goal of the Board of Accountancy is to ensure that all candidates taking the national uniform CPA examination in Kansas meet established minimum education and/or experience requirements. The objective for this goal is to:

Issue Kansas CPA certificates only to qualified applicants.

A second goal of the Board is to provide the public with qualified CPAs licensed to perform needed public accounting services with a high degree of competence, knowledge, integrity, independence, and objectivity. An objective for this goal is to:

Issue initial licenses to practice only to CPAs who have obtained the required public accounting and auditing experience under the direct supervision of another licensed practicing CPA.

Statutory History. Article 2 of Chapter 1 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated* establishes the State Board of Accountancy. KSA 1-201 establishes the appointment and qualifications of the state board. KSA 1-202 provides for the powers and duties of the Board. KSA 75-1110 places the licensure function of municipal public accountants (LMPAs) under the jurisdiction of the Board.

Board of Accountancy

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			_		
Salaries and Wages	115,543	124,810	127,506		127,506
Contractual Services	49,440	59,948	112,860		112,860
Commodities	5,284	2,855	3,330		3,330
Capital Outlay	5,939	2,050			
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(14,378)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$176,206	\$189,663	\$243,696	\$	\$229,318
FTE Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	_	_			
Salaries and Wages	130,261		130,261		
Contractual Services	113,587		113,587		
Commodities	3,330		3,330		
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$247,178	\$	\$247,178		
FTE Positions	3.0		3.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	3.0		3.0		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Total CPAs regulated by the Board	9,366	9,526	9,696	9,866
Of the total, new CPA certificates issued	166	170	175	175
CPA firms registered to practice	435	430	435	440
Complaints and referrals received and investigated	23	25	25	25

Banking Department_

Mission. The mission of the Office of the State Bank Commissioner is to ensure the fair and reliable supervision of state chartered banks, companies/departments, and savings and loans; educate regulated establishments to promote a better understanding of and compliance with laws and regulations; and preserve the dual banking system through the chartering of new state banks. In the consolidation with the Office of the Consumer Credit Commissioner, the Office of the State Bank Commissioner has taken on the role of protecting consumers from unfair practices of suppliers of consumer credit by enforcing the laws governing consumer credit transactions.

Operations. The primary mechanism for ensuring the financial integrity of all state chartered financial and trust institutions is through the examination of these operations. After on-site examinations are performed, examination reports are prepared by staff and submitted to the Commissioner for review and approval. Should problems which compromise safety and soundness of the institution be found and not corrected, the Commissioner can take charge of the institution until the problems are corrected, or corrective actions may be implemented through a Board Resolution, Commissioner's Directive, Memorandum of Understanding, or an Order to Cease and Desist.

The Office of the State Bank Commissioner is now responsible for enforcement of the Kansas Uniform Consumer Credit Code (UCCC) and the Kansas Mortgage Business Act (KMBA). Under the UCCC, consumer loan companies must be licensed by the Commissioner prior to operation and are subject to compliance examinations. Under the KMBA, the Commissioner has the authority to levy fines, fees, settlements and conduct legal prosecution. A program for the education of consumers with respect to credit practices and personal finance is funded in part by an annual grant to Wichita State University to support the Kansas Council on Economic Education. additional grant is provided to Housing and Credit Counseling, Inc., a non-profit agency that provides counseling and education to distressed consumers.

Goals and Objectives. A goal of the Department is to regulate state chartered banks, savings and loans, trust departments, and consumer loan companies in an efficient, fair, capable, and professional manner. The following objectives are identified:

Maintain the system of state chartered financial institutions and facilitate the chartering of such institutions in accordance with statutory requirements.

Examine all state chartered banks, savings and loans, and trust departments at least once within an 18-month period. Examine licensees and registrants under the Kansas UCCC and KMBA at least once within an 24-month period.

Another goal of this agency is to educate and protect consumer buyers, lessees, and borrowers against predatory lenders and unscrupulous business practices by some suppliers of consumer credit. Objectives are to:

See that all lenders and retail sellers are licensed or registered and in compliance with the Kansas UCCC and applicable federal truth-in-leasing and lending regulations.

Increase the level of knowledge of both the consumer and the industry about consumer finance and the laws regulating consumer credit.

Statutory History. Authority for this program and the powers of the Bank Commissioner are found in KSA 9-101 et seq. and KSA 75-1304. Authority for the State Banking Board is found in KSA 74-3004 et seq. On July 1, 1999, the Office of the Consumer Credit Commissioner was merged into the Office of the State Bank Commissioner. The agency is responsible for enforcing the Kansas Uniform Consumer Credit Code (KSA 16a-1-101 et seq.) and the Fair Credit Reporting Act (KSA 50-701 et seq.). The agency regulates credit service organizations in accordance with KSA 50-1011 et seq.

Banking Department

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	4,070,262	4,582,897	5,016,657		4,892,063
Contractual Services	646,602	883,876	950,932		950,932
Commodities	60,764	92,200	97,340		97,340
Capital Outlay	142,198	95,830	95,594		95,594
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(358,775)
Non-expense Items	119,500	145,000	120,000		120,000
Aid to Local Governments	42,500	45,000	45,000		45,000
Total Expenditures	\$5,081,826	\$5,844,803	\$6,325,523	\$	\$5,842,154
FTE Positions	85.0	85.0	85.0		85.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	86.0	86.0	86.0		86.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	C	Č			
Salaries and Wages	5,213,222		4,981,769		
Contractual Services	980,577		980,577		
Commodities	100,960		100,960		
Capital Outlay	85,638		85,638		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items	125,000		125,000		
Aid to Local Governments	45,000		45,000		
Total Expenditures	\$6,550,397	\$	\$6,318,944		
FTE Positions	85.0		85.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0		1.0		
Total Positions					

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of state chartered banks	264	264	264	264
Problem banks as a percentage of total banks	3.0 %	3.0 %	3.0 %	3.0 %
Problem trusts as a percentage of total trusts	3.9 %	3.9 %	3.9 %	3.9 %
Assets of state chartered banks (in billions)	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0

Board of Barbering

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Board of Barbering is to eliminate all acts performed by barbers that may cause harm or injury to the public; to ensure that only qualified, well-trained barbers and barber instructors are licensed; to ensure that all shops and salons are properly operating with barber shop licenses; and to provide information to barbers concerning all technical, medical, and scientific data that may enhance the protection of the public.

Operations. The Kansas Board of Barbering is composed of five members appointed by the Governor for three-year staggered terms. Four members of the Board must be licensed barbers practicing in Kansas and one must represent the general public. The Board of Barbering ensures that safe, sanitary, and professional standards are maintained in the barber profession. The Board conducts practical and written examinations for license applicants. Barber establishments are inspected, following public health rules and regulations adopted by the Department of

Health and Environment. The agency also investigates complaints, holds hearings according to the Kansas Administrative Procedure Act, and may take disciplinary action in the event of improper practices. The Board is a fee-funded agency whose fees are derived mainly from examinations and license renewals.

Goals and Objectives. A goal of the Board of Barbering is to ensure that all barber establishments meet the sanitation standards established in the *Kansas Administrative Regulations*. An objective associated with this goal is the following:

Reduce sanitation violations by at least 3.0 percent over the current five-year average by the end of FY 2004.

Statutory History. The Board of Barbering operates under the authority granted by KSA 74-1805 et seq., KSA 65-1809 et seq., and KSA 74-1808 et seq.

Board of Barbering

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	84,017	69,020	85,810		70,738
Contractual Services	44,685	42,885	44,685		42,885
Commodities	661	661	661		661
Capital Outlay	700	700	700		700
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(6,784)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$130,063	\$113,266	\$131,856	\$	\$108,200
FTE Positions	1.5	1.5	1.5		1.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	0.5		0.5		
Total Positions	2.0	1.5	2.0		1.5
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	_				
Salaries and Wages	86,973		71,901		
Contractual Services	44,685		42,885		
Commodities	661		661		
Capital Outlay	700		700		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$133,019	\$	\$116,147		
FTE Positions	1.5		1.5		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	0.5				

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of inspections conducted	87	1,000	1,010	1,020
Percent of shops with violations	7.3 %	7.1 %	6.9 %	6.8 %

Behavioral Sciences Regulatory Board_

Mission. The mission of the Behavioral Sciences Regulatory Board is to protect the public's health, safety, and welfare from unlawful or unprofessional practitioners who fall under the Board's jurisdiction.

Operations. The Behavioral Sciences Regulatory Board was established to regulate practicing psychologists and social workers in Kansas. several occasions since its founding, the Board has had its responsibilities broadened. The jurisdiction of the Board was expanded by the 1987 Legislature to include the registration of professional counselors and masters level psychologists. The Board's jurisdiction was further expanded by the 1991 Legislature to include the registration of marriage and family therapists. Finally, the regulation of alcohol and drug abuse counselors was added in 1992. The Board is composed of 11 members appointed by the Governor to serve overlapping four-year terms. Three members are psychologists, two are social workers, one is a marriage and family therapist, one is a professional counselor, and four are appointed from the general public.

The Board licenses qualified psychologists, social workers, professional counselors, marriage and family therapists, and alcohol and drug abuse counselors. In addition, the Board reviews and approves continuing education courses and requirements, establishes practice standards, and regulates the five professional groups. The purpose of the regulation is to ensure that the practitioners provide and perform professional services that afford minimum protection to the health, safety, and welfare of the public. The Board is empowered, after due process, to limit, suspend, refuse to renew, or revoke the right of any licensee or registrant to practice in the state.

The Board responds to complaints by making an informal or a formal investigation and/or holding a

hearing. If a complaint is received regarding an unlicensed practitioner and is beyond the scope of the Board, it is referred to an appropriate authority. A list of all professionals qualified to practice in the state and licensed by the Board is published annually by the Board. The Board is funded by fees assessed for examinations and licensure.

Goals and Objectives. The agency's goal is to utilize its powers under statutes and regulations to protect the public's health, safety, and welfare. Agency objectives include the following:

Ensure that all licensees and registrants meet the minimum educational experience and ethical standards prescribed by law for the practice of their profession.

Respond to all complaints of ethical violations and refer such complaints to the appropriate party for investigation.

Statutory History. The Behavioral Sciences Regulatory Board was created by the 1980 Legislature to license social workers and certify psychologists and the Board of Social Work Examiners. Both boards were abolished as of July 1, 1980, under KSA 74-7207 and KSA 74-7205, respectively.

Current statutory authority can be found in KSA 65-6601 et seq., KSA 74-7501 et seq. and KSA 74-5301 et seq. KSA 74-5344 and KSA 74-7507 expand the jurisdiction of the Board to license professional counselors and masters level psychologists. The 1991 Legislature amended KSA 74-7251 to expand the jurisdiction of the Board to cover the registration of marriage and family therapists. The 1992 Legislature, in KSA 65-6601, again increased the Board's area of responsibility to provide for the registration and regulation of drug and alcohol abuse counselors.

Behavioral Sciences Regulatory Board

	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Gov. Estimate	FY 2004 Base Budget	FY 2004 Enhanc. Pkg.	FY 2004 Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	7 Ictuar	Gov. Estimate	Dase Budget	Emittie. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	309,681	321,099	326,084		326,084
Contractual Services	127,644	163,724	174,156		174,156
Commodities	17,011	20,848	20,964		20,964
Capital Outlay	8,753	11,600	6,800		1,800
Debt Service	´	, 			,
Operating Adjustment					(30,857)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$463,089	\$517,271	\$528,004	\$	\$492,147
FTE Positions	8.0	8.0	8.0		8.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	8.0	8.0	8.0		8.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	331,073		331,073		
Contractual Services	181,968		181,968		
Commodities	21,608		21,608		
Capital Outlay	9,000		1,800		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance			 ****		
Total Expenditures	\$543,649	\$	\$536,449		
FTE Positions	8.0		8.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	8.0		8.0		
Performance Measures		FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of license renewals:					
Psychologists		672	221	704	232
Professional counselors		68	78	704	80
Master level psychologists		153	111	160	116
Marriage and family therapists		14	116	15	121
Alcohol and other drug abuse counselor	'S	47	20	49	21
Licensed social workers		2,274	2,201	2,387	2,311
Number of complaints received		80	96	115	90

Board of Cosmetology

Mission. The mission of the Board of Cosmetology is to protect the health and safety of the consuming public by licensing qualified individuals and enforcing standards of practice.

Operations. The Board of Cosmetology administers a program of licensure and inspection enforcement. The Board licenses approximately 22,000 individuals and 4,500 facilities. The Governor appoints the six members of the Board for three-year overlapping terms. Four members must be licensed cosmetologists and two must be representatives of the general public. The Governor also appoints the Executive Director.

The Board licenses practitioners in cosmetology, nail technology, esthetics, electrology, and cosmetology instruction. Applicants for licensure in the cosmetology professions must complete the number of classroom and practice hours as required by law. They must also successfully complete a written and practical examination. Cosmetology licenses are renewed on a biennial basis. All facility licenses for cosmetology facilities are renewed annually. The Board is also responsible for the annual licensure and inspection of 700 tanning facilities.

The Board ensures compliance with sanitation rules and regulations adopted by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment. The Board is authorized to hold hearings on the suspension, revocation, or refusal to license for improper or unethical practices. The Board also licenses and inspects schools of cosmetology and electrology and provides assistance in curriculum development. The Board is a fee-funded agency; fees are derived from license renewals, license restorations, and new licenses.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Board of Cosmetology is to safeguard the general public's health and safety through the following objectives:

All practitioners of the professions regulated by the Board must meet the appropriate standards for competency and practice.

Salons/facilities must meet the health and sanitation requirements determined by statutes and rules and regulations.

Violations of statutes and regulations must be investigated and adjudicated promptly and fairly.

Statutory History. The Board of Cosmetology operates under the authority granted by KSA 65-1901 et seq. and KSA 75-2701 et seq. KSA 65-1920 et seq. give the Board the authority to license and inspect tanning facilities in the state.

Board of Cosmetology

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			_	_	
Salaries and Wages	387,468	416,771	424,258		424,258
Contractual Services	193,703	218,172	238,044		235,174
Commodities	12,331	9,100	9,400		9,600
Capital Outlay	8,307	17,118	17,835		17,835
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(40,526)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$601,809	\$661,161	\$689,537	\$	\$646,341
FTE Positions	12.0	12.0	12.0		12.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	12.0	12.0	12.0		12.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	_				
Salaries and Wages	451,762		451,762		
Contractual Services	249,532		237,557		
Commodities	9,900		9,900		
Capital Outlay	10,608		10,608		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$721,802	\$	\$709,827		
FTE Positions	12.0		12.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	12.0		12.0		

Performance Measures	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
Percent of licensed facilities inspected	98.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %

Department of Credit Unions_

Mission. The mission of the Department of Credit Unions is to provide a regulatory environment in which Kansas credit unions can thrive and prosper without subjecting their members or the citizens of Kansas to undue risks.

Operations. The Department of Credit Unions examines all state-chartered credit unions at least every 18 months to ensure financial stability and compliance with state and federal laws and regulations. The Department also grants new charters and mergers, handles consumer complaints, and provides liquidation procedures when necessary. The Department regulates state-chartered credit unions with assets ranging from \$166,000 to over \$33 billion. The National Credit Union Administration, a federal agency, regulates federally-chartered credit unions operating in the state and accepts examination reports from the Department of Credit Unions for state-chartered, federally-insured credit unions.

The credit union administrator is appointed by the Governor, with Senate confirmation, and serves a four-year term. A separate Credit Union Council composed of seven members appointed by the Governor serves

as an advisor to the credit union administrator. The Department of Credit Unions is a fee-funded agency. Fees are received from each state-chartered credit union. Fees are assessed to individual credit unions based on the amount of assets at the close of each calendar year.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Department of Credit Unions is to improve the quality of its examination program, regulate all Kansas-chartered credit unions, and improve credit union stability ratings. The following objectives guide the agency's efforts to achieve this goal:

Maintain the credit union system and facilitate the chartering of state-chartered credit unions.

Examine all state-chartered credit unions at least once every 18 months.

Statutory History. State statutes regulating credit unions are found in KSA 17-2201 through KSA 17-2267. The Department of Credit Unions was established in 1968 to perform duties previously carried out by the State Bank Commissioner's Office.

Department of Credit Unions

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object				C	
Salaries and Wages	673,791	709,874	722,818		722,818
Contractual Services	120,912	130,780	141,532		141,532
Commodities	4,507	5,400	5,900		5,900
Capital Outlay	2,078	4,500	2,500		2,500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(51,492)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$801,288	\$850,554	\$872,750	\$	\$821,258
FTE Positions	13.0	13.0	13.0		13.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	13.0	13.0	13.0		13.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object		_			
Salaries and Wages	732,114		732,114		
Contractual Services	147,450		147,450		
Commodities	6,400		6,400		
Capital Outlay	3,000		3,000		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$888,964	\$	\$888,964		
FTE Positions	13.0		13.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	13.0		13.0		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Percent of credit unions receiving regular examinations within the statutory 18-month timeframe	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Number of examinations	98	101	101	101
Number of timely supervisory contacts provided	46	45	45	45

Kansas Dental Board

Mission. The mission of the Dental Board is to protect public health and welfare by regulation of the dental and dental hygiene professions through licensure, regulation, inspection, and investigation.

Operations. The Kansas Dental Board regulates dentists and dental hygienists biennially. Those regulated must meet mandatory continuing education requirements. The Board is composed of six dentists, two hygienists, and one public member, all appointed for four-year terms. The Board administers examinations to qualified candidates who, upon successful completion, are licensed to practice dentistry or dental hygiene. The professional members of the Board actively participate as clinical examiners in an 11-state regional testing agency.

The Board investigates the complaints of incompetency and illegal practice. When warranted, administrative hearings are held, and the Board is responsible for actions taken against a practitioner which may result in the suspension, restriction, or revocation of a license. The Board meets approximately six times a year to conduct its business.

The Board is funded by fees assessed for examinations, licensure, and registration.

Goals and Objectives. The Board's primary goal is to protect the public health and welfare. This goal is accomplished through the following objectives:

Regulate the dental and dental hygiene professions by licensure and professional enforcement.

Respond promptly to public concerns regarding dentists and dental hygienists.

Respond to complaints through the dental office inspection program and coordinate with field inspectors.

Statutory History. The Dental Practice Act (KSA 65-1421 to 65-1462) was passed by the 1943 Legislature. The Dental Board was established to provide for the enforcement of this act (KSA 74-1404 to 74-1407). The first dentist was licensed in Kansas in 1885 and the first hygienist was licensed in 1936.

_Kansas Dental Board

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	88,887	111,597	113,369		113,369
Contractual Services	194,366	207,967	215,246		215,246
Commodities	10,593	7,144	7,250		7,250
Capital Outlay	5,485	500	500		500
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(19,846)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$299,331	\$327,208	\$336,365	\$	\$316,519
FTE Positions	2.5	2.5	2.5		2.5
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	2.5	2.5	2.5		2.5
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		_
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	•	_			
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	115,443		115,443		
· · ·	115,443 219,079		115,443 219,079		
Salaries and Wages					
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services	219,079		219,079		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities	219,079 7,250		219,079 7,250		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay	219,079 7,250		219,079 7,250		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service	219,079 7,250		219,079 7,250 500		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment	219,079 7,250		219,079 7,250 500		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items	219,079 7,250 500 	 	219,079 7,250 500 		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items Other Assistance Total Expenditures FTE Positions	219,079 7,250 500 	 	219,079 7,250 500 		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items Other Assistance Total Expenditures	219,079 7,250 500 \$342,272	 \$	219,079 7,250 500 \$342,272		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of complaints received	91	120	120	120
Number of investigations closed	72	100	76	105
Number of dental office inspections	1,200	500	500	500

Governmental Ethics Commission

Mission. The mission of the Governmental Ethics Commission is to provide the public with timely and accurate information needed for knowledgeable participation in government and the electoral process.

Operations. The Governmental Ethics Commission was established to maintain the integrity of the electoral process and governmental decision making. These activities are accomplished by administering laws pertaining to campaign finance, conflict of interest, and lobbying. The Commission consists of nine members: two appointed by the Governor, one by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, one by the Attorney General, one by the Secretary of State, and four by the legislative leadership.

The Commission's program encompasses six areas: informing the general public about the Campaign Finance Act, state governmental ethics, and lobbying laws; informing those covered by the law of their duties and responsibilities; rendering advisory opinions to guide those subject to the laws; reviewing and auditing campaign finance, conflict of interest, and lobbying activities to assure compliance with the law; investigating audit findings and both formal and informal complaints filed with the Commission; and assessing civil penalties, filing complaints, and conducting hearings.

To ensure compliance with the Campaign Finance Act, the Commission conducts informational seminars, monitors candidates filing for office, informs candidates of their duties, issues advisory opinions, and performs comprehensive desk reviews of all reports filed by candidates, parties, and political action committees (PACs). To ensure compliance with the state's lobbying laws and lobbyists' regulation

statements, the Commission also monitors and reviews lobbyist employment and expenditure reports. Elected state officials, candidates for state office, designated agency heads, and state employees in a position to make policy, contract, procure, license, inspect, or regulate must file statements of substantial interest. The filing of these statements is monitored and reviewed.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Commission is to provide individuals under its jurisdiction the information needed to understand their obligations under state laws regarding campaign finance, conflict of interest, and lobbying. Objectives of this goal are to:

Conduct seminars to educate candidates, state officers, and state employees.

Reduce the percentage of individuals who receive a notification of a failure to file the proper forms.

Reduce the percentage of individuals who receive a notice of errors in filing statements.

Reduce to 80 the number of business days between the report filing deadline and the distribution of error notices.

Statutory History. The Governmental Ethics Commission was established (KSA 25-4119) to administer the Campaign Finance Act (KSA 25-4142 et seq.); conflict of interests and financial disclosure statutory provisions relating to state officers and employees; and lobbying regulations (KSA 46-215 et seq.).

Governmental Ethics Commission

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	435,602	455,075	461,867		461,867
Contractual Services	87,768	95,920	106,671		99,028
Commodities	3,703	4,425	4,675		4,675
Capital Outlay	5,447		5,300		
Debt Service					(6,910)
Operating Adjustment Total Expenditures	\$532,52 0	\$555,420	\$578,513	\$ 	\$558,660
Expenditures by Fund	. ,	. ,	. ,	·	. ,
State General FundState Ops.	402,927	438,295	459,124		435,699
Other FundsState Ops.	129,593	117,125	119,389		122,961
Total Expenditures	\$532,520	\$555,420	\$578,513	\$	\$558,660
FTE Positions					
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions					
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	E	S			
Salaries and Wages	471,903		471,903		
Contractual Services	105,118		105,118		
Commodities	4,675		4,675		
Capital Outlay	8,320		8,320		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Total Expenditures	\$590,016	\$	\$590,016		
Expenditures by Fund					
State General FundState Ops.	459,124		459,124		
Other FundsState Ops.	130,892		130,892		
Total Expenditures	\$590,016	\$	\$590,016		
FTE Positions	9.0		9.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	0.5		0.5		
Total Positions	9.5		9.5		
		FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005
Performance Measures		Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
Lobbyist registrations and expenditure	reports filed	6,499	9,526	9,696	5,900
Percent of compliance reviews complet	ed	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Statements of substantial interest filed		6,187	5,900	6,200	5,900
Informational materials provided via In	nternet	63,417	67,500	67,500	69,500

Board of Healing Arts

Mission. The mission of the Board of Healing Arts is to protect the public by regulating 11 health care professions and ensuring the individuals representing these professions meet and maintain certain qualifications as well as to protect the public from incompetent practice, unprofessional conduct, and other proscribed behavior by individuals who have been authorized to practice in Kansas.

Operations. The Board licenses medical, osteopathic, chiropractic, and podiatric doctors as well as occupational therapists. The Board registers physical therapists, naturopathic doctors, dispensers not already licensed as an optometrist who mail contact lenses to patients, and athletic trainers. It also certifies physical Respiratory therapists were therapist assistants. changed from registered to licensed effective March 2000 and physician assistants in February 2001. The Board, appointed by the Governor, consists of three public members and 12 doctors: five medical, three osteopathic, three chiropractic, and one podiatric. Advice is provided by the Physical Therapy Examinating Committee, Occupational Therapist Council, Respiratory Care Council, Athletic Trainers Council, and Physician's Assistants Council.

The Board performs its regulatory duties by requiring certain qualifications at the time of initial licensure or registration and at the time of renewal. The Board may censure an individual or revoke, suspend, or limit a license or registration if it finds the individual is engaged in improper conduct. The Board is financed entirely by examination, licensure, registration, and annual renewal fees.

Goals and Objectives. It is the Board of Healing Arts' responsibility to issue licenses, certificates, and registrations only to those meeting the minimum qualifications and who have not engaged in prior conduct which is improper and to ensure compliance with continuing education and insurance requirements in the annual renewal of licenses and registrations. Two of the Board's goals are to:

Improve the quality of healthcare in Kansas by limiting or eliminating the individuals who lack competence or authority to practice the professions regulated by the board.

Issue and renew licenses and registrations in an accurate and timely manner.

Statutory History. The medical, osteopathic, chiropractic, and physicians' assistant professions are regulated under the Healing Arts Act, Chapter 65, Article 28 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*. The podiatry, physical therapy, occupational therapy, naturopathy, respiratory therapy, and athletic training acts are found under Chapter 65, Articles 20, 28, 29, 54, 55, and 69, respectively.

Board of Healing Arts

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,185,429	1,263,964	1,321,059	40,276	1,321,059
Contractual Services	731,320	729,676	780,765	5,236	780,765
Commodities	47,232	46,900	51,200		51,200
Capital Outlay	16,541	17,810	20,000		20,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(128,208)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$1,980,522	\$2,058,350	\$2,173,024	\$45,512	\$2,044,816
FTE Positions	29.0	29.0	29.0	1.0	29.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	29.0	29.0	29.0	1.0	29.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	1,297,042	42,985	1,297,042		
Contractual Services	815,165	13,363	815,165		
Commodities	53,500		53,500		
Capital Outlay	24,000		24,000		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$2,189,707	\$56,348	\$2,189,707		
FTE Positions	29.0	1.0	29.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	29.0	1.0	29.0		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2002 Estimate	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate
Licensees:				
Medical Doctor	9,001	9,050	9,075	10,000
Doctor of Osteopathy	798	800	825	850
Doctor of Chiropractic				
Doctor of Podiatric Medicine	133	130	135	150

Hearing Aid Board of Examiners_

Mission. The mission of the Hearing Aid Board of Examiners is to establish and enforce standards that ensure the people of Kansas receive competent and ethical hearing aid care.

Operations. The Hearing Aid Board of Examiners regulates the fitting and dispensing of hearing aids to ensure proper practices. The Board is active in three areas. The Board licenses qualified applicants by examination and re-licenses practicing dispensers annually. As a condition for licensure, licensees are required to document the professional calibration of their audiometric equipment. The Board also maintains the professional standards of licensees by requiring and approving continuing education for annual renewal. Finally, the Board investigates and resolves complaints brought before the agency.

The Board is composed of five members, three of whom are licensed dispensers of hearing aids with at least five years experience and two of whom are representatives of the general public. Members of the Board are appointed by the Governor to three-year staggered terms. The Board designates an executive officer to administer the activities of the agency.

The Hearing Aid Board of Examiners is a fee-funded agency. The majority of the agency's fees are derived

from the re-licensing of practicing dispensers, with the remainder originating from the issuance of new and temporary licenses.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of the Board is to ensure that the people of Kansas receive competent and ethical hearing aid care. This goal is accomplished through the following objectives:

Determine efficiently and thoroughly the competence of new hearing aid dispensing applicants.

Review license renewals to ensure that all office locations are reported, calibration sheets are current, and continuing education credits are received from an approved program.

Provide unbiased and timely review of all complaints submitted to the Board.

Renew all licenses in a timely and efficient manner.

Statutory History. The Hearing Aid Board of Examiners was established by the 1968 Legislature. The sections of the law which govern the agency can be found in KSA 74-5801 et seq.

Hearing Aid Board of Examiners

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			e	C	
Salaries and Wages	11,440	12,662	12,675		12,675
Contractual Services	2,881	5,960	6,600		6,600
Commodities	289	600	600		600
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(1,173)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$14,610	\$19,222	\$19,875	\$	\$18,702
FTE Positions	0.4	0.4	0.4		0.4
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	0.4	0.4	0.4		0.4
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		_
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	_				
Salaries and Wages	14,186		14,186		
Contractual Services	6,700		6,700		
Commodities	600		600		
Capital Outlay					
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$21,486	\$	\$21,486		
FTE Positions	0.4		0.4		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	0.4		0.4		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of license renewals	233	229	236	236
Number of new licenses issued: Temporary Permanent	25 19	30 22	30 22	30 22

Board of Mortuary Arts_

Mission. The mission of the Kansas State Board of Mortuary Arts is to establish and enforce standards to ensure that professional funeral services are performed in a manner providing the maximum protection of the health, safety, and welfare for the people of Kansas. In addition, the Board strives to inform the public of the laws and options available to them when dealing with the funeral profession.

Operations. The Board of Mortuary Arts is responsible for the examination, registration, and regulation of embalmers, funeral directors, and crematories. Expenditures of the Board are financed by fees assessed to the industry. The Board is composed of five members: three who must be licensed embalmers with five years experience in Kansas and two who must represent the public. Board members are appointed to overlapping three-year terms by the Governor.

Licensed embalmers, funeral directors, assistant funeral directors, and establishments must renew their license every two years. Continuing education requirements for all licensed funeral directors and embalmers are managed through Board approval. The Board is authorized to inspect funeral establishments and to investigate complaints brought against any licensee or establishment. The Board also holds hearings on the suspension or revocation of licenses for improper or unethical practices. Examinations are offered four times a year to applicants for funeral

directors' licenses and applicants for reciprocal licensure.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Board is to protect the health and welfare of the citizens of Kansas through regulation of the funeral industry. This goal is accomplished through the following objectives:

Regulate funeral establishments, crematories, embalmers, funeral directors, assistant funeral directors, and registered apprentice and student embalmers.

License only those individuals who have proven their competence through education, experience, and examination.

Inspect all licensed funeral crematory establishments in Kansas twice annually.

Answer all inquiries and investigate all complaints relative to the licensees regulated by the Board.

Statutory History. The Board of Mortuary Arts, which has been in existence since 1907, operates under the authority granted by KSA 74-1701 et seq. and KSA 65-1701 et seq. The Board initially was established as the Board of Embalming. The 1985 Legislature changed the name to the Board of Mortuary Arts.

Board of Mortuary Arts

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	146,390	145,509	147,571		147,571
Contractual Services	49,952	62,844	67,250		67,250
Commodities	2,479	5,500	6,500		6,500
Capital Outlay	2,539	2,661	5,520		5,520
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(13,384)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$201,360	\$216,514	\$226,841	\$	\$213,457
FTE Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	149,472		149,472		
Contractual Services	73,800		73,800		
Commodities	7,100		7,100		
Capital Outlay	2,382		2,382		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance		 			
Total Expenditures	\$232,754	\$	\$232,754		
FTE Positions	3.0		3.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	3.0		3.0		
Performance Measures		FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of complaints filed with the Bo	oard	88	60	70	75
Number of consumer inquiries handled		1,100	1,200	1,300	1,350
Number of current licenses on file with	the Board	2,163	2,150	2,160	2,155
Percent of investigations that result in caction	lisciplinary	23	25	25	25

Board of Nursing.

Mission. The mission of the Board of Nursing is to assure safe and competent practice by nurses and mental health technicians in Kansas.

Operations. The Board of Nursing regulates, through licensure, nursing professionals and mental health technicians in Kansas. The Board certifies all advanced registered nurse practitioners, examines candidates desiring to practice, reviews and approves nursing and mental health education programs, and accredits all continuing education programs used to meet requirements for license renewal. The Board also investigates complaints regarding unlawful practice and complaints against license holders. After a public hearing, the Board may limit, suspend, or revoke a license or publicly or privately censure a licensee.

The 11-member Board is composed of six registered nurses, two licensed practical nurses, one licensed mental health technician, and two representatives of the general public. It is a fee-funded agency with all expenses met through fees established as provided by law for license renewal, endorsement, verification, examination, and reexamination for licenses.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the Board is to assure safe nursing and mental health technology practice in Kansas. The agency has established the following objectives:

Survey each school of nursing and mental health technology program every five years.

Approve continuing education programs.

Investigate complaints against nurses and licensed mental health technicians.

Sponsor legislation to revise further the Nurse Practice Act.

Statutory History. The original Nurse Practice Act was passed in 1913. An amendment in 1978 provided for the registration of advanced registered nurse practitioners. KSA 65-1113 provides statutory authority for regulation of the nursing profession. The law governing the regulation of mental health technicians (KSA 65-4201) was originally passed in 1973. The membership and duties of the Board are provided for in KSA 74-1106.

Board of Nursing

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	416,707	492,857	516,002		933,271
Contractual Services	169,357	199,176	9,000	179,000	353,482
Commodities	6,730	8,770	18,630		73,250
Capital Outlay	18,656	13,670	18,630	21,000	50,200
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(83,202)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$611,450	\$714,473	\$562,262	\$200,000	\$1,327,001
FTE Positions	22.0	22.0	22.0		22.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	22.0	22.0	22.0		22.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object		_			
Salaries and Wages	945,373		945,373		
Contractual Services	362,212	100,000	362,212		
Commodities	73,250		73,250		
Capital Outlay	45,000		45,000		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$1,425,835	\$100,000	\$1,425,835		
FTE Positions	22.0		22.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	22.0		22.0		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of renewals sent	22,551	22,000	22,550	22,000
Number of investigations conducted				
Admissions to Kansas Practical Nursing programs	829	835	850	875

Board of Examiners in Optometry

Mission. The mission of the Board of Examiners in Optometry is to administer and enforce the provisions of Kansas' optometry laws, handle effectively and efficiently complaints brought by the public and licensees before the Board, and license only individuals qualified to provide the highest quality of eye care to the citizens of Kansas.

Operations. The Board, which consists of five members, is appointed by the Governor based on recommendations of the Kansas Medical Society, the Kansas Osteopathic Society, and the Kansas Optometric Association. Four members must be optometrists with active practices in Kansas for at least five years, and one must represent the general public. The Board designates a secretary-treasurer to administer its daily operations.

The Board licenses and registers all practicing optometrists in Kansas and evaluates the qualifications of all new applicants by examination. Practicing optometrists must be relicensed annually and are required to receive 20 hours of continuing education offered by the Kansas State Optometric Association or an equivalent program. In addition, the Board prescribes a code of ethics for the practice of optometry and is empowered to suspend or revoke

licenses as a result of improper practices. Public hearings must be held as part of the revocation procedures.

The Board of Examiners in Optometry is a fee-funded agency. The majority of its fees are received from license renewals, with the remainder derived from examination fees, new licensures, and corporate certificate fees.

Goals and Objectives. It is the goal of the Board to regulate optometrists to ensure public safety. It accomplishes this goal, in part, through the following objectives:

Send license renewal forms to optometrists by April 1.

Process continuing education forms within one week of receipt.

Acknowledge any complaint brought by the public within one week.

Statutory History. Established in 1909, laws governing the examination and licensure of optometrists are found in KSA 65-1501 et seq.

Board of Examiners in Optometry

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	28,410	49,276	50,025		50,025
Contractual Services	56,708	57,168	61,522		60,522
Commodities	260	333	370		370
Capital Outlay	1,099				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(6,544)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$86,477	\$106,777	\$111,917	\$	\$104,373
FTE Positions	0.8	0.8	0.8		0.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Total Positions	1.8	1.8	1.8		1.8
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	FY 2005 Base Budget	FY 2005 Enhanc, Pkg.	FY 2005 Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	FY 2005 Base Budget	FY 2005 Enhanc. Pkg.	FY 2005 Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages	Base Budget		Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages Contractual Services	Base Budget 59,618		Gov. Rec. 50,719		
Salaries and Wages	Base Budget		Gov. Rec.		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services	Base Budget 59,618 61,522		Gov. Rec. 50,719 60,522		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities	Base Budget 59,618 61,522		Gov. Rec. 50,719 60,522		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay	Base Budget 59,618 61,522		Gov. Rec. 50,719 60,522		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service	59,618 61,522 375		Gov. Rec. 50,719 60,522		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment	59,618 61,522 375 		Gov. Rec. 50,719 60,522		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items	59,618 61,522 375 		Gov. Rec. 50,719 60,522		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items Other Assistance	59,618 61,522 375 	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec. 50,719 60,522 375		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items Other Assistance Total Expenditures	59,618 61,522 375 \$121,515	Enhanc. Pkg \$	Gov. Rec. 50,719 60,522 375 \$111,616		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of days to respond to a complaint	1	1	1	1
Percent of inquiries answered the same day	95.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %

Board of Pharmacy_

Mission. The mission of the Kansas State Board of Pharmacy is to ensure that all persons and organizations conducting business relating to the practice of pharmacy in Kansas are properly licensed and regulated so as to protect the public's health, safety, and welfare and to promote the education and understanding of pharmacy-related practices.

Operations. The six-member Board of Pharmacy is appointed by the Governor for overlapping three-year terms and is composed of five licensed pharmacists with five years experience and one member who represents the general public. The Board's operations are funded by fees collected from pharmacist examinations and licenses, score certifications, license verifications, and biennial renewals.

The Board issues new pharmacists licenses based on the administration and successful completion of two national pharmacists' examinations or through reciprocity of an individual licensed with another state. The Board renews licenses based on the completion of continuing education requirements. Fees are collected from pharmacies, manufacturers, and distributors. The Board also investigates complaints against license holders or claims of unlawful practice and may, after a public hearing, revoke a license, suspend a license, place the license holder on probation, and impose a

civil fine. Agency duties are performed by an executive secretary, two office personnel, and three inspectors.

Goals and Objectives. It is the goal of the Kansas Board of Pharmacy to ensure compliance with Kansas statutes regarding proper compounding and dispensing of prescription drugs and maintenance of professional standards for pharmacists practicing in Kansas. The agency lists the following objectives:

Ensure compliance with Kansas statutes regarding proper manufacture, distribution, and sale of prescription and nonprescription drugs, including controlled substances and poisons by all pharmacy-related organizations doing business in the state.

Protect the public against the unprofessional, improper, unauthorized, or unqualified practice of pharmacy.

Statutory History. The Board of Pharmacy is organized under KSA 74-1601 to 74-1611, inclusive, and administers the Pharmacy Act of Kansas, Article 16, Chapter 65, and the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, Article 41, Chapter 65 of the *Kansas Statutes Annotated*.

Board of Pharmacy

	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Gov. Estimate	FY 2004 Base Budget	FY 2004 Enhanc. Pkg.	FY 2004 Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object	1 letau1	Gov. Estimate	Buse Buaget	Emane. 1 kg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	255,173	357,299	346,385	41,351	387,736
Contractual Services	169,048	187,180	197,581	, 	197,581
Commodities	22,501	24,107	20,210		20,210
Capital Outlay	59,930	12,911	13,200		13,200
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(36,505)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$506,652	\$581,497	\$577,376	\$41,351	\$582,222
FTE Positions	6.0	7.0	6.0	1.0	7.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	6.0	7.0	6.0	1.0	7.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	FY 2005 Base Budget	FY 2005 Enhanc. Pkg.	FY 2005 Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object					
Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages					
- · ·	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Salaries and Wages	Base Budget 351,282	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec. 393,205		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services	351,282 206,253	Enhanc. Pkg. 41,740	Gov. Rec. 393,205 206,253		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities	351,282 206,253 15,875	Enhanc. Pkg. 41,740	Gov. Rec. 393,205 206,253 15,875		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay	351,282 206,253 15,875	Enhanc. Pkg. 41,740	Gov. Rec. 393,205 206,253 15,875		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service	351,282 206,253 15,875	Enhanc. Pkg. 41,740	Gov. Rec. 393,205 206,253 15,875		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment	351,282 206,253 15,875	Enhanc. Pkg. 41,740	Gov. Rec. 393,205 206,253 15,875		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items	351,282 206,253 15,875	Enhanc. Pkg. 41,740	Gov. Rec. 393,205 206,253 15,875		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items Other Assistance Total Expenditures FTE Positions	351,282 206,253 15,875 13,000	Enhanc. Pkg. 41,740	Gov. Rec. 393,205 206,253 15,875 13,000		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items Other Assistance Total Expenditures	351,282 206,253 15,875 13,000 \$586,410	Enhanc. Pkg. 41,740 \$41,740	Gov. Rec. 393,205 206,253 15,875 13,000 \$628,333		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of inspections	1,440	1,842	1,950	1,975
Pharmacists licensed	1,744	1,746	1,749	1,750

Kansas Real Estate Appraisal Board_

Mission. The mission of the Board is to license and certify real estate appraisers and ensure that licensed and certified appraisers comply with the Kansas State Certified and Licensed Real Estate Property Appraisers Act and the Kansas Real Estate Appraisal Board rules and regulations.

Operations. The Board is a seven-member body appointed by the Governor. It consists of at least one member from the general public, two members from financial institutions, and three real estate appraisers. The Board appoints a director to oversee the daily operations of the agency, which are carried out through a single Administration Program. The Board is a fee-funded agency with the majority of fees derived from the renewal of real estate appraiser licenses and certifications.

The Board ensures compliance with Title XI of the Federal Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989. Title XI's purpose is to "provide that federal financial and public policy interests in real estate transactions will be protected by requiring that real estate appraisals utilized in connection with federally related transactions are performed in writing, in accordance with uniform standards, by individuals whose competency has been demonstrated and whose professional conduct will be subject to effective supervision."

Goals and Objectives. The goals of the agency include the following:

Monitor the provisional trainees to be sure they are being supervised only by qualified licensed/certified appraisers who are in good standing with the Board.

Review all new applicants to ensure that the appraisal reports they submit are in compliance with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice. The reports are used to assess the applicants' real estate appraisal-related experience.

Handle all complaints received by the Board in a fair and timely manner as required by the Appraisal Subcommittee of the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council.

Protect the public by keeping the public, appraisers, bankers, and other industry representatives informed of all disciplinary actions taken by the Board.

Ensure that the licensed/certified appraisers are kept informed of important changes in the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice.

Statutory History. Establishment of the Real Estate Appraisal Board's certification and regulation of appraisers is prescribed by KSA 58-4101.

Kansas Real Estate Appraisal Board

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	117,716	125,006	126,718		126,718
Contractual Services	64,519	70,099	92,140		92,140
Commodities	18,193	12,750	13,800		13,800
Capital Outlay	974		2,665		2,665
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(13,884)
Non-expense Items	48,600	48,600	48,600		48,600
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$250,002	\$256,455	\$283,923	\$	\$270,039
FTE Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		_
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.			
	C	C	Gov. Rec. 131,177 92,490		
Salaries and Wages	131,177	C	131,177		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services	131,177 92,490	C	131,177 92,490		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities	131,177 92,490 14,700	C	131,177 92,490 14,700		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay	131,177 92,490 14,700	C	131,177 92,490 14,700		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service	131,177 92,490 14,700 2,357	C	131,177 92,490 14,700 2,357		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment	131,177 92,490 14,700 2,357	C	131,177 92,490 14,700 2,357		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items	131,177 92,490 14,700 2,357	 	131,177 92,490 14,700 2,357		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items Other Assistance Total Expenditures FTE Positions	131,177 92,490 14,700 2,357 48,600	 	131,177 92,490 14,700 2,357 48,600		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items Other Assistance Total Expenditures	131,177 92,490 14,700 2,357 48,600 \$289,324	 \$	131,177 92,490 14,700 2,357 48,600 \$289,324		

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005
Performance Measures	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate

Number of new licenses issued

Kansas Real Estate Commission

Mission. The mission of the Commission is to protect the public interest and to promote the education and understanding of real estate-related practices.

Operations. The Kansas Real Estate Commission administers a program of licensure, education, audit, and complaint handling relating to licensed salespersons and brokers in the real estate industry. The Commission is composed of five members appointed by the Governor for four overlapping terms. One member is appointed from each congressional district and one member from the state at large. At least three members must have been real estate brokers for five years and at least one member must have no experience in business as a real estate broker. A director is appointed by the Commission to execute its policies. The Commission is funded entirely through the collection of fees including original licensure, license renewals, reinstatement, and certification.

The Commission promotes awareness of the Kansas Real Estate Recovery Fund for payment of claims based on specified court judgments rendered against any licensed salesperson or broker involving a real estate transaction. A court order must be issued before the Commission is authorized to pay a claim from the recovery fund. The Commission reviews all applications for salesperson and broker licensure, license reinstatement, and certifications. The Commission is responsible for approving instructors and curriculum for accrediting all mandatory and elective continuing education programs required for license renewal and instructors for continuing education programs.

The primary mechanism for ensuring the integrity of all licensees is through the on-site examination of real estate transaction files and trust account records conducted by Commission auditors. Examination reports are prepared by the auditors and submitted to the Commission for review and analysis. The Commission also investigates complaints received by the public and real estate industry. When license law

violations are found, either through an audit or complaint, appropriate disciplinary action may be taken and can include hearings held in accordance with the Kansas Administrative Procedure Act. The Commission can restrict, suspend, or revoke or condition licenses and impose fines on licensees found to have violated the license law.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of the Commission is to protect the public. The objectives for this goal are to:

Respond promptly to public concerns regarding licensed salespersons and brokers involving real estate industry transactions.

Investigate and take appropriate action on all matters regarding violation of the real estate law.

A second goal is to ensure that all candidates for licensure meet established minimum education and/or experience requirements.

Another goal is to provide the public with qualified licensees to perform real estate-related services with a high degree of competence, knowledge, and integrity.

A fourth goal is to increase knowledge of the real estate license law by consumers and licensees regarding brokerage relationships in transactions, misrepresentation, and fraud.

Statutory History. The Real Estate Commission operates under the authority granted by KSA 74-4201. Licensing standards for brokers and salespersons are prescribed by KSA 2002 Supp. 58-3034 et seq. KSA 58-3066 establishes the Real Estate Recovery Fund and describes the requirements for filing a claim against the fund. The Brokerage Relationships in Real Estate Transactions Act (KSA 2002 Supp. 58-30,101, et seq.) defines relationships among real estate agents, brokers, and their clients.

Kansas Real Estate Commission

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	416,707	492,857	516,002		516,002
Contractual Services	169,357	199,176	212,072		212,072
Commodities	6,730	8,770	9,000		9,000
Capital Outlay	18,656	13,670	18,630		18,630
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(44,587)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$611,450	\$714,473	\$755,704	\$	\$711,117
FTE Positions	13.0	13.0	13.0		13.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	13.0	13.0	13.0		13.0
·					
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	FY 2005 Base Budget	FY 2005 Enhanc, Pkg.	FY 2005 Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	FY 2005 Base Budget	FY 2005 Enhanc. Pkg.	FY 2005 Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages	Base Budget		Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object Salaries and Wages Contractual Services		Enhanc. Pkg.			
Salaries and Wages	Base Budget 527,321	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec. 527,321		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services	Base Budget 527,321 222,068	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec. 527,321 222,068		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities	527,321 222,068 9,350	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec. 527,321 222,068 9,350		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay	527,321 222,068 9,350	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec. 527,321 222,068 9,350 25,640		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service	527,321 222,068 9,350 25,640	Enhanc. Pkg	Gov. Rec. 527,321 222,068 9,350 25,640		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment	527,321 222,068 9,350 25,640	Enhanc. Pkg	Gov. Rec. 527,321 222,068 9,350 25,640		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items	527,321 222,068 9,350 25,640	Enhanc. Pkg	Gov. Rec. 527,321 222,068 9,350 25,640		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items Other Assistance	527,321 222,068 9,350 25,640	Enhanc. Pkg	Gov. Rec. 527,321 222,068 9,350 25,640		
Salaries and Wages Contractual Services Commodities Capital Outlay Debt Service Operating Adjustment Non-expense Items Other Assistance Total Expenditures	527,321 222,068 9,350 25,640 \$784,379	Enhanc. Pkg	Gov. Rec. 527,321 222,068 9,350 25,640 \$784,379		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of licenses issued	12,684	12,750	12,880	12,800
Percent of applications for licensure approved	95.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %	95.0 %
Number of complaints	90	125	160	180

Securities Commissioner

Mission. The mission of the Office of the Securities Commissioner is to protect and inform Kansas investors, to promote integrity and full disclosure in financial services, and to foster capital formation.

Operations. The agency seeks to help Kansans make informed investment decisions by increasing awareness of the risks and opportunities presented by investment programs. The agency provides educational services to the public and securities industry, reviews securities registration statements and supporting financial and legal documents to provide for adequate disclosure and fairness. The agency also examines the practices of investment advisers and broker-dealers to ensure compliance with Kansas Securities Act and regulations. The Commissioner enforces the laws administered by the agency through investigations by certified law enforcement officers. Violations are presented or remedied by agency attorneys who are designated as Special Assistant Attorneys General or Special Prosecutors for county and district attorneys.

Except for various exempt securities or transactions, all securities must be registered with the Securities Commissioner before offers of sale can be made to the public. In addition, broker-dealers, their agents, and investment advisors are required to demonstrate certain qualifications and register with the Office of the Securities Commissioner. Information about the disciplinary records of applicants and registrants is evaluated, maintained, and provided to the public.

The volume and types of securities offerings in Kansas usually correspond to trends in national markets and economic conditions. The majority of filings are from businesses located in other states. Although trends in enforcement activity are related to the volume of filings, many cases involve violations resulting from failure to register securities as required. Cases involving securities fraud or unethical conduct are

prosecuted to obtain satisfactory remedies for victims of financial crimes.

Goals and Objectives. The primary goal of the agency is to prevent, detect, or correct unlawful or unethical conduct in connection with securities transactions and investment services. The agency pursues this goal through the following objectives:

Prevent and correct potential violations of laws and regulations through timely and professional administration of the licensing, registration, and exemption provisions of the Kansas Securities Act.

Investigate complaints and detect violations of the Kansas Securities Act and pursue appropriate remedies through criminal, civil, and administrative proceedings.

Provide educational services to inform Kansans of how to avoid investment problems and to inform Kansas businesses about raising capital in compliance with securities laws.

Statutory History. In 1911, Kansas pioneered the "Blue Sky" laws by enacting the first securities act in the United States which required registration of securities and provides for prosecution of persons violating the act. The act is known as the Kansas Securities Act (KSA 17-1252 et seq.) The office became an independent agency in 1982 (KSA 75-6301 et seq.). The Securities Commissioner is appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate. Office of the Securities Commissioner administers the Kansas Uniform Land Sales Practices Act (KSA 58-3301 et seq.) for offerings of undeveloped land subdivisions and the Kansas Loan Brokers Act (KSA 50-1001 et seq.) to regulate the services of loan brokers in Kansas who are not otherwise regulated or exempt.

Securities Commissioner

	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Gov. Estimate	FY 2004 Base Budget	FY 2004 Enhanc. Pkg.	FY 2004 Gov. Rec.
Expenditures by Object			_		
Salaries and Wages	1,595,541	1,655,398	1,681,746		1,681,746
Contractual Services	378,804	414,057	434,741		434,741
Commodities	37,995	38,541	40,816		40,816
Capital Outlay	13,847	25,000	20,000		20,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(128,461)
Non-expense Items	26,000	25,000	25,000		25,000
Other Assistance Total Expenditures	\$2,052,18 7	\$2,157,99 6	\$2,202,303	\$ 	\$2,073,842
FTE Positions	27.8	27.8	27.8		27.8
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent Total Positions	27.8	27.8	27.8		27.8
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	Buse Buager	Zimane. Tag.	331.166.		
Salaries and Wages	1,701,319		1,701,319		
Contractual Services	449,186		446,186		
Commodities	43,142		43,142		
Capital Outlay	20,000		20,000		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items	25,000		25,000		
Other Assistance	 ***********************************				
Total Expenditures	\$2,238,647	\$	\$2,235,647		
FTE Positions	27.8		27.8		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	27.8		27.8		
Performance Measures		FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of compliance examinations d correcting noncompliance	etecting and	33	35	45	50
Percent of cases resulting in remedial a and informal)	ctions (formal	68.3 %	67.0 %	70.0 %	70.0 %
Average caseload per investigator		15.1	15.8	17	15.5
Participants at seminars and workshop	S				

Board of Technical Professions

Mission. The mission of the Kansas Board of Technical Professions is to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the people of Kansas by assuring that the practices of engineering, architecture, geology, land surveying, and landscape architecture in the state are carried out by qualified individuals.

Operations. The Board of Technical Professions regulates the practice of engineering, architecture, land surveying, geology, and landscape architecture professions in Kansas. The Board has established a system of testing, licensure, and oversight to assure that those professions are practiced in a manner that protects the public health, safety, and welfare.

The 1992 Legislature expanded the Board from nine to 13 members, who are appointed by the Governor to serve four-year terms. The Board consists of three architects, four engineers, one landscape architect, two land surveyors, one geologist, and two members of the public. An executive director, approved by the Board, and five full-time employees carry out the Board's administrative duties.

The 1995 Legislature passed legislation to enable the Board, through regulations, to adopt mandatory continuing education. The continuing education requirements are being implemented through a staggered renewal schedule. The land surveying profession began reporting continuing education activities in 1998. The professions of engineering, architecture, and landscape architecture began

reporting in 2000. The geology profession will be incorporated into the continuing education process in 2003. The 1997 Legislature required geologists to be licensed effective July 1, 2000. The grandfather provision for licensing of geologists expired July 2000, and the Board has developed rules and regulations to provide an application process for a geology license by examination and reciprocity.

Goals and Objectives. The goal of the agency is to assure that the professions of engineering, architecture, geology, land surveying, and landscape architecture are practiced by qualified and competent licensees. An objective associated with this goal is to:

Ensure a proper examination of applicants and licensees so that only qualified individuals can obtain a certificate of authorization to practice as a regulated technical profession.

Statutory History. The 1976 Legislature established the Board of Technical Professions. Statutes that govern activities of the Board are found under 74-7001 et seq. The Board was created from the merger of the Engineering Examiners Board, the Architects Registration Board, and the Landscape Architects Registration Board. In 1979, the Technical Professions Act was amended to include criteria to be met for the corporate practice of technical professions and requirements for authorization of these practices. In 1992, the statute was again amended to include educational and experience requirements for licensure.

Board of Technical Professions

	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2004	FY 2004
Expenditures by Object	Actual	Gov. Estimate	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.
Salaries and Wages	229,812	270,489	244,642		244,642
Contractual Services	195,097	278,029	291,913		291,913
Commodities	46,531	6,675	5,350		5,350
Capital Outlay	2,633		3,000		3,000
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(32,149)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$474,073	\$555,193	\$544,905	\$	\$512,756
FTE Positions	6.0	6.0	6.0		6.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	6.0	6.0	6.0		6.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object					
Salaries and Wages	248,291		248,291		
Contractual Services	299,506		299,506		
Commodities	5,625		5,625		
Capital Outlay	3,000		3,000		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items Other Assistance					
	e554 422	\$ 	 \$556 422		
Total Expenditures	\$556,422	φ	\$556,422		
FTE Positions	6.0		6.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	6.0		6.0		
Performance Measures		FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of individual licensees		12,961	13,269	13,569	13,869
Number of corporate certificates		1,227	1,269	1,434	1,456
Number of days for a corporation to receive license status report		3	3	4	3
Percent of resolved complaints resulting in disciplinary action		22.0 %	23.0 %	23.0 %	23.0 %

Board of Veterinary Examiners

Mission. The Board of Veterinary Examiners' mission is to protect public health, safety, and welfare by enforcing the Kansas Veterinary Practice Act. The mission also emphasizes assuring the public that licensed veterinarians are competent and qualified to practice. The agency philosophy is to carry out all duties with the highest standards of ethics, accountability, efficiency, and openness.

Operations. The Board of Veterinary Examiners is composed of six veterinarians and one lay member, each appointed to four-year terms. It employs 3.0 FTE positions, including an executive director, a facility inspector, and an administrative assistant.

Goals and Objectives. The Board of Veterinary Examiners has identified five goals designed to fulfill its mission. The goals of the Board are to:

Ensure that licensed veterinarians and registered veterinary technicians are qualified and properly trained. All licensed veterinarians must perform according to the Kansas Veterinary Practice Act while maintaining their skills and abilities through continuing education.

Ensure that Kansas veterinary premises are adequate for providing veterinary services.

Guard against negligent and fraudulent practices as well as respond effectively and efficiently in investigating complaints.

Ensure that licensees practice in a manner that protects the safety of animal products entering the public food chain.

Ensure that licensees practice in a manner that prevents and controls rabies and other animal diseases that are communicable to humans.

Statutory History. The Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, established in 1907, carries out the provisions of the Veterinary Practice Act (KSA 47-815 et seq.). The 1980 Legislature amended KSA 47-815 to 47-838 to establish a State Board of Veterinary Examiners. The 1993 Legislature amended the Veterinary Practice Act to require registration of clinics and veterinary technicians, increase the Board membership from five to seven, and give the Board the authority to levy civil fines.

Board of Veterinary Examiners

Salaries and Wages	147,880	151,889	163,921	9,429	154,492
Contractual Services	103,664	99,642	88,172		88,172
Commodities	26,558	24,898	26,588		11,558
Capital Outlay	10,540				
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					(14,999)
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$288,642	\$276,429	\$278,681	\$9,429	\$239,223
FTE Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	3.0	3.0	3.0		3.0
	FY 2005	FY 2005	FY 2005		
	Base Budget	Enhanc. Pkg.	Gov. Rec.		
Expenditures by Object	C .				
Salaries and Wages	173,696	9,379	164,317		
Contractual Services	88,172		43,172		
Commodities	26,558		6,558		
Capital Outlay			, 		
Debt Service					
Operating Adjustment					
Non-expense Items					
Other Assistance					
Total Expenditures	\$288,426	\$9,379	\$214,047		
FTE Positions	3.0		3.0		
Non-FTE Unclassified Permanent					
Total Positions	3.0		3.0		

Performance Measures	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate
Number of veterinary student examinations	78			
License renewals	2,320	2,320	2,320	2,320
Premises not in compliance with minimum standards	10.0 %	10.0 %	10.0 %	10.0 %